State of Ohio Environmental Protection Agency

Street Address:
Lazarus Gov. Center
122 S. Front Street
Columbus, OH 43215

TELE: (614) 644-3020 **FAX:** (614) 644-2329

Mailing Address:
Lazarus Gov. Center
P.O. Box 1049
Columbus, OH 43216-1049

04/18/05

CERTIFIED MAIL

RE: Preliminary Proposed Title V
Chapter 3745-77 permit

16-67-02-0035
Omega Pultrusions Inc.
Walter C. McSherry Jr.
1331 S. Chillicothe Rd.
n/a
Aurora, OH 44202-9218

Dear Walter C. McSherry:

Enclosed is the Ohio EPA Preliminary Proposed Title V permit that was issued in draft form on 03/10/05. The comment period for the Draft permit has ended. We are now ready to submit this permit to USEPA for approval.

We are submitting this for your review and comment. If you do not agree with the Preliminary Proposed Title V permit as written, you now have the opportunity to raise your concerns. **In order to facilitate our review of all the comments or concerns you may have with the enclosed preliminary proposed permit, please provide a hand marked-up copy of the permit showing the changes you think are necessary, along with any additional summary comments, within fourteen (14) days from your receipt of this letter to:**

Ohio EPA, Division of Air Pollution Control
Jim Orlemann, Manager, Engineering Section
Preliminary Proposed Title V Permit Correspondence
122 South Front Street
Columbus, Ohio 43215

and

Akron Air Pollution Control
146 South High Street, Room 904
Akron, OH 44308
(330) 375-2480

Also, if you believe that it is necessary to have an informal conference with us, then, as part of your written comments, you should request a conference concerning the written comments.

If comments are not submitted within fourteen (14) days of your receipt of this letter, we will forward the proposed permit to USEPA for approval. All comments received will be carefully considered before proceeding to the proposed permit.

Sincerely,

Michael W. Ahern

Michael W. Ahern, Supervisor
Field Operations and Permit Section
Division of Air Pollution Control

cc: Akron Air Pollution Control
File, DAPC PMU

State of Ohio Environmental Protection Agency

PRELIMINARY PROPOSED TITLE V PERMIT

Issue Date: 04/18/05	Effective Date: To be entered upon final issuance	Expiration Date: To be entered upon final issuance

This document constitutes issuance of a Title V permit for Facility ID: 16-67-02-0035 to:

Omega Pultrusions Inc.
1333 S. Chillicothe Rd.
n/a
Aurora, OH 44202-9220

Emissions Unit ID (Company ID)/Emissions Unit Activity Description

L001 (Cold Cleaning Sta.)
Batch Cold Parts Cleaner

L002 (Cold Cleaning Sta.)
Batch Cold Parts Cleaner

L003 (Cold Cleaning Sta.)
Batch Cold Parts Cleaner

P901 (Production Line 1)
Pultrusion Process Production Unit

P902 (Production Line 2)
Pultrusion Process Production Unit

P903 (Production Line 3)
Pultrusion Process Production Unit

P904 (Production Line 4)
Pultrusion Process Production Unit

P905 (Production Line 5)
Pultrusion Process Production Unit

P906 (Production Line 6)
Pultrusion Process Production Unit

P907 (Production Line 7)
Pultrusion Process Production Unit

P908 (Production Line 8)
Pultrusion Process Produciton Unit

P909 (Production Line 9)
Pultrusion Process Production Unit

P910 (Production Line 10)
Pultrusion Process Production Unit

P911 (Production Line 11)
Pultrusion Process Production Unit

P912 (Production Line 12)
Pultrusion Process Production Unit

P913 (Production Line 13)
Pultrusion Process Production Unit

P914 (Production Line 14)
Pultrusion Process Production Unit

P915 (Production Line 15)
Pultrusion Process Production Unit

P917 (T-wood Robotics)
Two Large Fabrication Machines

P918 (Sill Robotics)
One Large Fabricaion Machines

P919 (General Fab. Machs.)
A Number of General Fabrication Machines - manual and automatic

P922 (Production Line 16)
Pultrusion Process Production Unit

P923 (Production Line 17)
Pultrusion Process Production Unit

P924 (Production Line 18)
Pultrusion Process Production Unit

P925 (Production Line 19)
Pultrusion Process Production Unit

P926 (Production Line 20)
Pultrusion Process Production Unit

P927 (Production Line 21)
Pultrusion Process Production Unit

P928 (Production Line 22)
Pultrusion Process Production Unit

T001 (Resin Tanks 1-4)
Process Resin Storage Tanks; Atmospheric

T002 (Styrene Tank)
Process Styrene Storage Tanks; Atmospheric, outside

T003 (Polystyrene Tank)
Polystyrene Storage Tank; Atmospheric

You will be contacted approximately eighteen (18) months prior to the expiration date regarding the renewal of this permit. If you are not contacted, please contact the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency listed below. This permit and the authorization to operate the air contaminant sources (emissions units) at this facility shall expire at midnight on the expiration date shown above. If a renewal permit is not issued prior to the expiration date, the permittee may continue to operate pursuant to OAC rule 3745-77-04(A) and in accordance with the terms of this permit beyond the expiration date, provided that a complete renewal application is submitted no earlier than eighteen (18) months and no later than one-hundred eighty (180) days prior to the expiration date.

Described below is the current Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency that is responsible for processing and administering your Title V permit:

Akron Air Pollution Control
146 South High Street, Room 904
Akron, OH 44308
(330) 375-2480

OHIO ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

_____

Joseph P. Koncelik
Director

PART I - GENERAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section

1. Monitoring and Related Record Keeping and Reporting Requirements

a. Except as may otherwise be provided in the terms and conditions for a specific emissions unit, i.e., in Section A.III of Part III of this Title V permit, the permittee shall maintain records that include the following, where applicable, for any required monitoring under this permit:

i. The date, place (as defined in the permit), and time of sampling or measurements.
ii. The date(s) analyses were performed.
iii. The company or entity that performed the analyses.
iv. The analytical techniques or methods used.
v. The results of such analyses.
vi. The operating conditions existing at the time of sampling or measurement.
(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(3)(b)(i))

b. Each record of any monitoring data, testing data, and support information required pursuant to this permit shall be retained for a period of five years from the date the record was created. Support information shall include all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip-chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, and copies of all reports required by this permit. Such records may be maintained in computerized form.
(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(3)(b)(ii))

c. The permittee shall submit required reports in the following manner:

i. **All reporting required in accordance with OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(3)(c) for deviations caused by malfunctions shall be submitted in the following manner:**

Any malfunction, as defined in OAC rule 3745-15-06(B)(1), shall be promptly reported to the Ohio EPA in accordance with OAC rule 3745-15-06. In addition, to fulfill the OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(3)(c) deviation reporting requirements for malfunctions, written reports that identify each malfunction that occurred during each calendar quarter (including each malfunction reported only verbally in accordance with OAC rule 3745-15-06) shall be submitted by January 31, April 30, July 31, and October 31 of each year in accordance with General Term and Condition A.1.c.ii below; and each report shall cover the previous calendar quarter.

In accordance with OAC rule 3745-15-06, a malfunction constitutes a violation of an emission limitation (or control requirement) and, therefore, is a deviation of the federally enforceable permit requirements. Even though verbal notifications and written reports are required for malfunctions pursuant to OAC rule 3745-15-06, the written reports required pursuant to this term must be submitted quarterly to satisfy the prompt reporting provision of OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(3)(c).

In identifying each deviation caused by a malfunction, the permittee shall specify the emission limitation(s) (or control requirement(s)) for which the deviation occurred, describe each deviation, and provide the magnitude and duration of each deviation. For a specific malfunction, if this information has been provided in a written report that was submitted in accordance with OAC rule 3745-15-06, the permittee may simply reference that written report to identify the deviation. Nevertheless, all malfunctions, including those reported only verbally in accordance with OAC rule 3745-15-06, must be reported in writing on a quarterly basis.

Any scheduled maintenance, as referenced in OAC rule 3745-15-06(A)(1), that results in a deviation from a federally enforceable emission limitation (or control requirement) shall be reported in the same manner as described above for malfunctions.
(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(3)(c))

ii. **Except as may otherwise be provided in the terms and conditions for a specific emissions unit, i.e., in Section A.IV of Part III of this Title V permit or, in some cases, in Part II of this Title V permit, all reporting required in accordance with OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(3)(c) for deviations of the emission limitations, operational restrictions, and control device operating parameter limitations shall be submitted in the following manner:**

Written reports of (a) any deviations from federally enforceable emission limitations, operational restrictions, and control device operating parameter limitations, (b) the probable cause of such deviations, and (c) any corrective actions or preventive measures taken, shall be promptly made to the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency. Except as provided below, the written reports shall be submitted by January 31, April 30, July 31, and October 31 of each year; and each report shall cover the previous calendar quarter.

In identifying each deviation, the permittee shall specify the emission limitation(s), operational restriction(s), and/or control device operating parameter limitation(s) for which the deviation occurred, describe each deviation, and provide the estimated magnitude and duration of each deviation.

These written reports shall satisfy the requirements (in part) of OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(3)(c) pertaining to the submission of monitoring reports every six months and to the prompt reporting of all deviations. OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(3)(c) is not fully satisfied until the permittee addresses all other deviations of the federally enforceable requirements specified in the permit.

If an emissions unit has a deviation reporting requirement for a specific emission limitation, operational restriction, or control device operating parameter limitation that is not on a quarterly basis (e.g., within 30 days following the end of the calendar month, or within 30 or 45 days after the exceedance occurs), that deviation reporting requirement overrides the reporting requirements specified in this General Term and Condition for that specific emission limitation, operational restriction, or control device parameter limitation. Following the provisions of that non-quarterly deviation reporting requirement will also satisfy the requirements (in part) of OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(3)(c) pertaining to the submission of monitoring reports every six months and to the prompt reporting of all deviations, and additional quarterly deviation reports for that specific emission limitation, operational restriction, or control device parameter limitation are not required pursuant to this General Term and Condition.

See B.6 below if no deviations occurred during the quarter.
(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(3)(c))

iii. **All reporting required in accordance with the OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(3)(c) for other deviations of the federally enforceable permit requirements which are not reported in accordance with General Term and Condition A.1.c.ii above shall be submitted in the following manner:**

Written reports that identify all other deviations of the federally enforceable requirements contained in this permit, including the monitoring, record keeping, and reporting requirements, which are not reported in accordance with General Term and Condition A.1.c.ii above shall be submitted to the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency by January 31 and July 31 of each year; and each report shall cover the previous six calendar months.

In identifying each deviation, the permittee shall specify the federally enforceable requirement for which the deviation occurred, describe each deviation, and provide the magnitude and duration of each deviation.

These semi-annual written reports shall satisfy the reporting requirements of OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(3)(c) for any deviations from the federally enforceable requirements contained in this permit that are not reported in accordance with General Term and Condition A.1.c.ii above.

If no such deviations occurred during a six-month period, the permittee shall submit a semi-annual report which states that no such deviations occurred during that period.
(Authority for term: OAC rules 3745-77-07(A)(3)(c)(i) and (ii))

iv. Each written report shall be signed by a responsible official certifying that, "based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the report (including any written malfunction reports required by OAC rule 3745-15-06 that are referenced in the deviation reports) are true, accurate, and complete."
(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(3)(c)(iv))

v. Reports of any required monitoring and/or record keeping information shall be submitted to the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency.
(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(3)(c))

2. Scheduled Maintenance

Any scheduled maintenance of air pollution control equipment shall be performed in accordance with paragraph (A) of OAC rule 3745-15-06. Except as provided in OAC rule 3745-15-06(A)(3), any scheduled maintenance necessitating the shutdown or bypassing of any air pollution control system(s) shall be accompanied by the shutdown of the emissions unit(s) that is (are) served by such control system(s). Any scheduled maintenance, as defined in OAC rule 3745-15-06(A)(1), that results in a deviation from a federally enforceable emission limitation (or control requirement) shall be reported in the same manner as described for malfunctions in General Term and Condition A.1.c.i above.
(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(3)(c))

3. Risk Management Plans

If applicable, the permittee shall develop and register a risk management plan pursuant to section 112(r) of the Clean Air Act, as amended, 42 U.S.C. § 7401 et seq. ("Act"); and, pursuant to 40 C.F.R. 68.215(a), the permittee shall submit either of the following:

a. a compliance plan for meeting the requirements of 40 C.F.R. Part 68 by the date specified in 40 C.F.R. 68.10(a) and OAC 3745-104-05(A); or

b. as part of the compliance certification submitted under 40 C.F.R. 70.6(c)(5), a certification statement that the source is in compliance with all requirements of 40 C.F.R. Part 68 and OAC Chapter 3745-104, including the registration and submission of the risk management plan.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(4))

4. Title IV Provisions

If the permittee is subject to the requirements of 40 CFR Part 72 concerning acid rain, the permittee shall ensure that any affected emissions unit complies with those requirements. Emissions exceeding any allowances that are lawfully held under Title IV of the Act, or any regulations adopted thereunder, are prohibited.
(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(5))

5. Severability Clause

A determination that any term or condition of this permit is invalid shall not invalidate the force or effect of any other term or condition thereof, except to the extent that any other term or condition depends in whole or in part for its operation or implementation upon the term or condition declared invalid.
(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(6))

6. General Requirements

a. The permittee must comply with all terms and conditions of this permit. Any noncompliance with the federally enforceable terms and conditions of this permit constitutes a violation of the Act, and is grounds for enforcement action or for permit revocation, revocation and reissuance, or modification, or for denial of a permit renewal application.

b. It shall not be a defense for the permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the federally enforceable terms and conditions of this permit.

c. This permit may be modified, reopened, revoked, or revoked and reissued, for cause, in accordance with A.10 below. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or revocation, or of a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any term and condition of this permit.

d. This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege.

e. The permittee shall furnish to the Director of the Ohio EPA, or an authorized representative of the Director, upon receipt of a written request and within a reasonable time, any information that may be requested to determine whether cause exists for modifying, reopening or revoking this permit or to determine compliance with this permit. Upon request, the permittee shall also furnish to the Director or an authorized representative of the Director, copies of records required to be kept by this permit. For information claimed to be confidential in the submittal to the Director, if the Administrator of the U.S. EPA requests such information, the permittee may furnish such records directly to the Administrator along with a claim of confidentiality.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(7))

7. Fees

The permittee shall pay fees to the Director of the Ohio EPA in accordance with ORC section 3745.11 and OAC Chapter 3745-78.
(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(8))

8. Marketable Permit Programs

No revision of this permit is required under any approved economic incentive, marketable permits, emissions trading, and other similar programs or processes for changes that are provided for in this permit.
(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(9))

9. Reasonably Anticipated Operating Scenarios

The permittee is hereby authorized to make changes among operating scenarios authorized in this permit without notice to the Ohio EPA, but, contemporaneous with making a change from one operating scenario to another, the permittee must record in a log at the permitted facility the scenario under which the permittee is operating. The permit shield provided in these general terms and conditions shall apply to all operating scenarios authorized in this permit.
(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(10))

10. Reopening for Cause

This Title V permit will be reopened prior to its expiration date under the following conditions:

a. Additional applicable requirements under the Act become applicable to one or more emissions units covered by this permit, and this permit has a remaining term of three or more years. Such a reopening shall be completed not later than eighteen (18) months after promulgation of the applicable requirement. No such reopening is required if the effective date of the requirement is later than the date on which the permit is due to expire, unless the original permit or any of its terms and conditions has been extended pursuant to paragraph (E)(1) of OAC rule 3745-77-08.

b. This permit is issued to an affected source under the acid rain program and additional requirements (including excess emissions requirements) become applicable. Upon approval by the Administrator, excess emissions offset plans shall be deemed to be incorporated into the permit, and shall not require a reopening of this permit.

c. The Director of the Ohio EPA or the Administrator of the U.S. EPA determines that the federally applicable requirements in this permit are based on a material mistake, or that inaccurate statements were made in establishing the emissions standards or other terms and conditions of this permit related to such federally applicable requirements.

d. The Administrator of the U.S. EPA or the Director of the Ohio EPA determines that this permit must be revised or revoked to assure compliance with the applicable requirements.

(Authority for term: OAC rules 3745-77-07(A)(12) and 3745-77-08(D))

11. Federal and State Enforceability

Only those terms and conditions designated in this permit as federally enforceable, that are required under the Act, or any of its applicable requirements, including relevant provisions designed to limit the potential to emit of a source, are enforceable by the Administrator of the U.S. EPA, the State, and citizens under the Act. All other terms and conditions of this permit shall not be federally enforceable and shall be enforceable under State law only.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(B))

12. Compliance Requirements

a. Any document (including reports) required to be submitted and required by a federally applicable requirement in this Title V permit shall include a certification by a responsible official that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements in the document are true, accurate, and complete.

b. Upon presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, the permittee shall allow the Director of the Ohio EPA or an authorized representative of the Director to:

i. At reasonable times, enter upon the permittee's premises where a source is located or the emissions-related activity is conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit.

ii. Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit, subject to the protection from disclosure to the public of confidential information consistent with paragraph (E) of OAC rule 3745-77-03.

iii. Inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and air pollution control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit.

iv. As authorized by the Act, sample or monitor at reasonable times substances or parameters for the purpose of assuring compliance with the permit and applicable requirements.

c. The permittee shall submit progress reports to the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency concerning any schedule of compliance for meeting an applicable requirement. Progress reports shall be submitted semiannually, or more frequently if specified in the applicable requirement or by the Director of the Ohio EPA. Progress reports shall contain the following:

i. Dates for achieving the activities, milestones, or compliance required in any schedule of compliance, and dates when such activities, milestones, or compliance were achieved.
ii. An explanation of why any dates in any schedule of compliance were not or will not be met, and any preventive or corrective measures adopted.

d. Compliance certifications concerning the terms and conditions contained in this permit that are federally enforceable emission limitations, standards, or work practices, shall be submitted to the Director (the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency) and the Administrator of the U.S. EPA in the following manner and with the following content:

i. Compliance certifications shall be submitted annually on a calendar year basis. The annual certification shall be submitted on or before April 30th of each year during the permit term.
ii. Compliance certifications shall include the following:
(a) An identification of each term or condition of this permit that is the basis of the certification.
(b) The permittee's current compliance status.
(c) Whether compliance was continuous or intermittent.
(d) The method(s) used for determining the compliance status of the source currently and over the required reporting period.
(e) Such other facts as the Director of the Ohio EPA may require in the permit to determine the compliance status of the source.
iii. Compliance certifications shall contain such additional requirements as may be specified pursuant to sections 114(a)(3) and 504(b) of the Act.

(Authority for term: OAC rules 3745-77-07(C)(1),(2),(4) and (5) and ORC section 3704.03(L))

13. Permit Shield

a. Compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit (including terms and conditions established for alternate operating scenarios, emissions trading, and emissions averaging, but excluding terms and conditions for which the permit shield is expressly prohibited under OAC rule 3745-77-07) shall be deemed compliance with the applicable requirements identified and addressed in this permit as of the date of permit issuance.

b. This permit shield provision shall apply to any requirement identified in this permit pursuant to OAC rule 3745-77-07(F)(2), as a requirement that does not apply to the source or to one or more emissions units within the source.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(F))

14. Operational Flexibility

The permittee is authorized to make the changes identified in OAC rule 3745-77-07(H)(1)(a) to (H)(1)(c) within the permitted stationary source without obtaining a permit revision, if such change is not a modification under any provision of Title I of the Act [as defined in OAC rule 3745-77-01(JJ)], and does not result in an exceedance of the emissions allowed under this permit (whether expressed therein as a rate of emissions or in terms of total emissions), and the permittee provides the Administrator of the U.S. EPA and the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency with written notification within a minimum of seven days in advance of the proposed changes, unless the change is associated with, or in response to, emergency conditions. If less than seven days notice is provided because of a need to respond more quickly to such emergency conditions, the permittee shall provide notice to the Administrator of the U.S. EPA and the appropriate District Office of the Ohio EPA or local

air agency as soon as possible after learning of the need to make the change. The notification shall contain the items required under OAC rule 3745-77-07(H)(2)(d).
(Authority for term: OAC rules 3745-77-07(H)(1) and (2))

15. Emergencies

The permittee shall have an affirmative defense of emergency to an action brought for noncompliance with technology-based emission limitations if the conditions of OAC rule 3745-77-07(G)(3) are met. This emergency defense provision is in addition to any emergency or upset provision contained in any applicable requirement.
(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(G))

16. Off-Permit Changes

The owner or operator of a Title V source may make any change in its operations or emissions at the source that is not specifically addressed or prohibited in the Title V permit, without obtaining an amendment or modification of the permit, provided that the following conditions are met:

a. The change does not result in conditions that violate any applicable requirements or that violate any existing federally enforceable permit term or condition.

b. The permittee provides contemporaneous written notice of the change to the Director and the Administrator of the U.S. EPA. Such written notice shall describe each such change, the date of such change, any change in emissions or pollutants emitted, and any federally applicable requirement that would apply as a result of the change.

c. The change shall not qualify for the permit shield under OAC rule 3745-77-07(F).

d. The permittee shall keep a record describing all changes made at the source that result in emissions of a regulated air pollutant subject to an applicable requirement, but not otherwise regulated under the permit, and the emissions resulting from those changes.

e. The change is not subject to any applicable requirement under Title IV of the Act or is not a modification under any provision of Title I of the Act.

Paragraph (I) of rule 3745-77-07 of the Administrative Code applies only to modification or amendment of the permittee's Title V permit. The change made may require a permit to install under Chapter 3745-31 of the Administrative Code if the change constitutes a modification as defined in that Chapter. Nothing in paragraph (I) of rule 3745-77-07 of the Administrative Code shall affect any applicable obligation under Chapter 3745-31 of the Administrative Code.
(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(I))

17. Compliance Method Requirements

Nothing in this permit shall alter or affect the ability of any person to establish compliance with, or a violation of, any applicable requirement through the use of credible evidence to the extent authorized by law. Nothing in this permit shall be construed to waive any defenses otherwise available to the permittee, including but not limited to, any challenge to the Credible Evidence Rule (see 62 Fed. Reg. 8314, Feb. 24, 1997), in the context of any future proceeding.
(This term is provided for informational purposes only.)

18. Insignificant Activities

Each insignificant activity that has one or more applicable requirements shall comply with those applicable requirements.
(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(1))

19. Permit to Install Requirement

Prior to the "installation" or "modification" of any "air contaminant source," as those terms are defined in OAC rule 3745-31-01, a permit to install must be obtained from the Ohio EPA pursuant to OAC Chapter 3745-31.
(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(1))

20. Air Pollution Nuisance

The air contaminants emitted by the emissions units covered by this permit shall not cause a public nuisance, in violation of OAC rule 3745-15-07.
(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(1))

21. Permanent Shutdown of an Emissions Unit

The permittee may notify Ohio EPA of any emissions unit that is permanently shut down by submitting a certification by the responsible official of the date on which the emissions unit was permanently shut down. Authorization to operate the affected part or activity of the stationary source shall cease upon the date certified by the responsible official that the emissions unit was permanently shut down.

If an emissions unit is permanently shut down (i.e., that has been physically removed from service or has been altered in such a way that it can no longer operate without a subsequent "modification" or "installation" as defined in OAC Chapter 3745-31 and therefore ceases to meet the definition of an "emissions unit" as defined in OAC rule 3745-77-01(O)), rendering existing permit terms and conditions irrelevant, the permittee shall not be required, after the date of the certification and submission to Ohio EPA, to meet any monitoring, record keeping, reporting, or testing requirements, applicable to that emissions unit, except for any residual requirements, such as the quarterly deviation reports, semi-annual deviation reports and annual compliance certification covering the period during which the emissions unit last operated. All records relating to the shutdown emissions unit, generated while the emissions unit was in operation, must be maintained in accordance with law.

No emissions unit certified by the responsible official as being permanently shut down may resume operation without first applying for and obtaining a permit to install pursuant to OAC Chapter 3745-31.

B. *State Only Enforceable Section*

1. Reporting Requirements Related to Monitoring and Record Keeping Requirements

The permittee shall submit required reports in the following manner:

a. Reports of any required monitoring and/or record keeping information shall be submitted to the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency.

b. Except as otherwise may be provided in the terms and conditions for a specific emissions unit, quarterly written reports of (i) any deviations (excursions) from emission limitations, operational restrictions, and control device operating parameter limitations that have been detected by the testing, monitoring, and record keeping requirements specified in this permit, (ii) the probable cause of such deviations, and (iii) any corrective actions or preventive measures which have been or will be taken, shall be submitted to the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency. In identifying each deviation, the permittee shall specify the applicable requirement for which the deviation occurred, describe each deviation, and provide the magnitude and duration of each deviation. If no deviations occurred during a calendar quarter, the permittee shall submit a quarterly report, which states that no deviations occurred during that quarter. The reports shall be submitted quarterly, i.e., by January 31, April 30, July 31, and October 31 of each year and shall cover the previous calendar quarters. (These quarterly reports shall exclude deviations resulting from malfunctions reported in accordance with OAC rule 3745-15-06.)

2. Records Retention Requirements

Each record of any monitoring data, testing data, and support information required pursuant to this permit shall be retained for a period of five years from the date the record was created. Support information shall include, but not be limited to, all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip-chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, and copies of all reports required by this permit. Such records may be maintained in computerized form.

3. Inspections and Information Requests

The Director of the Ohio EPA, or an authorized representative of the Director, may, subject to the safety requirements of the permittee and without undue delay, enter upon the premises of this source at any reasonable time for purposes of making inspections, conducting tests, examining records or reports pertaining to any emission of air contaminants, and determining compliance with any applicable State air pollution laws and regulations and the terms and conditions of this permit. The permittee shall furnish to the Director of the Ohio EPA, or an authorized representative of the Director, upon receipt of a written request and within a reasonable time, any information that may be requested to determine whether cause exists for modifying, reopening or revoking this permit or to determine compliance with this permit. Upon verbal or written request, the permittee shall also furnish to the Director of the Ohio EPA, or an authorized representative of the Director, copies of records required to be kept by this permit.

4. Scheduled Maintenance/Malfunction Reporting

Any scheduled maintenance of air pollution control equipment shall be performed in accordance with paragraph (A) of OAC rule 3745-15-06. The malfunction of any emissions units or any associated air pollution control system(s) shall be reported to the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency in accordance with paragraph (B) of OAC rule 3745-15-06. Except as provided in that rule, any scheduled maintenance or malfunction necessitating the shutdown or bypassing of any air pollution control system(s) shall be accompanied by the shutdown of the emissions unit(s) that is (are) served by such control system(s).

5. Permit Transfers

Any transferee of this permit shall assume the responsibilities of the prior permit holder. The appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency must be notified in writing of any transfer of this permit.

6. Additional Reporting Requirements When There Are No Deviations of Federally Enforceable Emission Limitations, Operational Restrictions, or Control Device Operating Parameter Limitations (See Section A of This Permit)

If no emission limitation (or control requirement), operational restriction and/or control device parameter limitation deviations occurred during a calendar quarter, the permittee shall submit a quarterly report, which states that no deviations occurred during that quarter. The reports shall be submitted by January 31, April 30, July 31, and October 31 of each year; and each report shall cover the previous calendar quarter.

The permittee is not required to submit a quarterly report which states that no deviations occurred during that quarter for the following situations:

a. where an emissions unit has deviation reporting requirements for a specific emission limitation, operational restriction, or control device parameter limitation that override the deviation reporting requirements specified in General Term and Condition A.1.c.ii;

b. where an uncontrolled emissions unit has no monitoring, record keeping, or reporting requirements and the emissions unit's applicable emission limitations are established at the potentials to emit; and

c. where the company's responsible official has certified that an emissions unit has been permanently shut down.

Part II - Specific Facility Terms and Conditions

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section

1. In order to limit the potential to emit for the purpose of avoiding additional new source review requirements, annual emissions from all emissions units at this facility, based upon a rolling 365-day summation of emissions, shall not exceed the levels specificed in the following table:

Pollutant	Emissions (TPY)
organic material	127
volatile organic compounds	81
styrene	43

It is intended, and the applicant has requested, that the above limits and respective monitoring, record keeping, and reporting be federally enforceable.

2. Compliance with the above annual limitations shall be based upon a rolling, 365-day summation of emissions from all emissions units at the facility.

3. The permittee shall maintain daily records indicating the rolling, 365-day annual and daily facility emission calculations for organic materials, VOC's, and styrene.

4. The permittee shall notify the Akron Regional Air Quality Management District (Akron RAQMD) in writing of any daily record showing an exceedance in the facility-wide emission limitations established by this permit for organic materials, VOC's, and styrene. The notification shall include a copy of such record and shall be sent to the Akron RAQMD within 45 days after the exceedance occurs.

5. The following insignificant emissions unit is located at this facility:

P916 - resin mixing stations 1 - 3 (permit to install 16-980).

Each insignificant emissions unit at this facility must comply with all applicable State and federal regulations, as well as any emission limitations and/or control requirements contained within the identified permit to install for the emissinos unit. Insignificant emissions units listed above that are not subject to specific permit to install requirements are subject to one or more applicable requirements contained in the federally-approved versions of OAC Chapters 3745-17, 3745-18, and/or 3745-21.

6. The permittee's existing pultrusion units and fabrication machines are subject to the National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) for Reinforced Plastic Composites Production, 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW which includes, but is not limited to, the following:

for each pultrusion operation or fabrication machine:

reduce total HAP emissions by at least 60 weight percent.

The following emissions units are subject to the requirements of Subpart WWWW:

P901, P902, P903, P904, P905, P906, P907, P908, P909, P910, P911, P912, P913, P914, P915, P917, P918, P919, P922, P923, P924, P925, P926, P927, and P928.

7. The permittee shall achieve total, on-going compliance with all applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW on or before the mandatory compliance date of April 21, 2006. Also, the permittee shall complete any performance test required in paragraph 63.5860 within the time limits specified in paragraph 63.5840.

8. Given the applicability of 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW, the permittee must also comply with applicable provisions of 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart A as referenced in Table 15 of 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW.

Tables 1 through 15 and Appendix A of Subpart WWWW are included in the text of Attachment 1 hereto, and are hereby incorporated into this paragraph as if fully written.

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section (continued)

9. 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW - National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants: Reinforced Plastic Composites Production
Source: 68 FR 19402, Apr. 21, 2003, unless otherwise noted.

What This Subpart Covers

40 CFR 63.5780 What is the purpose of this subpart?

This subpart establishes national emissions standards for hazardous air pollutants (NESHAP) for reinforced plastic composites production. This subpart also establishes requirements to demonstrate initial and continuous compliance with the hazardous air pollutants (HAP) emissions standards.

10. 40 CFR 63.5785 Am I subject to this subpart?

(a) You are subject to this subpart if you own or operate a reinforced plastic composites production facility that is located at a major source of HAP emissions. Reinforced plastic composites production is limited to operations in which reinforced and/or nonreinforced plastic composites or plastic molding compounds are manufactured using thermoset resins and/or gel coats that contain styrene to produce plastic composites. The resins and gel coats may also contain materials designed to enhance the chemical, physical, and/or thermal properties of the product. Reinforced plastic composites production also includes cleaning, mixing, HAP-containing materials storage, and repair operations associated with the production of plastic composites.

(b) You are not subject to this subpart if your facility only repairs reinforced plastic composites. Repair includes the non-routine manufacture of individual components or parts intended to repair a larger item as defined in 40 CFR 63.5935

(c) You are not subject to this subpart if your facility is a research and development facility as defined in section 112(c)(7) of the Clean Air Act (CAA).

(d) You are not subject to this subpart if your reinforced plastic composites operations use less than 1.2 tons per year (tpy) of thermoset resins and gel coats that contain styrene combined.

11. 40 CFR 63.5787 What if I also manufacture fiberglass boats or boat parts?

(a) If your source meets the applicability criteria in 40 CFR 63.5785, and is not subject to the Boat Manufacturing NESHAP (40 CFR part 63, subpart VVVV), you are subject to this subpart regardless of the final use of the parts you manufacture.

(b) If your source is subject to 40 CFR part 63, subpart VVVV, and all the reinforced plastic composites you manufacture are used in manufacturing your boats, you are not subject to this subpart.

(c) If you are subject to 40 CFR part 63, subpart VVVV, and meet the applicability criteria in 40 CFR 63.5785, and produce reinforced plastic composites that are not used in fiberglass boat manufacture at your facility, all operations associated with the manufacture of the reinforced plastic composites parts that are not used in fiberglass boat manufacture at your facility are subject to this subpart, except as noted in paragraph (d) of this section.

(d) Facilities potentially subject to both this subpart and 40 CFR part 63, subpart VVVV may elect to have the operations in paragraph (c) of this section covered by 40 CFR part 63, subpart VVVV, in lieu of this subpart, if they can demonstrate that this will not result in any organic HAP emissions increase compared to complying with this subpart.

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section (continued)

12. 40 CFR 63.5790 What parts of my plant does this subpart cover?

(a) This subpart applies to each new or existing affected source at reinforced plastic composites production facilities.

(b) The affected source consists of all parts of your facility engaged in the following operations: Open molding, closed molding, centrifugal casting, continuous lamination, continuous casting, polymer casting, pultrusion, sheet molding compound (SMC) manufacturing, bulk molding compound (BMC) manufacturing, mixing, cleaning of equipment used in reinforced plastic composites manufacture, HAP-containing materials storage, and repair operations on parts you also manufacture.

(c) The following operations are specifically excluded from any requirements in this subpart: Application of mold sealing and release agents, mold stripping and cleaning, repair of parts that you did not manufacture, including non-routine manufacturing of parts, personal activities that are not part of the manufacturing operations (such as hobby shops on military bases), prepreg materials as defined in 40 CFR 63.5935, non-gel coat surface coatings, repair or production materials that do not contain resin or gel coat, and research and development operations as defined in section 112(c)(7) of the CAA.

(d) Production resins that must meet military specifications are allowed to meet the organic HAP limit contained in that specification. In order for this exemption to be used, you must supply to the permitting authority the specifications certified as accurate by the military procurement officer, and those specifications must state a requirement for a specific resin, or a specific resin HAP content. Production resins for which this exemption is used must be applied with nonatomizing resin application equipment unless you can demonstrate this is infeasible. You must keep a record of the resins for which you are using this exemption.

13. 40 CFR 63.5795 How do I know if my reinforced plastic composites production facility is a new affected source or an existing affected source?

(a) A reinforced plastic composites production facility is a new affected source if it meets all the criteria in paragraphs (a)(1) and (2) of this section.

(1) You commence construction of the affected source after August 2, 2001.

(2) You commence construction, and no other reinforced plastic composites production affected source exists at that site.

(b) For the purposes of this subpart, an existing affected source is any affected source that is not a new affected source.

14. Calculating Organic HAP Emissions Factors for Open Molding and Centrifugal Casting

40 CFR 63.5796 What are the organic HAP emissions factor equations in Table 1 to this subpart, and how are they used in this subpart?

Emissions factors are used in this subpart to determine compliance with certain organic HAP emissions limits in Tables 3 and 5 to this subpart. You may use the equations in Table 1 to this subpart to calculate your emissions factors. Equations are available for each open molding operation and centrifugal casting operation and have units of pounds of organic HAP emitted per ton (lb/ton) of resin or gel coat applied. These equations are intended to provide a method for you to demonstrate compliance without the need to conduct for a HAP emissions test. In lieu of these equations, you can elect to use site-specific organic HAP emissions factors to demonstrate compliance provided your site-specific organic HAP emissions factors are incorporated in the facility's air emissions permit and are based on actual facility HAP emissions test data. You may also use the organic HAP emissions factors calculated using the equations in Table 1 to this subpart, combined with resin and gel coat use data, to calculate your organic HAP emissions.

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section (continued)

15. 40 CFR 63.5797 How do I determine the organic HAP content of my resins and gel coats?

In order to determine the organic HAP content of resins and gel coats, you may rely on information provided by the material manufacturer, such as manufacturer's formulation data and material safety data sheets (MSDS), using the procedures specified in paragraphs (a) through (c) of this section, as applicable.

(a) Include in the organic HAP total each organic HAP that is present at 0.1 percent by mass or more for Occupational Safety and Health Administration-defined carcinogens, as specified in 29 CFR 1910.1200(d)(4) and at 1.0 percent by mass or more for other organic HAP compounds.

(b) If the organic HAP content is provided by the material supplier or manufacturer as a range, you must use the upper limit of the range for determining compliance. If a separate measurement of the total organic HAP content, such as an analysis of the material by EPA Method 311 of appendix A to 40 CFR part 63, exceeds the upper limit of the range of the total organic HAP content provided by the material supplier or manufacturer, then you must use the measured organic HAP content to determine compliance.

(c) If the organic HAP content is provided as a single value, you may use that value to determine compliance. If a separate measurement of the total organic HAP content is made and is less than 2 percentage points higher than the value for total organic HAP content provided by the material supplier or manufacturer, then you still may use the provided value to demonstrate compliance. If the measured total organic HAP content exceeds the provided value by 2 percentage points or more, then you must use the measured organic HAP content to determine compliance.

16. 40 CFR 63.5798 What if I want to use, or I manufacture, an application technology (new or existing) whose organic HAP emissions characteristics are not represented by the equations in Table 1 to this subpart?

If you wish to use a resin or gel coat application technology (new or existing), whose emission characteristics are not represented by the equations in Table 1 to this subpart, you may use the procedures in paragraphs (a) or (b) of this section to establish an organic HAP emissions factor. This organic HAP emissions factor may then be used to determine compliance with the emission limits in this subpart, and to calculate facility organic HAP emissions.

(a) Perform a organic HAP emissions test to determine a site-specific organic HAP emissions factor using the test procedures in 40 CFR 63.5850.

(b) Submit a petition to the Administrator for administrative review of this subpart. This petition must contain a description of the resin or gel coat application technology and supporting organic HAP emissions test data obtained using EPA test methods or their equivalent. The emission test data should be obtained using a range of resin or gel coat HAP contents to demonstrate the effectiveness of the technology under the different conditions, and to demonstrate that the technology will be effective at different sites. We will review the submitted data, and, if appropriate, update the equations in Table 1 to this subpart.

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section (continued)

17. 40 CFR 63.5799 How do I calculate my facility's organic HAP emissions on a tpy basis for purposes of determining which paragraphs of 40 CFR 63.5805 apply?

To calculate your facility's organic HAP emissions in tpy for purposes of determining which paragraphs in 40 CFR 63.5805 apply to you, you must use the procedures in either paragraph (a) of this section for new facilities prior to startup, or paragraph (b) of this section for existing facilities and new facilities after startup. You are not required to calculate or report emissions under this section if you are an existing facility that does not have centrifugal casting or continuous lamination/casting operations, or a new facility that does not have any of the following operations: Open molding, centrifugal casting, continuous lamination/casting, pultrusion, SMC and BMC manufacturing, and mixing. Emissions calculation and emission reporting procedures in other sections of this subpart still apply. Calculate organic HAP emissions prior to any add-on control device, and do not include organic HAP emissions from any resin or gel coat used in operations subject to the Boat Manufacturing NESHAP, 40 CFR part 63, subpart VVVV, or from the manufacture of large parts as defined in 40 CFR 63.5805(d)(2). For centrifugal casting operations at existing facilities, do not include any organic HAP emissions where resin or gel coat is applied to an open centrifugal mold using open molding application techniques. Table 1 and the Table 1 footnotes to this subpart present more information on calculating centrifugal casting organic HAP emissions. The timing and reporting of these calculations is discussed in paragraph (c) of this section.

(a) For new facilities prior to startup, calculate a weighted average organic HAP emissions factor for the operations specified in 40 CFR 63.5805(b) and (d) on a lbs/ton of resin and gel coat basis. Base the weighted average on your projected operation for the 12 months subsequent to facility startup. Multiply the weighted average organic HAP emissions factor by projected resin use over the same period. You may calculate your organic HAP emissions factor based on the factors in Table 1 to this subpart, or you may use any HAP emissions factor approved by us, such as factors from the Compilation of Air Pollutant Emissions Factors, Volume I: Stationary Point and Area Sources (AP-42), or organic HAP emissions test data from similar facilities.

(b) For existing facilities and new facilities after startup, you may use the procedures in either paragraph (b)(1) or (2) of this section. If the emission factors for an existing facility have changed over the period of time prior to their initial compliance date due to incorporation of pollution-prevention control techniques, existing facilities may base the average emission factor on their operations as they exist on the compliance date. If an existing facility has accepted an enforceable permit limit of less than 100 tons per year of HAP, and can demonstrate that they will operate at that level subsequent to the compliance date, the they can be deemed to be below the 100 tpy threshold.

(1) Use a calculated emission factor. Calculate a weighted average organic HAP emissions factor on a lbs/ton of resin and gel coat basis. Base the weighted average on the prior 12 months of operation. Multiply the weighted average organic HAP emissions factor by resin and gel coat use over the same period. You may calculate this organic HAP emissions factor based on the equations in Table 1 to this subpart, or you may use any organic HAP emissions factor approved by us, such as factors from AP-42, or site-specific organic HAP emissions factors if they are supported by HAP emissions test data.

(2) Conduct performance testing. Conduct performance testing using the test procedures in 40 CFR 63.5850 to determine a site-specific organic HAP emissions factor in units of lbs/ton of resin and gel coat used. Conduct the test under conditions expected to result in the highest possible organic HAP emissions. Multiply this factor by annual resin and gel coat use to determine annual organic HAP emissions. This calculation must be repeated and reported annually.

(c) Existing facilities must initially perform this calculation based on their 12 months of operation prior to April 21, 2003, and include this information with their initial notification report. Existing facilities must repeat the calculation based on their resin and gel coat use in the 12 months prior to their initial compliance date, and submit this information with their initial compliance report. After their initial compliance date, existing and new facilities must recalculate organic HAP emissions over the 12-month period ending June 30 or December 31, whichever date is the first date following their compliance date specified in 40 CFR 63.5800. Subsequent calculations should cover the periods in the semiannual compliance reports.

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section (continued)

18. Compliance Dates and Standards

40 CFR 63.5800 When do I have to comply with this subpart?

You must comply with the standards in this subpart by the dates specified in Table 2 to this subpart. Facilities meeting a organic HAP emissions standard based on a 12-month rolling average must begin collecting data on the compliance date in order to demonstrate compliance.

19. 40 CFR 63.5805 What standards must I meet to comply with this subpart?

You must meet the requirements of paragraphs (a) through (h) of this section that apply to you. You may elect to comply using any options to meeting these standards described in 40 CFR 63.5810 through 40 CFR 63.5830. Use the procedures in 40 CFR 63.5799 to determine if you meet or exceed the 100 tpy threshold.

(a) If you have an existing facility that does not have any centrifugal casting or continuous lamination/casting operations, or an existing facility that does have centrifugal casting or continuous lamination/casting operations, but the combination of all centrifugal casting and continuous lamination/casting operations emit less than 100 tpy of HAP, you must meet the annual average organic HAP emissions limits in Table 3 to this subpart and the work practice standards in Table 4 to this subpart that apply to you.

(b) If you have an existing facility that emits 100 tpy or more of HAP from the combination of all centrifugal casting and continuous lamination/casting operations, you must reduce the total organic HAP emissions from these operations by at least 95 percent by weight and meet any applicable work practice standards in Table 4 to this subpart that apply to you. Operations other than centrifugal casting, and continuous lamination/casting, must meet the requirements in Tables 3 and 4 to this subpart. As an alternative to meeting 95 percent by weight, you may meet the organic HAP emissions limits in Table 5 to this subpart. If you have a continuous lamination/casting operation, that operation may alternatively meet a organic HAP emissions limit of 1.47 lbs/ton of neat resin plus and neat gel coat plus applied. For centrifugal casting, the percent reduction requirement does not apply to organic HAP emissions that occur during resin application onto an open centrifugal casting mold using open molding application techniques.

(c) If you have a new facility that emits less than 100 tpy of HAP from the combination of all open molding, centrifugal casting, continuous lamination/casting, pultrusion, SMC manufacturing, mixing, and BMC manufacturing, you must meet the annual average organic HAP emissions limits in Table 3 to this subpart and the work practice standards in Table 4 to this subpart that apply to you.

(d)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (d)(2) of this section, if you have a new facility that emits 100 tpy or more of HAP from the combination of all open molding, centrifugal casting, continuous lamination/casting, pultrusion, SMC manufacturing, mixing, and BMC manufacturing, you must reduce the total organic HAP emissions from these operations by at least 95 percent by weight and meet any applicable work practice standards in Table 4 to this subpart that apply to you. As an alternative to meeting 95 percent by weight, you may meet the organic HAP emissions limits in Table 5 to this subpart. If you have a continuous lamination/casting operation, that operation may alternatively meet a organic HAP emissions limit of 1.47 lbs/ton of neat resin plus and neat gel coat plus applied.

