3745-300-04 Certified laboratories

(A) Definitions. As used in this rule:

(1) "Acceptance limit" means the numerical range within which an analyte must be quantitated to receive an acceptable result on a performance evaluation sample.

(2) “Additional certification” means certification under this rule to perform analyses of specific analytes, parameter groups or methods in addition to a laboratory’s current certification under this rule.

(3) "Analyte" means a hazardous substance or petroleum, or a constituent of a hazardous substance or petroleum that is tested in a sample.

(4) “Certificate" means the document issued by the director to an individual laboratory facility certified under this rule that authorizes it to perform analyses in support of a request for a no further action letter for the specified analytes or parameter groups, and using the methods set forth in the document, for which it is certified.

(5) "Certified or certification" means the authorization of a laboratory under this rule to perform analyses in support of a request for an no further action letter, for the specific analytes or parameter groups and using the methods, for which the director has determined the laboratory meets all requirements set forth in this rule.

(6) “Compliance audit” means an inspection of a laboratory, any documents, or property on which a voluntary action was or is being conducted and for which the laboratory performed analyses, to determine compliance with this rule, this chapter and all applicable requirements of Chapter 3746. of the Revised Code.

(7) "Conflict of interest" means any circumstances which would affect the laboratory's ability to objectively analyze samples in connection with a voluntary action, including circumstances similar to those set forth in paragraph (f)(3) of rule 3745-300-05 of the Administrative Code for certified professionals.

(8) “Initial certification” means any first certification under this rule issued to a laboratory to perform analyses of specific analytes, parameter groups or methods.

(9) “Method” means an analytical procedure provided for by paragraph (C) of this rule to quantitate analytes or parameter groups.

(10) "Parameter group" means a group of analytes similar in chemical characteristics quantitated using similar techniques.

(11) “Performance evaluation sample” means a material spiked with a known concentration of one or more specific analytes used to evaluate a laboratory's ability

to identify and quantitate for a specific analyte or parameter group using a specific method.

(12) “Quality assurance program plan” means a written document detailing the data collection, storage, analysis, and quality assurance/quality control procedures used by a laboratory to assure that all data generated are scientifically valid, defensible, and of known precision and accuracy.

(13) “Renewal certification” means the renewal in accordance with this rule of a laboratory’s current certification under this rule.

(14) “Standard operating procedures” mean a laboratory's written procedures to perform measurements of specified analytes or parameter groups, which include but are not limited to procedures for calibrations, corrective actions, quality control, and quantitative analysis.

(15) "System audit" means a scheduled on-site inspection of a laboratory, its administrative and technical procedures, instrumentation and personnel to evaluate the laboratory with regard to certification under this rule.

(B) Authority of a certified laboratory to perform analyses in support of a request for a no further action letter.

(1) The certified laboratory may perform analyses to support a request for a no further action letter only when consistent with the laboratory’s current certificate. in order to provide certified data in support of a request for a no further action letter, a laboratory must be certified for each analyte, parameter group and method used at the time it performs such analyses, and must perform such analyses in accordance with the laboratory’s certification. the laboratory may only perform analyses in support of a request for a no further action letter pursuant to the standard operating procedures and quality assurance program plan for which the laboratory has received prior approval from the agency.

(2) Certification pursuant to this rule is applicable only to analyses conducted in support of a request for a no further action letter under this chapter and Chapter 3746. of the Revised Code. Certification pursuant to this rule does not constitute certification to perform analyses under any other state or federal laboratory certification program.

(3) For asbestos analyses in support of a request for a no further action letter, the certified laboratory must maintain the accreditation provided in paragraph (C)(1)(d) of this rule upon which the laboratory was certified.

(C) Methods for the analyses of hazardous substances or petroleum, or constituents of hazardous substances or petroleum.

(1) Laboratories seeking certification under this rule may apply for certification pursuant to this rule to analyze for any hazardous substance or petroleum, or for constituents of hazardous substances or petroleum, using any of the following methods, except as provided in paragraph (C)(2) of this rule:

(A) Published or endorsed methods for the analyses of analytes or parameter groups. A laboratory may apply for certification under this rule using any analytical method published or endorsed by the United States Environmental Protection Agency or the agency. For the purpose of this rule, "endorsed" means those methods referenced for use in United States Environmental Protection Agency regulations, or referenced for use in rules adopted by the director of environmental protection.