(2)(i) If your new facility manufactures large reinforced plastic composites parts using open molding or pultrusion operations, the specific open molding and pultrusion operations used to produce large parts are not required to reduce HAP emissions by 95 weight percent, but must meet the emission limits in Table 3 to this subpart.

(ii) A large open molding part is defined as a part that, when the final finished part is enclosed in the smallest rectangular six-sided box into which the part can fit, the total interior volume of the box exceeds 250 cubic feet, or any interior sides of the box exceed 50 square feet.

(iii) A large pultruded part is a part that exceeds an outside perimeter of 24 inches or has more than 350 reinforcements.

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section (continued)

(e) If you have a new or existing facility subject to paragraphs (a) or (c) of this section at their initial compliance date, that subsequently meets or exceeds the 100 tpy threshold in any calendar year, you must notify your permitting authority in your compliance report. You may at the same time request a one-time exemption from the requirements of paragraphs (b) or (d) of this section in your compliance report if you can demonstrate all of the following:

(1) The exceedance of the threshold was due to circumstances that will not to be repeated.

(2) The average annual organic HAP emissions from the potentially affected operations for the last 3 years were below 100 tpy.

(3) Projected organic HAP emissions for the next calendar year are below 100 tpy, based on projected resin and gel coat use and the HAP emission factors calculated according to the procedures in 40 CFR 63.5799.

(f) If you apply for an exemption in paragraph (e) of this section, and subsequently exceed the HAP emission thresholds specified in paragraphs (a) or (c) of this section over the next 12-month period, you must notify the permitting authority in your semi-annual report, the exemption is removed, and your facility must comply with paragraphs (b) or (d) of this section within 3 years from the time your organic HAP emissions first exceeded the threshold.

(g) If you have repair operations subject to this subpart as defined in 40 CFR 63.5785, these repair operations must meet the requirements in Tables 3 and 4 to this subpart, and are not required to meet the 95 percent organic HAP emissions reduction requirements in paragraphs (b) or (d) of this section.

(h) If you use an add-on control device to comply with this subpart, you must meet all requirements contained in 40 CFR part 63, subpart SS.

20. Options for Meeting Standards

40 CFR 63.5810 What are my options for meeting the standards for open molding and centrifugal casting operations at new and existing sources?

You must use one of the following methods in paragraphs (a) through (d) of this section to meet the standards in 40 CFR 63.5805. When you are complying with an emission limit in Tables 3 or 5 to this subpart, you may use any control method that reduces organic HAP emissions, including reducing resin and gel coat organic HAP content, changing to nonatomized mechanical application, covered curing techniques, and routing part or all of your emissions to an add-on control. The necessary calculations must be completed within 30 days after the end of each month. You may switch between the compliance options in paragraphs (a) through (d) of this section. When you change to an option based on a 12-month rolling average, you must base the average on the previous 12 months of data calculated using the compliance option you are currently using unless you were using the compliant materials option in paragraph (d) of this section. In this case, you must immediately begin collecting resin and gel coat use data and demonstrate compliance 12 months after changing options.

(a) Meet the individual organic HAP emissions limits for each operation. Demonstrate that you meet the individual organic HAP emissions limits for each open molding operation and for each centrifugal casting operation type in Tables 3, or 5 to this subpart that apply to you. This is done in two steps. First, determine an organic HAP factor for each individual resin and gel coat, application method, and control method you use in a particular operation. Second, calculate, for each particular operation type, a weighted average of those organic HAP emissions factors based on resin and gel coat use. Your calculated organic HAP emissions factor must either be at or below the applicable organic HAP emissions limit in Tables 3 or 5 to this subpart based on a 12-month rolling average. Use the procedures described in paragraphs (a)(1) through (3) of this section to calculate average organic HAP emissions factors for each of your operations.

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section (continued)

(1) Calculate your actual organic HAP emissions factor for each different process stream within each operation type. A process stream is defined as each individual combination of resin or gel coat, application technique, and control technique. Process streams within operations types are considered different from each other if any of the following three characteristics vary: The neat resin plus or neat gel coat plus organic HAP content, the application technique, or the control technique. You must calculate organic HAP emissions factors for each different process stream by using the appropriate equations in Table 1 to this subpart for open molding and for centrifugal casting, or site-specific organic HAP emissions factors discussed in 40 CFR 63.5796. If you want to use vapor suppressants to meet the organic HAP emissions limit for open molding, you must determine the vapor suppressant effectiveness by conducting testing according to the procedures specified of appendix A to subpart WWWW of 40 CFR part 63. If you want to use an add-on control device to meet the organic HAP emissions limit, you must determine the add-on control factor by conducting capture and control efficiency testing, using the procedures specified in 40 CFR 63.5850. The organic HAP emissions factor calculated from the equations in Table 1 to this subpart, or site-specific emissions factors, is multiplied by the add-on control factor to calculate the organic HAP emissions factor after control. Use Equation 1 of this section to calculate the add-on control factor used in the organic HAP emissions factor equations.

Equation 1 of 40 CFR 63.5810(a)(1) is included in the text of Attachment 1 hereto, and is hereby incorporated into this paragraph as if fully written.

(2) Calculate your actual operation organic HAP emissions factor for the last 12 months for each open molding operation type and for each centrifugal casting operation type by calculating the weighted average of the individual process stream organic HAP emissions factors within each respective operation. To do this, sum the product of each individual organic HAP emissions factor calculated in paragraph (a)(1) of this section and the amount of neat resin plus and neat gel coat plus usage that correspond to the individual factors and divide the numerator by the total amount of neat resin plus and neat gel coat plus used in that operation type. Use Equation 2 of this section to calculate your actual organic HAP emissions factor for each open molding operation type and each centrifugal casting operation type.

Equation 2 of 40 CFR 63.5810(a)(2) is included in the text of Attachment 1 hereto, and is hereby incorporated into this paragraph as if fully written.

(3) Compare each organic HAP emissions factor calculated in paragraph (b)(2) of this section with its corresponding organic HAP emissions limit in Tables 3 or 5 to this subpart. If all emissions factors are equal to or less than their corresponding emission limits, then you are in compliance.

(b) HAP emissions factor averaging option. Demonstrate each month that you meet each weighted average of the organic HAP emissions limits in Tables 3 or 5 to this subpart that apply to you. When using this option, you must demonstrate compliance with the weighted average organic HAP emissions limit for all your open molding operations, and then separately demonstrate compliance with the weighted average organic HAP emissions limit for all your centrifugal casting operations. Open molding operations and centrifugal casting operations may not be averaged with each other.

(1) Each month calculate the weighted average organic HAP emissions limit for all open molding operations and the weighted average organic HAP emissions limit for all centrifugal casting operations for your facility for the last 12-month period to determine the organic HAP emissions limit you must meet. To do this, multiply the individual organic HAP emissions limits in Tables 3 or 5 to this subpart for each open molding (centrifugal casting) operation type by the amount of neat resin plus or neat gel coat plus used in the last 12 months for each open molding (centrifugal casting) operation type, sum these results, and then divide this sum by the total amount of neat resin plus and neat gel coat plus used in open molding (centrifugal casting) over the last 12 months. Use Equation 3 of this section to calculate the weighted average organic HAP emissions limit for all open molding operations and separately for all centrifugal casting operations.

Equation 3 of 40 CFR 63.5810(b)(1) is included in the text of Attachment 1 hereto, and is hereby incorporated into this paragraph as if fully written.

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section (continued)

(2) Each month calculate your actual weighted average organic HAP emissions factor for open molding and centrifugal casting. To do this, multiply your actual open molding (centrifugal casting) operation organic HAP emissions factors and the amount of neat resin plus and neat gel coat plus used in each open molding (centrifugal casting) operation type, sum the results, and divide this sum by the total amount of neat resin plus and neat gel coat plus used in open molding (centrifugal casting) operations. You must calculate your actual individual HAP emissions factors for each operation type as described in paragraphs (a)(1) and (2) of this section. Use Equation 4 of this section to calculate your actual weighted average organic HAP emissions factor.

Equation 4 of 40 CFR 63.5810(b)(2) is included in the text of Attachment 1 hereto, and is hereby incorporated into this paragraph as if fully written.

(3) Compare the values calculated in paragraphs (b)(1) and (2) of this section. If each 12-month rolling average organic HAP emissions factor is less than or equal to the corresponding 12-month rolling average organic HAP emissions limit, then you are in compliance.

(c) If you have multiple operation types, meet the organic HAP emissions limit for one operation type, and use the same resin(s) for all operations of that resin type. If you have more than one operation type, you may meet the emission limit for one of those operations, and use the same resin(s) in all other open molding and centrifugal casting operations.

(1) This option is limited to resins of the same type. The resin types for which this option may be used are noncorrosion-resistant, corrosion-resistant and/or high strength, and tooling.

2) For any combination of manual resin application, mechanical resin application, filament application, or centrifugal casting, you may elect to meet the organic HAP emissions limit for any one of these operations and use that operation's same resin in all of the resin operations listed in this paragraph. Table 7 to this subpart presents the possible combinations based on a facility selecting the application process that results in the highest allowable organic HAP content resin. If your resin organic HAP content is below the applicable values shown in Table 7 to this subpart, you are in compliance.

(3) You may also use a weighted average organic HAP content for each operation described in paragraph (c)(2) of this section. Calculate the weighted average organic HAP content monthly. Use Equation 2 in 40 CFR 63.5810(a)(2) except substitute organic HAP content for organic HAP emissions factor. You are in compliance if the weighted average organic HAP content based on the last 12 months of resin use is less than or equal to the applicable organic HAP contents in Table 7 to this subpart.

(4) You may simultaneously use the averaging provisions in paragraph (b) of this section to demonstrate compliance for any operations and/or resins you do not include in your compliance demonstrations is paragraphs (c)(2) and (3) of this section. However, any resins for which you claim compliance under the option in paragraphs (c)(2) and (3) of this section may not be included in any of the averaging calculations described in paragraphs (a) or (b) of this section used for resins for which you are not claiming compliance under this option.

(d) Use resins and gel coats that do not exceed the maximum organic HAP contents shown in Table 3 to this subpart.

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section (continued)

21. 40 CFR 63.5820 What are my options for meeting the standards for continuous lamination/casting operations?

You must use one or more of the options in paragraphs (a) through (d) of this section to meet the standards in 40 CFR 63.5805. Use the calculation procedures in 40 CFR 63.5865 through 40 CFR 63.5890.

(a) Compliant line option. Demonstrate that each continuous lamination line and each continuous casting line complies with the applicable standard.

(b) Averaging option. Demonstrate that all continuous lamination and continuous casting lines combined, comply with the applicable standard.

(c) Add-on control device option. If your operation must meet the 58.5 weight percent organic HAP emissions reduction limit in Table 3 to this subpart, you have the option of demonstrating that you achieve 95 percent reduction of all wet-out area organic HAP emissions.

(d) Combination option. Use any combination of options in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section or, for affected sources at existing facilities, any combination of options in paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of this section (in which one or more lines meet the standards on their own, two or more lines averaged together meet the standards, and one or more lines have their wet-out areas controlled to a level of 95 percent).

22. 40 CFR 63.5830 What are my options for meeting the standards for pultrusion operations subject to the 60 weight percent organic HAP emissions reductions requirement?

You must use one or more of the options in paragraphs (a) through (e) of this section to meet the 60 weight percent organic HAP emissions limit in Table 3 to this subpart, as required in 40 CFR 63.5805.

(a) Achieve an overall reduction in organic HAP emissions of 60 weight percent by capturing the organic HAP emissions and venting them to a control device or any combination of control devices. Conduct capture and destruction efficiency testing as specified in 63.5850 to this subpart to determine the percent organic HAP emissions reduction.

(b) Design, install, and operate wet area enclosures and resin drip collection systems on pultrusion machines that meet the criteria in paragraphs (b)(1) through (10) of this section.

(1) The enclosure must cover and enclose the open resin bath and the forming area in which reinforcements are pre-wet or wet-out and moving toward the die(s). The surfaces of the enclosure must be closed except for openings to allow material to enter and exit the enclosure.

(2) For open bath pultrusion machines with a radio frequency pre-heat unit, the enclosure must extend from the beginning of the resin bath to within 12.5 inches or less of the entrance of the radio frequency pre-heat unit. If the stock that is within 12.5 inches or less of the entrance to the radio frequency pre-heat unit has any drip, it must be enclosed. The stock exiting the radio frequency pre-heat unit is not required to be in an enclosure if the stock has no drip between the exit of the radio frequency pre-heat unit to within 0.5 inches of the entrance of the die.

(3) For open bath pultrusion machines without a radio frequency pre-heat unit, the enclosure must extend from the beginning of the resin bath to within 0.5 inch or less of the die entrance.

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section (continued)

(4) For pultrusion lines with a pre-wet area prior to direct die injection, the enclosure must extend from the point at which the resin is applied to the reinforcement to within 12.5 inches or less of the entrance of the die(s). If the stock that is within 12.5 inches or less of the entrance to the die has any drip, it must be enclosed.

(5) The total open area of the enclosure must not exceed two times the cross sectional area of the puller window(s) and must comply with the requirements in paragraphs (b)(5)(i) through (iii) of this section.

(i) All areas that are open need to be included in the total open area calculation with the exception of access panels, doors, and/or hatches that are part of the enclosure.

(ii) The area that is displaced by entering reinforcement or exiting product is considered open.

(iii) Areas that are covered by brush covers are considered closed.

(6) Open areas for level control devices, monitoring devices, agitation shafts, and fill hoses must have no more than 1.0 inch clearance.

(7) The access panels, doors, and/or hatches that are part of the enclosure must close tightly. Damaged access panels, doors, and/or hatches that do not close tightly must be replaced.

(8) The enclosure may not be removed from the pultrusion line, and access panels, doors, and/or hatches that are part of the enclosure must remain closed whenever resin is in the bath, except for the time period discussed in paragraph (b)(9) of this section.

(9) The maximum length of time the enclosure may be removed from the pultrusion line or the access panels, doors, and/or hatches and may be open, is 30 minutes per 8 hour shift, 45 minutes per 12 hour shift, or 90 minutes per day if the machine is operated for 24 hours in a day. The time restrictions do not apply if the open doors or panels do not cause the limit of two times the puller window area to be exceeded. Facilities may average the times that access panels, doors, and/or hatches are open across all operating lines. In that case the average must not exceed the times shown in this paragraph (b)(9). All lines included in the average must have operated the entire time period being averaged.

(10) No fans, blowers, and/or air lines may be allowed within the enclosure. The enclosure must not be ventilated.

(c) Use direct die injection pultrusion machines with resin drip collection systems that meet all the criteria specified in paragraphs (c)(1) through (3) of this section.

(1) All the resin that is applied to the reinforcement is delivered directly to the die.

(2) No exposed resin is present, except at the face of the die.

(3) Resin drip is captured in closed piping and recycled directly to the resin injection chamber.

(d) Use a preform injection system that meets the definition in 40 CFR 63.5935

(e) Use any combination of options in paragraphs (a) through (d) of this section in which different pultrusion lines comply with different options described in paragraphs (a) through (d) of this section, and

(1) Each individual pultrusion machine meets the 60 percent reduction requirement, or

(2) The weighted average reduction based on resin throughout of all machines combined is 60 percent. For purposes of the average percent reduction calculation, wet area enclosures reduce organic HAP emissions by 60 percent, and direct die injection and preform injection reduce organic HAP emissions by 90 percent.

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section (continued)

23. General Compliance Requirements

40 CFR 63.5835 What are my general requirements for complying with this subpart?

(a) You must be in compliance at all times with the work practice standards in Table 4 to this subpart, as well as the organic HAP emissions limits in Tables 3, or 5, or the organic HAP content limits in Table 7 to this subpart, as applicable, that you are meeting without the use of add-on controls.

(b) You must be in compliance with all organic HAP emissions limits in this subpart that you meet using add-on controls, except during periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction.

(c) You must always operate and maintain your affected source, including air pollution control and monitoring equipment, according to the provisions in 40 CFR 63.6(e)(1)(i).

(d) You must develop and implement a written startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan according to the provisions in 40 CFR 63.6(e)(3) for any organic HAP emissions limits you meet using an add-on control.

24. Testing and Initial Compliance Requirements

40 CFR 63.5840 By what date must I conduct a performance test or other initial compliance demonstration?

You must conduct performance tests, performance evaluations, design evaluations, capture efficiency testing, and other initial compliance demonstrations by the compliance date specified in Table 2 to this subpart, with three exceptions. Open molding and centrifugal casting operations that elect to meet a organic HAP emissions limit on a 12-month rolling average must initiate collection of the required data on the compliance date, and demonstrate compliance 1 year after the compliance date. New sources that use add-on controls to initially meet compliance must demonstrate compliance within 180 days after their compliance date.

25. 40 CFR 63.5845 When must I conduct subsequent performance tests?

You must conduct a performance test every 5 years following the initial performance test for any standard you meet with an add-on control device.

26. 40 CFR 63.5850 How do I conduct performance tests, performance evaluations, and design evaluations?

(a) If you are using any add-on controls to meet a organic HAP emissions limit in this subpart, you must conduct each performance test, performance evaluation, and design evaluation in 40 CFR part 63, subpart SS, that applies to you. The basic requirements for performance tests, performance evaluations, and design evaluations are presented in Table 6 to this subpart.

(b) Each performance test must be conducted according to the requirements in 40 CFR 63.7(e)(1) and under the specific conditions that 40 CFR part 63, subpart SS, specifies.

(c) Each performance evaluation must be conducted according to the requirements in 40 CFR 63.8(e) as applicable and under the specific conditions that 40 CFR part 63, subpart SS, specifies.

(d) You may not conduct performance tests or performance evaluations during periods of startup, shutdown, or malfunction, as specified in 40 CFR 63.7(e)(1).

(e) You must conduct the control device performance test using the emission measurement methods specified in paragraphs (e)(1) through (5) of this section.

(1) Use either Method 1 or 1A of appendix A to 40 CFR part 60, as appropriate, to select the sampling sites.

(2) Use Method 2, 2A, 2C, 2D, 2F or 2G of appendix A to 40 CFR part 60, as appropriate, to measure gas volumetric flow rate.

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section (continued)

(3) Use Method 18 of appendix A to 40 CFR part 60 to measure organic HAP emissions or use Method 25A of appendix A to 40 CFR part 60 to measure total gaseous organic emissions as a surrogate for total organic HAP emissions. If you use Method 25A, you must assume that all gaseous organic emissions measured as carbon are organic HAP emissions. If you use Method 18 and the number of organic HAP in the exhaust stream exceeds five, you must take into account the use of multiple chromatographic columns and analytical techniques to get an accurate measure of at least 90 percent of the total organic HAP mass emissions. Do not use Method 18 to measure organic HAP emissions from a combustion device; use instead Method 25A and assume that all gaseous organic mass emissions measured as carbon are organic HAP emissions.

(4) You may use American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) D6420-99 (available for purchase from at least one of the following addresses: 100 Barr Harbor Drive, West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959; or University Microfilms International, 300 North Zeeb Road, Ann Arbor, MI 48106.) in lieu of Method 18 of 40 CFR part 60, appendix A, under the conditions specified in paragraphs (c)(4)(i) through (iii) of this section.

(i) If the target compound(s) is listed in Section 1.1 of ASTM D6420-99 and the target concentration is between 150 parts per billion, by volume and 100 parts per million, by volume.

(ii) If the target compound(s) is not listed in Section 1.1 of ASTM D6420-99, but is potentially detected by mass spectrometry, an additional system continuing calibration check after each run, as detailed in Section 10.5.3 of ASTM D6420-99, must be followed, met, documented, and submitted with the performance test report even if you do not use a moisture condenser or the compound is not considered soluble.

(iii) If a minimum of one sample/analysis cycle is completed at least every 15 minutes.

(5) Use the procedures in EPA Method 3B of appendix A to 40 CFR part 60 to determine an oxygen correction factor if required by 40 CFR 63.997(e)(2)(iii)(C). You may use American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME) PTC 19-10-1981-Part 10 (available for purchase from ASME, P.O. Box 2900, 22 Law Drive, Fairfield, New Jersey, 07007-2900, or online at www.asme.org/catalog) as an alternative to EPA Method 3B of appendix A to 40 CFR part 60.

(f) The control device performance test must consist of three runs and each run must last at least 1 hour. The production conditions during the test runs must represent normal production conditions with respect to the types of parts being made and material application methods. The production conditions during the test must also represent maximum potential emissions with respect to the organic HAP content of the materials being applied and the material application rates.

(g) If you are using a concentrator/oxidizer control device, you must test the combined flow upstream of the concentrator, and the combined outlet flow from both the oxidizer and the concentrator to determine the overall control device efficiency. If the outlet flow from the concentrator and oxidizer are exhausted in separate stacks, you must test both stacks simultaneously with the inlet to the concentrator to determine the overall control device efficiency.

(h) During the test, you must also monitor and record separately the amounts of production resin, tooling resin, pigmented gel coat, clear gel coat, and tooling gel coat applied inside the enclosure that is vented to the control device.

27. 40 CFR 63.5855 What are my monitor installation and operation requirements?

You must monitor and operate all add-on control devices according to the procedures in 40 CFR part 63, subpart SS.

28. 40 CFR 63.5860 How do I demonstrate initial compliance with the standards?

(a) You demonstrate initial compliance with each organic HAP emissions standard in paragraphs (a) through (h) of 40 CFR 63.5805 that applies to you by using the procedures shown in Tables 8 and 9 to this subpart.

(b) If using an add-on control device to demonstrate compliance, you must also establish each control device operating limit in 40 CFR part 63, subpart SS, that applies to you.

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section (continued)

29. Emission Factor, Percent Reduction, and Capture Efficiency Calculation Procedures for Continuous Lamination/Casting Operations

40 CFR 63.5865 What data must I generate to demonstrate compliance with the standards for continuous lamination/casting operations?

(a) For continuous lamination/casting affected sources complying with a percent reduction requirement, you must generate the data identified in Tables 10 and 11 to this subpart for each data requirement that applies to your facility.

(b) For continuous lamination/casting affected sources complying with a lbs/ton limit, you must generate the data identified in Tables 11 and 12 to this subpart for each data requirement that applies to your facility.

30. 40 CFR 63.5870 How do I calculate annual uncontrolled and controlled organic HAP emissions from my wet-out area(s) and from my oven(s) for continuous lamination/casting operations?

To calculate your annual uncontrolled and controlled organic HAP emissions from your wet-out areas and from your ovens, you must develop uncontrolled and controlled wet-out area and uncontrolled and controlled oven organic HAP emissions estimation equations or factors to apply to each formula applied on each line, determine how much of each formula for each end product is applied each year on each line, and assign uncontrolled and controlled wet-out area and uncontrolled and controlled oven organic HAP emissions estimation equations or factors to each formula. You must determine the overall capture efficiency using the procedures in 40 CFR 63.5850 to this subpart.

(a) To develop uncontrolled and controlled organic HAP emissions estimation equations and factors, you must, at a minimum, do the following, as specified in paragraphs (a)(1) through (6) of this section:

(1) Identify each end product and the thickness of each end product produced on the line. Separate end products into the following end product groupings, as applicable: corrosion-resistant gel coated end products, noncorrosion-resistant gel coated end products, corrosion-resistant nongel coated end products, and noncorrosion-resistant nongel coated end products. This step creates end product/thickness combinations.

(2) Identify each formula used on the line to produce each end product/thickness combination. Identify the amount of each such formula applied per year. Rank each formula used to produce each end product/thickness combination according to usage within each end product/thickness combination.

(3) For each end product/thickness combination being produced, select the formula with the highest usage rate for testing.

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section (continued)

(4) If not already selected, also select the worst-case formula (likely to be associated with the formula with the highest organic HAP content, type of HAP, application of gel coat, thin product, low line speed, higher resin table temperature) amongst all formulae. (You may use the results of the worst-case formula test for all formulae if desired to limit the amount of testing required.)

(5) For each formula selected for testing, conduct at least one test (consisting of three runs). During the test, track information on organic HAP content and type of HAP, end product thickness, line speed, and resin temperature on the wet-out area table.

(6) Using the test results, develop uncontrolled and controlled organic HAP emissions estimation equations (or factors) or series of equations (or factors) that best fit the results for estimating uncontrolled and controlled organic HAP emissions, taking into account the organic HAP content and type of HAP, end product thickness, line speed, and resin temperature on the wet-out area table.

(b) In lieu of using the method specified in paragraph (a) of this section for developing uncontrolled and controlled organic HAP emissions estimation equations and factors, you may either method specified in paragraphs (b)(1) and (2) of this section, as applicable.

(1) For either uncontrolled or controlled organic HAP emissions estimates, you may use previously established, facility-specific organic HAP emissions equations or factors, provided they allow estimation of both wet-out area and oven organic HAP emissions, where necessary, and have been approved by your permitting authority. If a previously established equation or factor is specific to the wet-out area only, or to the oven only, then you must develop the corresponding uncontrolled or controlled equation or factor for the other organic HAP emissions source.

(2) For uncontrolled (controlled) organic HAP emissions estimates, you may use controlled (uncontrolled) organic HAP emissions estimates and control device destruction efficiency to calculate your uncontrolled (controlled) organic HAP emissions provided the control device destruction efficiency was calculated at the same time you collected the data to develop your facility's controlled (uncontrolled) organic HAP emissions estimation equations and factors.

(c) Assign to each formula an uncontrolled organic HAP emissions estimation equation or factor based on the end product/thickness combination for which that formula is used.

(d)(1) To calculate your annual uncontrolled organic HAP emissions from wet-out areas that do not have any capture and control and from wet-out areas that are captured by an enclosure but are vented to the atmosphere and not to a control device, multiply each formula's annual usage by its appropriate organic HAP emissions estimation equation or factor and sum the individual results.

(2) To calculate your annual uncontrolled organic HAP emissions that escape from the enclosure on the wet-out area, multiply each formula's annual usage by its appropriate uncontrolled organic HAP emissions estimation equation or factor, sum the individual results, and multiply the summation by 1 minus the percent capture (expressed as a fraction).

(3) To calculate your annual uncontrolled oven organic HAP emissions, multiply each formula's annual usage by its appropriate uncontrolled organic HAP emissions estimation equation or factor and sum the individual results.

(4) To calculate your annual controlled organic HAP emissions, multiply each formula's annual usage by its appropriate organic HAP emissions estimation equation or factor and sum the individual results to obtain total annual controlled organic HAP emissions.

(e) Where a facility is calculating both uncontrolled and controlled organic HAP emissions estimation equations and factors, you must test the same formulae. In addition, you must develop both sets of equations and factors from the same tests.

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section (continued)

31. 40 CFR 63.5875 How do I determine the capture efficiency of the enclosure on my wet-out area and the capture efficiency of my oven(s) for continuous lamination/casting operations?

(a) The capture efficiency of a wet-out area enclosure is assumed to be 100 percent if it meets the design and operation requirements for a permanent total enclosure (PTE) specified in EPA Method 204 of appendix M to 40 CFR part 51. If a PTE does not exist, then a temporary total enclosure must be constructed and verified using EPA Method 204, and capture efficiency testing must be determined using EPA Methods 204B through E of appendix M to 40 CFR part 51.

(b) The capture efficiency of an oven is to be considered 100 percent, provided the oven is operated under negative pressure.

32. 40 CFR 63.5880 How do I determine how much neat resin plus is applied to the line and how much neat gel coat plus is applied to the line for continuous lamination/casting operations?

Use the following procedures to determine how much neat resin plus and neat gel coat plus is applied to the line each year.

(a) Track formula usage by end product/thickness combinations.

(b) Use in-house records to show usage. This may be either from automated systems or manual records.

(c) Record daily the usage of each formula/end product combination on each line. This is to be recorded at the end of each run (i.e., when a changeover in formula or product is made) and at the end of each shift.

(d) Sum the amounts from the daily records to calculate annual usage of each formula/end product combination by line.

33. 40 CFR 63.5885 How do I calculate percent reduction to demonstrate compliance for Continuous Lamination/Casting Operations?

You may calculate percent reduction using any of the methods in paragraphs (a) through (d) of this section.

(a) Compliant line option. If all of your wet-out areas have PTE that meet the requirements of EPA Method 204 of appendix M of 40 CFR part 51, and all of your wet-out area organic HAP emissions and oven organic HAP emissions are vented to an add-on control device, use Equation 1 of this section to demonstrate compliance. In all other situations, use Equation 2 of this section to demonstrate compliance.

Equation 1 of 40 CFR 63.5885(a) is included in the text of Attachment 1 hereto, and is hereby incorporated into this paragraph as if fully written.

Equation 2 of 40 CFR 63.5885(a) is included in the text of Attachment 1 hereto, and is hereby incorporated into this paragraph as if fully written.

(b) Averaging option. Use Equation 3 of this section to calculate percent reduction.

Equation 3 of 40 CFR 63.5885(b) is included in the text of Attachment 1 hereto, and is hereby incorporated into this paragraph as if fully written.

(c) Add-on control device option. Use Equation 1 of this section to calculate percent reduction.

(d) Combination option. Use Equations 1 through 3 of this section, as applicable, to calculate percent reduction.

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section (continued)

34. 40 CFR 63.5890 How do I calculate a organic HAP emissions factor to demonstrate compliance for continuous lamination/casting operations?

(a) Compliant line option. Use Equation 1 of this section to calculate a organic HAP emissions factor in lbs/ton.

Equation 1 of 40 CFR 63.5890(a) is included in the text of Attachment 1 hereto, and is hereby incorporated into this paragraph as if fully written.

(b) Averaging option. Use Equation 2 of this section to demonstrate compliance.

Equation 2 of 40 CFR 63.5890(b) is included in the text of Attachment 1 hereto, and is hereby incorporated into this paragraph as if fully written.

(c) Combination option. Use Equations 1 and 2 of this section, as applicable, to demonstrate compliance.

35. Continuous Compliance Requirements

40 CFR 63.5895 How do I monitor and collect data to demonstrate continuous compliance?

(a) During production, you must collect and keep a record of data as indicated in 40 CFR part 63, subpart SS, if you are using an add-on control device.

(b) You must monitor and collect data as specified in paragraphs (b)(1) through (4) of this section.

(1) Except for monitoring malfunctions, associated repairs, and required quality assurance or control activities (including, as applicable, calibration checks and required zero and span adjustments), you must conduct all monitoring in continuous operation (or collect data at all required intervals) at all times that the affected source is operating.

(2) You may not use data recorded during monitoring malfunctions, associated repairs, and required quality assurance or control activities for purposes to this subpart, including data averages and calculations, or fulfilling a minimum data availability requirement, if applicable. You must use all the data collected during all other periods in assessing the operation of the control device and associated control system.

(3) At all times, you must maintain necessary parts for routine repairs of the monitoring equipment.

(4) A monitoring malfunction is any sudden, infrequent, not reasonably preventable failure of the monitoring equipment to provide valid data. Monitoring failures that are caused in part by poor maintenance or careless operation are not malfunctions.

(c) You must collect and keep records of resin and gel coat use, organic HAP content, and operation where the resin is used if you are meeting any organic HAP emissions limits based on an organic HAP emissions limit in Tables 3 or 5 to this subpart. You must collect and keep records of resin and gel coat use, organic HAP content, and operation where the resin is used if you are meeting any organic HAP content limits in Table 7 to this subpart if you are averaging organic HAP contents. Resin use records may be based on purchase records if you can reasonably estimate how the resin is applied. The organic HAP content records may be based on MSDS or on resin specifications supplied by the resin supplier.

(d) If you initially demonstrate that all resins and gel coats individually meet the applicable organic HAP emissions limits, or organic HAP content limits, then resin and gel coat use records are not required. However, you must include a statement in each compliance report that all resins and gel coats still meet the organic HAP limits for compliant resins and gel coats shown in Tables 3 or 7 to this subpart. If after this initial demonstration, you change to a higher organic HAP resin or gel coat, or increase the resin or gel coat organic HAP content, or change to a higher-emitting resin or gel coat application method, then you must either again demonstrate that all resins and gel coats still meet the applicable organic HAP emissions limits, or begin collecting resin and gel coat use records and calculate compliance on a 12-month rolling average.

(e) For each of your pultrusion machines, you must record all times that wet area enclosures doors or covers are open and there is resin present in the resin bath.

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section (continued)

36. 40 CFR 63.5900 How do I demonstrate continuous compliance with the standards?

(a) You must demonstrate continuous compliance with each standard in 40 CFR 63.5805 that applies to you according to the methods specified in paragraphs (a)(1) through (3) of this section.

(1) Compliance with organic HAP emissions limits for sources using add-on control devices is demonstrated following the procedures in 40 CFR part 63, subpart SS. Sources using add-on controls may also use continuous emissions monitors to demonstrate continuous compliance as an alternative to control parameter monitoring.

(2) Compliance with organic HAP emissions limits is demonstrated by maintaining a organic HAP emissions factor value less than or equal to the appropriate organic HAP emissions limit listed in Tables 3, or 5 to this subpart, on a 12-month rolling average, or by including in each compliance report a statement that all resins and gel coats meet the appropriate organic HAP emissions limits, as discussed in 40 CFR 63.5895(d).

(3) Compliance with organic HAP content limits in Table 7 to this subpart is demonstrated by maintaining an average organic HAP content value less than or equal to the appropriate organic HAP contents listed in Table 7 to this subpart, on a 12-month rolling average, or by including in each compliance report a statement that all resins and gel coats individually meet the appropriate organic HAP content limits, as discussed in 40 CFR 63.5895(d).

(4) Compliance with the work practice standards in Table 4 to this subpart is demonstrated by performing the work practice required for your operation.

(b) You must report each deviation from each standard in 40 CFR 63.5805 that applies to you. The deviations must be reported according to the requirements in 40 CFR 63.5910.

(c) Except as provided in paragraph (d) of this section, during periods of startup, shutdown or malfunction, you must meet the organic HAP emissions limits and work practice standards that apply to you.

(d) When you use an add-on control device to meet standards in 40 CFR 63.5805, you are not required to meet those standards during periods of startup, shutdown, or malfunction, but you must operate your affected source in accordance with the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan.

(e) Consistent with 40 CFR 63.6(e) and 40 CFR 63.7(e)(1), deviations that occur during a period of malfunction for those affected sources and standards specified in paragraph (d) of this section are not violations if you demonstrate to the Administrator's satisfaction that you were operating in accordance with the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan. The Administrator will determine whether deviations that occur during a period of startup, shutdown, and malfunction are violations, according to the provisions in 40 CFR 63.6(e).

37. Notifications, Reports, and Records

40 CFR 63.5905 What notifications must I submit and when?

(a) You must submit all of the notifications in Table 13 to this subpart that apply to you by the dates specified in Table 13 to this subpart. The notifications are described more fully in 40 CFR part 63, subpart A, referenced in Table 13 to this subpart.

(b) If you change any information submitted in any notification, you must submit the changes in writing to the Administrator within 15 calendar days after the change.

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section (continued)

38. 40 CFR 63.5910 What reports must I submit and when?

(a) You must submit each report in Table 14 to this subpart that applies to you.

(b) Unless the Administrator has approved a different schedule for submission of reports under 40 CFR 63.10(a), you must submit each report by the date specified in Table 14 to this subpart and according to paragraphs (b)(1) through (5) of this section.

(1) The first compliance report must cover the period beginning on the compliance date that is specified for your affected source in 40 CFR 63.5800 and ending on June 30 or December 31, whichever date is the first date following the end of the first calendar half after the compliance date that is specified for your source in 40 CFR 63.5800.

(2) The first compliance report must be postmarked or delivered no later than July 31 or January 31, whichever date follows the end of the first calendar half after the compliance date that is specified for your affected source in 40 CFR 63.5800.

(3) Each subsequent compliance report must cover the semiannual reporting period from January 1 through June 30 or the semiannual reporting period from July 1 through December 31.

(4) Each subsequent compliance report must be postmarked or delivered no later than July 31 or January 31, whichever date is the first date following the end of the semiannual reporting period.

(5) For each affected source that is subject to permitting requirements pursuant to 40 CFR part 70 or 71, and if the permitting authority has established dates for submitting semiannual reports pursuant to 40 CFR 70.6 (a)(3)(iii)(A) or 40 CFR 71.6(a)(3)(iii)(A), you may submit the first and subsequent compliance reports according to the dates the permitting authority has established instead of according to the dates in paragraphs (b)(1) through (4) of this section.

(c) The compliance report must contain the information in paragraphs (c)(1) through (6) of this section:

(1) Company name and address.

(2) Statement by a responsible official with that official's name, title, and signature, certifying the truth, accuracy, and completeness of the content of the report.

(3) Date of the report and beginning and ending dates of the reporting period.

(4) If you had a startup, shutdown, or malfunction during the reporting period and you took actions consistent with your startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan, the compliance report must include the information in 40 CFR 63.10(d)(5)(i).

(5) If there are no deviations from any organic HAP emissions limitations (emissions limit and operating limit) that apply to you, and there are no deviations from the requirements for work practice standards in Table 4 to this subpart, a statement that there were no deviations from the organic HAP emissions limitations or work practice standards during the reporting period.

(6) If there were no periods during which the continuous monitoring system (CMS), including a continuous emissions monitoring system (CEMS) and an operating parameter monitoring system were out of control, as specified in 40 CFR 63.8(c)(7), a statement that there were no periods during which the CMS was out of control during the reporting period.

(d) For each deviation from a organic HAP emissions limitation (i.e., emissions limit and operating limit) and for each deviation from the requirements for work practice standards that occurs at an affected source where you are not using a CMS to comply with the organic HAP emissions limitations or work practice standards in this subpart, the compliance report must contain the information in paragraphs (c)(1) through (4) of this section and in paragraphs (d)(1) and (2) of this section. This includes periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction.

(1) The total operating time of each affected source during the reporting period.

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section (continued)

(2) Information on the number, duration, and cause of deviations (including unknown cause, if applicable), as applicable, and the corrective action taken.

(e) For each deviation from a organic HAP emissions limitation (i.e., emissions limit and operating limit) occurring at an affected source where you are using a CMS to comply with the organic HAP emissions limitation in this subpart, you must include the information in paragraphs (c)(1) through (4) of this section and in paragraphs (e)(1) through (12) of this section. This includes periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction.

(1) The date and time that each malfunction started and stopped.

(2) The date and time that each CMS was inoperative, except for zero (low-level) and high-level checks.

(3) The date, time, and duration that each CMS was out of control, including the information in 40 CFR 63.8(c)(8).

(4) The date and time that each deviation started and stopped, and whether each deviation occurred during a period of startup, shutdown, or malfunction, or during another period.

(5) A summary of the total duration of the deviation during the reporting period and the total duration as a percent of the total source operating time during that reporting period.

(6) A breakdown of the total duration of the deviations during the reporting period into those that are due to startup, shutdown, control equipment problems, process problems, other known causes, and other unknown causes.

(7) A summary of the total duration of CMS downtime during the reporting period and the total duration of CMS downtime as a percent of the total source operating time during that reporting period.

(8) An identification of each organic HAP that was monitored at the affected source.

(9) A brief description of the process units.

(10) A brief description of the CMS.

(11) The date of the latest CMS certification or audit.

(12) A description of any changes in CMS, processes, or controls since the last reporting period.

(f) You must report if you have exceeded the 100 tpy organic HAP emissions threshold if that exceedance would make your facility subject to 40 CFR 63.5805(b) or (d). Include with this report any request for an exemption under 40 CFR 63.5805(e). If you receive an exemption under 40 CFR 63.5805(e) and subsequently exceed the 100 tpy organic HAP emissions threshold, you must report this exceedance as required in 40 CFR 63.5805(f).

(g) Each affected source that has obtained a title V operating permit pursuant to 40 CFR part 70 or 71 must report all deviations as defined in this subpart in the semiannual monitoring report required by 40 CFR 70.6(a)(3)(iii)(A) or 40 CFR 71.6(a)(3)(iii)(A). If an affected source submits a compliance report pursuant to Table 14 to this subpart along with, or as part of, the semiannual monitoring report required by 40 CFR 70.6(a)(3)(iii)(A) or 40 CFR 71.6(a)(3)(iii)(A), and the compliance report includes all required information concerning deviations from any organic HAP emissions limitation (including any operating limit) or work practice requirement in this subpart, submission of the compliance report shall be deemed to satisfy any obligation to report the same deviations in the semiannual monitoring report. However, submission of a compliance report shall not otherwise affect any obligation the affected source may have to report deviations from permit requirements to the permitting authority.

(h) Submit compliance reports and startup, shutdown, and malfunction reports based on the requirements in Table 14 to this subpart, and not based on the requirements in 40 CFR 63.999.

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section (continued)

39. 40 CFR 63.5915 What records must I keep?

(a) You must keep the records listed in paragraphs (a)(1) through (3) of this section.

(1) A copy of each notification and report that you submitted to comply with this subpart, including all documentation supporting any Initial Notification or Notification of Compliance Status that you submitted, according to the requirements in 40 CFR 63.10(b)(2)(xiv).

(2) The records in 40 CFR 63.6(e)(3)(iii) through (v) related to startup, shutdown, and malfunction.

(3) Records of performance tests, design, and performance evaluations as required in 40 CFR 63.10(b)(2).

(b) If you use an add-on control device, you must keep all records required in 40 CFR part 63, subpart SS, to show continuous compliance with this subpart.

(c) You must keep all data, assumptions, and calculations used to determine organic HAP emissions factors or average organic HAP contents for operations listed in Tables 3, 5, and 7 to this subpart.

(d) You must keep a certified statement that you are in compliance with the work practice requirements in Table 4 to this subpart, as applicable.

(e) For a new or existing continuous lamination/casting operation, you must keep the records listed in paragraphs (e)(1) through (4) of this section, when complying with the percent reduction and/or lbs/ton requirements specified in paragraphs (a) through (d) of 40 CFR 63.5805.

(1) You must keep all data, assumptions, and calculations used to determine percent reduction and/or lbs/ton as applicable;

(2) You must keep a brief description of the rationale for the assignment of an equation or factor to each formula;

(3) When using facility-specific organic HAP emissions estimation equations or factors, you must keep all data, assumptions, and calculations used to derive the organic HAP emissions estimation equations and factors and identification and rationale for the worst-case formula; and

(4) For all organic HAP emissions estimation equations and organic HAP emissions factors, you must keep documentation that the appropriate permitting authority has approved them.

40. 40 CFR 63.5920 In what form and how long must I keep my records?

(a) You must maintain all applicable records in such a manner that they can be readily accessed and are suitable for inspection according to 40 CFR 63.10(b)(1).

(b) As specified in 40 CFR 63.10(b)(1), you must keep each record for 5 years following the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report, or record.

(c) You must keep each record onsite for at least 2 years after the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report, or record, according to 40 CFR 63.10(b)(1). You can keep the records offsite for the remaining 3 years.

(d) You may keep records in hard copy or computer readable form including, but not limited to, paper, microfilm, computer floppy disk, magnetic tape, or microfiche.

41. Other Requirements and Information

40 CFR 63.5925 What parts of the General Provisions apply to me?

Table 15 to this subpart shows which parts of the General Provisions in 40 CFR 63.1 through 40 CFR 63.15 apply to you.

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section (continued)

42. 40 CFR 63.5930 Who implements and enforces this subpart?

(a) This subpart can be administered by us, the EPA, or a delegated authority such as your State, local, or tribal agency. If the EPA Administrator has delegated authority to your State, local, or tribal agency, then that agency has the authority to administer and enforce this subpart. You should contact your EPA Regional Office to find out if this subpart is delegated to your State, local, or tribal agency.

(b) In delegating implementation and enforcement authority of this subpart to a State, local, or tribal agency under 40 CFR part 63, subpart E, the authorities contained in paragraph (c) of this section are not delegated.

(c) The authorities that will not be delegated to State, local, or tribal agencies are listed in paragraphs (c)(1) through (4) of this section:

(1) Approval of alternatives to the organic HAP emissions standards in 40 CFR 63.5805 under 40 CFR 63.6(g).

(2) Approval of major changes to test methods under 40 CFR 63.7(e)(2)(ii) and (f) and as defined in 40 CFR 63.90.

(3) Approval of major changes to monitoring under 40 CFR 63.8(f) and as defined in 40 CFR 63.90.

(4) Approval of major changes to record keeping and reporting under 40 CFR 63.10(f) and as defined in 40 CFR 63.90.

43. 40 CFR 63.5935 What definitions apply to this subpart?

Terms used in this subpart are defined in the CAA, in 40 CFR 63.2, and in this section as follows:

Atomized mechanical application means application of resin or gel coat with spray equipment that separates the liquid into a fine mist. This fine mist may be created by forcing the liquid under high pressure through an elliptical orifice, bombarding a liquid stream with directed air jets, or a combination of these techniques.

Bulk molding compound (BMC) means a putty-like molding compound containing resin(s) in a form that is ready to mold. In addition to resins, BMC may contain catalysts, fillers, and reinforcements. Bulk molding compound can be used in compression molding and injection molding operations to manufacture reinforced plastic composites products.

BMC manufacturing means a process that involves the preparation of BMC.

Centrifugal casting means a process for fabricating cylindrical composites, such as pipes, in which composite materials are positioned inside a rotating hollow mandrel and held in place by centrifugal forces until the part is sufficiently cured to maintain its physical shape.

Charge means the amount of SMC or BMC that is placed into a compression or injection mold necessary to complete one mold cycle.

Cleaning means removal of composite materials, such as cured and uncured resin from equipment, finished surfaces, floors, hands of employees, or any other surfaces.

Clear production gel coat means an unpigmented, quicksetting resin used to improve the surface appearance and/or performance of composites. It can be used to form the surface layer of any composites other than those used for molds in tooling operations.

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section (continued)

Closed molding means a grouping of processes for fabricating composites in a way that HAP-containing materials are not exposed to the atmosphere except during the material loading stage (e.g., compression molding, injection molding, and resin transfer molding). Processes where the mold is covered with plastic (or equivalent material) prior to resin application, and the resin is injected into the covered mold are also considered closed molding.

Composite means a shaped and cured part produced by using composite materials.

Composite materials means the raw materials used to make composites. The raw materials include styrene containing resins. They may also include gel coat, monomer, catalyst, pigment, filler, and reinforcement.

Compression molding means a closed molding process for fabricating composites in which composite materials are placed inside matched dies that are used to cure the materials under heat and pressure without exposure to the atmosphere. The addition of mold paste or in-mold coating is considered part of the closed molding process. The composite materials used in this process are generally SMC or BMC.

Compression/injection molding means a grouping of processes that involves the use of compression molding and/or injection molding.

Continuous casting means a continuous process for fabricating composites in which composite materials are placed on an in-line conveyor belt to produce cast sheets that are cured in an oven.

Continuous lamination means a continuous process for fabricating composites in which composite materials are typically sandwiched between plastic films, pulled through compaction rollers, and cured in an oven. This process is generally used to produce flat or corrugated products on an in-line conveyor.

Continuous lamination/casting means a grouping of processes that involves the use of continuous lamination and/or continuous casting.

Controlled emissions means those organic HAP emissions that are vented from a control device to the atmosphere.

Corrosion-resistant gel coat means a gel coat used on a product made with a corrosion resistant resin that has a corrosion-resistant end-use application.

Corrosion-resistant end-use applications means applications where the product is manufactured specifically for an application that requires a level of chemical inertness or resistance to chemical attack above that required for typical reinforced plastic composites products. These applications include, but are not limited to, chemical processing and storage; pulp and paper production; sewer and wastewater treatment; power generation; potable water transfer and storage; food and drug processing; pollution or odor control; metals production and plating; semiconductor manufacturing; petroleum production, refining, and storage; mining; textile production; nuclear materials storage; swimming pools; and cosmetic production, as well as end-use applications that require high strength resins.

Corrosion-resistant industry standard includes the following standards: ASME RTP-1 or Sect. X; ASTM D5364, D3299, D4097, D2996, D2997, D3262, D3517, D3754, D3840, D4024, D4160, D4161, D4162, D4184, D3982, or D3839; ANSI/AWWA C950; UL 215, 1316 or 1746, IAPMO PS-199, or written customer requirements for resistance to specified chemical environments.

Corrosion-resistant product means a product made with a corrosion-resistant resin and is manufactured to a corrosion-resistant industry standard, or a food contact industry standard, or is manufactured for corrosionresistant end-use applications involving continuous or temporary chemical exposures.

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section (continued)

Corrosion-resistant resin means a resin that either:

(1) Displays substantial retention of mechanical properties when undergoing ASTM C-581 coupon testing, where the resin is exposed for 6 months or more to one of the following materials: material with a pH $ 12.0 or # 3.0, oxidizing or reducing agents, organic solvents, or fuels or additives as defined in 40 CFR ?79.2. In the coupon testing, the exposed resin needs to demonstrate a minimum of 50 percent retention of the relevant mechanical property compared to the same resin in unexposed condition. In addition, the exposed resin needs to demonstrate an increased retention of the relevant mechanical property of at least 20 percentage points when compared to a similarly exposed general-purpose resin. For example, if the generalpurpose resin retains 45 percent of the relevant property when tested as specified above, then a corrosion-resistant resin needs to retain at least 65 percent (45 percent plus 20 percent) of its property. The general-purpose resin used in the test needs to have an average molecular weight of greater than 1,000, be formulated with a 1:2 ratio of maleic anhydride to phthalic anhydride and 100 percent diethylene glycol, and a styrene content between 43 to 48 percent; or

(2) Complies with industry standards that require specific exposure testing to corrosive media, such as UL 1316, UL 1746, or ASTM F-1216.
Doctor box means the box or trough on an SMC machine into which the liquid resin paste is delivered before it is metered onto the carrier film.
Filament application means an open molding process for fabricating composites in which reinforcements are fed through a resin bath and wound onto a rotating mandrel. The materials on the mandrel may be rolled out or worked by using nonmechanical tools prior to curing. Resin application to the reinforcement on the mandrel by means other than the resin bath, such as spray guns, pressure-fed rollers, flow coaters, or brushes is not considered filament application.

Filled Resin means that fillers have been added to a resin such that the amount of inert substances is at least 10 percent by weight of the total resin plus filler mixture. Filler putty made from a resin is considered a filled resin.

Fillers means inert substances dispersed throughout a resin, such as calcium carbonate, alumina trihydrate, hydrous aluminum silicate, mica, feldspar, wollastonite, silica, and talc. Materials that are not considered to be fillers are glass fibers or any type of reinforcement and microspheres.

Fire retardant gel coat means a gel coat used for products for which low-flame spread/low-smoke resin is used.

Fluid impingement technology means a spray gun that produces an expanding non-misting curtain of liquid by the impingement of low-pressure uninterrupted liquid streams.

Food contact industry standard means a standard related to food contact application contained in Food and Drug Administration's regulations at 21 CFR 177.2420.

Gel Coat means a quick-setting resin used to improve surface appearance and/or performance of composites. It can be used to form the surface layer of any composites other than those used for molds in tooling operations.

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section (continued)

Gel coat application means a process where either clear production, pigmented production, white/off-white or tooling gel coat is applied.

HAP-containing materials storage means an ancillary process which involves keeping HAP-containing materials, such as resins, gel coats, catalysts, monomers, and cleaners, in containers or bulk storage tanks for any length of time. Containers may include small tanks, totes, vessels, and buckets.

High Performance gel coat means a gel coat used on products for which National Science Foundation, United States Department of Agriculture, ASTM, durability, or other property testing is required.

High strength gel coat means a gel coat applied to a product that requires high strength resin.

High strength resins means polyester resins which have a casting tensile strength of 10,000 pounds per square inch or more and which are used for manufacturing products that have high strength requirements such as structural members and utility poles.

Injection molding means a closed molding process for fabricating composites in which composite materials are injected under pressure into a heated mold cavity that represents the exact shape of the product. The composite materials are cured in the heated mold cavity.

Low Flame Spread/Low Smoke Products means products that meet the following requirements. The products must meet both the applicable flame spread requirements and the applicable smoke requirements. Interior or exterior building application products must meet an ASTM E-84 Flame Spread Index of less than or equal to 25, and Smoke Developed Index of less than or equal to 450, or pass National Fire Protection Association 286 Room Corner Burn Test with no flash over and total smoke released not exceeding 1000 meters square. Mass transit application products must meet an ASTM E-162 Flame Spread Index of less than or equal to 35 and ASTM E662 Smoke Density Ds @ 1.5 minutes less than or equal to 100 and Ds @ 4 minutes lass than to equal to 200. Duct application products must meet ASTM E084 Flame Spread Index less than or equal to 25 and Smoke Developed Index less than or equal to 50 on the interior and/or exterior of the duct.

Manual resin application means an open molding process for fabricating composites in which composite materials are applied to the mold by pouring or by using hands and nonmechanical tools, such as brushes and rollers. Materials are rolled out or worked by using nonmechanical tools prior to curing. The use of pressure-fed rollers and flow coaters to apply resin is not considered manual resin application.

Mechanical resin application means an open molding process for fabricating composites in which composite materials (except gel coat) are applied to the mold by using mechanical tools such as spray guns, pressure-fed rollers, and flow coaters. Materials are rolled out or worked by using nonmechanical tools prior to curing.

Mixing means the blending or agitation of any HAP containing materials in vessels that are 5.00 gallons (18.9 liters) or larger. Mixing may involve the blending of resin, gel coat, filler, reinforcement, pigments, catalysts, monomers, and any other additives.

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section (continued)

Mold means a cavity or matrix into or onto which the composite materials are placed and from which the product takes its form.

Neat gel coat means the resin as purchased for the supplier, but not including any inert fillers.

Neat gel coat plus means neat gel coat plus any organic HAP-containing materials that are added to the gel coat by the supplier or the facility, excluding catalysts and promoters. Neat gel coat plus does include any additions of styrene or methyl methacrylate monomer in any form, including in catalysts and promoters.

Neat resin means the resin as purchased from the supplier, but not including any inert fillers.

Neat resin plus means neat resin plus any organic HAP containing materials that are added to the resin by the supplier or the facility. Neat resin plus does not include any added filler, reinforcements, catalysts, or promoters. Neat resin does include any additions of styrene or methyl methacrylate monomer in any form, including in catalysts and promoters.

Nonatomized mechanical application means the use of application tools other than brushes to apply resin and gel coat where the application tool has documentation provided by its manufacturer or user that this design of the application tool has been organic HAP emissions tested, and the test results showed that use of this application tool results in organic HAP emissions that are no greater than the organic HAP emissions predicted by the applicable nonatomized application equation(s) in Table 1 to this subpart. In addition, the device must be operated according to the manufacturer's directions, including instructions to prevent the operation of the device at excessive spray pressures. Examples of nonatomized application include flow coaters, pressure fed rollers, and fluid impingement spray guns.

Noncorrosion-resistant resin means any resin other than a corrosion-resistant resin or a tooling resin.

Noncorrosion-resistant product means any product other than a corrosion-resistant product or a mold.

Non-routine manufacture means that you manufacture parts to replace worn or damaged parts of a reinforced plastic composites product, or a product containing reinforced plastic composite parts, that was originally manufactured in another facility. For a part to qualify as non-routine manufacture, it must be used for repair or replacement, and the manufacturing schedule must be based on the current or anticipated repair needs of the reinforced plastic composites product, or a product containing reinforced plastic composite parts.

Operation means a specific process typically found at a reinforced plastic composites facility. Examples of operations are noncorrosion-resistant manual resin application, corrosion-resistant mechanical resin application, pigmented gel coat application, mixing and HAP containing materials storage.

Operation group means a grouping of individual operations based primarily on mold type. Examples are open molding, closed molding, and centrifugal casting.

Open molding means a process for fabricating composites in a way that HAP-containing materials are exposed to the atmosphere. Open molding includes processes such as manual resin application, mechanical resin application, filament application, and gel coat application. Open molding also includes application of resins and gel coats to parts that have been removed from the open mold.

Pigmented gel coat means a gel coat that has a color, but does not contain 10 percent of more titanium dioxide by weight. It can be used to form the surface layer of any composites other than those used for molds in tooling operations.

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section (continued)

Polymer casting means a process for fabricating composites in which composite materials are ejected from a casting machine or poured into an open, partially open, or closed mold and cured. After the composite materials are poured into the mold, they are not rolled out or worked while the mold is open. The composite materials may or may not include reinforcements. Products produced by the polymer casting process include cultured marble products and polymer concrete.

Preform Injection means a form of pultrusion where liquid resin is injected to saturate reinforcements in an enclosed system containing one or more chambers with openings only large enough to admit reinforcements. Resin, which drips out of the chamber(s) during the process, is collected in closed piping or covered troughs and then into a covered reservoir for recycle. Resin storage vessels. reservoirs, transfer systems, and collection systems are covered or shielded from the ambient air. Preform injection differs from direct die injection in that the injection chambers are not directly attached to the die.

Prepreg materials means reinforcing fabric received precoated with resin which is usually cured through the addition of heat.

Pultrusion means a continuous process for manufacturing composites that have a uniform cross-sectional shape. The process consists of pulling a fiber-reinforcing material through a resin impregnation chamber or bath and through a shaping die, where the resin is subsequently cured. There are several types of pultrusion equipment, such as open bath, resin injection, and direct die injection equipment.

Repair means application of resin or gel coat to a part to correct a defect, where the resin or gel coat application occurs after the part has gone through all the steps of its typical production process, or the application occurs outside the normal production area. For purposes of this subpart, rerouting a part back through the normal production line, or part of the normal production line, is not considered repair.

Resin transfer molding means a process for manufacturing composites whereby catalyzed resin is transferred or injected into a closed mold in which fiberglass reinforcement has been placed.

Sheet molding compound (SMC) means a ready-to-mold putty-like molding compound that contains resin(s) processed into sheet form. The molding compound is sandwiched between a top and a bottom film. In addition to resin(s), it may also contain catalysts, fillers, chemical thickeners, mold release agents, reinforcements, and other ingredients. Sheet molding compound can be used in compression molding to manufacture reinforced plastic composites products.

Shrinkage controlled resin means a resin that when promoted, catalyzed, and filled according to the resin manufacturer's recommendations demonstrates less than 0.3 percent linear shrinkage when tested according to ASTM D2566.

SMC manufacturing means a process which involves the preparation of SMC.

Tooling gel coat means a gel coat that is used to form the surface layer of molds. Tooling gel coats generally have high heat distortion temperatures, low shrinkage, high barcol hardness, and high dimensional stability.

Tooling resin means a resin that is used to produce molds. Tooling resins generally have high heat distortion temperatures, low shrinkage, high barcol hardness, and high dimensional stability.

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section (continued)

Uncontrolled oven organic HAP emissions means those organic HAP emissions emitted from the oven through closed vent systems to the atmosphere and not to a control device. These organic HAP emissions do not include organic HAP emissions that may escape into the workplace through the opening of panels or doors on the ovens or other similar fugitive organic HAP emissions in the workplace.

Uncontrolled wet-out area organic HAP emissions meansany or all of the following: organic HAP emissions from wet-out areas that do not have any capture and control, organic HAP emissions that escape from wet-out area enclosures, and organic HAP emissions from wet-out areas that are captured by an enclosure but are vented to the atmosphere and not to an add-on control device.

Unfilled means that there has been no addition of fillers to a resin or that less than 10 percent of fillers by weight of the total resin plus filler mixture has been added.

Vapor suppressant means an additive, typically a wax, that migrates to the surface of the resin during curing and forms a barrier to seal in the styrene and reduce styrene emissions.

Vapor-suppressed resin means a resin containing a vapor suppressant added for the purpose of reducing styrene emissions during curing.

White and off-white gel coat means a gel coat that contains 10 percent of more titanium dioxide by weight.

B. State Only Enforceable Section

1. The following insignificant emissions units located at this facility are exempt from permit requirements because they are not subject to any applicable requirements (as defined in OAC rule 3745-77-01(H)) or because they meet the "de minimis" criteria established in OAC rule 3745-15-05:

Z033 - laboratory;
Z034 - Hastings plant heater;
Z035 - Trane office heater;
Z036 - resin room heater;
Z037 - manufacturing office heater; and
Z038 - link building heater.

2. This permit allows the use of resin batch, process, and cleanup materials specified by the permittee in the application for PTI number 16-980. The daily, facility-wide emission limitations specified in this permit were established in accordance with the Ohio EPA's "Air Toxics Policy" and are based on the resin batch, process, and cleanup material formulation data and the design parameters of the emissions unit's exhaust system, as specified in the application.

Compliance with the Ohio EPA's "Air Toxics Policy" was demonstrated, after stack height modifications, for each pollutant based on the Screen 3 model and a comparison of the predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration to the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC). In accordance with Ohio EPA's "Air Toxics Policy", the stack heights for vents PVF5, PVF8, PVF11, and PVF12 shall be increased to 1.5 times building height (i.e., 30 ft).

3. The following establishes daily, facility-wide allowable emissions and summarizes the results of the modeling for each pollutant:

Pollutant	Allowable Emissions (lbs/day)
methylene chloride	260
styrene	520
trimethylbenzene	60

B. State Only Enforceable Section (continued)

3.a Pollutant - methylene chloride

TLV (mg/m3): 174

Maximum Hourly Emission Rate (pounds/hour): 16.5

Predicted 1 Hour Maximum Ground-Level Concentration at the Fenceline (ug/m3): 3,851

MAGLC (ug/m3): 4,143

3.b Pollutant - styrene

TLV (mg/m3): 85.2

Maximum Hourly Emission Rate (pounds/hour): 21.6

Predicted 1 Hour Maximum Ground-Level Concentration at the Fenceline (ug/m3): 1,647

MAGLC (ug/m3): 2,029

3.c Pollutant - trimethylbenzene

TLV (mg/m3): 123

Maximum Hourly Emission Rate (pounds/hour): 2.7

Predicted 1 Hour Maximum Ground-Level Concentration at the Fenceline (ug/m3): 620

MAGLC (ug/m3): 2,929

4. Any of the following changes may be deemed a "modification" to the emissions unit and, as such, prior notification to and approval from the Akron RAQMD are required, including the possible issuance of a modification to the operating permit or the requirement to obtain a new permit to install:

a. any changes in the composition of the resin batch, process, or cleanup materials, or the use of new coatings or cleanup materials, that would result in the emission of a compound with a lower Threshold Limit Value (TLV), as indicated in the most recent version of the handbook entitled "American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists" (ACGIH), than the lowest TLV value specified in the above table;

b. any change to the emissions unit or its exhaust parameters (e.g., increased emission rate, reduction of exhaust gas flow rate, and decreased stack height) that would result in an exceedance of any MAGLC specified in the above table;

c. any change to the emissions unit or its method of operation that would either require an increase in the emission limitations established by this permit or would otherwise be considered a "modification" as defined in OAC rule 3745-31-01;

d. any change in the composition of the resin batches, processes, or cleanup materials, or use of new resin batches, processes, or cleanup materials, that would result in the emission of any of the exempted organic compounds included in the definition of "VOC" [OAC rule 3745-21-01(B)(6)]; and

e. any change in the composition of the resin batches, processes, or cleanup materials, or use of new resin batches, processes, or cleanup materials, that would result in an increase in emissions of any "Hazardous Air Pollutants" as defined in OAC rule 3745-77-01(V).

5. Compliance with the daily emission limitations established under Ohio EPA's "Air Toxics Policy" shall be based upon a daily summation of emissions from all emissions units at the facility. Emissions from each pultrusion and fabrication machine shall be calculated using daily emission and material usage records. Emissions from the remaining emissions units shall be the average daily allowable values.

B. State Only Enforceable Section (continued)

6. The permittee no longer employs methylene chloride and trimethylbenzene during the operation of these emissions units. Should the use of methylene chloride and trimethylbenzene be required in the future during the operation of these emissions units, the permittee shall apply for and obtain a new permit to install. Because the permittee no longer employs methylene chloride and trimethylbenzene, the associated record keeping and reporting requirements have been removed from this permit.

Part III - Terms and Conditions for Emissions Units

Emissions Unit ID: Cold Cleaning Sta. (L001)

Activity Description: Batch Cold Parts Cleaner

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
Batch cold parts cleaner, Z027	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) (PTI 16-980)	20.0 lbs/day of VOC The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-21-09(O).
	OAC rule 3745-21-09(O)	See section A.I.2 below.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a The permittee shall equip the cold cleaner with one of the following:

i. the cold cleaner shall be operated with a cover, and if the solvent has a vapor pressure greater than 0.3 pound per square inch absolute, measured at 100 degrees Fahrenheit or, if the solvent is heated or agitated, the cover shall be designed and constructed so that it can be easily operated with one hand; or

ii. the cold cleaner shall employ a remote solvent reservoir from which solvent is pumped through a nozzle suspended over a sink-like work area which drains back to the reservoir, provided the sink-like work area has an open drain area of less than 16 square inches and provided the solvent neither is heated above 120 degrees Fahrenheit nor has a vapor pressure greater than 0.6 pound per square inch absolute, measured at 100 degrees Fahrenheit.

2.b The cold cleaner shall be equipped with a device for draining the cleaned parts; and if the solvent has a vapor pressure greater than 0.6 pound per square inch absolute, measured at 100 degrees Fahrenheit, the drainage facility shall be constructed internally so that parts are enclosed under the cover during draining, unless an internal type drainage device cannot fit into the cleaning system.

2.c The permittee shall install one of the following devices if the solvent vapor pressure is greater than 0.6 pound per square inch absolute measured at 100 degrees Fahrenheit, or if the solvent is heated above 120 degrees Fahrenheit:

i. freeboard that gives a freeboard ratio greater than or equal to 0.7;

ii. water cover (solvent must be insoluble in and heavier than water); or

iii. other systems of equivalent control, such as refrigerated chiller or carbon adsorption, approved by the Director.

II. Operational Restrictions

1. The cold cleaner shall be operated and maintained in accordance with the following practices to minimize solvent evaporation from the unit:

a. provide a permanent, legible, conspicuous label, summarizing the operating requirements;

b. store waste solvent in covered containers;

c. close the cover whenever parts are not being handled in the cleaner;

d. drain the cleaned parts until dripping ceases;

e. if used, supply a solvent spray that is a solid fluid stream (not a fine, atomized, or shower-type spray) at a pressure that does not exceed 10 pounds per square inch gauge; and

f. clean only materials that are neither porous nor absorbent.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall maintain daily records, that contain the following information:

a. the types of solvents employed;

b. the density of each solvent employed, in pounds per gallon;

c. the vapor pressure of each solvent, in pounds per square inch absolute, measured at one hundred degrees Fahrenheit;

d. the amounts of solvents employed and recycled per day, in gallons;

e. the number of hours per day that the emissions unit was in operation;

f. all control equipment maintenance; and

g. the calculated daily VOC emission rate, in pounds per day.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that provide an identification of each day during which the VOC emissions exceeded the daily mass emission limitation of 20.0 lbs/day, and the actual VOC emissions for each such day.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

2. The deviation (excursion) reports shall be submitted in accordance with the requirements specified in Part I - General Term and Condition A.1.c.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitation in section A.I.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following method:

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.a Emission Limitation:

20.0 lbs/day of VOC

Applicable Compliance Method:

Multiply the difference of the amount of solvent employed, in gallons per day, and the amount of solvent recycled, in gallons per day, by the density of the solvent, in pounds per gallon.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

B. State Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

Part III - Terms and Conditions for Emissions Units

Emissions Unit ID: Cold Cleaning Sta. (L002)

Activity Description: Batch Cold Parts Cleaner

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
Batch cold parts cleaner, Z028	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) (PTI 16-980)	20.0 lbs/day of VOC The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-21-09(O).
	OAC rule 3745-21-09(O)	See section A.I.2 below.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a The permittee shall equip the cold cleaner with one of the following:

i. the cold cleaner shall be operated with a cover, and if the solvent has a vapor pressure greater than 0.3 pound per square inch absolute, measured at 100 degrees Fahrenheit or, if the solvent is heated or agitated, the cover shall be designed and constructed so that it can be easily operated with one hand; or

ii. the cold cleaner shall employ a remote solvent reservoir from which solvent is pumped through a nozzle suspended over a sink-like work area which drains back to the reservoir, provided the sink-like work area has an open drain area of less than 16 square inches and provided the solvent neither is heated above 120 degrees Fahrenheit nor has a vapor pressure greater than 0.6 pound per square inch absolute, measured at 100 degrees Fahrenheit.

2.b The cold cleaner shall be equipped with a device for draining the cleaned parts; and if the solvent has a vapor pressure greater than 0.6 pound per square inch absolute, measured at 100 degrees Fahrenheit, the drainage facility shall be constructed internally so that parts are enclosed under the cover during draining, unless an internal type drainage device cannot fit into the cleaning system.

2.c The permittee shall install one of the following devices if the solvent vapor pressure is greater than 0.6 pound per square inch absolute measured at 100 degrees Fahrenheit, or if the solvent is heated above 120 degrees Fahrenheit:

i. freeboard that gives a freeboard ratio greater than or equal to 0.7;

ii. water cover (solvent must be insoluble in and heavier than water); or

iii. other systems of equivalent control, such as refrigerated chiller or carbon adsorption, approved by the Director.

II. Operational Restrictions

1. The cold cleaner shall be operated and maintained in accordance with the following practices to minimize solvent evaporation from the unit:

a. provide a permanent, legible, conspicuous label, summarizing the operating requirements;

b. store waste solvent in covered containers;

c. close the cover whenever parts are not being handled in the cleaner;

d. drain the cleaned parts until dripping ceases;

e. if used, supply a solvent spray that is a solid fluid stream (not a fine, atomized, or shower-type spray) at a pressure that does not exceed 10 pounds per square inch gauge; and

f. clean only materials that are neither porous nor absorbent.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall maintain daily records, that contain the following information:

a. the types of solvents employed;

b. the density of each solvent employed, in pounds per gallon;

c. the vapor pressure of each solvent, in pounds per square inch absolute, measured at one hundred degrees Fahrenheit;

d. the amounts of solvents employed and recycled per day, in gallons;

e. the number of hours per day that the emissions unit was in operation;

f. all control equipment maintenance; and

g. the calculated daily VOC emission rate, in pounds per day.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that provide an identification of each day during which the VOC emissions exceeded the daily mass emission limitation of 20.0 lbs/day, and the actual VOC emissions for each such day.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

2. The deviation (excursion) reports shall be submitted in accordance with the requirements specified in Part I - General Term and Condition A.1.c.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitation in section A.I.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following method:

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.a Emission Limitation:

20.0 lbs/day of VOC

Applicable Compliance Method:

Multiply the difference of the amount of solvent employed, in gallons per day, and the amount of solvent recycled, in gallons per day, by the density of the solvent, in pounds per gallon.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

B. State Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

Part III - Terms and Conditions for Emissions Units

Emissions Unit ID: Cold Cleaning Sta. (L003)

Activity Description: Batch Cold Parts Cleaner

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
Batch cold parts cleaner, Z029	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) (PTI 16-980)	20.0 lbs/day of VOC The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rule 3745-21-09(O).
	OAC rule 3745-21-09(O)	See section A.I.2 below.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a The permittee shall equip the cold cleaner with one of the following:

i. the cold cleaner shall be operated with a cover, and if the solvent has a vapor pressure greater than 0.3 pound per square inch absolute, measured at 100 degrees Fahrenheit or, if the solvent is heated or agitated, the cover shall be designed and constructed so that it can be easily operated with one hand; or

ii. the cold cleaner shall employ a remote solvent reservoir from which solvent is pumped through a nozzle suspended over a sink-like work area which drains back to the reservoir, provided the sink-like work area has an open drain area of less than 16 square inches and provided the solvent neither is heated above 120 degrees Fahrenheit nor has a vapor pressure greater than 0.6 pound per square inch absolute, measured at 100 degrees Fahrenheit.

2.b The cold cleaner shall be equipped with a device for draining the cleaned parts; and if the solvent has a vapor pressure greater than 0.6 pound per square inch absolute, measured at 100 degrees Fahrenheit, the drainage facility shall be constructed internally so that parts are enclosed under the cover during draining, unless an internal type drainage device cannot fit into the cleaning system.

2.c The permittee shall install one of the following devices if the solvent vapor pressure is greater than 0.6 pound per square inch absolute measured at 100 degrees Fahrenheit, or if the solvent is heated above 120 degrees Fahrenheit:

i. freeboard that gives a freeboard ratio greater than or equal to 0.7;

ii. water cover (solvent must be insoluble in and heavier than water); or

iii. other systems of equivalent control, such as refrigerated chiller or carbon adsorption, approved by the Director.

II. Operational Restrictions

1. The cold cleaner shall be operated and maintained in accordance with the following practices to minimize solvent evaporation from the unit:

a. provide a permanent, legible, conspicuous label, summarizing the operating requirements;

b. store waste solvent in covered containers;

c. close the cover whenever parts are not being handled in the cleaner;

d. drain the cleaned parts until dripping ceases;

e. if used, supply a solvent spray that is a solid fluid stream (not a fine, atomized, or shower-type spray) at a pressure that does not exceed 10 pounds per square inch gauge; and

f. clean only materials that are neither porous nor absorbent.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall maintain daily records, that contain the following information:

a. the types of solvents employed;

b. the density of each solvent employed, in pounds per gallon;

c. the vapor pressure of each solvent, in pounds per square inch absolute, measured at one hundred degrees Fahrenheit;

d. the amounts of solvents employed and recycled per day, in gallons;

e. the number of hours per day that the emissions unit was in operation;

f. all control equipment maintenance; and

g. the calculated daily VOC emission rate, in pounds per day.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that provide an identification of each day during which the VOC emissions exceeded the daily mass emission limitation of 20.0 lbs/day, and the actual VOC emissions for each such day.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

2. The deviation (excursion) reports shall be submitted in accordance with the requirements specified in Part I - General Term and Condition A.1.c.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitation in section A.I.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following method:

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.a Emission Limitation:

20.0 lbs/day of VOC

Applicable Compliance Method:

Multiply the difference of the amount of solvent employed, in gallons per day, and the amount of solvent recycled, in gallons per day, by the density of the solvent, in pounds per gallon.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

B. State Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

Part III - Terms and Conditions for Emissions Units

Emissions Unit ID: Production Line 1 (P901)

Activity Description: Pultrusion Process Production Unit

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
Pultrusion process production unit Z001	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) (PTI 16-980)	8.0 lbs/hr total organic materials* 40.0 lbs/day total organic materials* 0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions *as defined under OAC rule 3745-21-01 -- also includes cleanup emissions The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rules 3745-17-07(A), 3745-17-07(B), and 3745-17-08(B), and 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)	Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(B)	Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.
	OAC rule 3745-17-08(B)	See section A.I.2.a below.
	OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)	See section A.I.2.b below.
	OAC rule 3745-21-07(G)	See section A.I.2.b below.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW	Reduce total HAP emissions by at least 60 weight percent. The Subpart WWWW requirements are included in Part II, sections A.6 through A.43. The compliance date for this rule is April 21, 2006.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a The permittee shall operate and maintain hoods, fans, and other equipment to adequately enclose, contain, capture, vent, and control emissions so as to minimize or eliminate visible particulate emissions at the point(s) of capture to the extent possible with good engineering design.

2.b The emission limitation(s) or control requirement(s) specified by this rule is(are) equivalent to or less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).

II. Operational Restrictions

1. The pressure drop across the baghouse shall be maintained within the range of 2 to 5 inches of water while the emissions unit is in operation; except for the 5 to 7 minutes per hour that each cyclone is in its blow-back mode for the purpose of filter decaking. During this mode, venting of particulates to the outside of the equipment, or the facility, shall not occur.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall properly operate and maintain equipment to continuously monitor the pressure drop across the baghouse while the emissions unit is in operation. The monitoring equipment shall be calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s). The permittee shall record the pressure drop across the baghouse on a daily basis; but not during the periods of the blow-back operation.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements (continued)

2. The permittee shall record the following information on a daily basis for the line:

a. identification and quantity (pounds) of each resin batch received for processing;

b. styrene content (% by weight) of each batch;

c. styrene emissions from each batch, i.e., (% stryene) x (batch weight) x (0.04, AP-42 emission factor);

d. identification and net usage (pounds emissions) of each wiping solvent and organic material cleaning liquid employed (net usage shall be the difference between quantities employed and any returned for disposal/recycling, including solids);

e. production hours; and

f. daily (pounds) and average hourly emissions (pounds/hour) resulting from resin batch processing, and cleanup materials for the following pollutants:

i. organic material;
ii. volatile organic compounds; and
iii. styrene.

These calculations shall be based upon a mass balance approach.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly pressure drop deviation (excursion) reports that identify all periods of time during which the pressure drop across the baghouse did not comply with the allowable range specified above.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include the following information:

a. an identification of each day during which the average hourly organic material emissions exceeded 8.0 pounds per hour, and the actual average hourly organic material emissions for each such day; and

b. an identification of each day during which the organic material emissions exceeded 40.0 pounds per day, and the actual organic material emissions for each such day.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

3. The deviation (excursion) reports shall be submitted in accordance with the requirements specified in Part I - General Term and Condition A.1.c.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in section A.I.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.a Emission Limitation:

8.0 lbs/hr total organic materials

Applicable Compliance Method:

Daily records shall be maintained of the total organic materials content of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, the daily usage of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, and the calculated average hourly total organic material emission rate for all resin batches and cleanup materals employed based upon a mass balance approach. Formulation data shall be used to determine the total organic material content of each resin batch and cleanup material.

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by emission tests performed in accordance with the procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 4 and Method 18, 25 or 25A, as appropriate.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.b Emission Limitation:

40.0 lbs/day total organic materials

Applicable Compliance Method:

Daily records shall be maintained of the total organic materials content of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, the daily usage of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, and the calculated average daily total organic material emission rate for all resin batches and cleanup materals employed based upon a mass balance approach. Formulation data shall be used to determine the total organic material content of each resin batch and cleanup material.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.c Emission Limitation:

0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by emission tests performed in accordance with the procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 5.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.d Emission Limitation:

Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1))

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.e Emission Limitation:

Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3))

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

B. State Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

Part III - Terms and Conditions for Emissions Units

Emissions Unit ID: Production Line 2 (P902)

Activity Description: Pultrusion Process Production Unit

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
Pultrusion process production unit Z002	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) (PTI 16-980)	8.0 lbs/hr total organic materials* 40.0 lbs/day total organic materials* 0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions *as defined under OAC rule 3745-21-01 -- also includes cleanup emissions The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rules 3745-17-07(A), 3745-17-07(B), and 3745-17-08(B), and 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)	Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(B)	Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.
	OAC rule 3745-17-08(B)	See section A.I.2.a below.
	OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)	See section A.I.2.b below.
	OAC rule 3745-21-07(G)	See section A.I.2.b below.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW	Reduce total HAP emissions by at least 60 weight percent. The Subpart WWWW requirements are included in Part II, sections A.6 through A.43. The compliance date for this rule is April 21, 2006.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a The permittee shall operate and maintain hoods, fans, and other equipment to adequately enclose, contain, capture, vent, and control emissions so as to minimize or eliminate visible particulate emissions at the point(s) of capture to the extent possible with good engineering design.

2.b The emission limitation(s) or control requirement(s) specified by this rule is(are) equivalent to or less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).

II. Operational Restrictions

1. The pressure drop across the baghouse shall be maintained within the range of 2 to 5 inches of water while the emissions unit is in operation; except for the 5 to 7 minutes per hour that each cyclone is in its blow-back mode for the purpose of filter decaking. During this mode, venting of particulates to the outside of the equipment, or the facility, shall not occur.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall properly operate and maintain equipment to continuously monitor the pressure drop across the baghouse while the emissions unit is in operation. The monitoring equipment shall be calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s). The permittee shall record the pressure drop across the baghouse on a daily basis; but not during the periods of the blow-back operation.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements (continued)

2. The permittee shall record the following information on a daily basis for the line:

a. identification and quantity (pounds) of each resin batch received for processing;

b. styrene content (% by weight) of each batch;

c. styrene emissions from each batch, i.e., (% stryene) x (batch weight) x (0.04, AP-42 emission factor);

d. identification and net usage (pounds emissions) of each wiping solvent and organic material cleaning liquid employed (net usage shall be the difference between quantities employed and any returned for disposal/recycling, including solids);

e. production hours; and

f. daily (pounds) and average hourly emissions (pounds/hour) resulting from resin batch processing, and cleanup materials for the following pollutants:

i. organic material;
ii. volatile organic compounds; and
iii. styrene.

These calculations shall be based upon a mass balance approach.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly pressure drop deviation (excursion) reports that identify all periods of time during which the pressure drop across the baghouse did not comply with the allowable range specified above.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include the following information:

a. an identification of each day during which the average hourly organic material emissions exceeded 8.0 pounds per hour, and the actual average hourly organic material emissions for each such day; and

b. an identification of each day during which the organic material emissions exceeded 40.0 pounds per day, and the actual organic material emissions for each such day.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

3. The deviation (excursion) reports shall be submitted in accordance with the requirements specified in Part I - General Term and Condition A.1.c.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in section A.I.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.a Emission Limitation:

8.0 lbs/hr total organic materials

Applicable Compliance Method:

Daily records shall be maintained of the total organic materials content of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, the daily usage of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, and the calculated average hourly total organic material emission rate for all resin batches and cleanup materals employed based upon a mass balance approach. Formulation data shall be used to determine the total organic material content of each resin batch and cleanup material.

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by emission tests performed in accordance with the procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 4 and Method 18, 25 or 25A, as appropriate.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.b Emission Limitation:

40.0 lbs/day total organic materials

Applicable Compliance Method:

Daily records shall be maintained of the total organic materials content of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, the daily usage of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, and the calculated average daily total organic material emission rate for all resin batches and cleanup materals employed based upon a mass balance approach. Formulation data shall be used to determine the total organic material content of each resin batch and cleanup material.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.c Emission Limitation:

0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by emission tests performed in accordance with the procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 5.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.d Emission Limitation:

Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1))

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.e Emission Limitation:

Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3))

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

B. State Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

Part III - Terms and Conditions for Emissions Units

Emissions Unit ID: Production Line 3 (P903)

Activity Description: Pultrusion Process Production Unit

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
Pultrusion process production unit Z003	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) (PTI 16-980)	8.0 lbs/hr total organic materials* 40.0 lbs/day total organic materials* 0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions *as defined under OAC rule 3745-21-01 -- also includes cleanup emissions The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rules 3745-17-07(A), 3745-17-07(B), and 3745-17-08(B), and 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)	Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(B)	Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.
	OAC rule 3745-17-08(B)	See section A.I.2.a below.
	OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)	See section A.I.2.b below.
	OAC rule 3745-21-07(G)	See section A.I.2.b below.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW	Reduce total HAP emissions by at least 60 weight percent. The Subpart WWWW requirements are included in Part II, sections A.6 through A.43. The compliance date for this rule is April 21, 2006.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a The permittee shall operate and maintain hoods, fans, and other equipment to adequately enclose, contain, capture, vent, and control emissions so as to minimize or eliminate visible particulate emissions at the point(s) of capture to the extent possible with good engineering design.

2.b The emission limitation(s) or control requirement(s) specified by this rule is(are) equivalent to or less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).

II. Operational Restrictions

1. The pressure drop across the baghouse shall be maintained within the range of 2 to 5 inches of water while the emissions unit is in operation; except for the 5 to 7 minutes per hour that each cyclone is in its blow-back mode for the purpose of filter decaking. During this mode, venting of particulates to the outside of the equipment, or the facility, shall not occur.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall properly operate and maintain equipment to continuously monitor the pressure drop across the baghouse while the emissions unit is in operation. The monitoring equipment shall be calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s). The permittee shall record the pressure drop across the baghouse on a daily basis; but not during the periods of the blow-back operation.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements (continued)

2. The permittee shall record the following information on a daily basis for the line:

a. identification and quantity (pounds) of each resin batch received for processing;

b. styrene content (% by weight) of each batch;

c. styrene emissions from each batch, i.e., (% stryene) x (batch weight) x (0.04, AP-42 emission factor);

d. identification and net usage (pounds emissions) of each wiping solvent and organic material cleaning liquid employed (net usage shall be the difference between quantities employed and any returned for disposal/recycling, including solids);

e. production hours; and

f. daily (pounds) and average hourly emissions (pounds/hour) resulting from resin batch processing, and cleanup materials for the following pollutants:

i. organic material;
ii. volatile organic compounds; and
iii. styrene.

These calculations shall be based upon a mass balance approach.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly pressure drop deviation (excursion) reports that identify all periods of time during which the pressure drop across the baghouse did not comply with the allowable range specified above.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include the following information:

a. an identification of each day during which the average hourly organic material emissions exceeded 8.0 pounds per hour, and the actual average hourly organic material emissions for each such day; and

b. an identification of each day during which the organic material emissions exceeded 40.0 pounds per day, and the actual organic material emissions for each such day.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

3. The deviation (excursion) reports shall be submitted in accordance with the requirements specified in Part I - General Term and Condition A.1.c.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in section A.I.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.a Emission Limitation:

8.0 lbs/hr total organic materials

Applicable Compliance Method:

Daily records shall be maintained of the total organic materials content of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, the daily usage of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, and the calculated average hourly total organic material emission rate for all resin batches and cleanup materals employed based upon a mass balance approach. Formulation data shall be used to determine the total organic material content of each resin batch and cleanup material.

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by emission tests performed in accordance with the procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 4 and Method 18, 25 or 25A, as appropriate.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.b Emission Limitation:

40.0 lbs/day total organic materials

Applicable Compliance Method:

Daily records shall be maintained of the total organic materials content of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, the daily usage of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, and the calculated average daily total organic material emission rate for all resin batches and cleanup materals employed based upon a mass balance approach. Formulation data shall be used to determine the total organic material content of each resin batch and cleanup material.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.c Emission Limitation:

0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by emission tests performed in accordance with the procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 5.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.d Emission Limitation:

Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1))

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.e Emission Limitation:

Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3))

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

B. State Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

Part III - Terms and Conditions for Emissions Units

Emissions Unit ID: Production Line 4 (P904)

Activity Description: Pultrusion Process Production Unit

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
Pultrusion process production unit Z004	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) (PTI 16-980)	8.0 lbs/hr total organic materials* 40.0 lbs/day total organic materials* 0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions *as defined under OAC rule 3745-21-01 -- also includes cleanup emissions The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rules 3745-17-07(A), 3745-17-07(B), and 3745-17-08(B), and 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)	Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(B)	Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.
	OAC rule 3745-17-08(B)	See section A.I.2.a below.
	OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)	See section A.I.2.b below.
	OAC rule 3745-21-07(G)	See section A.I.2.b below.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW	Reduce total HAP emissions by at least 60 weight percent. The Subpart WWWW requirements are included in Part II, sections A.6 through A.43. The compliance date for this rule is April 21, 2006.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a The permittee shall operate and maintain hoods, fans, and other equipment to adequately enclose, contain, capture, vent, and control emissions so as to minimize or eliminate visible particulate emissions at the point(s) of capture to the extent possible with good engineering design.

2.b The emission limitation(s) or control requirement(s) specified by this rule is(are) equivalent to or less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).

II. Operational Restrictions

1. The pressure drop across the baghouse shall be maintained within the range of 2 to 5 inches of water while the emissions unit is in operation; except for the 5 to 7 minutes per hour that each cyclone is in its blow-back mode for the purpose of filter decaking. During this mode, venting of particulates to the outside of the equipment, or the facility, shall not occur.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall properly operate and maintain equipment to continuously monitor the pressure drop across the baghouse while the emissions unit is in operation. The monitoring equipment shall be calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s). The permittee shall record the pressure drop across the baghouse on a daily basis; but not during the periods of the blow-back operation.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements (continued)

2. The permittee shall record the following information on a daily basis for the line:

a. identification and quantity (pounds) of each resin batch received for processing;

b. styrene content (% by weight) of each batch;

c. styrene emissions from each batch, i.e., (% stryene) x (batch weight) x (0.04, AP-42 emission factor);

d. identification and net usage (pounds emissions) of each wiping solvent and organic material cleaning liquid employed (net usage shall be the difference between quantities employed and any returned for disposal/recycling, including solids);

e. production hours; and

f. daily (pounds) and average hourly emissions (pounds/hour) resulting from resin batch processing, and cleanup materials for the following pollutants:

i. organic material;
ii. volatile organic compounds; and
iii. styrene.

These calculations shall be based upon a mass balance approach.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly pressure drop deviation (excursion) reports that identify all periods of time during which the pressure drop across the baghouse did not comply with the allowable range specified above.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include the following information:

a. an identification of each day during which the average hourly organic material emissions exceeded 8.0 pounds per hour, and the actual average hourly organic material emissions for each such day; and

b. an identification of each day during which the organic material emissions exceeded 40.0 pounds per day, and the actual organic material emissions for each such day.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

3. The deviation (excursion) reports shall be submitted in accordance with the requirements specified in Part I - General Term and Condition A.1.c.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in section A.I.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.a Emission Limitation:

8.0 lbs/hr total organic materials

Applicable Compliance Method:

Daily records shall be maintained of the total organic materials content of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, the daily usage of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, and the calculated average hourly total organic material emission rate for all resin batches and cleanup materals employed based upon a mass balance approach. Formulation data shall be used to determine the total organic material content of each resin batch and cleanup material.