(B) Sediment toxicity methods. in addition to any methods provided for in paragraph (C)(1)(a) of this rule, a laboratory may apply for certification under this rule for the following sediment toxicity methods:

(I) Ohio EPA, "Hyallea Azteca Solid Phase Toxicity Testing Procedure," September, 1994;

(II) United States Environmental Protection Agency, "Methods for Measuring the Toxicity and Bioaccumulation of Sediment-Association Contaminants with Freshwater Invertebrates," June, 1994; and

(III) United States Environmental Protection Agency, "Short-Term Methods for Estimating the Chronic Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Water to Freshwater Organisms," July, 1994.

(C) Performance-based methods. At the request of a laboratory, the agency may evaluate whether to certify the laboratory to perform analyses using a performance-based method. a "performance-based method" means for the purpose of this rule any analyte that is not listed in a published or endorsed method as provided in paragraph (C)(1)(a) of this rule. a laboratory applying for certification using a performance-based method must submit, in addition to the information required for certification by paragraph (E)(1) of this rule, laboratory check sample and matrix spike data for each analyte and matrix, including the statistical limits established using laboratory check sample and matrix spike data for which the laboratory is applying for certification.

(D) Requirements for the analysis of asbestos. In addition to the information required in the application for certification by paragraph (E) of this rule, a laboratory applying for certification under this rule for the analysis of asbestos

must possess and submit documentation demonstrating its current accreditation by one or both of the following:

(I) The "American Industrial Hygiene Association," Asbestos Analysts Registry; or

(II) The "National Institute of Standards Technology", National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program for Asbestos Fiber Analysis.

(2) Testing for characteristic hazardous waste or for radioactive materials or constituents is not included for certification under the "Voluntary Action Program" and this rule.

(D) Performance evaluation programs.

(1) Initial performance evaluation program. Each laboratory applying for initial or additional certification under this rule must participate in the following performance evaluation program:

(A) Initial performance evaluation samples will be used to determine if a laboratory is qualified to analyze each analyte and parameter group for which the laboratory intends to apply for certification using the methods provided for in paragraph (C)(1)(a) of this rule.

(B) A laboratory must obtain an acceptable initial performance evaluation sample result for each analyte and parameter group using the method for which the laboratory intends to apply for certification. An "acceptable initial performance evaluation sample result" is determined as follows:

(I) Each analyte and parameter group must be quantitated within its acceptance limit before a laboratory may apply for certification for that analyte or parameter group and the method used for quantitation.

(II) As provided in this paragraph, a laboratory may make two attempts to quantitate within the acceptance limit the analyte contained in an initial performance evaluation sample. A laboratory failing to quantitate an analyte within its acceptance limit in the first, initial performance evaluation sample may analyze a second, initial performance evaluation sample ("retake sample") for the failed analyte. The laboratory must analyze the retake sample within sixty days after the report date of the failed performance evaluation result. For each analyte the laboratory fails to quantitate within an acceptable limit in the first, initial performance evaluation sample, quantitation of the analyte must be within the acceptance limits in the retake sample

for the laboratory to apply for certification for that analyte or its parameter group and method.

(III) A laboratory failing to obtain an acceptable initial performance evaluation sample result for an analyte or parameter group and method must wait a period of ninety days after the report date of the retake sample results to analyze any additional initial performance evaluation samples for the failed analyte, parameter group or method. analyses of additional initial performance evaluation samples must be in accordance with paragraphs (D)(1)(b)(i) and (ii) of this rule.

(2) Periodic performance evaluation program. Certified laboratories seeking to maintain or renew certification under this rule must participate in the following periodic performance evaluation program:

(A) Periodic performance evaluation samples will be used to maintain and renew certification, and will be administered semi-annually by the agency or its contractor. Certified laboratories must obtain acceptable periodic performance evaluation sample results to maintain or renew certification for certified analytes or parameter groups and methods.

(B) For the purposes of maintaining and renewing certification for a specified analyte or parameter group and method, "acceptable periodic performance evaluation sample results" mean that the same analyte must be quantitated within the acceptance limit in at least one of two consecutive periodic performance evaluation samples. A laboratory failing to obtain acceptable periodic performance evaluation sample results for an analyte or parameter group and method must wait until the next semi-annually administered periodic performance evaluation program to analyze any additional periodic performance evaluation sample for the failed analyte, parameter group or method.