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by emission tests performed in accordance with the procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 4 and Method 18, 25 or 25A, as appropriate.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.b Emission Limitation:

40.0 lbs/day total organic materials

Applicable Compliance Method:

Daily records shall be maintained of the total organic materials content of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, the daily usage of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, and the calculated average daily total organic material emission rate for all resin batches and cleanup materals employed based upon a mass balance approach. Formulation data shall be used to determine the total organic material content of each resin batch and cleanup material.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.c Emission Limitation:

0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by emission tests performed in accordance with the procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 5.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.d Emission Limitation:

Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1))

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.e Emission Limitation:

Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3))

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

B. State Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

Part III - Terms and Conditions for Emissions Units

Emissions Unit ID: Production Line 5 (P905)

Activity Description: Pultrusion Process Production Unit

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
Pultrusion process production unit Z005	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) (PTI 16-980)	8.0 lbs/hr total organic materials* 40.0 lbs/day total organic materials* 0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions *as defined under OAC rule 3745-21-01 -- also includes cleanup emissions The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rules 3745-17-07(A), 3745-17-07(B), and 3745-17-08(B), and 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)	Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(B)	Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.
	OAC rule 3745-17-08(B)	See section A.I.2.a below.
	OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)	See section A.I.2.b below.
	OAC rule 3745-21-07(G)	See section A.I.2.b below.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW	Reduce total HAP emissions by at least 60 weight percent. The Subpart WWWW requirements are included in Part II, sections A.6 through A.43. The compliance date for this rule is April 21, 2006.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a The permittee shall operate and maintain hoods, fans, and other equipment to adequately enclose, contain, capture, vent, and control emissions so as to minimize or eliminate visible particulate emissions at the point(s) of capture to the extent possible with good engineering design.

2.b The emission limitation(s) or control requirement(s) specified by this rule is(are) equivalent to or less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).

II. Operational Restrictions

1. The pressure drop across the baghouse shall be maintained within the range of 2 to 5 inches of water while the emissions unit is in operation; except for the 5 to 7 minutes per hour that each cyclone is in its blow-back mode for the purpose of filter decaking. During this mode, venting of particulates to the outside of the equipment, or the facility, shall not occur.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall properly operate and maintain equipment to continuously monitor the pressure drop across the baghouse while the emissions unit is in operation. The monitoring equipment shall be calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s). The permittee shall record the pressure drop across the baghouse on a daily basis; but not during the periods of the blow-back operation.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements (continued)

2. The permittee shall record the following information on a daily basis for the line:

a. identification and quantity (pounds) of each resin batch received for processing;

b. styrene content (% by weight) of each batch;

c. styrene emissions from each batch, i.e., (% stryene) x (batch weight) x (0.04, AP-42 emission factor);

d. identification and net usage (pounds emissions) of each wiping solvent and organic material cleaning liquid employed (net usage shall be the difference between quantities employed and any returned for disposal/recycling, including solids);

e. production hours; and

f. daily (pounds) and average hourly emissions (pounds/hour) resulting from resin batch processing, and cleanup materials for the following pollutants:

i. organic material;
ii. volatile organic compounds; and
iii. styrene.

These calculations shall be based upon a mass balance approach.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly pressure drop deviation (excursion) reports that identify all periods of time during which the pressure drop across the baghouse did not comply with the allowable range specified above.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include the following information:

a. an identification of each day during which the average hourly organic material emissions exceeded 8.0 pounds per hour, and the actual average hourly organic material emissions for each such day; and

b. an identification of each day during which the organic material emissions exceeded 40.0 pounds per day, and the actual organic material emissions for each such day.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

3. The deviation (excursion) reports shall be submitted in accordance with the requirements specified in Part I - General Term and Condition A.1.c.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in section A.I.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.a Emission Limitation:

8.0 lbs/hr total organic materials

Applicable Compliance Method:

Daily records shall be maintained of the total organic materials content of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, the daily usage of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, and the calculated average hourly total organic material emission rate for all resin batches and cleanup materals employed based upon a mass balance approach. Formulation data shall be used to determine the total organic material content of each resin batch and cleanup material.

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by emission tests performed in accordance with the procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 4 and Method 18, 25 or 25A, as appropriate.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.b Emission Limitation:

40.0 lbs/day total organic materials

Applicable Compliance Method:

Daily records shall be maintained of the total organic materials content of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, the daily usage of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, and the calculated average daily total organic material emission rate for all resin batches and cleanup materals employed based upon a mass balance approach. Formulation data shall be used to determine the total organic material content of each resin batch and cleanup material.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.c Emission Limitation:

0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by emission tests performed in accordance with the procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 5.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.d Emission Limitation:

Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1))

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.e Emission Limitation:

Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3))

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

B. State Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

Part III - Terms and Conditions for Emissions Units

Emissions Unit ID: Production Line 6 (P906)

Activity Description: Pultrusion Process Production Unit

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
Pultrusion process production unit Z006	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) (PTI 16-980)	8.0 lbs/hr total organic materials* 40.0 lbs/day total organic materials* 0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions *as defined under OAC rule 3745-21-01 -- also includes cleanup emissions The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rules 3745-17-07(A), 3745-17-07(B), and 3745-17-08(B), and 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)	Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(B)	Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.
	OAC rule 3745-17-08(B)	See section A.I.2.a below.
	OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)	See section A.I.2.b below.
	OAC rule 3745-21-07(G)	See section A.I.2.b below.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW	Reduce total HAP emissions by at least 60 weight percent. The Subpart WWWW requirements are included in Part II, sections A.6 through A.43. The compliance date for this rule is April 21, 2006.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a The permittee shall operate and maintain hoods, fans, and other equipment to adequately enclose, contain, capture, vent, and control emissions so as to minimize or eliminate visible particulate emissions at the point(s) of capture to the extent possible with good engineering design.

2.b The emission limitation(s) or control requirement(s) specified by this rule is(are) equivalent to or less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).

II. Operational Restrictions

1. The pressure drop across the baghouse shall be maintained within the range of 2 to 5 inches of water while the emissions unit is in operation; except for the 5 to 7 minutes per hour that each cyclone is in its blow-back mode for the purpose of filter decaking. During this mode, venting of particulates to the outside of the equipment, or the facility, shall not occur.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall properly operate and maintain equipment to continuously monitor the pressure drop across the baghouse while the emissions unit is in operation. The monitoring equipment shall be calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s). The permittee shall record the pressure drop across the baghouse on a daily basis; but not during the periods of the blow-back operation.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements (continued)

2. The permittee shall record the following information on a daily basis for the line:

a. identification and quantity (pounds) of each resin batch received for processing;

b. styrene content (% by weight) of each batch;

c. styrene emissions from each batch, i.e., (% stryene) x (batch weight) x (0.04, AP-42 emission factor);

d. identification and net usage (pounds emissions) of each wiping solvent and organic material cleaning liquid employed (net usage shall be the difference between quantities employed and any returned for disposal/recycling, including solids);

e. production hours; and

f. daily (pounds) and average hourly emissions (pounds/hour) resulting from resin batch processing, and cleanup materials for the following pollutants:

i. organic material;
ii. volatile organic compounds; and
iii. styrene.

These calculations shall be based upon a mass balance approach.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly pressure drop deviation (excursion) reports that identify all periods of time during which the pressure drop across the baghouse did not comply with the allowable range specified above.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include the following information:

a. an identification of each day during which the average hourly organic material emissions exceeded 8.0 pounds per hour, and the actual average hourly organic material emissions for each such day; and

b. an identification of each day during which the organic material emissions exceeded 40.0 pounds per day, and the actual organic material emissions for each such day.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

3. The deviation (excursion) reports shall be submitted in accordance with the requirements specified in Part I - General Term and Condition A.1.c.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in section A.I.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.a Emission Limitation:

8.0 lbs/hr total organic materials

Applicable Compliance Method:

Daily records shall be maintained of the total organic materials content of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, the daily usage of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, and the calculated average hourly total organic material emission rate for all resin batches and cleanup materals employed based upon a mass balance approach. Formulation data shall be used to determine the total organic material content of each resin batch and cleanup material.

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by emission tests performed in accordance with the procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 4 and Method 18, 25 or 25A, as appropriate.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.b Emission Limitation:

40.0 lbs/day total organic materials

Applicable Compliance Method:

Daily records shall be maintained of the total organic materials content of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, the daily usage of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, and the calculated average daily total organic material emission rate for all resin batches and cleanup materals employed based upon a mass balance approach. Formulation data shall be used to determine the total organic material content of each resin batch and cleanup material.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.c Emission Limitation:

0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by emission tests performed in accordance with the procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 5.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.d Emission Limitation:

Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1))

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.e Emission Limitation:

Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3))

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

B. State Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

Part III - Terms and Conditions for Emissions Units

Emissions Unit ID: Production Line 7 (P907)

Activity Description: Pultrusion Process Production Unit

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
Pultrusion process production unit Z007	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) (PTI 16-980)	8.0 lbs/hr total organic materials* 40.0 lbs/day total organic materials* 0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions *as defined under OAC rule 3745-21-01 -- also includes cleanup emissions The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rules 3745-17-07(A), 3745-17-07(B), and 3745-17-08(B), and 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)	Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(B)	Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.
	OAC rule 3745-17-08(B)	See section A.I.2.a below.
	OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)	See section A.I.2.b below.
	OAC rule 3745-21-07(G)	See section A.I.2.b below.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW	Reduce total HAP emissions by at least 60 weight percent. The Subpart WWWW requirements are included in Part II, sections A.6 through A.43. The compliance date for this rule is April 21, 2006.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a The permittee shall operate and maintain hoods, fans, and other equipment to adequately enclose, contain, capture, vent, and control emissions so as to minimize or eliminate visible particulate emissions at the point(s) of capture to the extent possible with good engineering design.

2.b The emission limitation(s) or control requirement(s) specified by this rule is(are) equivalent to or less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).

II. Operational Restrictions

1. The pressure drop across the baghouse shall be maintained within the range of 2 to 5 inches of water while the emissions unit is in operation; except for the 5 to 7 minutes per hour that each cyclone is in its blow-back mode for the purpose of filter decaking. During this mode, venting of particulates to the outside of the equipment, or the facility, shall not occur.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall properly operate and maintain equipment to continuously monitor the pressure drop across the baghouse while the emissions unit is in operation. The monitoring equipment shall be calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s). The permittee shall record the pressure drop across the baghouse on a daily basis; but not during the periods of the blow-back operation.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements (continued)

2. The permittee shall record the following information on a daily basis for the line:

a. identification and quantity (pounds) of each resin batch received for processing;

b. styrene content (% by weight) of each batch;

c. styrene emissions from each batch, i.e., (% stryene) x (batch weight) x (0.04, AP-42 emission factor);

d. identification and net usage (pounds emissions) of each wiping solvent and organic material cleaning liquid employed (net usage shall be the difference between quantities employed and any returned for disposal/recycling, including solids);

e. production hours; and

f. daily (pounds) and average hourly emissions (pounds/hour) resulting from resin batch processing, and cleanup materials for the following pollutants:

i. organic material;
ii. volatile organic compounds; and
iii. styrene.

These calculations shall be based upon a mass balance approach.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly pressure drop deviation (excursion) reports that identify all periods of time during which the pressure drop across the baghouse did not comply with the allowable range specified above.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include the following information:

a. an identification of each day during which the average hourly organic material emissions exceeded 8.0 pounds per hour, and the actual average hourly organic material emissions for each such day; and

b. an identification of each day during which the organic material emissions exceeded 40.0 pounds per day, and the actual organic material emissions for each such day.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

3. The deviation (excursion) reports shall be submitted in accordance with the requirements specified in Part I - General Term and Condition A.1.c.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in section A.I.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.a Emission Limitation:

8.0 lbs/hr total organic materials

Applicable Compliance Method:

Daily records shall be maintained of the total organic materials content of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, the daily usage of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, and the calculated average hourly total organic material emission rate for all resin batches and cleanup materals employed based upon a mass balance approach. Formulation data shall be used to determine the total organic material content of each resin batch and cleanup material.

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by emission tests performed in accordance with the procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 4 and Method 18, 25 or 25A, as appropriate.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.b Emission Limitation:

40.0 lbs/day total organic materials

Applicable Compliance Method:

Daily records shall be maintained of the total organic materials content of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, the daily usage of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, and the calculated average daily total organic material emission rate for all resin batches and cleanup materals employed based upon a mass balance approach. Formulation data shall be used to determine the total organic material content of each resin batch and cleanup material.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.c Emission Limitation:

0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by emission tests performed in accordance with the procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 5.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.d Emission Limitation:

Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1))

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.e Emission Limitation:

Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3))

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

B. State Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

Part III - Terms and Conditions for Emissions Units

Emissions Unit ID: Production Line 8 (P908)

Activity Description: Pultrusion Process Produciton Unit

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
Pultrusion process production unit Z008	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) (PTI 16-980)	8.0 lbs/hr total organic materials* 40.0 lbs/day total organic materials* 0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions *as defined under OAC rule 3745-21-01 -- also includes cleanup emissions The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rules 3745-17-07(A), 3745-17-07(B), and 3745-17-08(B), and 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)	Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(B)	Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.
	OAC rule 3745-17-08(B)	See section A.I.2.a below.
	OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)	See section A.I.2.b below.
	OAC rule 3745-21-07(G)	See section A.I.2.b below.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW	Reduce total HAP emissions by at least 60 weight percent. The Subpart WWWW requirements are included in Part II, sections A.6 through A.43. The compliance date for this rule is April 21, 2006.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a The permittee shall operate and maintain hoods, fans, and other equipment to adequately enclose, contain, capture, vent, and control emissions so as to minimize or eliminate visible particulate emissions at the point(s) of capture to the extent possible with good engineering design.

2.b The emission limitation(s) or control requirement(s) specified by this rule is(are) equivalent to or less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).

II. Operational Restrictions

1. The pressure drop across the baghouse shall be maintained within the range of 2 to 5 inches of water while the emissions unit is in operation; except for the 5 to 7 minutes per hour that each cyclone is in its blow-back mode for the purpose of filter decaking. During this mode, venting of particulates to the outside of the equipment, or the facility, shall not occur.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall properly operate and maintain equipment to continuously monitor the pressure drop across the baghouse while the emissions unit is in operation. The monitoring equipment shall be calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s). The permittee shall record the pressure drop across the baghouse on a daily basis; but not during the periods of the blow-back operation.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements (continued)

2. The permittee shall record the following information on a daily basis for the line:

a. identification and quantity (pounds) of each resin batch received for processing;

b. styrene content (% by weight) of each batch;

c. styrene emissions from each batch, i.e., (% stryene) x (batch weight) x (0.04, AP-42 emission factor);

d. identification and net usage (pounds emissions) of each wiping solvent and organic material cleaning liquid employed (net usage shall be the difference between quantities employed and any returned for disposal/recycling, including solids);

e. production hours; and

f. daily (pounds) and average hourly emissions (pounds/hour) resulting from resin batch processing, and cleanup materials for the following pollutants:

i. organic material;
ii. volatile organic compounds; and
iii. styrene.

These calculations shall be based upon a mass balance approach.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly pressure drop deviation (excursion) reports that identify all periods of time during which the pressure drop across the baghouse did not comply with the allowable range specified above.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include the following information:

a. an identification of each day during which the average hourly organic material emissions exceeded 8.0 pounds per hour, and the actual average hourly organic material emissions for each such day; and

b. an identification of each day during which the organic material emissions exceeded 40.0 pounds per day, and the actual organic material emissions for each such day.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

3. The deviation (excursion) reports shall be submitted in accordance with the requirements specified in Part I - General Term and Condition A.1.c.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in section A.I.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.a Emission Limitation:

8.0 lbs/hr total organic materials

Applicable Compliance Method:

Daily records shall be maintained of the total organic materials content of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, the daily usage of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, and the calculated average hourly total organic material emission rate for all resin batches and cleanup materals employed based upon a mass balance approach. Formulation data shall be used to determine the total organic material content of each resin batch and cleanup material.

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by emission tests performed in accordance with the procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 4 and Method 18, 25 or 25A, as appropriate.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.b Emission Limitation:

40.0 lbs/day total organic materials

Applicable Compliance Method:

Daily records shall be maintained of the total organic materials content of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, the daily usage of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, and the calculated average daily total organic material emission rate for all resin batches and cleanup materals employed based upon a mass balance approach. Formulation data shall be used to determine the total organic material content of each resin batch and cleanup material.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.c Emission Limitation:

0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by emission tests performed in accordance with the procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 5.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.d Emission Limitation:

Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1))

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.e Emission Limitation:

Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3))

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

B. State Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

Part III - Terms and Conditions for Emissions Units

Emissions Unit ID: Production Line 9 (P909)

Activity Description: Pultrusion Process Production Unit

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
Pultrusion process production unit Z009	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) (PTI 16-980)	8.0 lbs/hr total organic materials* 40.0 lbs/day total organic materials* 0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions *as defined under OAC rule 3745-21-01 -- also includes cleanup emissions The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rules 3745-17-07(A), 3745-17-07(B), and 3745-17-08(B), and 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)	Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(B)	Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.
	OAC rule 3745-17-08(B)	See section A.I.2.a below.
	OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)	See section A.I.2.b below.
	OAC rule 3745-21-07(G)	See section A.I.2.b below.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW	Reduce total HAP emissions by at least 60 weight percent. The Subpart WWWW requirements are included in Part II, sections A.6 through A.43. The compliance date for this rule is April 21, 2006.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a The permittee shall operate and maintain hoods, fans, and other equipment to adequately enclose, contain, capture, vent, and control emissions so as to minimize or eliminate visible particulate emissions at the point(s) of capture to the extent possible with good engineering design.

2.b The emission limitation(s) or control requirement(s) specified by this rule is(are) equivalent to or less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).

II. Operational Restrictions

1. The pressure drop across the baghouse shall be maintained within the range of 2 to 5 inches of water while the emissions unit is in operation; except for the 5 to 7 minutes per hour that each cyclone is in its blow-back mode for the purpose of filter decaking. During this mode, venting of particulates to the outside of the equipment, or the facility, shall not occur.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall properly operate and maintain equipment to continuously monitor the pressure drop across the baghouse while the emissions unit is in operation. The monitoring equipment shall be calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s). The permittee shall record the pressure drop across the baghouse on a daily basis; but not during the periods of the blow-back operation.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements (continued)

2. The permittee shall record the following information on a daily basis for the line:

a. identification and quantity (pounds) of each resin batch received for processing;

b. styrene content (% by weight) of each batch;

c. styrene emissions from each batch, i.e., (% stryene) x (batch weight) x (0.04, AP-42 emission factor);

d. identification and net usage (pounds emissions) of each wiping solvent and organic material cleaning liquid employed (net usage shall be the difference between quantities employed and any returned for disposal/recycling, including solids);

e. production hours; and

f. daily (pounds) and average hourly emissions (pounds/hour) resulting from resin batch processing, and cleanup materials for the following pollutants:

i. organic material;
ii. volatile organic compounds; and
iii. styrene.

These calculations shall be based upon a mass balance approach.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly pressure drop deviation (excursion) reports that identify all periods of time during which the pressure drop across the baghouse did not comply with the allowable range specified above.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include the following information:

a. an identification of each day during which the average hourly organic material emissions exceeded 8.0 pounds per hour, and the actual average hourly organic material emissions for each such day; and

b. an identification of each day during which the organic material emissions exceeded 40.0 pounds per day, and the actual organic material emissions for each such day.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

3. The deviation (excursion) reports shall be submitted in accordance with the requirements specified in Part I - General Term and Condition A.1.c.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in section A.I.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.a Emission Limitation:

8.0 lbs/hr total organic materials

Applicable Compliance Method:

Daily records shall be maintained of the total organic materials content of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, the daily usage of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, and the calculated average hourly total organic material emission rate for all resin batches and cleanup materals employed based upon a mass balance approach. Formulation data shall be used to determine the total organic material content of each resin batch and cleanup material.

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by emission tests performed in accordance with the procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 4 and Method 18, 25 or 25A, as appropriate.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.b Emission Limitation:

40.0 lbs/day total organic materials

Applicable Compliance Method:

Daily records shall be maintained of the total organic materials content of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, the daily usage of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, and the calculated average daily total organic material emission rate for all resin batches and cleanup materals employed based upon a mass balance approach. Formulation data shall be used to determine the total organic material content of each resin batch and cleanup material.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.c Emission Limitation:

0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by emission tests performed in accordance with the procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 5.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.d Emission Limitation:

Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1))

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.e Emission Limitation:

Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3))

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

B. State Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

Part III - Terms and Conditions for Emissions Units

Emissions Unit ID: Production Line 10 (P910)

Activity Description: Pultrusion Process Production Unit

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
Pultrusion process production unit Z010	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) (PTI 16-980)	8.0 lbs/hr total organic materials* 40.0 lbs/day total organic materials* 0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions *as defined under OAC rule 3745-21-01 -- also includes cleanup emissions The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rules 3745-17-07(A), 3745-17-07(B), and 3745-17-08(B), and 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)	Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(B)	Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.
	OAC rule 3745-17-08(B)	See section A.I.2.a below.
	OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)	See section A.I.2.b below.
	OAC rule 3745-21-07(G)	See section A.I.2.b below.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW	Reduce total HAP emissions by at least 60 weight percent. The Subpart WWWW requirements are included in Part II, sections A.6 through A.43. The compliance date for this rule is April 21, 2006.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a The permittee shall operate and maintain hoods, fans, and other equipment to adequately enclose, contain, capture, vent, and control emissions so as to minimize or eliminate visible particulate emissions at the point(s) of capture to the extent possible with good engineering design.

2.b The emission limitation(s) or control requirement(s) specified by this rule is(are) equivalent to or less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).

II. Operational Restrictions

1. The pressure drop across the baghouse shall be maintained within the range of 2 to 5 inches of water while the emissions unit is in operation; except for the 5 to 7 minutes per hour that each cyclone is in its blow-back mode for the purpose of filter decaking. During this mode, venting of particulates to the outside of the equipment, or the facility, shall not occur.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall properly operate and maintain equipment to continuously monitor the pressure drop across the baghouse while the emissions unit is in operation. The monitoring equipment shall be calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s). The permittee shall record the pressure drop across the baghouse on a daily basis; but not during the periods of the blow-back operation.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements (continued)

2. The permittee shall record the following information on a daily basis for the line:

a. identification and quantity (pounds) of each resin batch received for processing;

b. styrene content (% by weight) of each batch;

c. styrene emissions from each batch, i.e., (% stryene) x (batch weight) x (0.04, AP-42 emission factor);

d. identification and net usage (pounds emissions) of each wiping solvent and organic material cleaning liquid employed (net usage shall be the difference between quantities employed and any returned for disposal/recycling, including solids);

e. production hours; and

f. daily (pounds) and average hourly emissions (pounds/hour) resulting from resin batch processing, and cleanup materials for the following pollutants:

i. organic material;
ii. volatile organic compounds; and
iii. styrene.

These calculations shall be based upon a mass balance approach.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly pressure drop deviation (excursion) reports that identify all periods of time during which the pressure drop across the baghouse did not comply with the allowable range specified above.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include the following information:

a. an identification of each day during which the average hourly organic material emissions exceeded 8.0 pounds per hour, and the actual average hourly organic material emissions for each such day; and

b. an identification of each day during which the organic material emissions exceeded 40.0 pounds per day, and the actual organic material emissions for each such day.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

3. The deviation (excursion) reports shall be submitted in accordance with the requirements specified in Part I - General Term and Condition A.1.c.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in section A.I.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.a Emission Limitation:

8.0 lbs/hr total organic materials

Applicable Compliance Method:

Daily records shall be maintained of the total organic materials content of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, the daily usage of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, and the calculated average hourly total organic material emission rate for all resin batches and cleanup materals employed based upon a mass balance approach. Formulation data shall be used to determine the total organic material content of each resin batch and cleanup material.

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by emission tests performed in accordance with the procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 4 and Method 18, 25 or 25A, as appropriate.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.b Emission Limitation:

40.0 lbs/day total organic materials

Applicable Compliance Method:

Daily records shall be maintained of the total organic materials content of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, the daily usage of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, and the calculated average daily total organic material emission rate for all resin batches and cleanup materals employed based upon a mass balance approach. Formulation data shall be used to determine the total organic material content of each resin batch and cleanup material.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.c Emission Limitation:

0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by emission tests performed in accordance with the procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 5.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.d Emission Limitation:

Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1))

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.e Emission Limitation:

Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3))

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

B. State Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

Part III - Terms and Conditions for Emissions Units

Emissions Unit ID: Production Line 11 (P911)

Activity Description: Pultrusion Process Production Unit

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
Pultrusion process production unit Z011	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) (PTI 16-980)	8.0 lbs/hr total organic materials* 40.0 lbs/day total organic materials* 0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions *as defined under OAC rule 3745-21-01 -- also includes cleanup emissions The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rules 3745-17-07(A), 3745-17-07(B), and 3745-17-08(B), and 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)	Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(B)	Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.
	OAC rule 3745-17-08(B)	See section A.I.2.a below.
	OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)	See section A.I.2.b below.
	OAC rule 3745-21-07(G)	See section A.I.2.b below.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW	Reduce total HAP emissions by at least 60 weight percent. The Subpart WWWW requirements are included in Part II, sections A.6 through A.43. The compliance date for this rule is April 21, 2006.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a The permittee shall operate and maintain hoods, fans, and other equipment to adequately enclose, contain, capture, vent, and control emissions so as to minimize or eliminate visible particulate emissions at the point(s) of capture to the extent possible with good engineering design.

2.b The emission limitation(s) or control requirement(s) specified by this rule is(are) equivalent to or less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).

II. Operational Restrictions

1. The pressure drop across the baghouse shall be maintained within the range of 2 to 5 inches of water while the emissions unit is in operation; except for the 5 to 7 minutes per hour that each cyclone is in its blow-back mode for the purpose of filter decaking. During this mode, venting of particulates to the outside of the equipment, or the facility, shall not occur.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall properly operate and maintain equipment to continuously monitor the pressure drop across the baghouse while the emissions unit is in operation. The monitoring equipment shall be calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s). The permittee shall record the pressure drop across the baghouse on a daily basis; but not during the periods of the blow-back operation.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements (continued)

2. The permittee shall record the following information on a daily basis for the line:

a. identification and quantity (pounds) of each resin batch received for processing;

b. styrene content (% by weight) of each batch;

c. styrene emissions from each batch, i.e., (% stryene) x (batch weight) x (0.04, AP-42 emission factor);

d. identification and net usage (pounds emissions) of each wiping solvent and organic material cleaning liquid employed (net usage shall be the difference between quantities employed and any returned for disposal/recycling, including solids);

e. production hours; and

f. daily (pounds) and average hourly emissions (pounds/hour) resulting from resin batch processing, and cleanup materials for the following pollutants:

i. organic material;
ii. volatile organic compounds; and
iii. styrene.

These calculations shall be based upon a mass balance approach.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly pressure drop deviation (excursion) reports that identify all periods of time during which the pressure drop across the baghouse did not comply with the allowable range specified above.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include the following information:

a. an identification of each day during which the average hourly organic material emissions exceeded 8.0 pounds per hour, and the actual average hourly organic material emissions for each such day; and

b. an identification of each day during which the organic material emissions exceeded 40.0 pounds per day, and the actual organic material emissions for each such day.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

3. The deviation (excursion) reports shall be submitted in accordance with the requirements specified in Part I - General Term and Condition A.1.c.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in section A.I.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.a Emission Limitation:

8.0 lbs/hr total organic materials

Applicable Compliance Method:

Daily records shall be maintained of the total organic materials content of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, the daily usage of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, and the calculated average hourly total organic material emission rate for all resin batches and cleanup materals employed based upon a mass balance approach. Formulation data shall be used to determine the total organic material content of each resin batch and cleanup material.

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by emission tests performed in accordance with the procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 4 and Method 18, 25 or 25A, as appropriate.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.b Emission Limitation:

40.0 lbs/day total organic materials

Applicable Compliance Method:

Daily records shall be maintained of the total organic materials content of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, the daily usage of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, and the calculated average daily total organic material emission rate for all resin batches and cleanup materals employed based upon a mass balance approach. Formulation data shall be used to determine the total organic material content of each resin batch and cleanup material.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.c Emission Limitation:

0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by emission tests performed in accordance with the procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 5.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.d Emission Limitation:

Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1))

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.e Emission Limitation:

Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3))

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

B. State Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

Part III - Terms and Conditions for Emissions Units

Emissions Unit ID: Production Line 12 (P912)

Activity Description: Pultrusion Process Production Unit

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
Pultrusion process production unit Z012	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) (PTI 16-980)	8.0 lbs/hr total organic materials* 40.0 lbs/day total organic materials* 0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions *as defined under OAC rule 3745-21-01 -- also includes cleanup emissions The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rules 3745-17-07(A), 3745-17-07(B), and 3745-17-08(B), and 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)	Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(B)	Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.
	OAC rule 3745-17-08(B)	See section A.I.2.a below.
	OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)	See section A.I.2.b below.
	OAC rule 3745-21-07(G)	See section A.I.2.b below.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW	Reduce total HAP emissions by at least 60 weight percent. The Subpart WWWW requirements are included in Part II, sections A.6 through A.43. The compliance date for this rule is April 21, 2006.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a The permittee shall operate and maintain hoods, fans, and other equipment to adequately enclose, contain, capture, vent, and control emissions so as to minimize or eliminate visible particulate emissions at the point(s) of capture to the extent possible with good engineering design.

2.b The emission limitation(s) or control requirement(s) specified by this rule is(are) equivalent to or less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).

II. Operational Restrictions

1. The pressure drop across the baghouse shall be maintained within the range of 2 to 5 inches of water while the emissions unit is in operation; except for the 5 to 7 minutes per hour that each cyclone is in its blow-back mode for the purpose of filter decaking. During this mode, venting of particulates to the outside of the equipment, or the facility, shall not occur.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall properly operate and maintain equipment to continuously monitor the pressure drop across the baghouse while the emissions unit is in operation. The monitoring equipment shall be calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s). The permittee shall record the pressure drop across the baghouse on a daily basis; but not during the periods of the blow-back operation.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements (continued)

2. The permittee shall record the following information on a daily basis for the line:

a. identification and quantity (pounds) of each resin batch received for processing;

b. styrene content (% by weight) of each batch;

c. styrene emissions from each batch, i.e., (% stryene) x (batch weight) x (0.04, AP-42 emission factor);

d. identification and net usage (pounds emissions) of each wiping solvent and organic material cleaning liquid employed (net usage shall be the difference between quantities employed and any returned for disposal/recycling, including solids);

e. production hours; and

f. daily (pounds) and average hourly emissions (pounds/hour) resulting from resin batch processing, and cleanup materials for the following pollutants:

i. organic material;
ii. volatile organic compounds; and
iii. styrene.

These calculations shall be based upon a mass balance approach.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly pressure drop deviation (excursion) reports that identify all periods of time during which the pressure drop across the baghouse did not comply with the allowable range specified above.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include the following information:

a. an identification of each day during which the average hourly organic material emissions exceeded 8.0 pounds per hour, and the actual average hourly organic material emissions for each such day; and

b. an identification of each day during which the organic material emissions exceeded 40.0 pounds per day, and the actual organic material emissions for each such day.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

3. The deviation (excursion) reports shall be submitted in accordance with the requirements specified in Part I - General Term and Condition A.1.c.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in section A.I.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.a Emission Limitation:

8.0 lbs/hr total organic materials

Applicable Compliance Method:

Daily records shall be maintained of the total organic materials content of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, the daily usage of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, and the calculated average hourly total organic material emission rate for all resin batches and cleanup materals employed based upon a mass balance approach. Formulation data shall be used to determine the total organic material content of each resin batch and cleanup material.

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by emission tests performed in accordance with the procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 4 and Method 18, 25 or 25A, as appropriate.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.b Emission Limitation:

40.0 lbs/day total organic materials

Applicable Compliance Method:

Daily records shall be maintained of the total organic materials content of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, the daily usage of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, and the calculated average daily total organic material emission rate for all resin batches and cleanup materals employed based upon a mass balance approach. Formulation data shall be used to determine the total organic material content of each resin batch and cleanup material.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.c Emission Limitation:

0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by emission tests performed in accordance with the procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 5.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.d Emission Limitation:

Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1))

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.e Emission Limitation:

Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3))

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

B. State Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

Part III - Terms and Conditions for Emissions Units

Emissions Unit ID: Production Line 13 (P913)

Activity Description: Pultrusion Process Production Unit

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
Pultrusion process production unit Z013	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) (PTI 16-980)	8.0 lbs/hr total organic materials* 40.0 lbs/day total organic materials* 0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions *as defined under OAC rule 3745-21-01 -- also includes cleanup emissions The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rules 3745-17-07(A), 3745-17-07(B), and 3745-17-08(B), and 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)	Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(B)	Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.
	OAC rule 3745-17-08(B)	See section A.I.2.a below.
	OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)	See section A.I.2.b below.
	OAC rule 3745-21-07(G)	See section A.I.2.b below.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW	Reduce total HAP emissions by at least 60 weight percent. The Subpart WWWW requirements are included in Part II, sections A.6 through A.43. The compliance date for this rule is April 21, 2006.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a The permittee shall operate and maintain hoods, fans, and other equipment to adequately enclose, contain, capture, vent, and control emissions so as to minimize or eliminate visible particulate emissions at the point(s) of capture to the extent possible with good engineering design.

2.b The emission limitation(s) or control requirement(s) specified by this rule is(are) equivalent to or less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).

II. Operational Restrictions

1. The pressure drop across the baghouse shall be maintained within the range of 2 to 5 inches of water while the emissions unit is in operation; except for the 5 to 7 minutes per hour that each cyclone is in its blow-back mode for the purpose of filter decaking. During this mode, venting of particulates to the outside of the equipment, or the facility, shall not occur.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall properly operate and maintain equipment to continuously monitor the pressure drop across the baghouse while the emissions unit is in operation. The monitoring equipment shall be calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s). The permittee shall record the pressure drop across the baghouse on a daily basis; but not during the periods of the blow-back operation.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements (continued)

2. The permittee shall record the following information on a daily basis for the line:

a. identification and quantity (pounds) of each resin batch received for processing;

b. styrene content (% by weight) of each batch;

c. styrene emissions from each batch, i.e., (% stryene) x (batch weight) x (0.04, AP-42 emission factor);

d. identification and net usage (pounds emissions) of each wiping solvent and organic material cleaning liquid employed (net usage shall be the difference between quantities employed and any returned for disposal/recycling, including solids);

e. production hours; and

f. daily (pounds) and average hourly emissions (pounds/hour) resulting from resin batch processing, and cleanup materials for the following pollutants:

i. organic material;
ii. volatile organic compounds; and
iii. styrene.

These calculations shall be based upon a mass balance approach.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly pressure drop deviation (excursion) reports that identify all periods of time during which the pressure drop across the baghouse did not comply with the allowable range specified above.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include the following information:

a. an identification of each day during which the average hourly organic material emissions exceeded 8.0 pounds per hour, and the actual average hourly organic material emissions for each such day; and

b. an identification of each day during which the organic material emissions exceeded 40.0 pounds per day, and the actual organic material emissions for each such day.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

3. The deviation (excursion) reports shall be submitted in accordance with the requirements specified in Part I - General Term and Condition A.1.c.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in section A.I.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.a Emission Limitation:

8.0 lbs/hr total organic materials

Applicable Compliance Method:

Daily records shall be maintained of the total organic materials content of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, the daily usage of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, and the calculated average hourly total organic material emission rate for all resin batches and cleanup materals employed based upon a mass balance approach. Formulation data shall be used to determine the total organic material content of each resin batch and cleanup material.

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by emission tests performed in accordance with the procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 4 and Method 18, 25 or 25A, as appropriate.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.b Emission Limitation:

40.0 lbs/day total organic materials

Applicable Compliance Method:

Daily records shall be maintained of the total organic materials content of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, the daily usage of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, and the calculated average daily total organic material emission rate for all resin batches and cleanup materals employed based upon a mass balance approach. Formulation data shall be used to determine the total organic material content of each resin batch and cleanup material.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.c Emission Limitation:

0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by emission tests performed in accordance with the procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 5.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.d Emission Limitation:

Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1))

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.e Emission Limitation:

Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3))

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

B. State Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

Part III - Terms and Conditions for Emissions Units

Emissions Unit ID: Production Line 14 (P914)

Activity Description: Pultrusion Process Production Unit

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
Pultrusion process production unit Z014	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) (PTI 16-980)	8.0 lbs/hr total organic materials* 40.0 lbs/day total organic materials* 0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions *as defined under OAC rule 3745-21-01 -- also includes cleanup emissions The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rules 3745-17-07(A), 3745-17-07(B), and 3745-17-08(B), and 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)	Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(B)	Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.
	OAC rule 3745-17-08(B)	See section A.I.2.a below.
	OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)	See section A.I.2.b below.
	OAC rule 3745-21-07(G)	See section A.I.2.b below.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW	Reduce total HAP emissions by at least 60 weight percent. The Subpart WWWW requirements are included in Part II, sections A.6 through A.43. The compliance date for this rule is April 21, 2006.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a The permittee shall operate and maintain hoods, fans, and other equipment to adequately enclose, contain, capture, vent, and control emissions so as to minimize or eliminate visible particulate emissions at the point(s) of capture to the extent possible with good engineering design.

2.b The emission limitation(s) or control requirement(s) specified by this rule is(are) equivalent to or less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).

II. Operational Restrictions

1. The pressure drop across the baghouse shall be maintained within the range of 2 to 5 inches of water while the emissions unit is in operation; except for the 5 to 7 minutes per hour that each cyclone is in its blow-back mode for the purpose of filter decaking. During this mode, venting of particulates to the outside of the equipment, or the facility, shall not occur.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall properly operate and maintain equipment to continuously monitor the pressure drop across the baghouse while the emissions unit is in operation. The monitoring equipment shall be calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s). The permittee shall record the pressure drop across the baghouse on a daily basis; but not during the periods of the blow-back operation.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements (continued)

2. The permittee shall record the following information on a daily basis for the line:

a. identification and quantity (pounds) of each resin batch received for processing;

b. styrene content (% by weight) of each batch;

c. styrene emissions from each batch, i.e., (% stryene) x (batch weight) x (0.04, AP-42 emission factor);

d. identification and net usage (pounds emissions) of each wiping solvent and organic material cleaning liquid employed (net usage shall be the difference between quantities employed and any returned for disposal/recycling, including solids);

e. production hours; and

f. daily (pounds) and average hourly emissions (pounds/hour) resulting from resin batch processing, and cleanup materials for the following pollutants:

i. organic material;
ii. volatile organic compounds; and
iii. styrene.

These calculations shall be based upon a mass balance approach.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly pressure drop deviation (excursion) reports that identify all periods of time during which the pressure drop across the baghouse did not comply with the allowable range specified above.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include the following information:

a. an identification of each day during which the average hourly organic material emissions exceeded 8.0 pounds per hour, and the actual average hourly organic material emissions for each such day; and

b. an identification of each day during which the organic material emissions exceeded 40.0 pounds per day, and the actual organic material emissions for each such day.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

3. The deviation (excursion) reports shall be submitted in accordance with the requirements specified in Part I - General Term and Condition A.1.c.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in section A.I.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.a Emission Limitation:

8.0 lbs/hr total organic materials

Applicable Compliance Method:

Daily records shall be maintained of the total organic materials content of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, the daily usage of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, and the calculated average hourly total organic material emission rate for all resin batches and cleanup materals employed based upon a mass balance approach. Formulation data shall be used to determine the total organic material content of each resin batch and cleanup material.

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by emission tests performed in accordance with the procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 4 and Method 18, 25 or 25A, as appropriate.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.b Emission Limitation:

40.0 lbs/day total organic materials

Applicable Compliance Method:

Daily records shall be maintained of the total organic materials content of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, the daily usage of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, and the calculated average daily total organic material emission rate for all resin batches and cleanup materals employed based upon a mass balance approach. Formulation data shall be used to determine the total organic material content of each resin batch and cleanup material.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.c Emission Limitation:

0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by emission tests performed in accordance with the procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 5.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.d Emission Limitation:

Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1))

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.e Emission Limitation:

Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3))

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

B. State Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

Part III - Terms and Conditions for Emissions Units

Emissions Unit ID: Production Line 15 (P915)

Activity Description: Pultrusion Process Production Unit

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
Pultrusion process production unit Z015	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) (PTI 16-980)	8.0 lbs/hr total organic materials* 40.0 lbs/day total organic materials* 0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions *as defined under OAC rule 3745-21-01 -- also includes cleanup emissions The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rules 3745-17-07(A), 3745-17-07(B), and 3745-17-08(B), and 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)	Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(B)	Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.
	OAC rule 3745-17-08(B)	See section A.I.2.a below.
	OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)	See section A.I.2.b below.
	OAC rule 3745-21-07(G)	See section A.I.2.b below.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW	Reduce total HAP emissions by at least 60 weight percent. The Subpart WWWW requirements are included in Part II, sections A.6 through A.43. The compliance date for this rule is April 21, 2006.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a The permittee shall operate and maintain hoods, fans, and other equipment to adequately enclose, contain, capture, vent, and control emissions so as to minimize or eliminate visible particulate emissions at the point(s) of capture to the extent possible with good engineering design.

2.b The emission limitation(s) or control requirement(s) specified by this rule is(are) equivalent to or less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).

II. Operational Restrictions

1. The pressure drop across the baghouse shall be maintained within the range of 2 to 5 inches of water while the emissions unit is in operation; except for the 5 to 7 minutes per hour that each cyclone is in its blow-back mode for the purpose of filter decaking. During this mode, venting of particulates to the outside of the equipment, or the facility, shall not occur.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall properly operate and maintain equipment to continuously monitor the pressure drop across the baghouse while the emissions unit is in operation. The monitoring equipment shall be calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s). The permittee shall record the pressure drop across the baghouse on a daily basis; but not during the periods of the blow-back operation.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements (continued)

2. The permittee shall record the following information on a daily basis for the line:

a. identification and quantity (pounds) of each resin batch received for processing;

b. styrene content (% by weight) of each batch;

c. styrene emissions from each batch, i.e., (% stryene) x (batch weight) x (0.04, AP-42 emission factor);

d. identification and net usage (pounds emissions) of each wiping solvent and organic material cleaning liquid employed (net usage shall be the difference between quantities employed and any returned for disposal/recycling, including solids);

e. production hours; and

f. daily (pounds) and average hourly emissions (pounds/hour) resulting from resin batch processing, and cleanup materials for the following pollutants:

i. organic material;
ii. volatile organic compounds; and
iii. styrene.

These calculations shall be based upon a mass balance approach.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly pressure drop deviation (excursion) reports that identify all periods of time during which the pressure drop across the baghouse did not comply with the allowable range specified above.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include the following information:

a. an identification of each day during which the average hourly organic material emissions exceeded 8.0 pounds per hour, and the actual average hourly organic material emissions for each such day; and

b. an identification of each day during which the organic material emissions exceeded 40.0 pounds per day, and the actual organic material emissions for each such day.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

3. The deviation (excursion) reports shall be submitted in accordance with the requirements specified in Part I - General Term and Condition A.1.c.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in section A.I.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.a Emission Limitation:

8.0 lbs/hr total organic materials

Applicable Compliance Method:

Daily records shall be maintained of the total organic materials content of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, the daily usage of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, and the calculated average hourly total organic material emission rate for all resin batches and cleanup materals employed based upon a mass balance approach. Formulation data shall be used to determine the total organic material content of each resin batch and cleanup material.

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by emission tests performed in accordance with the procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 4 and Method 18, 25 or 25A, as appropriate.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.b Emission Limitation:

40.0 lbs/day total organic materials

Applicable Compliance Method:

Daily records shall be maintained of the total organic materials content of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, the daily usage of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, and the calculated average daily total organic material emission rate for all resin batches and cleanup materals employed based upon a mass balance approach. Formulation data shall be used to determine the total organic material content of each resin batch and cleanup material.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.c Emission Limitation:

0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by emission tests performed in accordance with the procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 5.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.d Emission Limitation:

Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1))

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.e Emission Limitation:

Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3))

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

B. State Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

Part III - Terms and Conditions for Emissions Units

Emissions Unit ID: T-wood Robotics (P917)

Activity Description: Two Large Fabrication Machines

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
Thermwood fabrication machines (2), Z030	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) (PTI 16-980)	20.0 lbs/day total organic materials* 0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions See section A.I.2.a below. *as defined under OAC rule 3745-21-01 -- also includes cleanup emissions The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rules 3745-17-07(A), 3745-17-07(B), and 3745-17-08(B), and 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)	Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(B)	Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.
	OAC rule 3745-17-08(B)	See section A.I.2.b below.
	OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)	See section A.I.2.c below.
	OAC rule 3745-21-07(G)	See section A.I.2.c below.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW	Reduce total HAP emissions by at least 60 weight percent. The Subpart WWWW requirements are included in Part II, sections A.6 through A.43. The compliance date for this rule is April 21, 2006.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a The permittee shall not employ any photochemically reactive materials, as defined in OAC rule 3745-21-01(C)(5), in this emissions unit.