[Comment: paragraph (P) of this rule provides the director must revoke or suspend a laboratory's certification for a particular analyte or parameter group and method if the laboratory does not receive acceptable periodic performance evaluation sample results for the analyte and method. Paragraph (Q) of this rule provides the procedures for the reinstatement of a suspended analyte or parameter group and method. The procedures include the analysis of a "reinstatement sample" limited to the suspended analyte and method.]

(3) Both initial and periodic performance evaluation programs will be based on selecting specific analytes which are representative of a parameter group or parameter groups. The agency will determine the analytes to be used to evaluate a laboratory's performance.

(4) Each laboratory must pay for the actual costs of its participation in the initial and periodic performance evaluation programs pursuant to rule 3745-300-03 of the Administrative Code.

(E) Content of applications for certification.

(1) Initial certification and additional certification. To apply under this rule for initial certification or additional certification, as appropriate, a laboratory must submit to the agency a complete certification application. A complete certification application consists of at a minimum all of the following:

(A) A completed application for initial or additional certification, as appropriate, on the form provided by the agency;

(B) A written copy of the laboratory's quality assurance program plan;

[Comment: for additional certification, the laboratory's current approved quality assurance quality assurance program plan may fulfill the requirement of paragraph (E)(1)(b) of this rule provided the analyte, parameter group and method for which the laboratory is applying for additional certification is accounted for in the current approved plan.]

(C) Demonstration of acceptable initial performance evaluation sample results pursuant to paragraph (D)(1) of this rule, by including an original report of the laboratory's acceptable initial performance evaluation sample results for each analyte or parameter group and using the method for which the laboratory is applying for certification. This requirement applies only to the methods provided under paragraphs (C)(1)(a) and (C)(1)(c) of this rule. except for a method provided in paragraph (C)(1)(b) or (C)(1)(d) of this rule or with prior approval by the agency, a laboratory may not apply for certification for any analyte or parameter group and method for which it did not receive an acceptable initial performance evaluation sample result.

(D) For asbestos certification, a photocopy of the laboratory's certificate or other form of documentation demonstrating the laboratory's current accreditation pursuant to paragraph (C)(1)(d) of this rule;

(E) Standard operating procedures for each analyte, parameter group and method for which the laboratory is applying for certification, except for asbestos for which the laboratory must demonstrate its accreditation, pursuant to paragraph (C)(1)(d) of this rule;

(F) A method detection limit study developed in accordance with appendix B of 40 CFR part 136, for each analyte, parameter group and method for which the laboratory is applying for certification, except for the methods provided under paragraph (C)(1)(b) and (C)(1)(d) of this rule; and

(G) Payment of the non-refundable fee for initial certification or additional certification, as established in rule 3745-300-03 of the Administrative Code.

(2) Renewal certification. To apply for renewal certification under this rule, a certified laboratory must submit to the agency at least ninety but not more than one hundred twenty days before the laboratory's certification expires, a complete renewal certification application. A complete renewal certification application consists of at a minimum all of the following:

(A) A completed renewal application on the form provided by the agency;

(B) Payment of the non-refundable annual fee for renewal certification, as established in rule 3745-300-03 of the Administrative Code;

(C) For renewal of asbestos certification, a photocopy of the certificate or other form of documentation demonstrating the laboratory's current accreditation pursuant to paragraph (C)(1)(D) of this rule; and

(D) A statement by an authorized representative of the certified laboratory, under affidavit pursuant to paragraph (E)(3) of this rule, that the laboratory received acceptable periodic performance evaluation sample results, as provided in paragraph (D)(2)(b) of this rule, for each analyte or parameter group and method for which the certified laboratory is applying for renewal certification. This requirement applies to methods provided in paragraphs (C)(1)(a) and (C)(1)(c) of this rule. A laboratory may not apply to renew certification for any analyte or parameter group using a method for which it did not receive acceptable periodic performance evaluation sample results.

(3) Affidavit. the information submitted under paragraph (E)(1) or (E)(2) of this rule must be accompanied by an affidavit, signed by a person authorized to bind the laboratory, affirming that upon knowledge, information, and belief, all information submitted in support of the laboratory's certification request is true, accurate and complete.

(4) Certified laboratories may apply, separately or in conjunction with a request for additional certification or renewal certification, to remove from their certification a specified analyte, parameter group or method.

(5) Requests to revise approved standard operating procedures or a quality assurance program plan must be made in accordance with paragraph (H) of this rule, and submitted as a request independent from an application for additional certification or renewal certification.

(F) Criteria used in evaluating laboratories applying for initial certification and additional certification.

(1) The agency will complete the evaluation process in accordance with this rule for initial certification or additional certification within one hundred twenty days after receipt of a complete application submitted in accordance with this paragraph and paragraph (E) of this rule. The director will not consider any laboratory certification request complete which does not contain all of the information required by this rule.

(2) The agency will conduct a system audit prior to initial certification and may conduct a system audit prior to additional certification, in accordance with paragraph (K) of this rule.

(3) Within forty-five days after completion of the system audit, the agency will provide the laboratory a report which will indicate the deficiencies identified during the system audit requiring the laboratory to implement corrective actions to receive initial certification or additional certification.

(4) To become certified for initial certification or additional certification, a laboratory must demonstrate to the director's satisfaction all of the following:

(A) Acceptable initial performance evaluation sample results, standard operating procedures, and other documentation specified under paragraphs (C), (D) or (E) of this rule for each analyte or parameter group and method for which the laboratory is applying for certification;

(B) Acceptable performance by the laboratory on the system audit as set forth in paragraph (K) of this rule, including timely correction of the deficiencies identified by the agency, if any;

(C) Payment of all applicable fees and costs pursuant to rule 3745-300-03 of the Administrative Code; and

(D) That the laboratory possesses the capability to provide reliable and representative data and the integrity to satisfy the requirements of this rule and Chapter 3746. Of the Revised Code, using the information provided in the application for certification, including the laboratory’s quality assurance program plan, standard operating procedures, method detection limit studies,

and other information required by this rule or considered appropriate by the agency.

(5) Following successful completion of the requirements specified in paragraphs (C), (D), (E) and (F) of this rule, the director will provide to the laboratory a certificate identifying the analytes, parameter groups, and methods, for which the laboratory may perform analyses in support of a request for a no further action letter. The certificate automatically expires two years after the date of issuance, unless the laboratory's certificate is suspended, revoked, or renewed prior to the certificate's expiration. The certificate expiration date for additional certification is the same as that of the laboratory's initial certification or renewal certification, as applicable. The certificate only applies to the individual laboratory facility identified in the certificate.

[Comment: entities that own or operate multiple laboratory facilities that will be performing analyses in support of a request for a no further action letter must apply for and obtain separate certification for each facility.]

(G) Criteria used in evaluating certified laboratories applying for renewal certification.

(1) A certified laboratory may renew its certification under this rule for any analyte, parameter group, or method for which the laboratory is currently certified. A certified laboratory must have received acceptable periodic performance evaluation sample results, as provided in paragraph (D)(2)(b).

(2) As provided in paragraph (E)(2) of this rule, to apply for renewal certification, the certified laboratory must submit a complete renewal application at least ninety but not more than one hundred twenty days before the certificate expires. Applications made after the certificate's expiration must be made as applications for initial certification in accordance with paragraphs (E)(1) and (S) of this rule.

[Comment: any renewal application submitted less than ninety days before the certificate's expiration date risks a lapse in certification.]

(3) The agency may perform a system audit or compliance audit in accordance with paragraph (K) of this rule.

(4) The director may deny a laboratory's application for renewal certification if the laboratory fails to satisfy one or more of the requirements of paragraphs (E)(2) or (G)(1) or (2) of this rule, or the laboratory fails to meet all standards of performance and conduct as set forth in paragraph (I) of this rule, as determined by the director.

(H) Procedures to request review of proposed revisions to approved standard operating procedures or an approved quality assurance program plan.

(1) A certified laboratory must receive prior approval from the agency before implementing any revision to approved standard operating procedures or an approved quality assurance program plan. To seek agency review of a proposed revision, the certified laboratory must submit to the agency the following information in a written request on company letterhead:

(A) A description of the purpose of the proposed revisions for which the certified laboratory is requesting agency approval; and

(B) A copy of the proposed revised standard operating procedures or quality assurance program plan, as applicable, for the agency's review.

(2) Upon receipt of the agency's written approval of the proposed revisions, the certified laboratory may conduct activities pursuant to the revised standard operating procedures or quality assurance program plan, as approved. The certified laboratory may not implement revisions to approved standard operating procedures or an approved quality assurance program plan in support of a request for a no further action letter until receipt of the agency's written approval of the revisions.