2.b The permittee shall operate and maintain hoods, fans, and other equipment to adequately enclose, contain, capture, vent, and control emissions so as to minimize or eliminate visible particulate emissions at the point(s) of capture to the extent possible with good engineering design.

2.c The emission limitation(s) or control requirement(s) specified by this rule is(are) equivalent to or less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).

II. Operational Restrictions

1. The pressure drop across the baghouse shall be maintained within the range of 2 to 5 inches of water while the emissions unit is in operation; except for the 5 to 7 minutes per hour that each cyclone is in its blow-back mode for the purpose of filter decaking. During this mode, venting of particulates to the outside of the equipment, or the facility, shall not occur.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall properly operate and maintain equipment to continuously monitor the pressure drop across the baghouse while the emissions unit is in operation. The monitoring equipment shall be calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s). The permittee shall record the pressure drop across the baghouse on a daily basis; but not during the periods of the blow-back operation.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

2. The permittee shall record the following information on a daily basis for the line:

a. identification and net usage (pounds emissions) of each wiping solvent and organic material cleaning liquid employed (net usage shall be the difference between quantities employed and any returned for disposal/recycling, including solids);

b. production hours; and

c. daily (pounds) and average hourly emissions (pounds/hour) resulting from wiping solvents and organic material cleaning liquids for the following pollutants:

i. organic material; and
ii. volatile organic compounds.

These calculations shall be based upon a mass balance approach.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly pressure drop deviation (excursion) reports that identify all periods of time during which the pressure drop across the baghouse did not comply with the allowable range specified above.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each day during which the organic material emissions exceeded 20.0 pounds per day, and the actual organic material emissions for each such day.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

3. The deviation (excursion) reports shall be submitted in accordance with the requirements specified in Part I - General Term and Condition A.1.c.ii.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in section A.I.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

1.a Emission Limitation:

20.0 lbs/day total organic materials

Applicable Compliance Method:

Daily records shall be maintained of the total organic materials content of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, the daily usage of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, and the calculated average daily total organic material emission rate for all resin batches and cleanup materals employed based upon a mass balance approach. Formulation data shall be used to determine the total organic material content of each resin batch and cleanup material.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.b Emission Limitation:

0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by emission tests performed in accordance with the procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 5.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.c Emission Limitation:

Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1))

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.d Emission Limitation:

Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3))

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

B. State Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

Part III - Terms and Conditions for Emissions Units

Emissions Unit ID: Sill Robotics (P918)

Activity Description: One Large Fabricaion Machines

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
Still fabrication machines, Z031	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) (PTI 16-980)	20.0 lbs/day total organic materials* 0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions See section A.I.2.a below. *as defined under OAC rule 3745-21-01 -- also includes cleanup emissions The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rules 3745-17-07(A), 3745-17-07(B), and 3745-17-08(B), and 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)	Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(B)	Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.
	OAC rule 3745-17-08(B)	See section A.I.2.b below.
	OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)	See section A.I.2.c below.
	OAC rule 3745-21-07(G)	See section A.I.2.c below.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW	Reduce total HAP emissions by at least 60 weight percent. The Subpart WWWW requirements are included in Part II, sections A.6 through A.43. The compliance date for this rule is April 21, 2006.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a The permittee shall not employ any photochemically reactive materials, as defined in OAC rule 3745-21-01(C)(5), in this emissions unit.

2.b The permittee shall operate and maintain hoods, fans, and other equipment to adequately enclose, contain, capture, vent, and control emissions so as to minimize or eliminate visible particulate emissions at the point(s) of capture to the extent possible with good engineering design.

2.c The emission limitation(s) or control requirement(s) specified by this rule is(are) equivalent to or less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).

II. Operational Restrictions

1. The pressure drop across the baghouse shall be maintained within the range of 2 to 5 inches of water while the emissions unit is in operation; except for the 5 to 7 minutes per hour that each cyclone is in its blow-back mode for the purpose of filter decaking. During this mode, venting of particulates to the outside of the equipment, or the facility, shall not occur.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall properly operate and maintain equipment to continuously monitor the pressure drop across the baghouse while the emissions unit is in operation. The monitoring equipment shall be calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s). The permittee shall record the pressure drop across the baghouse on a daily basis; but not during the periods of the blow-back operation.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

2. The permittee shall record the following information on a daily basis for the line:

a. identification and net usage (pounds emissions) of each wiping solvent and organic material cleaning liquid employed (net usage shall be the difference between quantities employed and any returned for disposal/recycling, including solids);

b. production hours; and

c. daily (pounds) and average hourly emissions (pounds/hour) resulting from wiping solvents and organic material cleaning liquids for the following pollutants:

i. organic material; and
ii. volatile organic compounds.

These calculations shall be based upon a mass balance approach.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly pressure drop deviation (excursion) reports that identify all periods of time during which the pressure drop across the baghouse did not comply with the allowable range specified above.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each day during which the organic material emissions exceeded 20.0 pounds per day, and the actual organic material emissions for each such day.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

3. The deviation (excursion) reports shall be submitted in accordance with the requirements specified in Part I - General Term and Condition A.1.c.ii.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in section A.I.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

1.a Emission Limitation:

20.0 lbs/day total organic materials

Applicable Compliance Method:

Daily records shall be maintained of the total organic materials content of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, the daily usage of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, and the calculated average daily total organic material emission rate for all resin batches and cleanup materals employed based upon a mass balance approach. Formulation data shall be used to determine the total organic material content of each resin batch and cleanup material.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.b Emission Limitation:

0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by emission tests performed in accordance with the procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 5.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.c Emission Limitation:

Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1))

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.d Emission Limitation:

Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3))

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

B. State Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

Part III - Terms and Conditions for Emissions Units

Emissions Unit ID: General Fab. Machs. (P919)

Activity Description: A Number of General Fabrication Machines - manual and automatic

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
Fabrication machines, Z032	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) (PTI 16-980)	20.0 lbs/day total organic materials* 0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions See section A.I.2.a below. *as defined under OAC rule 3745-21-01 -- also includes cleanup emissions The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rules 3745-17-07(A), 3745-17-07(B), and 3745-17-08(B), and 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)	Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(B)	Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.
	OAC rule 3745-17-08(B)	See section A.I.2.b below.
	OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)	See section A.I.2.c below.
	OAC rule 3745-21-07(G)	See section A.I.2.c below.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW	Reduce total HAP emissions by at least 60 weight percent. The Subpart WWWW requirements are included in Part II, sections A.6 through A.43. The compliance date for this rule is April 21, 2006.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a The permittee shall not employ any photochemically reactive materials, as defined in OAC rule 3745-21-01(C)(5), in this emissions unit.

2.b The permittee shall operate and maintain hoods, fans, and other equipment to adequately enclose, contain, capture, vent, and control emissions so as to minimize or eliminate visible particulate emissions at the point(s) of capture to the extent possible with good engineering design.

2.c The emission limitation(s) or control requirement(s) specified by this rule is(are) equivalent to or less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).

II. Operational Restrictions

1. The pressure drop across the baghouse shall be maintained within the range of 2 to 5 inches of water while the emissions unit is in operation; except for the 5 to 7 minutes per hour that each cyclone is in its blow-back mode for the purpose of filter decaking. During this mode, venting of particulates to the outside of the equipment, or the facility, shall not occur.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall properly operate and maintain equipment to continuously monitor the pressure drop across the baghouse while the emissions unit is in operation. The monitoring equipment shall be calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s). The permittee shall record the pressure drop across the baghouse on a daily basis; but not during the periods of the blow-back operation.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

2. The permittee shall record the following information on a daily basis for the line:

a. identification and net usage (pounds emissions) of each wiping solvent and organic material cleaning liquid employed (net usage shall be the difference between quantities employed and any returned for disposal/recycling, including solids);

b. production hours; and

c. daily (pounds) and average hourly emissions (pounds/hour) resulting from wiping solvents and organic material cleaning liquids for the following pollutants:

i. organic material; and
ii. volatile organic compounds.

These calculations shall be based upon a mass balance approach.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly pressure drop deviation (excursion) reports that identify all periods of time during which the pressure drop across the baghouse did not comply with the allowable range specified above.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include an identification of each day during which the organic material emissions exceeded 20.0 pounds per day, and the actual organic material emissions for each such day.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

3. The deviation (excursion) reports shall be submitted in accordance with the requirements specified in Part I - General Term and Condition A.1.c.ii.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in section A.I.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

1.a Emission Limitation:

20.0 lbs/day total organic materials

Applicable Compliance Method:

Daily records shall be maintained of the total organic materials content of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, the daily usage of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, and the calculated average daily total organic material emission rate for all resin batches and cleanup materals employed based upon a mass balance approach. Formulation data shall be used to determine the total organic material content of each resin batch and cleanup material.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.b Emission Limitation:

0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by emission tests performed in accordance with the procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 5.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.c Emission Limitation:

Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1))

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.d Emission Limitation:

Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3))

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

B. State Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

Part III - Terms and Conditions for Emissions Units

Emissions Unit ID: Production Line 16 (P922)

Activity Description: Pultrusion Process Production Unit

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
Pultrusion process production unit Z016	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) (PTI 16-980)	8.0 lbs/hr total organic materials* 40.0 lbs/day total organic materials* 0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions *as defined under OAC rule 3745-21-01 -- also includes cleanup emissions The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rules 3745-17-07(A), 3745-17-07(B), and 3745-17-08(B), and 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)	Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(B)	Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.
	OAC rule 3745-17-08(B)	See section A.I.2.a below.
	OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)	See section A.I.2.b below.
	OAC rule 3745-21-07(G)	See section A.I.2.b below.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW	Reduce total HAP emissions by at least 60 weight percent. The Subpart WWWW requirements are included in Part II, sections A.6 through A.43. The compliance date for this rule is April 21, 2006.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a The permittee shall operate and maintain hoods, fans, and other equipment to adequately enclose, contain, capture, vent, and control emissions so as to minimize or eliminate visible particulate emissions at the point(s) of capture to the extent possible with good engineering design.

2.b The emission limitation(s) or control requirement(s) specified by this rule is(are) equivalent to or less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).

II. Operational Restrictions

1. The pressure drop across the baghouse shall be maintained within the range of 2 to 5 inches of water while the emissions unit is in operation; except for the 5 to 7 minutes per hour that each cyclone is in its blow-back mode for the purpose of filter decaking. During this mode, venting of particulates to the outside of the equipment, or the facility, shall not occur.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall properly operate and maintain equipment to continuously monitor the pressure drop across the baghouse while the emissions unit is in operation. The monitoring equipment shall be calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s). The permittee shall record the pressure drop across the baghouse on a daily basis; but not during the periods of the blow-back operation.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements (continued)

2. The permittee shall record the following information on a daily basis for the line:

a. identification and quantity (pounds) of each resin batch received for processing;

b. styrene content (% by weight) of each batch;

c. styrene emissions from each batch, i.e., (% stryene) x (batch weight) x (0.04, AP-42 emission factor);

d. identification and net usage (pounds emissions) of each wiping solvent and organic material cleaning liquid employed (net usage shall be the difference between quantities employed and any returned for disposal/recycling, including solids);

e. production hours; and

f. daily (pounds) and average hourly emissions (pounds/hour) resulting from resin batch processing, and cleanup materials for the following pollutants:

i. organic material;
ii. volatile organic compounds; and
iii. styrene.

These calculations shall be based upon a mass balance approach.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly pressure drop deviation (excursion) reports that identify all periods of time during which the pressure drop across the baghouse did not comply with the allowable range specified above.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include the following information:

a. an identification of each day during which the average hourly organic material emissions exceeded 8.0 pounds per hour, and the actual average hourly organic material emissions for each such day; and

b. an identification of each day during which the organic material emissions exceeded 40.0 pounds per day, and the actual organic material emissions for each such day.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

3. The deviation (excursion) reports shall be submitted in accordance with the requirements specified in Part I - General Term and Condition A.1.c.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in section A.I.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.a Emission Limitation:

8.0 lbs/hr total organic materials

Applicable Compliance Method:

Daily records shall be maintained of the total organic materials content of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, the daily usage of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, and the calculated average hourly total organic material emission rate for all resin batches and cleanup materals employed based upon a mass balance approach. Formulation data shall be used to determine the total organic material content of each resin batch and cleanup material.

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by emission tests performed in accordance with the procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 4 and Method 18, 25 or 25A, as appropriate.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.b Emission Limitation:

40.0 lbs/day total organic materials

Applicable Compliance Method:

Daily records shall be maintained of the total organic materials content of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, the daily usage of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, and the calculated average daily total organic material emission rate for all resin batches and cleanup materals employed based upon a mass balance approach. Formulation data shall be used to determine the total organic material content of each resin batch and cleanup material.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.c Emission Limitation:

0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by emission tests performed in accordance with the procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 5.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.d Emission Limitation:

Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1))

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.e Emission Limitation:

Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3))

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

B. State Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

Part III - Terms and Conditions for Emissions Units

Emissions Unit ID: Production Line 17 (P923)

Activity Description: Pultrusion Process Production Unit

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
Pultrusion process production unit Z017	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) (PTI 16-980)	8.0 lbs/hr total organic materials* 40.0 lbs/day total organic materials* 0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions *as defined under OAC rule 3745-21-01 -- also includes cleanup emissions The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rules 3745-17-07(A), 3745-17-07(B), and 3745-17-08(B), and 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)	Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(B)	Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.
	OAC rule 3745-17-08(B)	See section A.I.2.a below.
	OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)	See section A.I.2.b below.
	OAC rule 3745-21-07(G)	See section A.I.2.b below.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW	Reduce total HAP emissions by at least 60 weight percent. The Subpart WWWW requirements are included in Part II, sections A.6 through A.43. The compliance date for this rule is April 21, 2006.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a The permittee shall operate and maintain hoods, fans, and other equipment to adequately enclose, contain, capture, vent, and control emissions so as to minimize or eliminate visible particulate emissions at the point(s) of capture to the extent possible with good engineering design.

2.b The emission limitation(s) or control requirement(s) specified by this rule is(are) equivalent to or less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).

II. Operational Restrictions

1. The pressure drop across the baghouse shall be maintained within the range of 2 to 5 inches of water while the emissions unit is in operation; except for the 5 to 7 minutes per hour that each cyclone is in its blow-back mode for the purpose of filter decaking. During this mode, venting of particulates to the outside of the equipment, or the facility, shall not occur.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall properly operate and maintain equipment to continuously monitor the pressure drop across the baghouse while the emissions unit is in operation. The monitoring equipment shall be calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s). The permittee shall record the pressure drop across the baghouse on a daily basis; but not during the periods of the blow-back operation.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements (continued)

2. The permittee shall record the following information on a daily basis for the line:

a. identification and quantity (pounds) of each resin batch received for processing;

b. styrene content (% by weight) of each batch;

c. styrene emissions from each batch, i.e., (% stryene) x (batch weight) x (0.04, AP-42 emission factor);

d. identification and net usage (pounds emissions) of each wiping solvent and organic material cleaning liquid employed (net usage shall be the difference between quantities employed and any returned for disposal/recycling, including solids);

e. production hours; and

f. daily (pounds) and average hourly emissions (pounds/hour) resulting from resin batch processing, and cleanup materials for the following pollutants:

i. organic material;
ii. volatile organic compounds; and
iii. styrene.

These calculations shall be based upon a mass balance approach.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly pressure drop deviation (excursion) reports that identify all periods of time during which the pressure drop across the baghouse did not comply with the allowable range specified above.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include the following information:

a. an identification of each day during which the average hourly organic material emissions exceeded 8.0 pounds per hour, and the actual average hourly organic material emissions for each such day; and

b. an identification of each day during which the organic material emissions exceeded 40.0 pounds per day, and the actual organic material emissions for each such day.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

3. The deviation (excursion) reports shall be submitted in accordance with the requirements specified in Part I - General Term and Condition A.1.c.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in section A.I.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.a Emission Limitation:

8.0 lbs/hr total organic materials

Applicable Compliance Method:

Daily records shall be maintained of the total organic materials content of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, the daily usage of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, and the calculated average hourly total organic material emission rate for all resin batches and cleanup materals employed based upon a mass balance approach. Formulation data shall be used to determine the total organic material content of each resin batch and cleanup material.

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by emission tests performed in accordance with the procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 4 and Method 18, 25 or 25A, as appropriate.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.b Emission Limitation:

40.0 lbs/day total organic materials

Applicable Compliance Method:

Daily records shall be maintained of the total organic materials content of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, the daily usage of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, and the calculated average daily total organic material emission rate for all resin batches and cleanup materals employed based upon a mass balance approach. Formulation data shall be used to determine the total organic material content of each resin batch and cleanup material.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.c Emission Limitation:

0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by emission tests performed in accordance with the procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 5.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.d Emission Limitation:

Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1))

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.e Emission Limitation:

Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3))

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

B. State Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

Part III - Terms and Conditions for Emissions Units

Emissions Unit ID: Production Line 18 (P924)

Activity Description: Pultrusion Process Production Unit

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
Pultrusion process production unit Z018	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) (PTI 16-980)	8.0 lbs/hr total organic materials* 40.0 lbs/day total organic materials* 0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions *as defined under OAC rule 3745-21-01 -- also includes cleanup emissions The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rules 3745-17-07(A), 3745-17-07(B), and 3745-17-08(B), and 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)	Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(B)	Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.
	OAC rule 3745-17-08(B)	See section A.I.2.a below.
	OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)	See section A.I.2.b below.
	OAC rule 3745-21-07(G)	See section A.I.2.b below.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW	Reduce total HAP emissions by at least 60 weight percent. The Subpart WWWW requirements are included in Part II, sections A.6 through A.43. The compliance date for this rule is April 21, 2006.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a The permittee shall operate and maintain hoods, fans, and other equipment to adequately enclose, contain, capture, vent, and control emissions so as to minimize or eliminate visible particulate emissions at the point(s) of capture to the extent possible with good engineering design.

2.b The emission limitation(s) or control requirement(s) specified by this rule is(are) equivalent to or less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).

II. Operational Restrictions

1. The pressure drop across the baghouse shall be maintained within the range of 2 to 5 inches of water while the emissions unit is in operation; except for the 5 to 7 minutes per hour that each cyclone is in its blow-back mode for the purpose of filter decaking. During this mode, venting of particulates to the outside of the equipment, or the facility, shall not occur.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall properly operate and maintain equipment to continuously monitor the pressure drop across the baghouse while the emissions unit is in operation. The monitoring equipment shall be calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s). The permittee shall record the pressure drop across the baghouse on a daily basis; but not during the periods of the blow-back operation.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements (continued)

2. The permittee shall record the following information on a daily basis for the line:

a. identification and quantity (pounds) of each resin batch received for processing;

b. styrene content (% by weight) of each batch;

c. styrene emissions from each batch, i.e., (% stryene) x (batch weight) x (0.04, AP-42 emission factor);

d. identification and net usage (pounds emissions) of each wiping solvent and organic material cleaning liquid employed (net usage shall be the difference between quantities employed and any returned for disposal/recycling, including solids);

e. production hours; and

f. daily (pounds) and average hourly emissions (pounds/hour) resulting from resin batch processing, and cleanup materials for the following pollutants:

i. organic material;
ii. volatile organic compounds; and
iii. styrene.

These calculations shall be based upon a mass balance approach.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly pressure drop deviation (excursion) reports that identify all periods of time during which the pressure drop across the baghouse did not comply with the allowable range specified above.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include the following information:

a. an identification of each day during which the average hourly organic material emissions exceeded 8.0 pounds per hour, and the actual average hourly organic material emissions for each such day; and

b. an identification of each day during which the organic material emissions exceeded 40.0 pounds per day, and the actual organic material emissions for each such day.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

3. The deviation (excursion) reports shall be submitted in accordance with the requirements specified in Part I - General Term and Condition A.1.c.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in section A.I.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.a Emission Limitation:

8.0 lbs/hr total organic materials

Applicable Compliance Method:

Daily records shall be maintained of the total organic materials content of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, the daily usage of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, and the calculated average hourly total organic material emission rate for all resin batches and cleanup materals employed based upon a mass balance approach. Formulation data shall be used to determine the total organic material content of each resin batch and cleanup material.

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by emission tests performed in accordance with the procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 4 and Method 18, 25 or 25A, as appropriate.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.b Emission Limitation:

40.0 lbs/day total organic materials

Applicable Compliance Method:

Daily records shall be maintained of the total organic materials content of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, the daily usage of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, and the calculated average daily total organic material emission rate for all resin batches and cleanup materals employed based upon a mass balance approach. Formulation data shall be used to determine the total organic material content of each resin batch and cleanup material.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.c Emission Limitation:

0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by emission tests performed in accordance with the procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 5.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.d Emission Limitation:

Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1))

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.e Emission Limitation:

Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3))

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

B. State Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

Part III - Terms and Conditions for Emissions Units

Emissions Unit ID: Production Line 19 (P925)

Activity Description: Pultrusion Process Production Unit

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
Pultrusion process production unit Z019	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) (PTI 16-980)	8.0 lbs/hr total organic materials* 40.0 lbs/day total organic materials* 0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions *as defined under OAC rule 3745-21-01 -- also includes cleanup emissions The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rules 3745-17-07(A), 3745-17-07(B), and 3745-17-08(B), and 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)	Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(B)	Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.
	OAC rule 3745-17-08(B)	See section A.I.2.a below.
	OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)	See section A.I.2.b below.
	OAC rule 3745-21-07(G)	See section A.I.2.b below.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW	Reduce total HAP emissions by at least 60 weight percent. The Subpart WWWW requirements are included in Part II, sections A.6 through A.43. The compliance date for this rule is April 21, 2006.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a The permittee shall operate and maintain hoods, fans, and other equipment to adequately enclose, contain, capture, vent, and control emissions so as to minimize or eliminate visible particulate emissions at the point(s) of capture to the extent possible with good engineering design.

2.b The emission limitation(s) or control requirement(s) specified by this rule is(are) equivalent to or less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).

II. Operational Restrictions

1. The pressure drop across the baghouse shall be maintained within the range of 2 to 5 inches of water while the emissions unit is in operation; except for the 5 to 7 minutes per hour that each cyclone is in its blow-back mode for the purpose of filter decaking. During this mode, venting of particulates to the outside of the equipment, or the facility, shall not occur.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall properly operate and maintain equipment to continuously monitor the pressure drop across the baghouse while the emissions unit is in operation. The monitoring equipment shall be calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s). The permittee shall record the pressure drop across the baghouse on a daily basis; but not during the periods of the blow-back operation.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements (continued)

2. The permittee shall record the following information on a daily basis for the line:

a. identification and quantity (pounds) of each resin batch received for processing;

b. styrene content (% by weight) of each batch;

c. styrene emissions from each batch, i.e., (% stryene) x (batch weight) x (0.04, AP-42 emission factor);

d. identification and net usage (pounds emissions) of each wiping solvent and organic material cleaning liquid employed (net usage shall be the difference between quantities employed and any returned for disposal/recycling, including solids);

e. production hours; and

f. daily (pounds) and average hourly emissions (pounds/hour) resulting from resin batch processing, and cleanup materials for the following pollutants:

i. organic material;
ii. volatile organic compounds; and
iii. styrene.

These calculations shall be based upon a mass balance approach.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly pressure drop deviation (excursion) reports that identify all periods of time during which the pressure drop across the baghouse did not comply with the allowable range specified above.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include the following information:

a. an identification of each day during which the average hourly organic material emissions exceeded 8.0 pounds per hour, and the actual average hourly organic material emissions for each such day; and

b. an identification of each day during which the organic material emissions exceeded 40.0 pounds per day, and the actual organic material emissions for each such day.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

3. The deviation (excursion) reports shall be submitted in accordance with the requirements specified in Part I - General Term and Condition A.1.c.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in section A.I.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.a Emission Limitation:

8.0 lbs/hr total organic materials

Applicable Compliance Method:

Daily records shall be maintained of the total organic materials content of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, the daily usage of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, and the calculated average hourly total organic material emission rate for all resin batches and cleanup materals employed based upon a mass balance approach. Formulation data shall be used to determine the total organic material content of each resin batch and cleanup material.

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by emission tests performed in accordance with the procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 4 and Method 18, 25 or 25A, as appropriate.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.b Emission Limitation:

40.0 lbs/day total organic materials

Applicable Compliance Method:

Daily records shall be maintained of the total organic materials content of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, the daily usage of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, and the calculated average daily total organic material emission rate for all resin batches and cleanup materals employed based upon a mass balance approach. Formulation data shall be used to determine the total organic material content of each resin batch and cleanup material.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.c Emission Limitation:

0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by emission tests performed in accordance with the procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 5.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.d Emission Limitation:

Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1))

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.e Emission Limitation:

Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3))

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

B. State Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

Part III - Terms and Conditions for Emissions Units

Emissions Unit ID: Production Line 20 (P926)

Activity Description: Pultrusion Process Production Unit

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
Pultrusion process production unit Z020	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) (PTI 16-980)	8.0 lbs/hr total organic materials* 40.0 lbs/day total organic materials* 0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions *as defined under OAC rule 3745-21-01 -- also includes cleanup emissions The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rules 3745-17-07(A), 3745-17-07(B), and 3745-17-08(B), and 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)	Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(B)	Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.
	OAC rule 3745-17-08(B)	See section A.I.2.a below.
	OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)	See section A.I.2.b below.
	OAC rule 3745-21-07(G)	See section A.I.2.b below.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW	Reduce total HAP emissions by at least 60 weight percent. The Subpart WWWW requirements are included in Part II, sections A.6 through A.43. The compliance date for this rule is April 21, 2006.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a The permittee shall operate and maintain hoods, fans, and other equipment to adequately enclose, contain, capture, vent, and control emissions so as to minimize or eliminate visible particulate emissions at the point(s) of capture to the extent possible with good engineering design.

2.b The emission limitation(s) or control requirement(s) specified by this rule is(are) equivalent to or less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).

II. Operational Restrictions

1. The pressure drop across the baghouse shall be maintained within the range of 2 to 5 inches of water while the emissions unit is in operation; except for the 5 to 7 minutes per hour that each cyclone is in its blow-back mode for the purpose of filter decaking. During this mode, venting of particulates to the outside of the equipment, or the facility, shall not occur.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall properly operate and maintain equipment to continuously monitor the pressure drop across the baghouse while the emissions unit is in operation. The monitoring equipment shall be calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s). The permittee shall record the pressure drop across the baghouse on a daily basis; but not during the periods of the blow-back operation.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements (continued)

2. The permittee shall record the following information on a daily basis for the line:

a. identification and quantity (pounds) of each resin batch received for processing;

b. styrene content (% by weight) of each batch;

c. styrene emissions from each batch, i.e., (% stryene) x (batch weight) x (0.04, AP-42 emission factor);

d. identification and net usage (pounds emissions) of each wiping solvent and organic material cleaning liquid employed (net usage shall be the difference between quantities employed and any returned for disposal/recycling, including solids);

e. production hours; and

f. daily (pounds) and average hourly emissions (pounds/hour) resulting from resin batch processing, and cleanup materials for the following pollutants:

i. organic material;
ii. volatile organic compounds; and
iii. styrene.

These calculations shall be based upon a mass balance approach.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly pressure drop deviation (excursion) reports that identify all periods of time during which the pressure drop across the baghouse did not comply with the allowable range specified above.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include the following information:

a. an identification of each day during which the average hourly organic material emissions exceeded 8.0 pounds per hour, and the actual average hourly organic material emissions for each such day; and

b. an identification of each day during which the organic material emissions exceeded 40.0 pounds per day, and the actual organic material emissions for each such day.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

3. The deviation (excursion) reports shall be submitted in accordance with the requirements specified in Part I - General Term and Condition A.1.c.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in section A.I.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.a Emission Limitation:

8.0 lbs/hr total organic materials

Applicable Compliance Method:

Daily records shall be maintained of the total organic materials content of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, the daily usage of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, and the calculated average hourly total organic material emission rate for all resin batches and cleanup materals employed based upon a mass balance approach. Formulation data shall be used to determine the total organic material content of each resin batch and cleanup material.

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by emission tests performed in accordance with the procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 4 and Method 18, 25 or 25A, as appropriate.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.b Emission Limitation:

40.0 lbs/day total organic materials

Applicable Compliance Method:

Daily records shall be maintained of the total organic materials content of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, the daily usage of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, and the calculated average daily total organic material emission rate for all resin batches and cleanup materals employed based upon a mass balance approach. Formulation data shall be used to determine the total organic material content of each resin batch and cleanup material.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.c Emission Limitation:

0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by emission tests performed in accordance with the procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 5.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.d Emission Limitation:

Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1))

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.e Emission Limitation:

Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3))

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

B. State Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

Part III - Terms and Conditions for Emissions Units

Emissions Unit ID: Production Line 21 (P927)

Activity Description: Pultrusion Process Production Unit

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
Pultrusion process production unit Z021	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) (PTI 16-980)	8.0 lbs/hr total organic materials* 40.0 lbs/day total organic materials* 0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions *as defined under OAC rule 3745-21-01 -- also includes cleanup emissions The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rules 3745-17-07(A), 3745-17-07(B), and 3745-17-08(B), and 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)	Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(B)	Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.
	OAC rule 3745-17-08(B)	See section A.I.2.a below.
	OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)	See section A.I.2.b below.
	OAC rule 3745-21-07(G)	See section A.I.2.b below.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW	Reduce total HAP emissions by at least 60 weight percent. The Subpart WWWW requirements are included in Part II, sections A.6 through A.43. The compliance date for this rule is April 21, 2006.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a The permittee shall operate and maintain hoods, fans, and other equipment to adequately enclose, contain, capture, vent, and control emissions so as to minimize or eliminate visible particulate emissions at the point(s) of capture to the extent possible with good engineering design.

2.b The emission limitation(s) or control requirement(s) specified by this rule is(are) equivalent to or less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).

II. Operational Restrictions

1. The pressure drop across the baghouse shall be maintained within the range of 2 to 5 inches of water while the emissions unit is in operation; except for the 5 to 7 minutes per hour that each cyclone is in its blow-back mode for the purpose of filter decaking. During this mode, venting of particulates to the outside of the equipment, or the facility, shall not occur.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall properly operate and maintain equipment to continuously monitor the pressure drop across the baghouse while the emissions unit is in operation. The monitoring equipment shall be calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s). The permittee shall record the pressure drop across the baghouse on a daily basis; but not during the periods of the blow-back operation.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements (continued)

2. The permittee shall record the following information on a daily basis for the line:

a. identification and quantity (pounds) of each resin batch received for processing;

b. styrene content (% by weight) of each batch;

c. styrene emissions from each batch, i.e., (% stryene) x (batch weight) x (0.04, AP-42 emission factor);

d. identification and net usage (pounds emissions) of each wiping solvent and organic material cleaning liquid employed (net usage shall be the difference between quantities employed and any returned for disposal/recycling, including solids);

e. production hours; and

f. daily (pounds) and average hourly emissions (pounds/hour) resulting from resin batch processing, and cleanup materials for the following pollutants:

i. organic material;
ii. volatile organic compounds; and
iii. styrene.

These calculations shall be based upon a mass balance approach.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly pressure drop deviation (excursion) reports that identify all periods of time during which the pressure drop across the baghouse did not comply with the allowable range specified above.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include the following information:

a. an identification of each day during which the average hourly organic material emissions exceeded 8.0 pounds per hour, and the actual average hourly organic material emissions for each such day; and

b. an identification of each day during which the organic material emissions exceeded 40.0 pounds per day, and the actual organic material emissions for each such day.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

3. The deviation (excursion) reports shall be submitted in accordance with the requirements specified in Part I - General Term and Condition A.1.c.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in section A.I.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.a Emission Limitation:

8.0 lbs/hr total organic materials

Applicable Compliance Method:

Daily records shall be maintained of the total organic materials content of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, the daily usage of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, and the calculated average hourly total organic material emission rate for all resin batches and cleanup materals employed based upon a mass balance approach. Formulation data shall be used to determine the total organic material content of each resin batch and cleanup material.

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by emission tests performed in accordance with the procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 4 and Method 18, 25 or 25A, as appropriate.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.b Emission Limitation:

40.0 lbs/day total organic materials

Applicable Compliance Method:

Daily records shall be maintained of the total organic materials content of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, the daily usage of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, and the calculated average daily total organic material emission rate for all resin batches and cleanup materals employed based upon a mass balance approach. Formulation data shall be used to determine the total organic material content of each resin batch and cleanup material.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.c Emission Limitation:

0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by emission tests performed in accordance with the procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 5.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.d Emission Limitation:

Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1))

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.e Emission Limitation:

Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3))

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

B. State Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

Part III - Terms and Conditions for Emissions Units

Emissions Unit ID: Production Line 22 (P928)

Activity Description: Pultrusion Process Production Unit

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
Pultrusion process production unit Z022	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) (PTI 16-980)	8.0 lbs/hr total organic materials* 40.0 lbs/day total organic materials* 0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions *as defined under OAC rule 3745-21-01 -- also includes cleanup emissions The requirements of this rule also include compliance with the requirements of OAC rules 3745-17-07(A), 3745-17-07(B), and 3745-17-08(B), and 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(A)	Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.
	OAC rule 3745-17-07(B)	Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.
	OAC rule 3745-17-08(B)	See section A.I.2.a below.
	OAC rule 3745-17-11(B)	See section A.I.2.b below.
	OAC rule 3745-21-07(G)	See section A.I.2.b below.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart WWWW	Reduce total HAP emissions by at least 60 weight percent. The Subpart WWWW requirements are included in Part II, sections A.6 through A.43. The compliance date for this rule is April 21, 2006.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a The permittee shall operate and maintain hoods, fans, and other equipment to adequately enclose, contain, capture, vent, and control emissions so as to minimize or eliminate visible particulate emissions at the point(s) of capture to the extent possible with good engineering design.

2.b The emission limitation(s) or control requirement(s) specified by this rule is(are) equivalent to or less stringent than the emission limitation established pursuant to OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3).

II. Operational Restrictions

1. The pressure drop across the baghouse shall be maintained within the range of 2 to 5 inches of water while the emissions unit is in operation; except for the 5 to 7 minutes per hour that each cyclone is in its blow-back mode for the purpose of filter decaking. During this mode, venting of particulates to the outside of the equipment, or the facility, shall not occur.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(A)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall properly operate and maintain equipment to continuously monitor the pressure drop across the baghouse while the emissions unit is in operation. The monitoring equipment shall be calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manual(s). The permittee shall record the pressure drop across the baghouse on a daily basis; but not during the periods of the blow-back operation.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements (continued)

2. The permittee shall record the following information on a daily basis for the line:

a. identification and quantity (pounds) of each resin batch received for processing;

b. styrene content (% by weight) of each batch;

c. styrene emissions from each batch, i.e., (% stryene) x (batch weight) x (0.04, AP-42 emission factor);

d. identification and net usage (pounds emissions) of each wiping solvent and organic material cleaning liquid employed (net usage shall be the difference between quantities employed and any returned for disposal/recycling, including solids);

e. production hours; and

f. daily (pounds) and average hourly emissions (pounds/hour) resulting from resin batch processing, and cleanup materials for the following pollutants:

i. organic material;
ii. volatile organic compounds; and
iii. styrene.

These calculations shall be based upon a mass balance approach.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit quarterly pressure drop deviation (excursion) reports that identify all periods of time during which the pressure drop across the baghouse did not comply with the allowable range specified above.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

2. The permittee shall submit quarterly deviation (excursion) reports that include the following information:

a. an identification of each day during which the average hourly organic material emissions exceeded 8.0 pounds per hour, and the actual average hourly organic material emissions for each such day; and

b. an identification of each day during which the organic material emissions exceeded 40.0 pounds per day, and the actual organic material emissions for each such day.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

3. The deviation (excursion) reports shall be submitted in accordance with the requirements specified in Part I - General Term and Condition A.1.c.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitations in section A.I.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.a Emission Limitation:

8.0 lbs/hr total organic materials

Applicable Compliance Method:

Daily records shall be maintained of the total organic materials content of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, the daily usage of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, and the calculated average hourly total organic material emission rate for all resin batches and cleanup materals employed based upon a mass balance approach. Formulation data shall be used to determine the total organic material content of each resin batch and cleanup material.

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by emission tests performed in accordance with the procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 4 and Method 18, 25 or 25A, as appropriate.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.b Emission Limitation:

40.0 lbs/day total organic materials

Applicable Compliance Method:

Daily records shall be maintained of the total organic materials content of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, the daily usage of each resin batch and cleanup material employed, and the calculated average daily total organic material emission rate for all resin batches and cleanup materals employed based upon a mass balance approach. Formulation data shall be used to determine the total organic material content of each resin batch and cleanup material.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.c Emission Limitation:

0.2 lb/hr particulate emissions

Applicable Compliance Method:

If required, compliance shall be demonstrated by emission tests performed in accordance with the procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1 through 5.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

1.d Emission Limitation:

Visible particulate emissions from any stack shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 6-minute average, except as provided by the rule.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(1))

V. Testing Requirements (continued)

1.e Emission Limitation:

Visible emissions of fugitive dust shall not exceed 20% opacity as a 3-minute average.

Applicable Compliance Method:

Compliance shall be demonstrated by visible particulate emission observations performed in accordance with the method and procedures specified in OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3).

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-17-03(B)(3))

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

B. State Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

Part III - Terms and Conditions for Emissions Units

Emissions Unit ID: Resin Tanks 1-4 (T001)

Activity Description: Process Resin Storage Tanks; Atmospheric

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
Process resin storage tanks; atmospheric, Tank 1 - 3,500 gal, Tank 2 - 3,500 gal, Tank 3 - 5,000 gal, Tank 4 - 5,000 gal, formerly Z023	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) (PTI 16-980)	1.46 tpy of styrene See section A.I.2.a below.
	OAC rule 3745-21-09(L)	See section A.I.2.b below.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a The storage tanks shall be equipped with a submerged fill pipe.

2.b These storage tanks are exempt from the requirements of OAC rule 3745-21-09(L)(1) in accordance with the size exemption as specified in OAC rule 3745-21-09(L)(2)(a).

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall maintain daily records which include the following information for the storage tanks:

a. the type of resin stored in each tank;

b. the styrene content of the resin;

c. the organic material content of the resin;

d. the VOC content of the resin;

e. the throughput of resin for each tank, in gallons; and

f. the daily organic material, VOC, and styrene emission rates, in pounds per day.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall notify the Director (the Akron RAQMD) of all exceedances of the annual emission limitation for styrene. The notification shall include a copy of such record and shall be sent to the Director (the Akron RAQMD) within 45 days after the exceedance occurs.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitation in section A.I.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following method:

1.a Emission Limitation:

1.46 tpy of styrene

Applicable Compliance Method:

Styrene emissions from each storage tank shall be determined using USEPA's "Tanks Program 3.1" based upon the maximum annual throughput of the resin through the tank.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

B. State Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

Part III - Terms and Conditions for Emissions Units

Emissions Unit ID: Styrene Tank (T002)

Activity Description: Process Styrene Storage Tanks; Atmospheric, outside

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
Process styrene storage tanks with a capacity of 2,500 gallons for each tank; atmospheric, outside, formerly Z024	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) (PTI 16-980)	1.46 tpy of styrene See section A.I.2.a below.
	OAC rule 3745-21-09(L)	See section A.I.2.b below.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a The storage tanks shall be equipped with a submerged fill pipe.

2.b These storage tanks are exempt from the requirements of OAC rule 3745-21-09(L)(1) in accordance with the size exemption as specified in OAC rule 3745-21-09(L)(2)(a).

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall maintain daily records which include the following information for the storage tanks:

a. the type of resin stored in each tank;

b. the styrene content of the resin;

c. the organic material content of the resin;

d. the VOC content of the resin;

e. the throughput of resin for each tank, in gallons; and

f. the daily organic material, VOC, and styrene emission rates, in pounds per day.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall notify the Director (the Akron RAQMD) of all exceedances of the annual emission limitation for styrene. The notification shall include a copy of such record and shall be sent to the Director (the Akron RAQMD) within 45 days after the exceedance occurs.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitation in section A.I.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following method:

1.a Emission Limitation:

1.46 tpy of styrene

Applicable Compliance Method:

Styrene emissions from each storage tank shall be determined using USEPA's "Tanks Program 3.1" based upon the maximum annual throughput of the resin through the tank.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

B. State Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

Part III - Terms and Conditions for Emissions Units

Emissions Unit ID: Polystyrene Tank (T003)

Activity Description: Polystyrene Storage Tank; Atmospheric

A. State and Federally Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures
Polystyrene storage tanks with a capacity of 302 gallons for each tank; atmospheric, formerly Z025	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3) (PTI 16-980)	1.46 tpy of styrene See section A.I.2.a below.
	OAC rule 3745-21-09(L)	See section A.I.2.b below.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

2.a The storage tanks shall be equipped with a submerged fill pipe.

2.b These storage tanks are exempt from the requirements of OAC rule 3745-21-09(L)(1) in accordance with the size exemption as specified in OAC rule 3745-21-09(L)(2)(a).

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall maintain daily records which include the following information for the storage tanks:

a. the type of resin stored in each tank;

b. the styrene content of the resin;

c. the organic material content of the resin;

d. the VOC content of the resin;

e. the throughput of resin for each tank, in gallons; and

f. the daily organic material, VOC, and styrene emission rates, in pounds per day.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

IV. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall notify the Director (the Akron RAQMD) of all exceedances of the annual emission limitation for styrene. The notification shall include a copy of such record and shall be sent to the Director (the Akron RAQMD) within 45 days after the exceedance occurs.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1) and OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3))

V. Testing Requirements

1. Compliance with the emission limitation in section A.I.1 of these terms and conditions shall be determined in accordance with the following method:

1.a Emission Limitation:

1.46 tpy of styrene

Applicable Compliance Method:

Styrene emissions from each storage tank shall be determined using USEPA's "Tanks Program 3.1" based upon the maximum annual throughput of the resin through the tank.

(Authority for term: OAC rule 3745-77-07(C)(1))

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

B. State Enforceable Section

I. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operation(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be employed. Additional applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures (if any) may be specified in narrative form following the table.