(3) The agency may recover its actual costs in reviewing the proposed revisions, pursuant to rule 3745-300-03 of the Administrative Code.

(I) Standards of performance and conduct for maintaining certification.

To maintain certification under this rule, a certified laboratory must:

(1) Perform analyses only for which the laboratory is certified pursuant to this rule, when these analyses are performed in support of a request for a no further action letter;

(2) Comply with the methods for which the laboratory is certified, when analyses are in support of a request for a no further action letter;

(3) Notify the agency, in writing, of:

(A) Any change in managerial personnel, which includes but is not limited to a person responsible for quality assurance related to the laboratory's certification under this rule;

(B) Any change in procedures that affects the laboratory's ability to perform analyses pursuant to this rule;

(C) Any change in name or ownership of the laboratory; and

(D) Any proposed relocation of the laboratory to a separate facility;

(4) Perform acceptably on each compliance audit and system audit conducted Pursuant to this rule, and correct deficiencies identified by the agency in timely manner;

(5) Perform analyses in support of a request for a no further action letter in accordance with the laboratory's standard operating procedures and quality assurance program plan approved by the agency;

[Comment: the procedures for seeking agency approval for a proposed revision to approved standard operating procedures or an approved quality assurance program plan are contained in paragraph (H) of this rule.]

(6) Obtain acceptable periodic performance evaluation sample results, in accordance with paragraph (D)(2) of this rule;

(7) Provide data that is representative of the sample for which the laboratory is performing analyses, and will not cause a no further action letter to be inconsistent with an applicable standard developed under this chapter;

[Comment: the applicable standards calculated for a property in accordance with rules 3745-300-08 and 3745-300-09 of the Administrative Code may not be within the certified laboratory's reporting limits. A certified laboratory that performs analyses in support of a no further action letter must be capable of detecting the chemicals of concern on the property at or below the applicable standards.]

(8) Not falsify any information or sample results on any application, standard operating procedure, quality assurance program plan, performance evaluation sample, or any other submittal to the agency;

(9) Not perform analyses in support of a request for a no further action letter for which the laboratory has a conflict of interest;

(10) Provide the agency access to the laboratory's facility and documents, data, or information related to any voluntary action for the purposes of determining compliance with the requirements of this chapter, and Chapter 3746. of the Revised Code;

(11) Promptly and completely respond to all document requests made by the agency under this chapter and Chapter 3746. of the Revised Code.;

(12) Pay all costs and fees required by this rule and rule 3745-300-03 of the Administrative Code; and

(13) Submit all information, data, documents and reports in support of a request for a no further action letter by affidavit, as required by rule 3745-300-13 of the Administrative Code.

(j) Procedures for submittals under this rule.

All submittals to the agency required under this rule must be submitted to the Ohio EPA by certified mail, courier delivery or any other form of mail or delivery accompanied by a receipt.

(K) Compliance audits and system audits.

(1) The agency may conduct compliance audits of a laboratory and its documentation to determine if a laboratory has performed in compliance with this rule, and Chapter 3746. of the Revised Code. Compliance audits will consist of one or more of the following:

(A) Review of laboratory documentation including but not limited to, standard operating procedures, logbooks, record files, and data packages to determine compliance with the requirements of this rule;

(B) Interviews of laboratory personnel to determine qualifications and knowledge of personnel performing analyses and compliance of the laboratory with this rule; or

(C) An on-site inspection to determine compliance with the requirements established pursuant to this rule.

(2) The agency will conduct system audits to evaluate a laboratory's qualifications for initial certification become certified to perform any analyses in support of requests for no further action letters in accordance with the requirements established in this rule. The agency may also conduct a system audit in review of laboratories applying for additional certification or renewal certification, laboratories that have a change in managerial personnel, or have relocated laboratory operations.

(A) System audits will consist of one or more of the following:

(I) Review of laboratory documentation including but not limited to: standard operating procedures, logbooks, record files, and data

packages to determine if the laboratory meets the requirements of this rule;

(II) Interviews of laboratory personnel to determine qualifications and knowledge of personnel performing analyses for which it is applying for certification under this rule; or

(III) An on-site inspection to determine if the laboratory is qualified to perform analyses pursuant to the requirements established in this rule.