Operations, Property, and/or Equipment	Applicable Rules/ Requirements	Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

None

II. Operational Restrictions

None

III. Monitoring and/or Record Keeping Requirements

None

IV. Reporting Requirements

None

V. Testing Requirements

None

VI. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

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OMEGA PULTRUSIONS TITLE V TERMS AND CONDITIONS – ATTACHMENT 1

40CFR 63, Subpart WWWW - Equations

63.5810(a)(1):

$$\text{Add-on Control Factor} = 1 - \frac{\text{\% Control Efficiency}}{100} \qquad \text{(Eq. 1)}$$

where:

Percent Control Efficiency = a value calculated from organic HAP emissions test measurements made according to the requirements of §63.5850 to this subpart

63.5810(a)(2):

$$\begin{array}{c}\text{Actual Operation}\\ \text{Organic HAP}\\ \text{Emissions Factor}\end{array} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n}\left(\text{Actual Process Stream EF}_i * \text{Material}_i\right)}{\sum_{i=1}^{n}\text{Material}_i} \qquad \text{(Eq. 2)}$$

where:

Actual Process Stream EF_i = actual organic HAP emissions factor for process stream i, lbs/ton
$Material_i$ = neat resin plus or neat gel coat plus used during the last 12 calendar months for process stream
i, tons
n = number of process streams where you calculated an organic HAP emissions factor

63.5810(b)(1):

$$\text{Weighted Average Emission Limit} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n}\left(\text{EL}_i * \text{Material}_i\right)}{\sum_{i=1}^{n}\text{Material}_i} \qquad \text{(Eq. 3)}$$

where:

EL_i = organic HAP emissions limit for operation type i, lbs/ton from Tables 3, 5 or 7 to this

subpart
$Material_i$ = neat resin plus or neat gel coat plus used during the last 12-month period for operation type i, tons
n = number of operations

63.5810(b)(2):

$$\text{Actual Weighted Average Organic HAP Emissions Factor} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n}\left(\text{Actual Operation } EF_i * Material_i\right)}{\sum_{i=1}^{n} Material_i} \qquad \text{(Eq. 4)}$$

where:

Actual Individual EF_i = Actual organic HAP emissions factor for operation type i, lbs/ton
$Material_i$ = neat resin plus or neat gel coat plus used during the last 12 calendar months for operation type i, tons
n = number of operations

63.5885(a):

$$PR = \frac{(\text{Inlet}) - (\text{Outlet})}{(\text{Inlet})} \times 100 \qquad \text{(Eq. 1)}$$

where:

PR = percent reduction
Inlet = HAP emissions entering the control device, lbs per year
Outlet = HAP emissions exiting the control device to the atmosphere, lbs per year

$$PR = \frac{\left(WAE_u + O_u\right) - \left(WAE_c + O_c\right)}{\left(WAE_u + O_u\right)} \times 100 \qquad \text{(Eq. 2)}$$

where:

PR = percent reduction
WAE_u = uncontrolled wet-out area organic HAP emissions, lbs per year
O_u = uncontrolled oven organic HAP emissions, lbs per year
WAE_c = controlled wet-out area organic HAP emissions, lbs per year
O_c = controlled oven organic HAP emissions, lbs per year

63.5885(b):

$$PR = \frac{\left(\sum_{i=1}^{m} WAE_{ui} + \sum_{j=1}^{n} O_{uj}\right) - \left(\sum_{i=1}^{o} WAE_{ci} + \sum_{j=1}^{p} O_{cj}\right)}{\left(\sum_{i=1}^{m} WAE_{ui} + \sum_{j=1}^{n} O_{uj}\right)} \times 100 \qquad \text{(Eq. 3)}$$

where:

PR = percent reduction
WAE_{ui} = uncontrolled organic HAP emissions from wet-out area i, lbs per year
O_{uj} = uncontrolled organic HAP emissions from oven j, lbs per year
WAE_{ci} = controlled organic HAP emissions from wet-out area i, lbs per year
O_{cj} = controlled organic HAP emissions from oven j, lbs per year
i = number of wet-out areas
j = number of ovens
m = number of wet-out areas uncontrolled
n = number of ovens uncontrolled
o = number of wet-out areas controlled
p = number of ovens controlled

63.5890(a):

$$E = \frac{WAE_u + WAE_c + O_u + O_c}{(R + G)} \qquad \text{(Eq. 1)}$$

where:

E = HAP emissions factor in lbs/ton of resin and gel coat
WAE_u = uncontrolled wet-out area organic HAP emissions, lbs per year
WAE_c = controlled wet-out area organic HAP emissions, lbs per year
O_u = uncontrolled oven organic HAP emissions, lbs per year
O_c = controlled oven organic HAP emissions, lbs per year
R = total usage of neat resin plus, tpy
G = total usage of neat gel coat plus, tpy

63.5890(b):

$$E = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{m} WAE_{ui} + \sum_{i=1}^{o} WAE_{ci} + \sum_{j=1}^{n} O_{uj} + \sum_{j=1}^{p} O_{cj}}{(R+G)} \qquad \text{(Eq. 2)}$$

where:

E = HAP emissions factor in lbs/ton of resin and gel coat
WAE_{ui} = uncontrolled organic HAP emissions from wetout area i, lbs per year
WAE_{ci} = controlled organic HAP emissions from wet-out area i, lbs per year
O_{uj} = uncontrolled organic HAP emissions from oven j, lbs per year
O_{cj} = controlled organic HAP emissions from oven j, lbs per year
i = number of wet-out areas
j = number of ovens
m = number of wet-out areas uncontrolled
n = number of ovens uncontrolled
o = number of wet-out areas controlled
p = number of ovens controlled
R = total usage of neat resin plus, tpy
G = total usage of neat gel coat plus, tpy

40CFR 63, Subpart WWWW - Tables

Table 1 to Subpart WWWW of Part 63 - Equations to Calculate Organic HAP Emissions Factors for Specific Open Molding and Centrifugal Casting Process Streams

As required in §§63.5796, 63.5799(a)(1) and (b), and 63.5810(a)(1), to calculate organic HAP emissions factors for specific open molding and centrifugal casting process streams you must use the equations in the following table:

If your operation type is a new or existing...	And you see	**With**	Use this organic HAP Emissions Factor (EF) Equation for materials with less than 33 percent organic HAP (19 percent organic HAP for nonatomized gel coat) a, b, c...	Use this organic HAP emissions Factor (EF) Equation for materials with 33 percent or more organic HAP (19 percent for nonatomized gel coat) a, c...
1. Open Molding Operation	a. manual resin application	i. nonvapor-suppresse	EF = 0.126 x % HAP x 2000	EF = ((0.286 x %HAP)-0.0529) x 2000

		d resin		
		ii. vapor suppressed resin	EF = 0.126 x % HAP x 2000 x (1-(0.5 x VSE factor))	EF = ((0.286 x %HAP)-0.0529) x 2000 x (1-(0.5 x VSE factor))
		iii. vacuum bagging/closedmold curing with roll out	EF = 0.126 x % HAP x 2000 x 0.8	EF = ((0.286 x %HAP)-0.0529) x 2000 x 0.8
		iv. vacuum bagging/`closedmold curing without roll-out	EF = (0.126 x % HAP x 2000 x 0.5	EF = ((0.286 x %HAP)-0.0529) x 2000 x 0.5
	b. atomized mechanical resin application	i. nonvapor-suppressed resin	EF = 0.169 x %HAP x 2000	EF = ((0.714 x %HAP)-0.18) x 2000
		ii. vapor-suppressed resin	EF = 0.169 x %HAP x 2000 x (1-(0.45 x VSE factor))	EF = ((0.714 x %HAP)-0.18) x 2000 x (1-(0.45 x VSE factor))
		iii. vacuum bagging/closedmold curing with roll out	EF = 0.169 x %HAP x 2000 x 0.85	EF = ((0.714 x %HAP)-0.18) x 2000 x 0.85
		iv. vacuum bagging/`closedmold curing without roll-out	EF = 0.169 x %HAP x 2000 x 0.55	EF = ((0.714 x %HAP)-0.18) x 2000 x 0.55

	c. nonatomized mechanical resin application	v. nonvapor-suppressed resin	EF = 0.107 x %HAP x 2000	EF = ((0.157 x %HAP)-0.0165) x 2000
		vi. vapor-suppressed resin	EF = 0.107 x %HAP x 2000 x (1-(0.45 x VSE factor))	EF = ((0.157 x %HAP)-0.0165) x 2000 x (1-(0.45 x VSE factor))
		vii. closedmold curing with roll out	EF = 0.107 x %HAP x 2000 x 0.85	EF = ((0.157 x %HAP)-0.0165) x 2000x 0.85
		viii. vacuum bagging/`closedmold curing without roll-out	EF = 0.107 x %HAP x 2000 x 0.55	EF = ((0.157 x %HAP)-0.0165) x 2000 x 0.55
	d. atomized mechanical resin application with robotic or automated spray control d	nonvapor-suppressed resin	EF = 0.169 x %HAP x 2000 x 0.77	EF = 0.77 x ((0.714 x %HAP)-0.18) x 2000
	e. filament application e	i. nonvapor-suppressed resin	EF = 0.184 x %HAP x 2000	EF = ((0.2746 x %HAP)-0.0298) x 2000
		ii. vapor-suppressed resin	EF = 0.12 x %HAP x 2000	EF = ((0.2746 x %HAP)-0.0298) x 2000 x 0.65
	f. atomized spray gel coat	nonvapor-suppressed gel coat	EF = 0.446 x %HAP x 2000	EF = ((1.03646 x %HAP)-0.195) x 2000

	application			
	g. nonatomized spray gel coat application	nonvapor-suppressed gel coat	EF = 0.185 x %HAP x 2000	EF = ((0.4506 x %HAP)-0.0505) x 2000
	h. manual gel coat application f	nonvapor-suppressed gel coat	EF = 0.126 x % HAP x 2000 (for emissions estimation only, see footnote f)	EF = ((0.286 x %HAP)-0.0529) x 2000 (for emissions estimation only, see footnote f)
2. centrifugal casting operations g	heated air blown through molds	novapor-suppressed resin	EF = 0.558 x (%HAP) x 2000	EF = 0.558 x (%HAP) x 2000
	vented molds, but air vented through the molds is not heated	nonvapor-suppressed resin	EF = 0.026 x (%HAP) x 2000	EF = 0.026 x (%HAP) x 2000

Footnotes to Table 1

a To obtain the organic HAP emissions factor value for an operation with an add-on control device multiply the EF above by the add-on control factor calculated using Equation 1 of §63.5810. The organic HAP emissions factors have units of lbs of organic HAP per ton of resin or gel coat applied.

b Percent HAP means total weight percent of organic HAP (styrene, methyl methacrylate, and any other organic HAP) in the resin or gel coat prior to the addition of fillers, catalyst, and promoters. Input the percent HAP as a decimal, i.e. 33 percent HAP should be input as 0.33, not 33.

c The VSE factor means the percent reduction in organic HAP emissions expressed as a decimal measured by the VSE test method of appendix A to this subpart.

d This equation is based on a organic HAP emissions factor equation developed for mechanical atomized controlled spray. It may only be used for automated or robotic spray systems with atomized spray. All spray operations using hand held spray guns must use the appropriate mechanical atomized or mechanical nonatomized organic HAP emissions factor equation. Automated or robotic spray systems using nonatomized spray should use the appropriate nonatomized mechanical resin application equation.

e Applies only to filament application using an open resin bath. If resin is applied manually or with a spray gun, use the appropriate manual or mechanical application organic HAP emissions factor equation.

f Do not use this equation for determining compliance with emission limits in Tables 3 or 5 to this subpart. To determine compliance with emission limits you must treat all gel coat as if were

applied as part of your gel coat spray application operations. If you apply gel coat by manual techniques only, you must treat the gel coat as if it were applied with atomized spray and use Equation 1.f. to determine compliance with the appropriate emission limits in Tables 3 or 5 to this subpart. To estimate emissions from manually applied gel coat, you may either include the gel coat quantities you apply manually with the quantities applied using spray, or use this equation to estimate emissions from the manually applied portion of your gel coat.
g These equations are for centrifugal casting operations where the mold is vented during spinning. Centrifugal casting operations where the mold is completely sealed after resin injection are considered to be closed molding operations.
h If a centrifugal casting operation uses mechanical or manual resin application techniques to apply resin to an open centrifugal casting mold, use the appropriate open molding equation with covered cure and no rollout to determine an emission factor for operations prior to the closing of the centrifugal casting mold. If the closed centrifugal casting mold is vented during spinning, use the appropriate centrifugal casting equation to calculate an emission factor for the portion of the process where spinning and cure occur. If a centrifugal casting operation uses mechanical or manual resin application techniques to apply resin to an open centrifugal casting mold, and the mold is then closed and is not vented, treat the entire operation as open molding with covered cure and no rollout to determine emission factors.

Table 2 to Subpart WWWW of Part 63 - Compliance Dates for New and Existing Reinforced Plastic Composites Facilities

As required in §§63.5800 and 63.5840 you must demonstrate compliance with the standards by the dates in the following table:

If your Facility is	and	**then you must comply by this date:**
1. an existing source	a. is a major source on or before the publication date of this subpart	i. **[**April 21, 2006 or ii. you must accept and meet an enforceable HAP emissions limit below the major source threshold prior to April 21, 2006
2. an existing source that is an area source	becomes a major source after the publication date of this subpart	3 years after becoming a major source or April 21, 2006 whichever is later.
3. an existing source, and emits less than 100 tpy of organic HAP from the combination of all centrifugal casting and continuous lamination/casting operations at the time of	Subsequently increases its actual organic HAP emissions to 100 tpy or more from these operations, which requires that the facility must	3 years of the date your semi-annual compliance report indicates your facility meets or exceeds the 100 tpy threshold.

initial compliance with this subpart	now comply with the standards in §63.5805(b)	
4. a new source	is a major source at startup	upon startup or April 21, 2003, whichever is later.
5. a new source	is an area source at startup and becomes a major source	immediately upon becoming a major source.
6. a new source, and emits less than 100 tpy of organic HAP from the combination of all open molding, centrifugal casting, continuous lamination/casting, pultrusion, SMC and BMC manufacturing, and mixing operations at the time of initial compliance with this subpart	Subsequently increases its actual organic HAP emissions to 100 tpy or more from the combination of these operations, which requires that the facility must now meet the standards in §63.5805(d)	3 years from the date that your semi-annual compliance report indicates your facility meets or exceeds the 100 tpy threshold.

Table 3 to Subpart WWWW of Part 63 - Organic HAP Emissions Limits for Existing Open Molding Sources, New Open Molding Sources
Emitting Less Than 100 TPY of HAP, and New and Existing Centrifugal Casting and Continuous Lamination/Casting Sources that Emit
Less Than 100 TPY of HAP

As required in §§63.5796, 63.5805 (a) through (c) and (g), 63.5810(a), (b), and (d), 63.5820(c), 63.5830, 63.5835(a), 63.5895(c) and (d), 63.5900(a)(2), and 63.5915(c), you must meet the appropriate organic HAP emissions limits in the following table:

If your operation type is...	**And you use...**	**Your organic HAP emissions limit is a...**	**And the highest organic HAP content for a compliant resin or gel coat is b...**
1. open molding - corrosion-resistant and/or high strength (CR/HS)	a. mechanical resin application	112 lb/ton	46.2 with nonatomized resin application
	b. filament application	171 lb/ton	42.0
	c. manual resin	123 lb/ton	40.0

	application		
2. open molding - non-CR/HS	a. mechanical resin application	87 lb/ton	38.4 with nonatomized resin application
	b. filament application	188 lb/ton	45.0
	c. manual resin application	87 lb/ton	33.6
3. open molding - tooling	a. mechanical resin application	254 lb/ton	43.0 with atomized application, 91.4 with nonatomized application
	b. manual resin application	157 lb/ton	45.9
4. open molding – lowflame spread/low-smoke products	a. mechanical resin application	497 lb/ton	60.0
	b. filament application	270 lb/ton	60.0
	c. manual resin application	238 lb/ton	60.0
5. open molding - shrinkage controlled resins	a. mechanical resin application	354 lb/ton	50.0
	b. filament application	215 lb/ton	50.0
	c. manual resin application	180 lb/ton	50.0
6. open molding - gel coat c	a. tooling gel coating	437 lb/ton	40.0
	b. white/off white pigmented gel coating	267 lb/ton	30.0
	c. all other pigmented gel coating	377 lb/ton	37.0
	d. CR/HS or high performance gel coat	605 lb/ton	48.0
	e. fire retardant gel coat	854 lb/ton	60.0
7. centrifugal	N/A	25 lb/ton	48.0

casting - CR/HS d, e			
8. centrifugal casting - non-CR/HS d, e	N/A	20 lb/ton	37.5
9. pultrusion f	N/A	reduce total organic HAP emissions by at least 60 weight percent	N/A
	N/A	reduce total organic HAP emissions by at least 58.5 weight percent or not exceed a organic HAP emissions limit of 15.7 lbs of organic HAP per ton of neat resin plus and neat gel coat plus	N/A

Footnotes to Table 3

a Organic HAP emissions limits for open molding and centrifugal casting are expressed as lb/ton. You must be at or below these values based on a 12-month rolling average.

b A compliant resin or gel coat means that if its organic HAP content is used to calculate an organic HAP emissions factor, the factor calculated does not exceed the appropriate organic HAP emissions limit shown in the table.

C These limits are for spray application of gel coat. Manual gel coat application must be included as part of spray gel coat application for compliance purposes using the same organic HAP emissions factor equation and organic HAP emissions limit. If you only apply gel coat with manual application, treat the manually applied gel coat as if it were applied with atomized spray for compliance determinations.

d Centrifugal casting operations where the mold is not vented during spinning and cure are considered to be closed molding and are not subject to any emissions limit. Centrifugal casting operations where the mold is not vented during spinning and cure, and the resin is applied to the open centrifugal casting mold using mechanical or manual open molding resin application techniques are considered to be open molding operations and the appropriate open molding emission limits apply.

e Centrifugal casting operations where the mold is vented during spinning and the resin is applied to the open centrifugal casting mold using mechanical or manual open molding resin application techniques, use the appropriate centrifugal casting emission limit to determine

compliance. Calculate your emission factor using the appropriate centrifugal casting emission factor in Table 1 to this subpart, or a site specific emission factor as discussed in §63.5796.
f Pultrusion machines that produce parts with 1000 or more reinforcements and a cross sectional area of 60 inches or more are not subject to this requirement. Their requirement is the work practice of air flow management which is described in Table 4 to this subpart.

Table 4 to Subpart WWWW of Part 63 - Work Practice Standards
As required in §§63.5805 (a) through (d) and (g), 63.5835(a), 63.5900(a)(3), 63.5910(c)(5), and 63.5915(d), you must meet the appropriate work practice standards in the following table:

For…	You Must
1. a new or existing closed molding operation using compression/injection molding	uncover, unwrap or expose only one charge per mold cycle per compression/injection molding machine. For machines with multiple molds, one charge means sufficient material to fill all molds for one cycle. For machines with robotic loaders, no more than one charge may be exposed prior to the loader. For machines fed by hoppers, sufficient material may be uncovered to fill the hopper. Hoppers must be closed when not adding materials. Materials may be uncovered to feed to slitting machines. Materials must be recovered after slitting.
2. a new or existing cleaning operation	not use cleaning solvents that contain HAP, except that styrene may be used as a cleaner in closed systems, and organic HAP containing cleaners may be used to clean cured resin from application equipment. Application equipment includes any equipment that directly contacts resin.
3. a new or existing materials HAP-containing materials storage operation	keep containers that store HAPcontaining materials closed or covered except during the addition or removal of materials. Bulk HAP-containing materials storage tanks may be vented as necessary for safety.
4. an existing or new SMC manufacturing operation	close or cover the resin delivery system to the doctor box on each SMC manufacturing machine. The doctor box itself may be open.
5. an existing or new SMC manufacturing operation	use a nylon containing film to enclose SMC.
6. an existing or new mixing or BMC manufacturing	use mixer covers with no visible gaps present in the mixer covers, except that gaps of up to 1 inch are permissible around mixer shafts and any required instrumentation.

operation	
7. an existing mixing or BMC manufacturing operation	close any mixer vents when actual mixing is occurring, except that venting is allowed during addition of materials, or as necessary prior to adding materials or opening the cover for safety.
8. a new or existing mixing or BMC manufacturing operation a	keep the mixer covers closed while actual mixing is occurring except when adding materials or changing covers to the mixing vessels.
9. a new or existing pultrusion operation manufacturing parts with 1,000 or more reinforcements and a cross section area of 60 square inches or more that is not subject to the 95 percent organic HAP emission reduction requirement	i. not allow vents from the building ventilation system, or local or portable fans to blow directly on or across the wetout area(s), ii. not permit point suction of ambient air in the wet-out area(s) unless that air is directed to a control device, iii. use devices such as deflectors, baffles, and curtains when practical to reduce air flow velocity across the wet-out area(s), iv. direct any compressed air exhausts away from resin and wet-out area(s), v. convey resin collected from drip-off pans or other devices to reservoirs, tanks, or sumps via covered troughs, pipes, or other covered conveyance that shields the resin from the ambient air, vi. cover all reservoirs, tanks, sumps, or HAP-containing materials storage vessels except when they are being charged or filled, and vii. cover or shield from ambient air resin delivery systems to the wet-out area(s)from reservoirs, tanks, or sumps where practical.

a Containers of 5 gallons or less may be open when active mixing is taking place, or during periods when they are in process (i.e., they are actively being used to apply resin). For polymer casting mixing operations, containers with a surface area of 500 square inches or less may be open while active mixing is taking place.

Table 5 to Subpart WWWW of Part 63 - Alternative Organic HAP Emissions Limits for Open Molding, Centrifugal Casting, and SMC Manufacturing Operations Where the Standard is Based on a 95 Percent Reduction Requirement

As specified in §§63.5796, 63.5805(b) and (d), 63.5810(a) and (b), 63.5835(a), 63.5895(c), 63.5900(a)(2), and 63.5915(c), as an alternative to the 95 percent organic HAP emissions reductions requirement, you may meet the appropriate organic HAP emissions limits in the

following table:

If your operation type is...	**And you use...**	**Your organic HAP emissions limit is a...**
1. open molding – corrosionresistant and/or high strength(CR/HS)	a. mechanical resin application	6 lb/ton
	b. filament application	9 lb/ton
	c. manual resin application	7 lb/ton
2. open molding - non-CR/HS	a. mechanical resin application	13 lb/ton
	b. filament application	10 lb/ton
	c. manual resin application	5 lb/ton
3. open molding - tooling	a. mechanical resin application	13 lb/ton
	b. manual resin application	8 lb/ton
4. open molding - low flame spread/low smoke products	a. mechanical resin application	25 lb/ton
	b. filament application	14 lb/ton
	c. manual resin application	12 lb/ton
5. open molding – shrinkage controlled resins	a. mechanical resin application	18 lb/ton
	b. filament application	11 lb/ton
	c. manual resin application	9 lb/ton
6. open molding - gel coat b	a. tooling gel coating	22 lb/ton
	b. white/off white pigmented gel coating	22 lb/ton
	c. all other pigmented gel coating	19 lb/ton
	d. CR/HS or high performance gel coat	31 lb/ton
	e. fire retardant gel coat	43 lb/ton
	f. clear production gel coat	27 lb/ton
7. centrifugal casting - CR/HS c, d	a vent system that	27 lb/ton
8. centrifugal casting - non-CR/HS c, d	moves heated air	21 lb/ton
7. centrifugal casting - CR/HS c, d	a vent system that moves ambient air through the mold	2 lb/ton

8. centrifugal casting - non-CR/HS c, d	a vent system that moves ambient air through the mold	1 lb/ton
9. SMC Manufacturing	N/A	2.4 lb/ton

a Organic HAP emissions limits for open molding and centrifugal casting expressed as lb/ton are calculated using the equations shown in Table 1 to this subpart. You must be at or below these values based on a 12-month rolling average.
b These limits are for spray application of gel coat. Manual gel coat application must be included as part of spray gel coat application for compliance purposes using the same organic HAP emissions factor equation and organic HAP emissions limit. If you only apply gel coat with manual application, treat the manually applied gel coat as if it were applied with atomized spray for compliance determinations.
C Centrifugal casting operations where the mold is not vented during spinning and cure are considered to be closed molding and are not subject to any emissions limit. Centrifugal casting operations where the mold is not vented during spinning and cure, and the resin is applied to the open centrifugal casting mold using mechanical or manual open molding resin application techniques are considered to be open molding operations and the appropriate open molding emission limits apply.
d Centrifugal casting operations where the mold is vented during spinning and the resin is applied to the open centrifugal casting mold using mechanical or manual open molding resin application techniques, use the appropriate centrifugal casting emission limit to determine compliance. Calculate your emission factor using the appropriate centrifugal casting emission factor in Table 1 to this subpart, or a site specific emission factor as discussed in §63.5796.

Table 6 to Subpart WWWW of Part 63 - Basic Requirements for Performance Tests, Performance Evaluations, and Design Evaluations for New and Existing Sources Using Add-On Control Devices

As required in §63.5850 you must conduct performance tests, performance evaluations, and design evaluation according to the requirements in the following table:

For	You Must	Using	According to the following requirements
1. each enclosure used to collect and route organic HAP emissions to an add-on control device that is a PTE	meet the requirements for a PTE	EPA method 204 of appendix M of 40 CFR part 51	Enclosures that meet the requirements of EPA Method 204 of appendix M of 40 CFR part 51 for a PTE are assumed to have a capture efficiency of 100%. Note that the criteria that all access doors and

			windows that are not treated as natural draft openings shall be closed during routine operation of the process is not intended to require that these doors and windows be closed at all times. It means that doors and windows must be closed any time that you are not actually moving parts or equipment through them. Also, any styrene retained in hollow parts and liberated outside the PTE is not considered to be a violation of the EPA Method 204 criteria.
2. each enclosure used to collect and route organic HAP emissions to an add-on control device that is not a PTE	a. determine the capture efficiency of each enclosure used to capture organic HAP emissions sent to an add-on control device	i. EPA methods 204B through E of appendix M of 40 CFR part 51, or	(1) Enclosures that do not meet the requirements for a PTE must determine the capture efficiency by constructing a temporary total enclosure according to the requirements of EPA Method 204 of appendix M of 40 CFR part 51 and measuring the mass flow rates of the organic HAP in the exhaust streams going to the atmosphere and to the control device.

			Test runs for EPA Methods 204B through E of appendix M of 40 CFR part 51 must be at least 3 hours.
		ii. an alternative test method that meets the requirements in 40 CFR part 51, appendix M.	(1) The alternative test method must the data quality objectives and lower confidence limit approaches for alternative capture efficiency protocols requirements contained in 40 CFR part 63 subpart KK, appendix A.
3. each control device used to comply with a percent reduction requirement, or a organic HAP emissions limit	determine the control efficiency of each control device used to control organic HAP emissions	the test methods specified in §63.5850 to this subpart.	Testing and evaluation requirements are contained in 40 CFR part 63, subpart SS, and §63.5850 to this subpart.
4. Determining organic HAP emission factors for any operation	determine the mass organic HAP emissions rate	the test methods specified in §63.5850 to this subpart.	Testing and evaluation requirements are contained in 40 CFR part 63, subpart SS, and 63.5850 to this subpart.

Table 7 to Subpart WWWW of Part 63 - Options Allowing Use of the Same Resin Across Different Operations That Use the Same Resin Type

As required in §§63.5810(a) through (d), 63.5835(a), 63.5895(c), and 63.5900(a)(2), when electing to use the same resin(s) for multiple resin application methods you may use any resin(s) with an organic HAP contents less than or equal to the values shown in the following table, or any combination of resins whose weighted average organic HAP content based on a 12-month rolling average is less than or equal to the values shown the following table:

If your facility has the following resin type and application method...	**The highest resin weight percent organic HAP content, or weighted average weight percent organic HAP content, you can use for...**	**is...**
1. CR/HS resins, centrifugal casting	a. CR/HS mechanical	48.0
	b. CR/HS filament application	48.0
	c. CR/HS manual	48.0
2. CR/HS resins, nonatomized mechanical	a. CR/HS filament application	46.2
	b. CR/HS manual	46.2
3. CR/HS resins, filament application	CR/HS manual	42.0
4. non-CR/HS resins, filament application	a. non-CR/HS mechanical	45.0
	b. non-CR/HS manual	45.0
	c. non-CR/HS centrifugal casting	45.0
5. non-CR/HS resins, nonatomizedn mechanical	a. non-CR/HS manual	38.4
	b. non-CR/HS centrifugal casting	38.4
6. non-CR/HS resins, centrifugal casting	non-CR/HS manual	37.5
7. tooling resins, nonatomized mechanical	tooling manual	91.4
8. tooling resins, manual	tooling atomized mechanical	45.9

Table 8 to Subpart WWWW of Part 63 - Initial Compliance With organic HAP Emissions Limits

As required in §63.5860(a), you must demonstrate initial compliance with organic HAP emissions limits as specified in the following table:

For	That must meet the following organic HAP emissions limit...	**You have demonstrated initial compliance if...**
1. open molding and centrifugal casting operations	a. a organic HAP emissions limit shown in Tables 3 or 5 to this subpart, or an organic HAP content limit	i. you have met the appropriate organic HAP emissions limits for these operations as calculated using the procedures in §63.5810 on a 12-month rolling average 1 year after the appropriate compliance date, or

	shown in Table 7 to this subpart	ii. you demonstrate by using the appropriate values in Tables 3, or 7 to this subpart that all resins and gel coats considered individually meet the appropriate organic HAP contents, or iii. you demonstrate by using the appropriate values in Table 7 to this subpart that the weighted average of all resins and gel coats for each resin type and application method meet the appropriate organic HAP contents.
2. open molding, centrifugal casting, continuous lamination/ casting, SMC and BMC manufacturing, and mixing operations	a. reduce total organic HAP emissions by at least 95 percent by weight	total organic HAP emissions, based on the results of the capture efficiency and destruction efficiency testing specified in Table 6 to this subpart, are reduced by at least 95 percent by weight.
3.continuous lamination/ casting operations	a. reduce total organic HAP emissions by at least 58.5 weight percent, or	total organic HAP emissions, based on the results of the capture efficiency and destruction efficiency testing specified in Table 6 to this subpart and the calculation procedures specified in §§63.5865 through 63.5890, are reduced by at least 58.5 percent by weight.
	b. not exceed an organic HAP emissions limit of 15.7 lbs of organic HAP per ton of neat resin plus and neat gel coat plus	total organic HAP emissions, based on the results of the capture efficiency and destruction efficiency testing specified in Table 6 to this subpart and the calculation procedures specified in §§63.5865 through 63.5890, do not exceed 15.7 lbs of organic HAP per ton of neat resin plus and neat gel coat plus.
4.continuous lamination/ casting operations	a. reduce total organic HAP emissions by at least 95 weight percent or	total organic HAP emissions, based on the results of the capture efficiency and destruction efficiency testing specified in Table 6 to this subpart and the calculation procedures specified in §§63.5865 through 63.5890, are reduced by at least 95 percent by weight.
	b. not exceed an	total organic HAP emissions, based on the

	organic HAP emissions limit of 1.47 lbs of organic HAP per ton of neat resin plus and neat gel coat plus	results of the capture efficiency and destruction efficiency testing specified in Table 6 and the calculation procedures specified in §§63.5865 through 63.5890, do not exceed 1.47 lbs of organic HAP per ton of neat resin plus and neat gel coat plus.
5.pultrusion operations	a. reduce total organic HAP emissions by at least 60 percent by weight	i. total organic HAP emissions, based on the results of the capture efficiency and add-on control device destruction efficiency testing specified in Table 6 to this subpart, are reduced by at least 60 percent by weight, and ii. as part of the notification of initial compliance status, the owner/operator submits a certified statement that all pultrusion lines not controlled with an add-on control device are using direct die injection, perform injection, and/or wet-area enclosures that meet the criteria of §63.5830.
6.pultrusion operations	a. reduce total organic HAP emissions by at least 95 percent by weight	i. total organic HAP emissions, based on the results of the capture efficiency and add-on control device destruction efficiency testing specified in Table 6 to this subpart, are reduced by at least 95 percent by weight.

Table 9 to Subpart WWWW of Part 63. Initial Compliance With Work Practice Standards

As required in §63.5860(a), you must demonstrate initial compliance with work practice standards as specified in the following table:

For	That must meet the following standard...	**You have demonstrated initial compliance if...**
1. a new or existing closed molding operation using compression/injection molding	uncover, unwrap or expose only one charge per mold cycle per compression/injection molding machine. For machines with multiple molds, one charge means sufficient material to fill all molds for one cycle. For machines with robotic loaders, no more than one charge may be exposed prior to the loader. For machines fed by hoppers, sufficient material may be uncovered to fill the hopper. Hoppers must be closed when not adding	the owner or operator submits a certified statement in the notice of compliance status that only one charge is uncovered, unwrapped or exposed per mold cycle per compression/injection molding machine, or prior to the loader, hoppers are closed except when adding materials, and materials are recovered after slitting.

	materials. Materials may be uncovered to feed to slitting machines. Materials must be recovered after slitting.	
2. a new or existing cleaning operation	not use cleaning solvents that contain HAP, except that styrene may be used in closed systems, and organic HAP containing materials may be used to clean cured resin from application equipment. Application equipment includes any equipment that directly contacts resin between storage and applying resin to the mold or reinforcement.	the owner or operator submits a certified statement in the notice of compliance status that all cleaning materials, except styrene contained in closed systems, or materials used to clean cured resin from application equipment contain no HAP.
3. a new or existing materials HAP containing materials storage operation	keep containers that store HAP containing materials closed or covered except during the addition or removal of materials. Bulk HAP-containing materials storage tanks may be vented as necessary for safety.	the owner or operator submits a certified statement in the notice of compliance status that all HAP-containing storage containers are kept closed or covered except when adding or removing materials, and that any bulk storage tanks are vented only as necessary for safety.
4. an existing or new SMC manufacturing operation	close or cover the resin delivery system to the doctor box on each SMC manufacturing machine. The doctor box itself may be open.	the owner or operator submits a certified statement in the notice if compliance status that he resin delivery system is closed or covered.
5. an existing or new SMC manufacturing operation	use a nylon containing film to enclose SMC.	the owner or operator submits a certified statement in the notice of compliance status that nylon-containing film is used to enclose SMC.
6. an existing or new mixing or BMC manufacturing operation	use mixer covers with no visible gaps present in the mixer covers, except that gaps up to 1 inch are permissible around mixer shafts and any required instrumentation.	the owner or operator submits a certified statement in the notice of compliance status that mixer covers are closed during mixing except when adding materials to the mixers, and that gaps around mixer shafts and required instrumentation are less than 1 inch.
7. an existing	not actively vent mixers to the	the owner or operator submits

mixing or BMC manufacturing operation	atmosphere while the mixing agitator is turning, except that venting is allowed during addition of materials, or as necessary prior to adding materials for safety.	a certified statement in the notice compliance status that mixers are not actively vented to the atmosphere when the agitator is turning except when adding materials or as necessary for safety.
8. a new or existing mixing or BMC manufacturing operation	keep the mixer covers closed during mixing except when adding materials to the mixing vessels.	the owner or operator submits a certified statement in the notice of compliance status that mixers closed except when adding materials to the mixing vessels
9. a new or existing pultrusion operation manufacturing parts with 1000 or more reinforcements and a cross section area of 60 square inches or more that is not subject to the 95 percent organic HAP emission reduction requirement	i. not allow vents from the building ventilation system, or local or portable fans to blow directly on or across the wet-out area(s), ii. not permit point suction of ambient air in the wet-out area(s) unless that air is directed to a control device, iii. use devices such as deflectors, baffles, and curtains when practical to reduce air flow velocity across the wet-outarea(s), iv. direct any compressed air exhausts away from resin and wet-out area(s), v. convey resin collected from drip-off pans or other devices to reservoirs, tanks, or sumps via covered troughs, pipes, or other covered conveyance that shields the resin from the ambient	the owner or operator submits a certified statement in the notice of compliance status that they have complied with all the requirements listed in 9.i through 9.vii.

Table 10 to Subpart WWWW of Part 63 - Data Requirements for New and Existing Continuous Lamination Lines and Continuous Casting Lines Complying with a Percent Reduction Limit on a Per Line Basis

As required in §63.5865(a), in order to comply with a percent reduction limit for continuous lamination lines and continuous casting lines you must determine the data in the following table:

For each line where the wetout area...	And the oven...	**You must determine...**
1. has an enclosure that is not a	a. is	i. annual uncontrolled wetout area

permanent total enclosure (PTE) and the captured organic HAP emissions are controlled by an add-on control device	uncontrolled	organic HAP emissions, ii. annual controlled wetout area organic HAP emissions, iii. annual uncontrolled oven organic HAP emissions, iv the capture efficiency of the wet-out area enclosure, v. the destruction efficiency of the add-on control device, and vi. the amount of neat resin plus and neat gel coat plus applied.
2. has an enclosure that is a PTE and the captured organic HAP emissions are controlled by an add-on control device	a. is uncontrolled	i. annual uncontrolled wetout area organic HAP emissions, ii. annual controlled wetout area organic HAP emissions, iii. annual uncontrolled oven organic HAP emissions, iv. that the wet-out area enclosure meets the requirements of EPA Method 204 of appendix M to 40 CFR part 51 for a PTE, v. the destruction efficiency of the add-on control device, and vi. the amount of neat resin plus and neat gel coat plus applied.
3. is uncontrolled	a. is controlled by an add-on control device	i. annual uncontrolled wetout area organic HAP emissions, ii. annual uncontrolled oven organic HAP emissions, iii. annual controlled oven organic HAP emissions, iv. the capture efficiency of the oven, v. the destruction efficiency of the add-on control device, and vi. the amount of neat resin plus and neat gel coat plus applied.
4. has an enclosure that is not a PTE and the captured organic HAP emissions are controlled by an add-on control device	a. is controlled by an add-on control device	i. annual uncontrolled wetout area organic HAP emissions, ii. annual controlled wetout area organic HAP emissions, iii. annual uncontrolled oven organic HAP emissions, iv. annual controlled oven organic HAP emissions; v. the capture efficiency of the wet-out

		area enclosure, vi. inlet organic HAP emissions to the add-on control device, vii. outlet organic HAP emissions from the add-on control device, and viii. the amount of neat resin plus and neat gel coat plus applied.
5. has an enclosure that is a PTE and the captured organic HAP emissions are controlled by an add-on control device	a. is controlled by an add-on control device	i. that the wet-out area enclosure meets the requirements of EPA Method 204 of appendix M to 40 CFR part 51 for a PTE, ii. the capture efficiency of the oven, and iii. the destruction efficiency of the add-on control device.

Table 11 to Subpart WWWW of Part 63 - Data Requirements for New and Existing Continuous Lamination and Continuous Casting Lines Complying with a Percent Reduction Limit or a Lbs/Ton Limit on an Averaging Basis

As required in §63.5865, in order to comply with a percent reduction limit or a lbs/ton limit on an averaging basis for continuous lamination lines and continuous casting lines you must determine the data in the following table:

For Each	That	You Must Determine
1. wet-out area	is uncontrolled	annual uncontrolled wetout area organic HAP emissions.
2. wet-out area	a. has an enclosure that is not a PTE	i. the capture efficiency of the enclosure, and ii. annual organic HAP emissions that escape the enclosure.
3. wet-out area	has an enclosure that is a PTE	that the enclosure meets the requirements of EPA Method 204 of appendix M to 40 CFR part 51 for a PTE.
4. oven	is uncontrolled	annual uncontrolled oven organic HAP emissions.
5. line	a. is controlled or uncontrolled	i. the amount of neat resin plus applied, and ii. the amount of neat gel coat plus applied.
6. add-on control device		i. total annual inlet organic HAP emissions, and total annual outlet organic HAP emissions.

Table 12 to Subpart WWWW of Part 63. Data Requirements for New and Existing Continuous Lamination Lines and Continuous Casting Lines Complying with a Lbs/Ton Organic HAP Emissions Limit on a Per Line Basis

As required in §63.5865(b), in order to comply with a lbs/ton organic HAP emissions limit for continuous lamination lines and continuous casting lines you must determine the data in the following table:

For each line where the wetout area ...	And the oven...	You must determine ...
1. is uncontrolled	a. is uncontrolled	i. annual uncontrolled wetout area organic HAP emissions, ii. annual uncontrolled oven organic HAP emissions, and iii. annual neat resin plus and neat gel coat plus applied.
2. has an enclosure that is not a PTE and the captured organic HAP emissions are controlled by an add-on control device	a. is uncontrolled	i. annual uncontrolled wetout area organic HAP emissions, ii. annual controlled wetout area organic HAP emissions, iii. annual uncontrolled oven organic HAP emissions, iv. the capture efficiency of the wet-out area enclosure, v. the destruction efficiency of the add-on control device, and vi. the amount of neat resin plus and neat gel coat plus applied.
3. has an enclosure that is a PTE, and the captured organic HAP emissions are controlled by an add-on control device	a. is uncontrolled	i. annual uncontrolled wetout area organic HAP emissions, ii. annual controlled wetout area organic HAP emissions, iii. annual uncontrolled oven organic HAP emissions, iv. that the wet-out area enclosure meets the requirements of EPA Method 204 of appendix M to 40 CFR part 51 for a PTE, v. the destruction efficiency of the add-on control device, and vi. the amount of neat resin plus and neat gel coat plus applied.
4. is uncontrolled	a. is controlled	i. annual uncontrolled wetout area organic HAP emissions,

	by an add-on control device	ii. annual uncontrolled oven organic HAP emissions, iii. annual controlled oven organic HAP emissions, iv. the capture efficiency of the oven, v. the destruction efficiency of the add-on control device, and vi. the amount of neat resin plus and neat gel coat plus applied.
5. has an enclosure that is not a PTE and the captured organic HAP emissions are controlled by an add-on control device	a. is controlled by an add-on control device	i. annual uncontrolled wetout area organic HAP emissions, ii. annual controlled wetout area organic HAP emissions, iii. annual uncontrolled oven organic HAP emissions, iv. annual controlled oven organic HAP emissions, v. the capture efficiency of the wet-out area enclosure, vi. the capture efficiency of the oven, vii. the destruction efficiency of the add-on control device, and viii. the amount of neat resin plus and neat gel coat plus applied.
6. has an enclosure that is a PTE, and the captured organic HAP emissions are controlled by an add-on control device	a. is controlled by an add-on control device	i. that the wet-out area enclosure meets the requirements of EPA Method 204 of appendix M to 40 CFR part 51 for a PTE, ii. the capture efficiency of the oven, iii. inlet organic HAP emissions to the add-on control device, and iv. outlet organic HAP emissions from the add-on control device.

Table 13 to Subpart WWWW of Part 63. Applicability and Timing of Notifications

As required in §63.5905(a), you must determine the applicable notifications and submit them by the dates shown in the following table:

If your facility...	You must submit...	**By this date.**
1. is an existing source subject to this subpart	an Initial Notification containing the information specified in §63.9(b)(2)	no later than the dates specified in §63.9(b)(2).
2. is a new source subject to	the notifications specified	no later than the dates

this subpart	in §63.9(b)(4) and (5)	specified §63.9(b)(4) and (5).
3. qualifies for a compliance extension as specified in §63.9(c)	a request for a compliance extension as specified in §63.9(c)	no later than the dates specified in §63.6(i).
4. is complying with organic HAP emissions limit averaging provisions	a Notification of Compliance Status as specified in §63.9(h)	no later than 1 year plus 30 days after your facility's compliance date.
5. is complying with organic HAP content limits, application equipment requirements, or organic HAP emissions limit other than organic HAP emissions limit averaging	a Notification of Compliance Status as specified in §63.9(h)	no later than 30 calendar days after your facility's compliance date.
6. is complying by using an add-on control device	a. a notification of intent to conduct a performance test as specified in §63.9(e)	no later than the date specified in §63.9(e).
	b. a notification of the date for the CMS performance evaluation as specified in §63.9(g)	the date of submission of notification of intent to conduct a performance test.
	c. a Notification of Compliance Status as specified in §63.9(h)	no later than 60 calendar days after the completion of the add-on control device performance test and CMS performance evaluation.

Table 14 to Subpart WWWW of Part 63 - Requirements for Reports

As required in §63.5910(a), (b), (g), and (h), you must submit reports on the schedule shown in the following table:

You must submit a(n)	The report must contain...	**You must submit the report...**
1. compliance report	a. a statement that there were no deviations during that reporting period if there were no deviations from any emission limitations (emission limit, operating limit, opacity limit, and visible emission limit) that apply to you and there were no deviations from the requirements for work practice standards in	Semiannually according to the requirements in §63.5910(b).

	Table 4 to this subpart that apply to you. If there were no periods during which the CMS, including CEMS, and operating parameter monitoring systems, was out of control as specified in §63.8(c)(7), the report must also contain a statement that there were no periods during which the CMS was out of control during the reporting period.	
	b. the information in §63.5910(d) if you have a deviation from any emission limitation (emission limit, operating limit, or work practice standard) during the reporting period. If there were periods during which the CMS, including CEMS, and operating parameter monitoring systems, was out of control, as specified in §63.8(c)(7), the report must contain the information in §63.5910(e).	Semiannually according to the requirements in §63.5910(b).
	c. the information in §63.10(d)(5)(i) if you had a startup, shutdown or malfunction during the reporting period, and you took actions consistent with your startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan.	Semiannually according to the requirements in §63.5910(b).
2. an immediate startup, shutdown, and malfunction report if you had a startup, shutdown, or malfunction during the reporting period that is not consistent with your startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan	a. actions taken for the event.	by fax or telephone within 2 working days after starting actions inconsistent with the plan.
	b. the information in §63.10(d)(5)(ii).	by letter within 7 working days after the end of the event unless you have

		made alternative arrangements with the permitting authority. (§63.10(d)(5)(ii)).

Table 15 to Subpart WWWW of Part 63 - Applicability of General Provisions (Subpart A) to Subpart WWWW of Part 63

§ 63.1 Applicability.

(a) *General.*

(1) Terms used throughout this part are defined in § 63.2 or in the Clean Air Act (Act) as amended in 1990, except that individual subparts of this part may include specific definitions in addition to or that supersede definitions in § 63.2. **Additional terms defined in subpart WWWW of Part 63, when overlap between subparts A and WWWW of Part 63 of this part, subpart WWWW of Part 63 takes precedence.**

(2) This part contains national emission standards for hazardous air pollutants (NESHAP) established pursuant to section 112 of the Act as amended November 15, 1990. These standards regulate specific categories of stationary sources that emit (or have the potential to emit) one or more hazardous air pollutants listed in this part pursuant to section 112(b) of the Act. This section explains the applicability of such standards to sources affected by them. The standards in this part are independent of NESHAP contained in 40 CFR part 61. The NESHAP in part 61 promulgated by signature of the Administrator before November 15, 1990 (i.e., the date of enactment of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990) remain in effect until they are amended, if appropriate, and added to this part.

(3) No emission standard or other requirement established under this part shall be interpreted, construed, or applied to diminish or replace the requirements of a more stringent emission limitation or other applicable requirement established by the Administrator pursuant to other authority of the Act (section 111, part C or D or any other authority of this Act), or a standard issued under State authority. The Administrator may specify in a specific standard under this part that facilities subject to other provisions under the Act need only comply with the provisions of that standard.