(B) In order to receive initial certification or additional certification, the laboratory must correct the deficiencies, if any, identified by the agency during a system audit to the satisfaction of and within the time limits specified by the agency. Prior to applying for renewal of certification, the laboratory must correct the deficiencies, if any, identified by the agency during a system audit to the satisfaction of the agency.

(L) Display of laboratory certificates.

Each certified laboratory must display its current original certificate(s) in a prominent location on the certified laboratory's premises.

(M) Retention of documents.

A laboratory must retain all documents prepared or acquired in connection with a voluntary action for a period of at least ten years after the date that the laboratory's analyses were submitted to a certified professional or volunteer. After ten years, if a laboratory does not intend to retain such documents, the laboratory must notify the agency by certified mail of such intent and provide the agency the opportunity to retain the documents. the documents must be retained until the notice described above is provided to the agency, and the agency notifies the laboratory in writing that the agency will or will not retain the documents. Notification of the agency pursuant to this paragraph is not required as long as a laboratory continues to retain all documents.

(N) Out-of-state laboratories.

As a condition of certification under this rule, laboratories located outside the state of Ohio consent to service of process and to personal jurisdiction of any Ohio court or the Ohio Environmental Review Appeals Commission in proceedings that adjudicate any rights or obligations under this chapter, and Chapter 3746. of the Revised Code, or in which the cause of action involves, in whole or in part, the laboratory's performance under this chapter or Chapter 3746. of the Revised Code. Out-of-state laboratories also consent to the agency’s right of entry for inspection or investigation, and to the service of administrative warrants,

inspection warrants, or other appropriate search warrants as a condition of certification under this rule.

(O) Appeal of certification determinations.

The issuance, denial, suspension, or revocation of any laboratory certification is a final action of the director, which is subject to the procedure for appeal set forth in Chapter 3745. of the Revised Code.

(P) Revocation or suspension of certification.

(1) The director may revoke or suspend a laboratory's certification issued pursuant to this rule, for a period to be determined by the director, upon finding that a laboratory failed to comply with any of the requirements set forth in paragraph (I) of this rule, except as provided in paragraphs (P)(2) and (P)(3) of this rule.

(2) The director must permanently revoke a laboratory's certification if the laboratory does not comply with document or data requests made by the agency, in violation of paragraph (I)(10) of this rule, or falsifies any information in connection with its certification or any voluntary action in violation of paragraph (I)(8) of this rule.

(3) The director must suspend or revoke a laboratory's certification for an analyte or parameter group, and method, if the laboratory fails to comply with the requirements set forth in paragraphs (D)(2) and (I)(6) of this rule.

(4) Upon revocation or suspension of an analyte or parameter group and method, the laboratory must return to the agency each certificate that identifies the analyte or parameter group and method.

(Q) Reinstatement of certification following suspension.

(1) A laboratory may request to reinstate its certification for a suspended analyte or parameter group and method after the termination of the suspension period of the certification.

(2) Beginning after the termination of the suspension period of the certification, the certified laboratory may analyze a reinstatement sample received from the agency or its contractor for the suspended analyte or parameter group and method. The certified laboratory must achieve acceptable results on the reinstatement sample for the analyte and method that resulted in the suspension to qualify for reinstatement of certification for a suspended analyte or parameter group and method.

(3) To request reinstatement of certification for a suspended analyte or parameter group and method, a certified laboratory must submit to the agency at a minimum the following:

(A) A written request on company letterhead identifying the analytes, parameter groups and methods for which the certified laboratory is requesting reinstatement; and

(B) An original report of the acceptable reinstatement sample result for each analyte or parameter group and method for which the certified laboratory is requesting reinstatement.

(4) The agency may recover its actual costs in reviewing requests for reinstatement, pursuant to rule 3745-300-03 of the Administrative Code.

(R) Certification following revocation of certification.

A laboratory whose certification has been revoked may apply for initial certification following termination of the revocation period imposed by the director. the laboratory's application for certification must comply with the requirements for initial certification as set forth in paragraphs (E) and (F) of this rule.

(S) Recertification following expiration of certification.

A laboratory whose certification has expired may apply for recertification. The laboratory's application for recertification must comply with the requirements for initial certification set forth in paragraphs (E) and (F) of this rule.

Replaces: former 3745-300-04

Effective:_____

Certification: _____
Christopher Jones, Director
Ohio Environmental Protection Agency

Date: _____

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