(4) (i) Each relevant standard in this part 63 must identify explicitly whether each provision in this subpart A is or is not included in such relevant standard.

(ii) If a relevant part 63 standard incorporates the requirements of 40 CFR part 60, part 61, or other part 63 standards, the relevant part 63 standard must identify explicitly the applicability of each corresponding part 60,part 61, or other part 63 subpart A (General) Provision.

(iii) The General Provisions in this Subpart A do not apply to regulations developed pursuant to section112(r) of the amended Act., unless otherwise specified in those regulations.

(5) [Reserved]

(6) To obtain the most current list of categories of sources to be regulated under section 112 of the Act, or to obtain the most recent regulation promulgation schedule established

pursuant to section 112(e) of the Act, contact the Office of the Director, Emission Standards Division, Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards, U.S. EPA (MD–13), Research Triangle Park, North Carolina 27711.

(7) [Reserved]

(8) [Reserved]

(9) [Reserved]

(10) For the purposes of this part, time periods specified in days shall be measured in calendar days, even if the word ‘‘calendar’’ is absent, unless otherwise specified in an applicable requirement.

(11) For the purposes of this part, if an explicit postmark deadline is not specified in an applicable requirement for the submittal of a notification, application, test plan, report, or other written communication to the Administrator, the owner or operator shall postmark the submittal on or before the number of days specified in the applicable requirement. For example, if a notification must be submitted 15 days before a particular event is scheduled to take place, the notification shall be postmarked on or before 15 days preceding the event; likewise, if a notification must be submitted 15 days after a particular event takes place, the notification shall be postmarked on or before 15 days following the end of the event. The use of reliable non-Government mail carriers that provide indications of verifiable delivery of information required to be submitted to the Administrator, similar to the postmark provided by the U.S. Postal Service, or alternative means of delivery agreed to by the permitting authority, is acceptable.

(12) Notwithstanding time periods or postmark deadlines specified in this part for the submittal of information to the Administrator by an owner or operator, or the review of such information by the Administrator, such time periods or deadlines may be changed by mutual agreement between the owner or operator and the Administrator. Procedures governing the implementation of this provision are specified in § 63.9(i).

(13) [Reserved]

(14) [Reserved]

(b) *Initial applicability determination for this part*.

(1) **Subpart WWWW of Part 63 clarifies the applicability in §§63.5780 and 63.5785.**

The provisions of this part apply to the owner or operator of any stationary source that -

(i) Emits or has the potential to emit any hazardous air pollutant listed in or pursuant to section 112(b) of the Act; and

(ii) Is subject to any standard, limitation, prohibition, or other federally enforceable requirement established pursuant to this part.

(2) [Reserved]

(3) An owner or operator of a stationary source who is in the relevant source category and who determines that the source is not subject to a relevant standard or other requirement established under this part, must keep a record as specified in § 63.10(b)(3).

(c) *Applicability of this part after a relevant standard has been set under this part.*

(1) If a relevant standard has been established under this part, the owner or operator of an affected source must comply with the provisions of that standard and of this subpart as provided in paragraph (a)(4) of this section. **Subpart WWWW of Part 63 clarifies the applicability of each paragraph of subpart A to sources subject to subpart WWWW of Part 63.**

(2) **All major affected sources are required to obtain a title V operating permit.**

Area sources are not subject to subpart WWWW of Part 63. Except as provided in § 63.10(b)(3), if a relevant standard has been established under this part, the owner or operator of an affected source may be required to obtain a title V permit from a permitting authority in the State in which the source is located. Emission standards promulgated in this part for area sources pursuant to section 112(c)(3) of the Act will specify whether –

(i) States will have the option to exclude area sources affected by that standard from the requirement to obtain a title V permit (i.e., the standard will exempt the category of area sources altogether from the permitting requirement);

(ii) States will have the option to defer permitting of area sources in that category until the Administrator takes rulemaking action to determine applicability of the permitting requirements; or

(iii) If a standard fails to specify what the permitting requirements will be for area sources affected by such a standard, then area sources that are subject to the standard will be subject to the requirement to obtain a title V permit without any deferral.

(3) [Reserved]

(4) [Reserved]

(5) If an area source that otherwise would be subject to an emission standard or other requirement established under this part if it were a major source subsequently increases its emissions of hazardous air pollutants (or its potential to emit hazardous air pollutants) such that the source is a major source that is subject to the emission standard or other requirement, such source also shall be subject to the notification requirements of this subpart.

(d) [Reserved]

(e) If the Administrator promulgates an emission standard under section 112(d) or (h) of the Act that is applicable to a source subject to an emission limitation by permit established under section 112(j) of the Act, and the requirements under the section 112(j) emission limitation are substantially as effective as the promulgated emission standard, the owner or operator may request the permitting authority to revise the source's title V permit to reflect that the emission limitation in the permit satisfies the requirements of the promulgated emission standard. The process by which the permitting authority determines whether the section 112(j) emission limitation is substantially as effective as the promulgated emission standard must include, consistent with part 70 or 71 of this chapter, the opportunity for full public, EPA, and affected State review (including the opportunity for EPA's objection) prior to the permit revision being finalized. A negative determination by the permitting authority constitutes final action for purposes of review and appeal under the applicable title V operating permit program.

§ 63.2 Definitions.

Subpart WWWW of Part 63 defines terms in §63.5935. When overlap between subparts A and WWWW of Part 63 occurs, you must comply with the subpart WWWW of Part 63 definitions, which take precedence over the subpart A definitions.

The terms used in this part are defined in the Act or in this section as follows:

Act means the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq., as amended by Pub. L. 101–549,

104 Stat. 2399).

Actual emissions is defined in subpart D of this part for the purpose of granting a compliance extension for an early reduction of hazardous air pollutants.

Administrator means the Administrator of the United States Environmental Protection Agency or his or her authorized representative (e.g., a State that has been delegated the authority to implement the provisions of this part).

Affected source, for the purposes of this part, means the collection of equipment, activities, or both within a single contiguous area and under common control that is included in a section 112(c) source category or subcategory for which a section 112(d) standard or other relevant standard is established pursuant to section 112 of the Act. Each relevant standard will define the "affected source," as defined in this paragraph unless a different definition is warranted based on a published justification as to why this definition would result in significant administrative, practical, or implementation problems and why the different definition would resolve those problems. The term "affected source," as used in this part, is separate and distinct from any other use of that term in EPA regulations such as those implementing title IV of the Act. Affected source may be defined differently for part 63 than affected facility and stationary source in parts 60 and 61, respectively. This definition of "affected source," and the procedures for adopting an alternative definition of "affected source," shall apply to each section 112(d) standard for which the initial proposed rule is signed by the Administrator after June 30, 2002.

Alternative emission limitation means conditions established pursuant to sections 112(i)(5) or 112(i)(6) of the Act by the Administrator or by a State with an approved permit program.

Alternative emission standard means an alternative means of emission limitation that, after notice and opportunity for public comment, has been demonstrated by an owner or operator to the Administrator’s satisfaction to achieve a reduction in emissions of any air pollutant at least equivalent to the reduction in emissions of such pollutant achieved under a relevant design, equipment, work practice, or operational emission standard, or combination thereof, established under this part pursuant to section 112(h) of the Act.

Alternative test method means any method of sampling and analyzing for an air pollutant that is not a test method in this chapter and that has been demonstrated to the Administrator’s satisfaction, using Method 301 in Appendix A of this part, to produce results adequate for the Administrator’s determination that it may be used in place of a test method specified in this part.

Approved permit program means a State permit program approved by the Administrator as meeting the requirements of part 70 of this chapter or a Federal permit program established in this chapter pursuant to title V of the Act (42 U.S.C. 7661).

Area source means any stationary source of hazardous air pollutants that is not a major source as defined in this part.

Commenced means, with respect to construction or reconstruction of an affected source, that an owner or operator has undertaken a continuous program of construction or reconstruction or that an owner or operator has entered into a contractual obligation to undertake and complete, within a reasonable time, a continuous program of construction or reconstruction.

Compliance date means the date by which an affected source is required to be in compliance with a relevant standard, limitation, prohibition, or any federally enforceable requirement established by the Administrator (or a State with an approved permit program) pursuant to section 112 of the Act.

Compliance schedule means:

(1) In the case of an affected source that is in compliance with all applicable requirements established under this part, a statement that the source will continue to comply with such requirements; or

(2) In the case of an affected source that is required to comply with applicable requirements by a future date, a statement that the source will meet such requirements on a timely basis and, if required by an applicable requirement, a detailed schedule of the dates by which each step toward compliance will be reached; or

(3) In the case of an affected source not in compliance with all applicable requirements established under this part, a schedule of remedial measures, including an enforceable sequence of actions or operations with milestones and a schedule for the submission of certified progress reports, where applicable, leading to compliance with a relevant standard, limitation, prohibition, or any federally enforceable requirement established pursuant to section 112 of the Act for which the affected source is not in compliance. This compliance schedule shall resemble and be at least as stringent as that contained in any judicial consent decree or administrative order to which the source is subject. Any such schedule of compliance shall be supplemental to, and shall not sanction non-compliance with, the applicable requirements on which it is based.

Construction means the on-site fabrication, erection, or installation of an affected source. Construction does not include the removal of all equipment comprising an affected source from an existing location and reinstallation of such equipment at a new location. The owner or operator of an existing affected source that is relocated may elect not to reinstall minor ancillary equipment including, but not limited to, piping, ductwork, and valves. However, removal and reinstallation of an affected source will be construed as reconstruction if it satisfies the criteria for reconstruction as defined in this section. The costs of replacing minor ancillary equipment must be considered in determining whether the existing affected source is reconstructed.

Continuous emission monitoring system (CEMS) means the total equipment that may be required to meet the data acquisition and availability requirements of this part, used to sample, condition (if applicable), analyze, and provide a record of emissions.

Continuous monitoring system (CMS) is a comprehensive term that may include, but is not limited to, continuous emission monitoring systems, continuous opacity monitoring systems, continuous parameter monitoring systems, or other manual or automatic monitoring that is used for demonstrating compliance with an applicable regulation on a continuous basis as defined by the regulation.

Continuous opacity monitoring system (COMS) means a continuous monitoring system that measures the opacity of emissions.

Continuous parameter monitoring system means the total equipment that may be required to meet the data acquisition and availability requirements of this part, used to sample, condition (if applicable), analyze, and provide a record of process or control system parameters.

Effective date means:

(1) With regard to an emission standard established under this part, the date of promulgation in the FEDERAL REGISTER of such standard; or

(2) With regard to an alternative emission limitation or equivalent emission limitation determined by the Administrator (or a State with an approved permit program), the date that the alternative emission limitation or equivalent emission limitation becomes effective according to the provisions of this part.

Emission standard means a national standard, limitation, prohibition, or other regulation promulgated in a subpart of this part pursuant to sections 112(d), 112(h), or 112(f) of the Act.

Emissions averaging is a way to comply with the emission limitations specified in a relevant standard, whereby an affected source, if allowed under a subpart of this part, may create emission credits by reducing emissions from specific points to a level below that required by the relevant standard, and those credits are used to offset emissions from points that are not controlled to the level required by the relevant standard.

EPA means the United States Environmental Protection Agency.

Equivalent emission limitation means any maximum achievable control technology emission limitation or requirements which are applicable to a major source of hazardous air pollutants and are adopted by the Administrator (or a State with an approved permit program) on a case-by-case basis, pursuant to section 112(g) or (j) of the Act.

Excess emissions and continuous monitoring system performance report is a report that must be submitted periodically by an affected source in order to provide data on its compliance with relevant emission limits, operating parameters, and the performance of its continuous parameter monitoring systems.

Existing source means any affected source that is not a new source.

Federally enforceable means all limitations and conditions that are enforceable by the Administrator and citizens under the Act or that are enforceable under other statutes administered by the Administrator. Examples of federally enforceable limitations and conditions include, but are not limited to:

(1) Emission standards, alternative emission standards, alternative emission limitations, and equivalent emission limitations established pursuant to section 112 of the Act as amended in 1990;

(2) New source performance standards established pursuant to section 111 of the Act, and emission standards established pursuant to section 112 of the Act before it was amended in 1990;

(3) All terms and conditions in a title V permit, including any provisions that limit a source’s potential to emit, unless expressly designated as not federally enforceable;

(4) Limitations and conditions that are part of an approved State Implementation Plan (SIP) or a Federal Implementation Plan (FIP);

(5) Limitations and conditions that are part of a Federal construction permit issued under 40 CFR 52.21 or any construction permit issued under regulations approved by the EPA in accordance with 40 CFR part 51;

(6) Limitations and conditions that are part of an operating permit where the permit and the permitting program pursuant to which it was issued meet all of the following criteria:

(i) The operating permit program has been submitted to and approved by EPA into a State implementation plan (SIP) under section 110 of the CAA;

(ii) The SIP imposes a legal obligation that operating permit holders adhere to the terms and limitations of such permits and provides that permits which do not conform to the operating permit program requirements and the requirements of EPA's underlying regulations may be deemed not "federally enforceable" by EPA;

(iii) The operating permit program requires that all emission limitations, controls, and other requirements imposed by such permits will be at least as stringent as any other applicable limitations and requirements contained in the SIP or enforceable under the SIP, and that the program may not issue permits that waive, or make less stringent, any limitations or requirements contained in or issued pursuant to the SIP, or that are otherwise "federally enforceable";

(iv) The limitations, controls, and requirements in the permit in question are

permanent, quantifiable, and otherwise enforceable as a practical matter; and

(v) The permit in question was issued only after adequate and timely notice and opportunity for comment for EPA and the public.

(7) Limitations and conditions in a State rule or program that has been approved by the EPA under subpart E of this part for the purposes of implementing and enforcing section 112; and

(8) Individual consent agreements that the EPA has legal authority to create.

Fixed capital cost means the capital needed to provide all the depreciable components of an existing source.

Fugitive emissions means those emissions from a stationary source that could not reasonably pass through a stack, chimney, vent, or other functionally equivalent opening. Under section 112 of the Act, all fugitive emissions are to be considered in determining whether a stationary source is a major source.

Hazardous air pollutant means any air pollutant listed in or pursuant to section 112(b) of the Act.

Issuance of a part 70 permit will occur, if the State is the permitting authority, in accordance with the requirements of part 70 of this chapter and the applicable, approved State permit program. When the EPA is the permitting authority, issuance of a title V permit occurs immediately after the EPA takes final action on the final permit.

Major source means any stationary source or group of stationary sources located within a contiguous area and under common control that emits or has the potential to emit considering controls, in the aggregate, 10 tons per year or more of any hazardous air pollutant or 25 tons per year or more of any combination of hazardous air pollutants, unless the Administrator establishes a lesser quantity, or in the case of radionuclides, different criteria from those specified in this sentence.

Malfunction means any sudden, infrequent, and not reasonably preventable failure of air pollution control and monitoring equipment, process equipment, or a process to operate in a normal or usual manner which causes, or has the potential to cause, the emission limitations in an applicable standard to be exceeded. Failures that are caused in part by poor maintenance or careless operation are not malfunctions.

Monitoring means the collection and use of measurement data or other information to control the operation of a process or pollution control device or to verify a work practice standard relative to assuring compliance with applicable requirements. Monitoring is composed of four elements:

(1) Indicator(s) of performance -- the parameter or parameters you measure or observe for demonstrating proper operation of the pollution control measures or compliance with the applicable emissions limitation or standard. Indicators of performance may include direct or predicted emissions measurements (including opacity), operational parametric values that correspond to process or control device (and capture system) efficiencies or emissions rates, and recorded findings of inspection of work practice activities, materials tracking, or design characteristics. Indicators may be expressed as a single maximum or minimum value, a function of process variables (for example, within a range of pressure drops), a particular operational or work practice status (for example, a damper position, completion of a waste recovery task, materials tracking), or an interdependency between two or among more than two variables.

(2) Measurement techniques -- the means by which you gather and record

information of or about the indicators of performance. The components of the measurement technique include the detector type, location and installation specifications, inspection procedures, and quality assurance and quality control measures. Examples of measurement techniques include continuous emission monitoring systems, continuous opacity monitoring systems, continuous parametric monitoring systems, and manual inspections that include making records of process conditions or work practices.

(3) Monitoring frequency -- the number of times you obtain and record monitoring data over a specified time interval. Examples of monitoring frequencies include at least four points equally spaced for each hour for continuous emissions or parametric monitoring systems, at least every 10 seconds for continuous opacity monitoring systems, and at least once per operating day (or week, month, etc.) for work practice or design inspections.

(4) Averaging time -- the period over which you average and use data to verify proper operation of the pollution control approach or compliance with the emissions limitation or standard. Examples of averaging time include a 3-hour average in units of the emissions limitation, a 30-day rolling average emissions value, a daily average of a control device operational parametric range, and an instantaneous alarm.

New affected source means the collection of equipment, activities, or both within a single contiguous area and under common control that is included in a section 112(c) source category or subcategory that is subject to a section 112(d) or other relevant standard for new sources. This definition of "new affected source," and the criteria to be utilized in implementing it, shall apply to each section 112(d) standard for which the initial proposed rule is signed by the Administrator after June 30, 2002. Each relevant standard will define the term "new affected source," which will be the same as the "affected source" unless a different collection is warranted based on consideration of factors including:

(1) Emission reduction impacts of controlling individual sources versus groups of sources;

(2) Cost effectiveness of controlling individual equipment;

(3) Flexibility to accommodate common control strategies;

(4) Cost/benefits of emissions averaging;

(5) Incentives for pollution prevention;

(6) Feasibility and cost of controlling processes that share common equipment (e.g., product recovery devices);

(7) Feasibility and cost of monitoring; and

(8) Other relevant factors.

New source means any affected source the construction or reconstruction of which is commenced after the Administrator first proposes a relevant emission standard under this part establishing an emission standard applicable to such source.

Opacity means the degree to which emissions reduce the transmission of light and obscure the view of an object in the background. For continuous opacity monitoring systems, opacity means the fraction of incident light that is attenuated by an optical medium.

Owner or operator means any person who owns, leases, operates, controls, or supervises a stationary source..

Performance audit means a procedure to analyze blind samples, the content of which is known by the Administrator, simultaneously with the analysis of performance test samples in order to provide a measure of test data quality.

Performance evaluation means the conduct of relative accuracy testing, calibration error testing, and other measurements used in validating the continuous monitoring system data.

Performance test means the collection of data resulting from the execution of a test method (usually three emission test runs) used to demonstrate compliance with a relevant emission standard as specified in the performance test section of the relevant standard.

Permit modification means a change to a title V permit as defined in regulations codified in this chapter to implement title V of the Act (42 U.S.C. 7661).

Permit program means a comprehensive State operating permit system established pursuant to title V of the Act (42 U.S.C. 7661) and regulations codified in part 70 of this chapter and applicable State regulations, or a comprehensive Federal operating permit system established pursuant to title V of the Act and regulations codified in this chapter.

Permit revision means any permit modification or administrative permit amendment to a title V permit as defined in regulations codified in this chapter to implement title V of the Act (42 U.S.C. 7661).

Permitting authority means:

(1) The State air pollution control agency, local agency, other State agency, or other agency authorized by the Administrator to carry out a permit program under part 70 of this chapter; or

(2) The Administrator, in the case of EPA-implemented permit programs under title V of the Act (42 U.S.C. 7661).

Potential to emit means the maximum capacity of a stationary source to emit a pollutant under its physical and operational design. Any physical or operational limitation on the capacity of the stationary source to emit a pollutant, including air pollution control equipment and restrictions on hours of operation or on the type or amount of material combusted, stored, or processed, shall be treated as part of its design if the limitation or the effect it would have on emissions is federally enforceable.

Reconstruction means the replacement of components of an affected or a previously unaffected stationary source to such an extent that:

(1) The fixed capital cost of the new components exceeds 50 percent of the fixed capital cost that would be required to construct a comparable new source; and

(2) It is technologically and economically feasible for the reconstructed source to meet the relevant standard(s) established by the Administrator (or a State) pursuant to section 112 of the Act. Upon reconstruction, an affected source, or a stationary source that becomes an affected source, is subject to relevant standards for new sources, including compliance dates, irrespective of any change in emissions of hazardous air pollutants from that source.

Regulation promulgation schedule means the schedule for the promulgation of emission standards under this part, established by the Administrator pursuant to section 112(e) of the Act and published in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

Relevant standard means:

(1) An emission standard;

(2) An alternative emission standard;

(3) An alternative emission limitation; or

(4) An equivalent emission limitation established pursuant to section 112 of the Act that applies to the collection of equipment, activities, or both regulated by such standard or limitation. A relevant standard may include or consist of a design, equipment, work practice, or operational requirement, or other measure, process, method, system, or technique (including

prohibition of emissions) that the Administrator (or a State) establishes for new or existing sources to which such standard or limitation applies. Every relevant standard established pursuant to section 112 of the Act includes subpart A of this part, as provided by § 63.1(a)(4), and all applicable appendices of this part or of other parts of this chapter that are referenced in that standard.

Responsible official means one of the following:

(1) For a corporation: A president, secretary, treasurer, or vice president of the corporation in charge of a principal business function, or any other person who performs similar policy or decision-making functions for the corporation, or a duly authorized representative of such person if the representative is responsible for the overall operation of one or more manufacturing, production, or operating facilities and either:

(i) The facilities employ more than 250 persons or have gross annual sales or expenditures exceeding $25 million (in second quarter 1980 dollars); or

(ii) The delegation of authority to such representative is approved in advance by the Administrator.

(2) For a partnership or sole proprietorship: a general partner or the proprietor, respectively.

(3) For a municipality, State, Federal, or other public agency: either a principal executive officer or ranking elected official. For the purposes of this part, a principal executive officer of a Federal agency includes the chief executive officer having responsibility for the overall operations of a principal geographic unit of the agency (e.g., a Regional Administrator of the EPA).

(4) For affected sources (as defined in this part) applying for or subject to a title V permit: ‘‘responsible official’’ shall have the same meaning as defined in part 70 or Federal title V regulations in this chapter (42 U.S.C. 7661), whichever is applicable.

Run means one of a series of emission or other measurements needed to determine emissions for a representative operating period or cycle as specified in this part.

Shutdown means the cessation of operation of an affected source or portion of an affected source for any purpose.

Six-minute period means, with respect to opacity determinations, any one of the 10 equal parts of a 1-hour period.

Standard conditions means a temperature of 293 ^{o}K (68/ F) and a pressure of 101.3 kilopascals (29.92 in. Hg).

Startup means the setting in operation of an affected source for any purpose.

State means all non-Federal authorities, including local agencies, interstate associations, and State-wide programs, that have delegated authority to implement:

(1) The provisions of this part and/or

(2) the permit program established under part 70 of this chapter. The term State shall have its conventional meaning where clear from the context.

Stationary source means any building, structure, facility, or installation which emits or may emit any air pollutant.

Test method means the validated procedure for sampling, preparing, and analyzing for an air pollutant specified in a relevant standard as the performance test procedure. The test method may include methods described in an appendix of this chapter, test methods incorporated by reference in this part, or methods validated for an application through procedures in Method 301 of appendix A of this part.

Title V permit means any permit issued, renewed, or revised pursuant to Federal or State regulations established to implement title V of the Act (42 U.S.C. 7661). A title V permit issued by a State permitting authority is called a part 70 permit in this part.

Visible emission means the observation of an emission of opacity or optical density above the threshold of vision.

Working day means any day on which Federal Government offices (or State government offices for a State that has obtained delegation under section 112(l)) are open for normal business. Saturdays, Sundays, and official Federal (or where delegated, State) holidays are not working days.

§ 63.3 Units and abbreviations.

Other units and abbreviations used in subpart WWWW of Part 63 are defined in subpart WWWW of Part 63.

Used in this part are abbreviations and symbols of units of measure. These are defined as follows:

(a) System International (SI) units of measure:

A = ampere
g = gram
Hz = hertz
J = joule
/K = degree Kelvin
kg = kilogram
l = liter
m = meter
m^3 = cubic meter
mg = milligram = 10^{-3} gram
ml = milliliter = 10^{-3} liter
mm = millimeter = 10^{-3} meter
Mg = megagram = 10^{6} gram = metric ton
MJ = megajoule
mol = mole
N = newton
ng = nanogram = 10^{-9} gram
nm = nanometer = 10^{-9} meter
Pa = pascal
s = second
V = volt
W = watt
W = ohm
mg = microgram = 10^{-6} gram
ml = microliter = 10^{-6} liter

(b) Other units of measure:

Btu = British thermal unit

/C = degree Celsius (centigrade)
cal = calorie
cfm = cubic feet per minute
cc = cubic centimeter
cu ft = cubic feet
d = day
dcf = dry cubic feet
dcm = dry cubic meter
dscf = dry cubic feet at standard conditions
dscm = dry cubic meter at standard conditions
eq = equivalent
/F = degree Fahrenheit
ft = feet
ft^2 = square feet
ft^3 = cubic feet
gal = gallon
gr = grain
g-eq = gram equivalent
g-mole = gram mole
hr = hour
in. = inch
in. H_2O = inches of water
K = 1,000
kcal = kilocalorie
lb = pound
lpm = liter per minute
meq = milliequivalent
min = minute
MW = molecular weight
oz = ounces
ppb = parts per billion
ppbw = parts per billion by weight
ppbv = parts per billion by volume
ppm = parts per million
ppmw = parts per million by weight
ppmv = parts per million by volume
psia = pounds per square inch absolute
psig = pounds per square inch gage
/R = degree Rankine
scf = cubic feet at standard conditions
scfh = cubic feet at standard conditions per hour
scm = cubic meter at standard conditions
scmm= cubic meter at standard conditions per minute
sec = second
sq ft = square feet
std = at standard conditions

v/v = volume per volume
yd^2 = square yards
yr = year

(c) Miscellaneous:
act = actual
avg = average
I.D. = inside diameter
M = molar
N = normal
O.D. = outside diameter
% = percent

§ 63.4 Prohibited activities and circumvention.

(a) *Prohibited activities*.

(1) No owner or operator subject to the provisions of this part must operate any affected source in violation of the requirements of this part. Affected sources subject to and in compliance with either an extension of compliance or an exemption from compliance are not in violation of the requirements of this part. An extension of compliance can be granted by the Administrator under this part; by a State with an approved permit program; or by the President under section 112(i)(4) of the Act.

(2) No owner or operator subject to the provisions of this part shall fail to keep records, notify, report, or revise reports as required under this part.

(3) [Reserved]

(4) [Reserved]

(5) [Reserved]

(b) *Circumvention.* No owner or operator subject to the provisions of this part shall build, erect, install, or use any article, machine, equipment, or process to conceal an emission that would otherwise constitute noncompliance with a relevant standard. Such concealment includes, but is not limited to

(1) The use of diluents to achieve compliance with a relevant standard based on the concentration of a pollutant in the effluent discharged to the atmosphere;

(2) The use of gaseous diluents to achieve compliance with a relevant standard for visible emissions; and

(3) [Reserved]

(c) *Severability*. Notwithstanding any requirement incorporated into a title V permit obtained by an owner or operator subject to the provisions of this part, the provisions of this part are federally enforceable.

§ 63.5 Preconstruction review and notification requirements.

(a) *Applicability*. **Existing facilities do not become reconstructed under subpart WWWW of Part 63.**

(1) This section implements the preconstruction review requirements of section 112(i)(1) for sources subject to a relevant emission standard that has been promulgated in this part. In addition, this section includes other requirements for constructed and reconstructed stationary sources that are or become subject to a relevant promulgated emission standard.

(2) After the effective date of a relevant standard promulgated under this part, the requirements in this section apply to owners or operators who construct a new source or reconstruct a source after the proposal date of that standard. New or reconstructed sources that start up before the standard's effective date are not subject to the preconstruction review requirements specified in paragraphs (b)(3), (d), and (e) of this section.

(b) *Requirements for existing, newly constructed, and reconstructed sources*.

(1) A new affected source for which construction commences after proposal of a relevant standard is subject to relevant standards for new affected sources, including compliance dates. An affected source for which reconstruction commences after proposal of a relevant standard is subject to relevant standards for new sources, including compliance dates, irrespective of any change in emissions of hazardous air pollutants from that source. **Existing facilities do not become reconstructed under subpart WWWW of Part 63.**

(2) [Reserved]

(3) **Existing facilities do not become reconstructed under subpart WWWW of Part 63.** After the effective date of any relevant standard promulgated by the Administrator under this part, no person may, without obtaining written approval in advance from the Administrator in accordance with the procedures specified in paragraphs (d) and (e) of this section, do any of the following:

(i) Construct a new affected source that is major-emitting and subject to such standard;

(ii) Reconstruct an affected source that is major-emitting and subject to such standard; or

(iii) Reconstruct a major source such that the source becomes an affected source that is major-emitting and subject to the standard.

(4) After the effective date of any relevant standard promulgated by the Administrator under this part, an owner or operator who constructs a new affected source that is not major-emitting or reconstructs an affected source that is not major-emitting that is subject to such standard, or reconstructs a source such that the source becomes an affected source subject to the standard, must notify the Administrator of the intended construction or reconstruction. The notification must be submitted in accordance with the procedures in § 63.9(b). **Existing facilities do not become reconstructed under subpart WWWW of Part 63.**

(5) [Reserved]

(6) After the effective date of any relevant standard promulgated by the Administrator under this part, equipment added (or a process change) to an affected source that is within the scope of the definition of affected source under the relevant standard must be considered part of the affected source and subject to all provisions of the relevant standard established for that affected source. **Existing facilities do not become reconstructed under subpart WWWW of Part 63.**

(c) [Reserved]

(d) *Application for approval of construction or reconstruction*. The provisions of this paragraph implement section 112(i)(1) of the Act.

(1) *General application requirements*. **Existing facilities do not become reconstructed under subpart WWWW of Part 63.**

(i) An owner or operator who is subject to the requirements of paragraph (b)(3) of this section must submit to the Administrator an application for approval of the construction or reconstruction. The application must be submitted as soon as practicable before actual construction or reconstruction begins. The application for approval of construction or reconstruction may be used to fulfill the initial notification requirements of § 63.9(b)(5). The owner or operator may submit the application for approval well in advance of the date actual construction or reconstruction begins in order to ensure a timely review by the Administrator and that the planned date to begin will not be delayed.

(ii) A separate application shall be submitted for each construction or reconstruction. Each application for approval of construction or reconstruction shall include at a minimum:

(A) The applicant's name and address;

(B) A notification of intention to construct a new major affected source or make any physical or operational change to a major affected source that may meet or has been determined to meet the criteria for a reconstruction, as defined in § 63.2 or in the relevant standard;

(C) The address (i.e., physical location) or proposed address of the source;

(D) An identification of the relevant standard that is the basis of the application;

(E) The expected date of the beginning of actual construction or reconstruction;

(F) The expected completion date of the construction or reconstruction;

(G) [Reserved]

(H) The type and quantity of hazardous air pollutants emitted by the source, reported in units and averaging times and in accordance with the test methods specified in the relevant standard, or if actual emissions data are not yet available, an estimate of the type and quantity of hazardous air pollutants expected to be emitted by the source reported in units and averaging times specified in the relevant standard. The owner or operator may submit percent reduction information if a relevant standard is established in terms of percent reduction. However, operating parameters, such as flow rate, shall be included in the submission to the extent that they demonstrate performance and compliance; and

(I) [Reserved]

(J) Other information as specified in paragraphs (d)(2) and (d)(3) of this section.

(iii) An owner or operator who submits estimates or preliminary information in place of the actual emissions data and analysis required in paragraphs (d)(1)(ii)(H) and (d)(2) of this section shall submit the actual, measured emissions data and other correct information as soon as available but no later than with the notification of compliance status required in § 63.9(h) (see § 63.9(h)(5)).

(2) *Application for approval of construction.* Each application for approval of construction must include, in addition to the information required in paragraph (d)(1)(ii) of this section, technical information describing the proposed nature, size, design, operating design capacity, and method of operation of the source, including an identification of each type of emission point for each type of hazardous air pollutant that is emitted (or could reasonably be anticipated to be emitted) and a description of the planned air pollution control system (equipment or method) for each emission point. The description of the equipment to be used for the control of emissions must include each control device for each hazardous air pollutant and the estimated control efficiency (percent) for each control device. The description of the method to be used for the control of emissions must include an estimated control efficiency (percent) for that method. Such technical information must include calculations of emission estimates in sufficient detail to permit assessment of the validity of the calculations.

(3) *Application for approval of reconstruction*. **[Reserved]**

(4) *Additional information*. The Administrator may request additional relevant information after the submittal of an application for approval of construction or reconstruction.

(e) *Approval of construction or reconstruction.*

(1) (i) If the Administrator determines that, if properly constructed, or reconstructed, and operated, a new or existing source for which an application under paragraph (d) of this section was submitted will not cause emissions in violation of the relevant standard(s) and any other federally enforceable requirements, the Administrator will approve the construction or reconstruction.

(ii) In addition, in the case of reconstruction, the Administrator's determination under this paragraph will be based on:

(A) The fixed capital cost of the replacements in comparison to the fixed capital cost that would be required to construct a comparable entirely new source;

(B) The estimated life of the source after the re-placements compared to the life of a comparable entirely new source;

(C) The extent to which the components being replaced cause or contribute to the emissions from the source; and

(D) Any economic or technical limitations on compliance with relevant standards that are inherent in the proposed replacements.

(2) (i) The Administrator will notify the owner or operator in writing of approval or intention to deny approval of construction or reconstruction within 60 calendar days after receipt of sufficient information to evaluate an application submitted under paragraph (d) of this section. The 60-day approval or denial period will begin after the owner or operator has been notified in writing that his/her application is complete. The Administrator will notify the owner or operator in writing of the status of his/her application, that is, whether the application contains sufficient information to make a determination, within 30 calendar days after receipt of the original application and within 30 calendar days after receipt of any supplementary information that is submitted.

(ii) When notifying the owner or operator that his/her application is not complete, the Administrator will specify the information needed to complete the application and provide notice of opportunity for the applicant to present, in writing, within 30 calendar days after he/she is notified of the incomplete application, additional information or arguments to the Administrator to enable further action on the application.

(3) Before denying any application for approval of construction or reconstruction, the Administrator will notify the applicant of the Administrator's intention to issue the denial together with - (i) Notice of the information and findings on which the intended denial is based; and

(ii) Notice of opportunity for the applicant to present, in writing, within 30 calendar days after he/she is notified of the intended denial, additional information or arguments to the Administrator to enable further action on the application.

(4) A final determination to deny any application for approval will be in writing and will specify the grounds on which the denial is based. The final determination will be made within 60 calendar days of presentation of additional information or arguments (if the application is complete), or within 60 calendar days after the final date specified for presentation if no presentation is made.

(5) Neither the submission of an application for approval nor the Administrator's approval of construction or reconstruction shall -

(i) Relieve an owner or operator of legal responsibility for compliance with any applicable provisions of this part or with any other applicable Federal, State, or local requirement; or (ii) Prevent the Administrator from implementing or enforcing this part or taking any other action under the Act.

(f) *Approval of construction or reconstruction based on prior State preconstruction review.*

(1) Preconstruction review procedures that a State utilizes for other purposes may also be utilized for purposes of this section if the procedures are substantially equivalent to those specified in this section. The Administrator will approve an application for construction or reconstruction specified in paragraphs (b)(3) and (d) of this section if the owner or operator of a new affected source or reconstructed affected source, who is subject to such requirement meets the following conditions:

(i) The owner or operator of the new affected source or reconstructed affected source has undergone a preconstruction review and approval process in the State in which the source is (or would be) located and has received a federally enforceable construction permit that contains a finding that the source will meet the relevant promulgated emission standard, if the source is properly built and operated.

(ii) Provide a statement from the State or other evidence (such as State regulations) that it considered the factors specified in paragraph (e)(1) of this section.

(2) The owner or operator must submit to the Administrator the request for approval of construction or reconstruction under this paragraph (f)(2) no later than the application deadline specified in paragraph (d)(1) of this section (see also § 63.9(b)(2)). The owner or operator must include in the request information sufficient for the Administrator's determination. The Administrator will evaluate the owner or operator's request in accordance with the procedures specified in paragraph (e) of this section. The Administrator may request additional relevant information after the submittal of a request for approval of construction or reconstruction under this paragraph (f)(2).

§ 63.6 Compliance with standards and maintenance requirements.

(a) *Applicability.*

(1) The requirements in this section apply to the owner or operator of affected sources for

which any relevant standard has been established pursuant to section 112 of the Act and the applicability of such requirements is set out in accordance with § 63.1(a)(4) unless --

(i) The Administrator (or a State with an approved permit program) has granted an extension of compliance consistent with paragraph (i) of this section; or

(ii) The President has granted an exemption from compliance with any relevant standard in accordance with section 112(i)(4) of the Act.

(2) If an area source that otherwise would be subject to an emission standard or other requirement established under this part if it were a major source subsequently increases its emissions of hazardous air pollutants (or its potential to emit hazardous air pollutants) such that the source is a major source, such source shall be subject to the relevant emission standard or other requirement.

(b) *Compliance dates for new and reconstructed sources*.

(1) Except as specified in paragraphs (b)(3) and (4) of this section, the owner or operator of a new or reconstructed affected source for which construction or reconstruction commences after proposal of a relevant standard that has an initial startup before the effective date of a relevant standard established under this part pursuant to section 112(d), (f), or (h) of the Act must comply with such standard not later than the standard's effective date. **Subpart WWWW of Part 63 clarifies compliance dates in §63.5800.**

(2) Except as specified in paragraphs (b)(3) and (4) of this section, the owner or operator of a new or reconstructed affected source that has an initial startup after the effective date of a relevant standard established under this part pursuant to section 112(d), (f), or (h) of the Act must comply with such standard upon startup of the source. **Subpart WWWW of Part 63 clarifies compliance dates in §63.5800.**

(3) **Subpart WWWW of Part 63 clarifies compliance dates in §63.5800.** The owner or operator of an affected source for which construction or reconstruction is commenced after the proposal date of a relevant standard established under this part pursuant to section 112(d), 112(f), or 112(h) of the Act but before the effective date (that is, promulgation) of such standard shall comply with the relevant emission standard not later than the date 3 years after the effective date if:

(i) The promulgated standard (that is, the relevant standard) is more stringent than the proposed standard; for purposes of this paragraph, a finding that controls or compliance methods are "more stringent" must include control technologies or performance criteria and compliance or compliance assurance methods that are different but are substantially equivalent to those required by the promulgated rule, as determined by the Administrator (or his or her authorized representative); and

(ii) The owner or operator complies with the standard as proposed during the 3-year period immediately after the effective date.

(4) The owner or operator of an affected source for which construction or reconstruction is commenced after the proposal date of a relevant standard established pursuant to section 112(d) of the Act but before the proposal date of a relevant standard established pursuant to section 112(f) shall not be required to comply with the section 112(f) emission standard until the date 10 years after the date construction or reconstruction is commenced, except that, if the section 112(f) standard is promulgated more than 10 years after construction or reconstruction is commenced, the owner or operator must comply with the standard as provided in paragraphs (b)(1) and (2) of this section. **Subpart WWWW of Part 63 clarifies compliance dates in**

§63.5800.

(5) The owner or operator of a new source that is subject to the compliance requirements of paragraph (b)(3) or (4) of this section must notify the Administrator in accordance with § 63.9(d). **Subpart WWWW of Part 63 clarifies compliance dates in §63.5800.**

(6) [Reserved]

(7) When an area source becomes a major source by the addition of equipment or operations that meet the definition of new affected source in the relevant standard, the portion of the existing facility that is a new affected source must comply with all requirements of that standard applicable to new sources. The source owner or operator must comply with the relevant standard upon startup. **New operations at an existing facility are not subject to new source standards.**

(c) *Compliance dates for existing sources.*

(1) After the effective date of a relevant standard established under this part pursuant to section 112(d) or 112(h) of the Act, the owner or operator of an existing source shall comply with such standard by the compliance date established by the Administrator in the applicable subpart(s) of this part. Except as otherwise provided for in section 112 of the Act, in no case will the compliance date established for an existing source in an applicable subpart of this part exceed 3 years after the effective date of such standard. **Subpart WWWW of Part 63 clarifies compliance dates in §63.5800.**

(2) If an existing source is subject to a standard established under this part pursuant to section 112(f) of the Act, the owner or operator must comply with the standard by the date 90 days after the standard's effective date, or by the date specified in an extension granted to the source by the Administrator under paragraph (i)(4)(ii) of this section, whichever is later. **Subpart WWWW of Part 63 clarifies compliance dates in §63.5800.**

(3)–(4) [Reserved]

(5) Except as provided in paragraph (b)(7) of this section, the owner or operator of an area source that increases its emissions of (or its potential to emit) hazardous air pollutants such that the source becomes a major source shall be subject to relevant standards for existing sources. Such sources must comply by the date specified in the standards for existing area sources that become major sources. If no such compliance date is specified in the standards, the source shall have a period of time to comply with the relevant emission standard that is equivalent to the compliance period specified in the relevant standard for existing sources in existence at the time the standard becomes effective. **Subpart WWWW of Part 63 clarifies compliance dates in §63.5800.**

(d) [Reserved]

(e) *Operation and maintenance requirements.*

(1) (i) At all times, including periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction, the owner or operator must operate and maintain any affected source, including associated air pollution control equipment and monitoring equipment, in a manner consistent with safety and good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions. During a period of startup, shutdown, or malfunction, this general duty to minimize emissions requires that the owner or operator reduce emissions from the affected source to the greatest extent which is consistent with safety and good air pollution control practices. The general duty to minimize emissions during a

period of startup, shutdown, or malfunction does not require the owner or operator to achieve emission levels that would be required by the applicable standard at other times if this is not consistent with safety and good air pollution control practices, nor does it require the owner or operator to make any further efforts to reduce emissions if levels required by the applicable standard have been achieved. Determination of whether such operation and maintenance procedures are being used will be based on information available to the Administrator which may include, but is not limited to, monitoring results, review of operation and maintenance procedures (including the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan required in paragraph (e)(3) of this section), review of operation and maintenance records, and inspection of the source.

(ii) Malfunctions must be corrected as soon as practicable after their occurrence in accordance with the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan required in paragraph (e)(3) of this section. To the extent that an unexpected event arises during a startup, shutdown, or malfunction, an owner or operator must comply by minimizing emissions during such a startup, shutdown, and malfunction event consistent with safety and good air pollution control practices.

(iii) Operation and maintenance requirements established pursuant to section 112 of the Act are enforceable independent of emissions limitations or other requirements in relevant standards.

(2) [Reserved]

(3) *Startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan.* **Subpart WWWW of Part 63 requires a startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan only for sources using add-on controls.**

(i)The owner or operator of an affected source must develop and implement a written startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan that describes, in detail, procedures for operating and maintaining the source during periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction, and a program of corrective action for malfunctioning process and air pollution control and monitoring equipment used to comply with the relevant standard.

(A) Ensure that, at all times, the owner or operator operates and maintains each affected source, including associated air pollution control and monitoring equipment, in a manner which satisfies the general duty to minimize emissions established by paragraph (e)(1)(i) of this section;

(B) Ensure that owners or operators are prepared to correct malfunctions as soon as practicable after their occurrence in order to minimize excess emissions of hazardous air pollutants; and

(C) Reduce the reporting burden associated with periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction (including corrective action taken to restore malfunctioning process and air pollution control equipment to its normal or usual manner of operation).

(ii) During periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction, the owner or operator of an affected source must operate and maintain such source (including associated air pollution control and monitoring equipment) in accordance with the procedures specified in the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan developed under paragraph (e)(3)(i) of this section.

(iii) When actions taken by the owner or operator during a startup, shutdown, or malfunction (including actions taken to correct a malfunction) are consistent with the procedures specified in the affected source's startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan, the owner or operator must keep records for that event which demonstrate that the procedures specified in the plan were followed. These records may take the form of a "checklist," or other effective form of recordkeeping that confirms conformance with the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan for

that event. In addition, the owner or operator must keep records of these events as specified in § 63.10(b), including records of the occurrence and duration of each startup, shutdown, or malfunction of operation and each malfunction of the air pollution control and monitoring equipment. Furthermore, the owner or operator shall confirm that actions taken during the relevant reporting period during periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction were consistent with the affected source's startup, shutdown and malfunction plan in the semiannual (or more frequent) startup, shutdown, and malfunction report required in § 63.10(d)(5).

(iv) If an action taken by the owner or operator during a startup, shutdown, or malfunction (including an action taken to correct a malfunction) is not consistent with the procedures specified in the affected source's startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan, and the source exceeds any applicable emission limitation in the relevant emission standard, then the owner or operator must record the actions taken for that event and must report such actions within 2 working days after commencing actions inconsistent with the plan, followed by a letter within 7 working days after the end of the event, in accordance with Sec. 63.10(d)(5) (unless the owner or operator makes alternative reporting arrangements, in advance, with the Administrator).

(v) The owner or operator must maintain at the affected source a current startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan and must make the plan available upon request for inspection and copying by the Administrator. In addition, if the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan is subsequently revised as provided in paragraph (e)(3)(viii) of this section, the owner or operator must maintain at the affected source each previous (i.e., superseded) version of the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan, and must make each such previous version available for inspection and copying by the Administrator for a period of 5 years after revision of the plan. If at any time after adoption of a startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan the affected source ceases operation or is otherwise no longer subject to the provisions of this part, the owner or operator must retain a copy of the most recent plan for 5 years from the date the source ceases operation or is no longer subject to this part and must make the plan available upon request for inspection and copying by the Administrator. The Administrator may at any time request in writing that the owner or operator submit a copy of any startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan (or a portion thereof) which is maintained at the affected source or in the possession of the owner or operator. Upon receipt of such a request, the owner or operator must promptly submit a copy of the requested plan (or a portion thereof) to the Administrator. The Administrator must request that the owner or operator submit a particular startup, shutdown, or malfunction plan (or a portion thereof) whenever a member of the public submits a specific and reasonable request to examine or to receive a copy of that plan or portion of a plan. The owner or operator may elect to submit the required copy of any startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan to the Administrator in an electronic format. If the owner or operator claims that any portion of such a startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan is confidential business information entitled to protection from disclosure under section 114(c) of the Act or 40 CFR 2.301, the material which is claimed as confidential must be clearly designated in the submission.

(vi) To satisfy the requirements of this section to develop a startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan, the owner or operator may use the affected source's standard operating procedures (SOP) manual, or an Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) or other plan, provided the alternative plans meet all the requirements of this section and are made available for inspection or submitted when requested by the Administrator.

(vii) Based on the results of a determination made under paragraph (e)(1)(i) of

this section, the Administrator may require that an owner or operator of an affected source make changes to the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan for that source. The Administrator must require appropriate revisions to a startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan, if the Administrator finds that the plan:

(A) Does not address a startup, shutdown, or malfunction event that has occurred;

(B) Fails to provide for the operation of the source (including associated air pollution control and monitoring equipment) during a startup, shutdown, or malfunction event in a manner consistent with the general duty to minimize emissions established by paragraph (e)(1)(i) of this section;

(C) Does not provide adequate procedures for correcting malfunctioning process and/or air pollution control and monitoring equipment as quickly as practicable; or

(D) Includes an event that does not meet the definition of startup, shutdown, or malfunction listed in § 63.2.

(viii) The owner or operator may periodically revise the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan for the affected source as necessary to satisfy the requirements of this part or to reflect changes in equipment or procedures at the affected source. Unless the permitting authority provides otherwise, the owner or operator may make such revisions to the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan without prior approval by the Administrator or the permitting authority. However, each such revision to a startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan must be reported in the semiannual report required by § 63.10(d)(5). If the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan fails to address or inadequately addresses an event that meets the characteristics of a malfunction but was not included in the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan at the time the owner or operator developed the plan, the owner or operator must revise the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan within 45 days after the event to include detailed procedures for operating and maintaining the source during similar malfunction events and a program of corrective action for similar malfunctions of process or air pollution control and monitoring equipment. In the event that the owner or operator makes any revision to the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan which alters the scope of the activities at the source which are deemed to be a startup, shutdown, or malfunction, or otherwise modifies the applicability of any emission limit, work practice requirement, or other requirement in a standard established under this part, the revised plan shall not take effect until after the owner or operator has provided a written notice describing the revision to the permitting authority.

(ix) The title V permit for an affected source must require that the owner or operator adopt a startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan which conforms to the provisions of this part, and that the owner or operator operate and maintain the source in accordance with the procedures specified in the current startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan. However, any revisions made to the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan in accordance with the procedures established by this part shall not be deemed to constitute permit revisions under part 70 or part 71 of this chapter. Moreover, none of the procedures specified by the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan for an affected source shall be deemed to fall within the permit shield provision in section 504(f) of the Act.

(f) *Compliance with nonopacity emission standards* -

(1) *Applicability.* The non-opacity emission standards set forth in this part shall apply at

all times except during periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction, and as otherwise specified in an applicable subpart. If a startup, shutdown, or malfunction of one portion of an affected source does not affect the ability of particular emission points within other portions of the affected source to comply with the non-opacity emission standards set forth in this part, then that emission point must still be required to comply with the non-opacity emission standards and other applicable requirements. **Subpart WWWW of Part 63 requires compliance during periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction, except startup, shutdown, and malfunctions for sources using add-on controls.**

(2) *Methods for determining compliance*.

(i) The Administrator will determine compliance with nonopacity emission standards in this part based on the results of performance tests conducted according to the procedures in § 63.7, unless otherwise specified in an applicable subpart of this part.

(ii) The Administrator will determine compliance with nonopacity emission standards in this part by evaluation of an owner or operator's conformance with operation and maintenance requirements, including the evaluation of monitoring data, as specified in § 63.6(e) and applicable subparts of this part.

(iii) If an affected source conducts performance testing at startup to obtain an operating permit in the State in which the source is located, the results of such testing may be used to demonstrate compliance with a relevant standard if -

(A) The performance test was conducted within a reasonable amount of time before an initial performance test is required to be conducted under the relevant standard;

(B) The performance test was conducted under representative operating conditions for the source;

(C) The performance test was conducted and the resulting data were reduced using EPA-approved test methods and procedures, as specified in § 63.7(e) of this subpart; and

(D) The performance test was appropriately quality-assured, as specified in § 63.7(c).

(iv) The Administrator will determine compliance with design, equipment, work practice, or operational emission standards in this part by review of records, inspection of the source, and other procedures specified in applicable subparts of this part.

(v) The Administrator will determine compliance with design, equipment, work practice, or operational emission standards in this part by evaluation of an owner or operator's conformance with operation and maintenance requirements, as specified in paragraph (e) of this section and applicable subparts of this part.

(3) *Finding of compliance*. The Administrator will make a finding concerning an affected source's compliance with a non-opacity emission standard, as specified in paragraphs (f)(1) and (2) of this section, upon obtaining all the compliance information required by the relevant standard (including the written reports of performance test results, monitoring results, and other information, if applicable), and information available to the Administrator pursuant to paragraph (e)(1)(i) of this section.

(g) *Use of an alternative nonopacity emission standard*.

(1) If, in the Administrator's judgment, an owner or operator of an affected source has established that an alternative means of emission limitation will achieve a reduction in emissions of a hazardous air pollutant from an affected source at least equivalent to the reduction in

emissions of that pollutant from that source achieved under any design, equipment, work practice, or operational emission standard, or combination thereof, established under this part pursuant to section 112(h) of the Act, the Administrator will publish in the FEDERAL REGISTER a notice permitting the use of the alternative emission standard for purposes of compliance with the promulgated standard. Any FEDERAL REGISTER notice under this paragraph shall be published only after the public is notified and given the opportunity to comment. Such notice will restrict the permission to the stationary source(s) or category(ies) of sources from which the alternative emission standard will achieve equivalent emission reductions. The Administrator will condition permission in such notice on requirements to assure the proper operation and maintenance of equipment and practices required for compliance with the alternative emission standard and other requirements, including appropriate quality assurance and quality control requirements, that are deemed necessary.

(2) An owner or operator requesting permission under this paragraph shall, unless otherwise specified in an applicable subpart, submit a proposed test plan or the results of testing and monitoring in accordance with § 63.7 and § 63.8, a description of the procedures followed in testing or monitoring, and a description of pertinent conditions during testing or monitoring. Any testing or monitoring conducted to request permission to use an alternative nonopacity emission standard shall be appropriately quality assured and quality controlled, as specified in § 63.7 and § 63.8.

(3) The Administrator may establish general procedures in an applicable subpart that accomplish the requirements of paragraphs (g)(1) and (g)(2) of this section.

(h) *Compliance with opacity and visible emission standards* **- Subpart WWWW of Part 63 does not contain opacity or visible emission standards.**

(i) *Extension of compliance with emission standards.*

(1) Until an extension of compliance has been granted by the Administrator (or a State with an approved permit program) under this paragraph, the owner or operator of an affected source subject to the requirements of this section shall comply with all applicable requirements of this part.

(2) *Extension of compliance for early reductions and other reductions*

(i) *Early reductions*. Pursuant to section 112(i)(5) of the Act, if the owner or operator of an existing source demonstrates that the source has achieved a reduction in emissions of hazardous air pollutants in accordance with the provisions of subpart D of this part, the Administrator (or the State with an approved permit program) will grant the owner or operator an extension of compliance with specific requirements of this part, as specified in subpart D.

(ii) *Other reductions*. Pursuant to section 112(i)(6) of the Act, if the owner or operator of an existing source has installed best available control technology (BACT) (as defined in section 169(3) of the Act) or technology required to meet a lowest achievable emission rate (LAER) (as defined in section 171 of the Act) prior to the promulgation of an emission standard in this part applicable to such source and the same pollutant (or stream of pollutants) controlled pursuant to the BACT or LAER installation, the Administrator will grant the owner or operator an extension of compliance with such emission standard that will apply until the date 5 years after the date on which such installation was achieved, as determined by the Administrator.

(3) *Request for extension of compliance*. Paragraphs (i)(4) through (i)(7) of this section concern requests for an extension of compliance with a relevant standard under this part (except

requests for an extension of compliance under paragraph (i)(2)(i) of this section will be handled through procedures specified in subpart D of this part).

(4) (i) (A) The owner or operator of an existing source who is unable to comply with a relevant standard established under this part pursuant to section 112(d) of the Act may request that the Administrator (or a State, when the State has an approved part 70 permit program and the source is required to obtain a part 70 permit under that program, or a State, when the State has been delegated the authority to implement and enforce the emission standard for that source) grant an extension allowing the source up to 1 additional year to comply with the standard, if such additional period is necessary for the installation of controls. An additional extension of up to 3 years may be added for mining waste operations, if the 1-year extension of compliance is insufficient to dry and cover mining waste in order to reduce emissions of any hazardous air pollutant. The owner or operator of an affected source who has requested an extension of compliance under this paragraph and who is otherwise required to obtain a title V permit shall apply for such permit or apply to have the source's title V permit revised to incorporate the conditions of the extension of compliance. The conditions of an extension of compliance granted under this paragraph will be incorporated into the affected source's title V permit according to the provisions of part 70 or Federal title V regulations in this chapter (42 U.S.C. 7661), whichever are applicable.

(B) Any request under this paragraph for an extension of compliance with a relevant standard must be submitted in writing to the appropriate authority no later than 120 days prior to the affected source's compliance date (as specified in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section), except as provided for in paragraph (i)(4)(i)(C) of this section. Nonfrivolous requests submitted under this paragraph will stay the applicability of the rule as to the emission points in question until such time as the request is granted or denied. A denial will be effective as of the date of denial. Emission standards established under this part may specify alternative dates for the submittal of requests for an extension of compliance if alternatives are appropriate for the source categories affected by those standards.

(C) An owner or operator may submit a compliance extension request after the date specified in paragraph (i)(4)(i)(B) of this section provided the need for the compliance extension arose after that date, and before the otherwise applicable compliance date and the need arose due to circumstances beyond reasonable control of the owner or operator. This request must include, in addition to the information required in paragraph (i)(6)(i) of this section, a statement of the reasons additional time is needed and the date when the owner or operator first learned of the problems. Nonfrivolous requests submitted under this paragraph will stay the applicability of the rule as to the emission points in question until such time as the request is granted or denied. A denial will be effective as of the original compliance date.

(ii) The owner or operator of an existing source unable to comply with a relevant standard established under this part pursuant to section 112(f) of the Act may request that the Administrator grant an extension allowing the source up to 2 years after the standard's effective date to comply with the standard. The Administrator may grant such an extension if he/she finds that such additional period is necessary for the installation of controls and that steps will be taken during the period of the extension to assure that the health of persons will be protected from imminent endangerment. Any request for an extension of compliance with a relevant standard under this paragraph must be submitted in writing to the Administrator not later than 90 calendar days after the effective date of the relevant standard.

(5) The owner or operator of an existing source that has installed BACT or technology

required to meet LAER [as specified in paragraph (i)(2)(ii) of this section] prior to the promulgation of a relevant emission standard in this part may request that the Administrator grant an extension allowing the source 5 years from the date on which such installation was achieved, as determined by the Administrator, to comply with the standard. Any request for an extension of compliance with a relevant standard under this paragraph shall be submitted in writing to the Administrator not later than 120 days after the promulgation date of the standard. The Administrator may grant such an extension if he or she finds that the installation of BACT or technology to meet LAER controls the same pollutant (or stream of pollutants) that would be controlled at that source by the relevant emission standard.

(6) (i) The request for a compliance extension under paragraph (i)(4) of this section shall include the following information:

(A) A description of the controls to be installed to comply with the standard;

(B) A compliance schedule, including the date by which each step toward compliance will be reached. At a minimum, the list of dates shall include:

(*1*) The date by which on-site construction, installation of emission control equipment, or a process change is planned to be initiated; and

(*2*) The date by which final compliance is to be achieved;

(C) [Reserved]

(D) [Reserved]

(ii) The request for a compliance extension under paragraph (i)(5) of this section shall include all information needed to demonstrate to the Administrator's satisfaction that the installation of BACT or technology to meet LAER controls the same pollutant (or stream of pollutants) that would be controlled at that source by the relevant emission standard.

(7) Advice on requesting an extension of compliance may be obtained from the Administrator (or the State with an approved permit program).

(8) *Approval of request for extension of compliance*. Paragraphs (i)(9) through (i)(14) of this section concern approval of an extension of compliance requested under paragraphs (i)(4) through (i)(6) of this section.

(9) Based on the information provided in any request made under paragraphs (i)(4) through (i)(6) of this section, or other information, the Administrator (or the State with an approved permit program) may grant an extension of compliance with an emission standard, as specified in paragraphs (i)(4) and (i)(5) of this section.

(10) The extension will be in writing and will -

(i) Identify each affected source covered by the extension;

(ii) Specify the termination date of the extension;

(iii) Specify the dates by which steps toward compliance are to be taken, if appropriate;

(iv) Specify other applicable requirements to which the compliance extension applies (e.g., performance tests); and

(v) (A) Under paragraph (i)(4), specify any additional conditions that the Administrator (or the State) deems necessary to assure installation of the necessary controls and protection of the health of persons during the extension period; or

(B) Under paragraph (i)(5), specify any additional conditions that the Administrator deems necessary to assure the proper operation and maintenance of the installed controls during the extension period.

(11) The owner or operator of an existing source that has been granted an extension of compliance under paragraph (i)(10) of this section may be required to submit to the Administrator (or the State with an approved permit program) progress reports indicating whether the steps toward compliance outlined in the compliance schedule have been reached. The contents of the progress reports and the dates by which they shall be submitted will be specified in the written extension of compliance granted under paragraph (i)(10) of this section.

(12) (i) The Administrator (or the State with an approved permit program) will notify the owner or operator in writing of approval or intention to deny approval of a request for an extension of compliance within 30 calendar days after receipt of sufficient information to evaluate a request submitted under paragraph (i)(4)(i) or (i)(5) of this section. The Administrator (or the State) will notify the owner or operator in writing of the status of his/her application, that is, whether the application contains sufficient information to make a determination, within 30 calendar days after receipt of the original application and within 30 calendar days after receipt of any supplementary information that is submitted. The 30-day approval or denial period will begin after the owner or operator has been notified in writing that his/her application is complete.

(ii) When notifying the owner or operator that his/her application is not complete, the Administrator will specify the information needed to complete the application and provide notice of opportunity for the applicant to present, in writing, within 30 calendar days after he/she is notified of the incomplete application, additional information or arguments to the Administrator to enable further action on the application.

(iii) Before denying any request for an extension of compliance, the Administrator (or the State with an approved permit program) will notify the owner or operator in writing of the Administrator's (or the State's) intention to issue the denial, together with -

(A) Notice of the information and findings on which the intended denial is based; and

(B) Notice of opportunity for the owner or operator to present in writing, within 15 calendar days after he/she is notified of the intended denial, additional information or arguments to the Administrator (or the State) before further action on the request.

(iv) The Administrator's final determination to deny any request for an extension will be in writing and will set forth the specific grounds on which the denial is based. The final determination will be made within 30 calendar days after presentation of additional information or argument (if the application is complete), or within 30 calendar days after the final date specified for the presentation if no presentation is made.

(13) (i) The Administrator will notify the owner or operator in writing of approval or intention to deny approval of a request for an extension of compliance within 30 calendar days after receipt of sufficient information to evaluate a request submitted under paragraph (i)(4)(ii) of this section. The 30-day approval or denial period will begin after the owner or operator has been notified in writing that his/her application is complete. The Administrator (or the State) will notify the owner or operator in writing of the status of his/her application, that is, whether the application contains sufficient information to make a determination, within 15 calendar days after receipt of the original application and within 15 calendar days after receipt of any supplementary information that is submitted.

(ii) When notifying the owner or operator that his/her application is not complete, the Administrator will specify the information needed to complete the application and provide notice of opportunity for the applicant to present, in writing, within 15 calendar days after he/she is notified of the incomplete application, additional information or arguments to the

Administrator to enable further action on the application.

(iii) Before denying any request for an extension of compliance, the Administrator will notify the owner or operator in writing of the Administrator's intention to issue the denial, together with -

(A) Notice of the information and findings on which the intended denial is based; and

(B) Notice of opportunity for the owner or operator to present in writing, within 15 calendar days after he/she is notified of the intended denial, additional information or arguments to the Administrator before further action on the request.

(iv) A final determination to deny any request for an extension will be in writing and will set forth the specific grounds on which the denial is based. The final determination will be made within 30 calendar days after presentation of additional information or argument (if the application is complete), or within 30 calendar days after the final date specified for the presentation if no presentation is made.

(14) The Administrator (or the State with an approved permit program) may terminate an extension of compliance at an earlier date than specified if any specification under paragraph (i)(10)(iii) or (iv) of this section is not met. Upon a determination to terminate, the Administrator will notify, in writing, the owner or operator of the Administrator's determination to terminate, together with:

(i) Notice of the reason for termination; and

(ii) Notice of opportunity for the owner or operator to present in writing, within 15 calendar days after he/she is notified of the determination to terminate, additional information or arguments to the Administrator before further action on the termination.

(iii) A final determination to terminate an extension of compliance will be in writing and will set forth the specific grounds on which the termination is based. The final determination will be made within 30 calendar days after presentation of additional information or arguments, or within 30 calendar days after the final date specified for the presentation if no presentation is made.

(15) [Reserved]

(16) The granting of an extension under this section shall not abrogate the Administrator's authority under section 114 of the Act.

(j) *Exemption from compliance with emission standards*. The President may exempt any stationary source from compliance with any relevant standard established pursuant to section 112 of the Act for a period of not more than 2 years if the President determines that the technology to implement such standard is not available and that it is in the national security interests of the United States to do so. An exemption under this paragraph may be extended for 1 or more additional periods, each period not to exceed 2 years.

§ 63.7 Performance testing requirements.

(a) *Applicability and performance test dates.*

(1) The applicability of this section is set out in § 63.1(a)(4).

(2) **Subpart WWWW of Part 63 initial compliance requirements are in §63.5840.**

(3) The Administrator may require an owner or operator to conduct performance tests at the affected source at any other time when the action is authorized by section 114 of the Act.

(b) *Notification of performance test.*

(1) The owner or operator of an affected source must notify the Administrator in writing of his or her intention to conduct a performance test at least 60 calendar days before the performance test is initially scheduled to begin to allow the Administrator, upon request, to review an approve the site-specific test plan required under paragraph (c) of this section and to have an observer present during the test.

(2) In the event the owner or operator is unable to conduct the performance test on the date specified in the notification requirement specified in paragraph (b)(1) of this section due to unforeseeable circumstances beyond his or her control, the owner or operator must notify the Administrator as soon as practicable and without delay prior to the scheduled performance test date and specify the date when the performance test is rescheduled. This notification of delay in conducting the performance test shall not relieve the owner or operator of legal responsibility for compliance with any other applicable provisions of this part or with any other applicable Federal, State, or local requirement, nor will it prevent the Administrator from implementing or enforcing this part or taking any other action under the Act.

(c) *Quality assurance program*. **Except that the test plan must be submitted with the notification of the performance test.**

(1) The results of the quality assurance program required in this paragraph will be considered by the Administrator when he/she determines the validity of a performance test.

(2) (i) *Submission of site-specific test plan*. Before conducting a required performance test, the owner or operator of an affected source shall develop and, if requested by the Administrator, shall submit a site-specific test plan to the Administrator for approval. The test plan shall include a test program summary, the test schedule, data quality objectives, and both an internal and external quality assurance (QA) program. Data quality objectives are the pretest expectations of precision, accuracy, and completeness of data.

(ii) The internal QA program shall include, at a minimum, the activities planned by routine operators and analysts to provide an assessment of test data precision; an example of internal QA is the sampling and analysis of replicate samples.

(iii) The external QA program shall include, at a minimum, application of plans for a test method performance audit (PA) during the performance test. The PA's consist of blind audit samples provided by the Administrator and analyzed during the performance test in order to provide a measure of test data bias. The external QA program may also include systems audits that include the opportunity for on-site evaluation by the Administrator of instrument calibration, data validation, sample logging, and documentation of quality control data and field maintenance activities.

(iv) The owner or operator of an affected source shall submit the site-specific test plan to the Administrator upon the Administrator's request at least 60 calendar days before the performance test is scheduled to take place, that is, simultaneously with the notification of intention to conduct a performance test required under paragraph (b) of this section, or on a mutually agreed upon date.

(v) The Administrator may request additional relevant information after the submittal of a site-specific test plan.

(3) *Approval of site-specific test plan*.

(i) The Administrator will notify the owner or operator of approval or intention to

deny approval of the site-specific test plan (if review of the site-specific test plan is requested) within 30 calendar days after receipt of the original plan and within 30 calendar days after receipt of any supplementary information that is submitted under paragraph (c)(3)(i)(B) of this section. Before disapproving any site-specific test plan, the Administrator will notify the applicant of the Administrator's intention to disapprove the plan together with -

(A) Notice of the information and findings on which the intended disapproval is based; and

(B) Notice of opportunity for the owner or operator to present, within 30 calendar days after he/she is notified of the intended disapproval, additional information to the Administrator before final action on the plan.

(ii) In the event that the Administrator fails to approve or disapprove the site-specific test plan within the time period specified in paragraph (c)(3)(i) of this section, the following conditions shall apply:

(A) If the owner or operator intends to demonstrate compliance using the test method(s) specified in the relevant standard or with only minor changes to those tests methods (see paragraph (e)(2)(i) of this section), the owner or operator must conduct the performance test within the time specified in this section using the specified method(s);

(B) If the owner or operator intends to demonstrate compliance by using an alternative to any test method specified in the relevant standard, the owner or operator is authorized to conduct the performance test using an alternative test method after the Administrator approves the use of the alternative method when the Administrator approves the site-specific test plan (if review of the site-specific test plan is requested) or after the alternative method is approved (see paragraph (f) of this section). However, the owner or operator is authorized to conduct the performance test using an alternative method in the absence of notification of approval 45 days after submission of the site-specific test plan or request to use an alternative method. The owner or operator is authorized to conduct the performance test within 60 calendar days after he/she is authorized to demonstrate compliance using an alternative test method. Notwithstanding the requirements in the preceding three sentences, the owner or operator may proceed to conduct the performance test as required in this section (without the Administrator's prior approval of the site-specific test plan) if he/she subsequently chooses to use the specified testing and monitoring methods instead of an alternative.

(iii) Neither the submission of a site-specific test plan for approval, nor the Administrator's approval or disapproval of a plan, nor the Administrator's failure to approve or disapprove a plan in a timely manner shall -

(A) Relieve an owner or operator of legal responsibility for compliance with any applicable provisions of this part or with any other applicable Federal, State, or local requirement; or

(B) Prevent the Administrator from implementing or enforcing this part or taking any other action under the Act.

(4) (i) *Performance test method audit program.* The owner or operator must analyze performance audit (PA) samples during each performance test. The owner or operator must request performance audit materials 30 days prior to the test date. Audit materials including cylinder audit gases may be obtained by contacting the appropriate EPA Regional Office or the responsible enforcement authority.

(ii) The Administrator will have sole discretion to require any subsequent remedial actions of the owner or operator based on the PA results.

(iii) If the Administrator fails to provide required PA materials to an owner or operator of an affected source in time to analyze the PA samples during a performance test, the requirement to conduct a PA under this paragraph shall be waived for such source for that performance test. Waiver under this paragraph of the requirement to conduct a PA for a particular performance test does not constitute a waiver of the requirement to conduct a PA for future required performance tests.

(d) *Performance testing facilities*. If required to do performance testing, the owner or operator of each new source and, at the request of the Administrator, the owner or operator of each existing source, shall provide performance testing facilities as follows:

(1) Sampling ports adequate for test methods applicable to such source. This includes:

(i) Constructing the air pollution control system such that volumetric flow rates and pollutant emission rates can be accurately determined by applicable test methods and procedures; and

(ii) Providing a stack or duct free of cyclonic flow during performance tests, as demonstrated by applicable test methods and procedures;

(2) Safe sampling platform(s);

(3) Safe access to sampling platform(s);

(4) Utilities for sampling and testing equipment; and

(5) Any other facilities that the Administrator deems necessary for safe and adequate testing of a source.

(e) *Conduct of performance tests*. **Performance test requirements are contained in §63.5850. Additional requirements for conducting performance tests for continuous lamination/casting are included in §63.5870.**

(1) Performance tests shall be conducted under such conditions as the Administrator specifies to the owner or operator based on representative performance (i.e., performance based on normal operating conditions) of the affected source. Operations during periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction shall not constitute representative conditions for the purpose of a performance test, nor shall emissions in excess of the level of the relevant standard during periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction be considered a violation of the relevant standard unless otherwise specified in the relevant standard or a determination of noncompliance is made under
§ 63.6(e). Upon request, the owner or operator shall make available to the Administrator such records as may be necessary to determine the conditions of performance tests.

(2) Performance tests shall be conducted and data shall be reduced in accordance with the test methods and procedures set forth in this section, in each relevant standard, and, if required, in applicable appendices of parts 51, 60, 61, and 63 of this chapter unless the Administrator -

(i) Specifies or approves, in specific cases, the use of a test method with minor changes in methodology (see definition in § 63.90(a)). Such changes may be approved in conjunction with approval of the site-specific test plan (see paragraph (c) of this section); or

(ii) Approves the use of an intermediate or major change or alternative to a test method (see definitions in § 63.90(a)), the results of which the Administrator has determined to be adequate for indicating whether a specific affected source is in compliance; or

(iii) Approves shorter sampling times or smaller sample volumes when necessitated by process variables or other factors; or

(iv) Waives the requirement for performance tests because the owner or operator of an affected source has demonstrated by other means to the Administrator's satisfaction that the affected source is in compliance with the relevant standard.

(3) Unless otherwise specified in a relevant standard or test method, each performance test shall consist of three separate runs using the applicable test method. Each run shall be conducted for the time and under the conditions specified in the relevant standard. For the purpose of determining compliance with a relevant standard, the arithmetic mean of the results of the three runs shall apply. Upon receiving approval from the Administrator, results of a test run may be replaced with results of an additional test run in the event that

(i) A sample is accidentally lost after the testing team leaves the site; or

(ii) Conditions occur in which one of the three runs must be discontinued because of forced shutdown; or

(iii) Extreme meteorological conditions occur; or

(iv) Other circumstances occur that are beyond the owner or operator's control.

(4) Nothing in paragraphs (e)(1) through (e)(3) of this section shall be construed to abrogate the Administrator's authority to require testing under section 114 of the Act.

(f) *Use of an alternative test method* -

(1) *General*. Until authorized to use an intermediate or major change or alternative to a test method, the owner or operator of an affected source remains subject to the requirements of this section and the relevant standard.

(2) The owner or operator of an affected source required to do performance testing by a relevant standard may use an alternative test method from that specified in the standard provided that the owner or operator -

(i) Notifies the Administrator of his or her intention to use an alternative test method at least 60 days before the performance test is scheduled to begin;

(ii) Uses Method 301 in appendix A of this part to validate the alternative test method. This may include the use of specific procedures of Method 301 if use of such procedures are sufficient to validate the alternative test method; and

(iii) Submits the results of the Method 301 validation process along with the notification of intention and the justification for not using the specified test method. The owner or operator may submit the information required in this paragraph well in advance of the deadline specified in paragraph (f)(2)(i) of this section to ensure a timely review by the Administrator in order to meet the performance test date specified in this section or the relevant standard.

(3) The Administrator will determine whether the owner or operator's validation of the proposed alternative test method is adequate and issue an approval or disapproval of the alternative test method. If the owner or operator intends to demonstrate compliance by using an alternative to any test method specified in the relevant standard, the owner or operator is authorized to conduct the performance test using an alternative test method after the Administrator approves the use of the alternative method. However, the owner or operator is authorized to conduct the performance test using an alternative method in the absence of notification of approval/disapproval 45 days after submission of the request to use an alternative method and the request satisfies the requirements in paragraph (f)(2) of this section. The owner or operator is authorized to conduct the performance test within 60 calendar days after he/she is authorized to demonstrate compliance using an alternative test method. Notwithstanding the

requirements in the preceding three sentences, the owner or operator may proceed to conduct the performance test as required in this section (without the Administrator's prior approval of the site-specific test plan) if he/she subsequently chooses to use the specified testing and monitoring methods instead of an alternative.

(4) If the Administrator finds reasonable grounds to dispute the results obtained by an alternative test method for the purposes of demonstrating compliance with a relevant standard, the Administrator may require the use of a test method specified in a relevant standard.

(5) If the owner or operator uses an alternative test method for an affected source during a required performance test, the owner or operator of such source shall continue to use the alternative test method for subsequent performance tests at that affected source until he or she receives approval from the Administrator to use another test method as allowed under § 63.7(f).

(6) Neither the validation and approval process nor the failure to validate an alternative test method shall abrogate the owner or operator’s responsibility to comply with the requirements of this part.

(g) *Data analysis, recordkeeping, and reporting.*

(1) Unless otherwise specified in a relevant standard or test method, or as otherwise approved by the Administrator in writing, results of a performance test shall include the analysis of samples, determination of emissions, and raw data. A performance test is ‘‘completed’’ when field sample collection is terminated. The owner or operator of an affected source shall report the results of the performance test to the Administrator before the, close of business on the 60th day following the completion of the performance test, unless specified otherwise in a relevant standard or as approved otherwise in writing by the Administrator (see § 63.9(i)). The results of the performance test shall be submitted as part of the notification of compliance status required under § 63.9(h). Before a title V permit has been issued to the owner or operator of an affected source, the owner or operator shall send the results of the performance test to the Administrator. After a title V permit has been issued to the owner or operator of an affected source, the owner or operator shall send the
results of the performance test to the appropriate permitting authority.

(2) [Reserved]

(3) For a minimum of 5 years after a performance test is conducted, the owner or operator shall retain and make available, upon request, for inspection by the Administrator the records or results of such performance test and other data needed to determine emissions from an affected source.

(h) *Waiver of performance tests*.

(1) Until a waiver of a performance testing requirement has been granted by the Administrator under this paragraph, the owner or operator of an affected source remains subject to the requirements of this section.

(2) Individual performance tests may be waived upon written application to the Administrator if, in the Administrator’s judgment, the source is meeting the relevant standard(s) on a continuous basis, or the source is being operated under an extension of compliance, or the owner or operator has requested an extension of compliance and the Administrator is still considering that request.

(3) Request to waive a performance test.

(i) If a request is made for an extension of compliance under § 63.6(i), the

application for a waiver of an initial performance test shall accompany the information required for the request for an extension of compliance. If no extension of compliance is requested or if the owner or operator has requested an extension of compliance and the Administrator is still considering that request, the application for a waiver of an initial performance test shall be submitted at least 60 days before the performance test if the site-specific test plan under paragraph (c) of this section is not submitted.

(ii) If an application for a waiver of a subsequent performance test is made, the application may accompany any required compliance progress report, compliance status report, or excess emissions and continuous monitoring system performance report [such as those required under § 63.6(I), § 63.9(h), and § 63.10(e) or specified in a relevant standard or in the source's title V permit], but it shall be submitted at least 60 days before the performance test if the site-specific test plan required under paragraph (c) of this section is not submitted.

(iii) Any application for a waiver of a performance test shall include information justifying the owner or operator's request for a waiver, such as the technical or economic infeasibility, or the impracticality, of the affected source performing the required test.

(4) Approval of request to waive performance test. The Administrator will approve or deny a request for a waiver of a performance test made under paragraph (h)(3) of this section when he/she -

(i) Approves or denies an extension of compliance under § 63.6(i)(8); or

(ii) Approves or disapproves a site-specific test plan under § 63.7(c)(3); or

(iii) Makes a determination of compliance following the submission of a required compliance status report or excess emissions and continuous monitoring systems performance report; or

(iv) Makes a determination of suitable progress towards compliance following the submission of a compliance progress report, whichever is applicable.

(5) Approval of any waiver granted under this section shall not abrogate the Administrator's authority under the Act or in any way prohibit the Administrator from later canceling the waiver. The cancellation will be made only after notice is given to the owner or operator of the affected source.

§ 63.8 Monitoring requirements.

(a) *Applicability.*

(1) The applicability of this section is set out in § 63.1(a)(4).

(2) For the purposes of this part, all CMS required under relevant standards shall be subject to the provisions of this section upon promulgation of performance specifications for CMS as specified in the relevant standard or otherwise by the Administrator.

(3) [Reserved]

(4) Additional monitoring requirements for control devices used to comply with provisions in relevant standards of this part are specified in § 63.11.

(b) *Conduct of monitoring.*

(1) Monitoring shall be conducted as set forth in this section and the relevant standard(s) unless the Administrator -

(i) Specifies or approves the use of minor changes in methodology for the specified monitoring requirements and procedures (see § 63.90(a) for definition); or

(ii) Approves the use of an intermediate or major change or alternative to any monitoring requirements or procedures (see § 63.90(a) for definition).

(iii) Owners or operators with flares subject to § 63.11(b) are not subject to the requirements of this section unless otherwise specified in the relevant standard.

(2) (i) When the emissions from two or more affected sources are combined before being released to the atmosphere, the owner or operator may install an applicable CMS for each emission stream or for the combined emissions streams, provided the monitoring is sufficient to demonstrate compliance with the relevant standard.

(ii) If the relevant standard is a mass emission standard and the emissions from one affected source are released to the atmosphere through more than one point, the owner or operator must install an applicable CMS at each emission point unless the installation of fewer systems is –

(A) Approved by the Administrator; or

(B) Provided for in a relevant standard (e.g., instead of requiring that a CMS be installed at each emission point before the effluents from those points are channeled to a common control device, the standard specifies that only one CMS is required to be installed at the vent of the control device).

(3) When more than one CMS is used to measure the emissions from one affected source (e.g., multiple breechings, multiple outlets), the owner or operator shall report the results as required for each CMS. However, when one CMS is used as a backup to another CMS, the owner or operator shall report the results from the CMS used to meet the monitoring requirements of this part. If both such CMS are used during a particular reporting period to meet the monitoring requirements of this part, then the owner or operator shall report the results from each CMS for the relevant compliance period.

(c) Operation and maintenance of continuous monitoring systems.

(1) The owner or operator of an affected source shall maintain and operate each CMS as specified in this section, or in a relevant standard, and in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practices. **This section applies if you elect to use a CMS to demonstrate continuous compliance with an emission limit.**

(i) The owner or operator of an affected source must maintain and operate each CMS as specified in § 63.6(e)(1).

(ii) The owner or operator must keep the necessary parts for routine repairs of the affected CMS equipment readily available.

(iii) The owner or operator of an affected source must develop and implement a written startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan for CMS as specified in § 63.6(e)(3).

(2) **This section applies if you elect to use a CMS to demonstrate continuous compliance with an emission limit.**

(i) All CMS must be installed such that representative measures of emissions or process parameters from the affected source are obtained. In addition, CEMS must be located according to procedures contained in the applicable performance specification(s).

(ii) Unless the individual subpart states otherwise, the owner or operator must ensure the read out (that portion of the CMS that provides a visual display or record), or other indication of operation, from any CMS required for compliance with the emission standard is readily accessible on site for operational control or inspection by the operator

of the equipment.

(3) All CMS shall be installed, operational, and the data verified as specified in the relevant standard either prior to or in conjunction with conducting performance tests under § 63.7. Verification of operational status shall, at a minimum, include completion of the manufacturer's written specifications or recommendations for installation, operation, and calibration of the system. **This section applies if you elect to use a CMS to demonstrate continuous compliance with an emission limit.**

(4) Except for system breakdowns, out-of-control periods, repairs, maintenance periods, calibration checks, and zero (low-level) and high-level calibration drift adjustments, all CMS, including COMS and CEMS, shall be in continuous operation and shall meet minimum frequency of operation requirements as follows: **This section applies if you elect to use a CMS to demonstrate continuous compliance with an emission limit.**

(i) All COMS shall complete a minimum of one cycle of sampling and analyzing for each successive 10-second period and one cycle of data recording for each successive 6-minute period.

(ii) All CEMS for measuring emissions other than opacity shall complete a minimum of one cycle of operation (sampling, analyzing, and data recording) for each successive 15-minute period.

(5) **Subpart WWWW of Part 63 does not contain opacity standards.**

(6) **This section applies if you elect to use a CMS to demonstrate continuous compliance with an emission limit.** The owner or operator of a CMS that is not a CPMS, which is installed in accordance with the provisions of this part and the applicable CMS performance specification(s), must check the zero (low-level) and high-level calibration drifts at least once daily in accordance with the written procedure specified in the performance evaluation plan developed under paragraphs (e)(3)(i) and (ii) of this section. The zero (low-level) and high-level calibration drifts must be adjusted, at a minimum, whenever the 24-hour zero (low-level) drift exceeds two times the limits of the applicable performance specification(s) specified in the relevant standard. The system shall allow the amount of excess zero (low-level) and high-level drift measured at the 24-hour interval checks to be recorded and quantified whenever specified. For COMS, all optical and instrumental surfaces exposed to the effluent gases must be cleaned prior to performing the zero (low-level) and high-level drift adjustments; the optical surfaces and instrumental surfaces must be cleaned when the cumulative automatic zero compensation, if applicable, exceeds 4 percent opacity. The CPMS must be calibrated prior to use for the purposes of complying with this section. The CPMS must be checked daily for indication that the system is responding. If the CPMS system includes an internal system check, results must be recorded and checked daily for proper operation.

(7) **This section applies if you elect to use a CMS to demonstrate continuous compliance with an emission limit.**

(i) A CMS is out of control if -

(A) The zero (low-level), mid-level (if applicable), or high-level calibration drift (CD) exceeds two times the applicable CD specification in the applicable performance specification or in the relevant standard; or

(B) The CMS fails a performance test audit (e.g., cylinder gas audit), relative accuracy audit, relative accuracy test audit, or linearity test audit; or

(C) The COMS CD exceeds two times the limit in the applicable performance specification in the relevant standard.

(ii) When the CMS is out of control, the owner or operator of the affected source shall take the necessary corrective action and shall repeat all necessary tests which indicate that the system is out of control. The owner or operator shall take corrective action and conduct retesting until the performance requirements are below the applicable limits. The beginning of the out-of-control period is the hour the owner or operator conducts a performance check (e.g., calibration drift) that indicates an exceedance of the performance requirements established under this part. The end of the out-of-control period is the hour following the completion of corrective action and successful demonstration that the system is within the allowable limits. During the period the CMS is out of control, recorded data shall not be used in data averages and calculations, or to meet any data availability requirement established under this part.

(8) The owner or operator of a CMS that is out of control as defined in paragraph (c)(7) of this section shall submit all information concerning out-of-control periods, including start and end dates and hours and descriptions of corrective actions taken, in the excess emissions and continuous monitoring system performance report required in § 63.10(e)(3). **This section applies if you elect to use a CMS to demonstrate continuous compliance with an emission limit.**

(d) *Quality control program*. **This section applies if you elect to use a CMS to demonstrate continuous compliance with an emission limit.**

(1) The results of the quality control program required in this paragraph will be considered by the Administrator when he/she determines the validity of monitoring data.

(2) The owner or operator of an affected source that is required to use a CMS and is subject to the monitoring requirements of this section and a relevant standard shall develop and implement a CMS quality control program. As part of the quality control program, the owner or operator shall develop and submit to the Administrator for approval upon request a site-specific performance evaluation test plan for the CMS performance evaluation required in paragraph (e)(3)(i) of this section, according to the procedures specified in paragraph (e). In addition, each quality control program shall include, at a minimum, a written protocol that describes procedures for each of the following operations:

(i) Initial and any subsequent calibration of the CMS;

(ii) Determination and adjustment of the calibration drift of the CMS;

(iii) Preventive maintenance of the CMS, including spare parts inventory;

(iv) Data recording, calculations, and reporting;

(v) Accuracy audit procedures, including sampling and analysis methods; and

(vi) Program of corrective action for a malfunctioning CMS.

(3) The owner or operator shall keep these written procedures on record for the life of the affected source or until the affected source is no longer subject to the provisions of this part, to be made available for inspection, upon request, by the Administrator. If the performance evaluation plan is revised, the owner or operator shall keep previous (i.e., superseded) versions of the performance evaluation plan on record to be made available for inspection, upon request, by the Administrator, for a period of 5 years after each revision to the plan. Where relevant, e.g., program of corrective action for a malfunctioning CMS, these written procedures may be incorporated as part of the affected source's startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan to avoid duplication of planning and recordkeeping efforts.

(e) *Performance evaluation of continuous monitoring systems* - **This section applies if you elect**

to use a CMS to demonstrate continuous compliance with an emission limit.

(1) *General*. When required by a relevant standard, and at any other time the Administrator may require under section 114 of the Act, the owner or operator of an affected source being monitored shall conduct a performance evaluation of the CMS. Such performance evaluation shall be conducted according to the applicable specifications and procedures described in this section or in the relevant standard.

(2) *Notification of performance evaluation*. The owner or operator shall notify the Administrator in writing of the date of the performance evaluation simultaneously with the notification of the performance test date required under § 63.7(b) or at least 60 days prior to the date the performance evaluation is scheduled to begin if no performance test is required.

(3) (i) *Submission of site-specific performance evaluation test plan*. Before conducting a required CMS performance evaluation, the owner or operator of an affected source shall develop and submit a site-specific performance evaluation test plan to the Administrator for approval upon request. The performance evaluation test plan shall include the evaluation program objectives, an evaluation program summary, the performance evaluation schedule, data quality objectives, and both an internal and external QA program. Data quality objectives are the pre-evaluation expectations of precision, accuracy, and completeness of data.

(ii) The internal QA program shall include, at a minimum, the activities planned by routine operators and analysts to provide an assessment of CMS performance. The external QA program shall include, at a minimum, systems audits that include the opportunity for on-site evaluation by the Administrator of instrument calibration, data validation, sample logging, and documentation of quality control data and field maintenance activities.

(iii) The owner or operator of an affected source shall submit the site-specific performance evaluation test plan to the Administrator (if requested) at least 60 days before the performance test or performance evaluation is scheduled to begin, or on a mutually agreed upon date, and review and approval of the performance evaluation test plan by the Administrator will occur with the review and approval of the site-specific test plan (if review of the site-specific test plan is requested).

(iv) The Administrator may request additional relevant information after the submittal of a site-specific performance evaluation test plan.

(v) In the event that the Administrator fails to approve or disapprove the site-specific performance evaluation test plan within the time period specified in § 63.7(c)(3), the following conditions shall apply:

(A) If the owner or operator intends to demonstrate compliance using the monitoring method(s) specified in the relevant standard, the owner or operator shall conduct the performance evaluation within the time specified in this subpart using the specified method(s);

(B) If the owner or operator intends to demonstrate compliance by using an alternative to a monitoring method specified in the relevant standard, the owner or operator shall refrain from conducting the performance evaluation until the Administrator approves the use of the alternative method. If the Administrator does not approve the use of the alternative method within 30 days before the performance evaluation is scheduled to begin, the performance evaluation deadlines specified in paragraph (e)(4) of this section may be extended such that the owner or operator shall conduct the performance evaluation within 60 calendar days after the Administrator approves the use of the alternative method. Notwithstanding the requirements in the preceding two sentences, the owner or operator may proceed to conduct the performance evaluation as required in this section (without the Administrator's prior approval of the site-

specific performance evaluation test plan) if he/she subsequently chooses to use the specified monitoring method(s) instead of an alternative.

(vi) Neither the submission of a site-specific performance evaluation test plan for approval, nor the Administrator's approval or disapproval of a plan, nor the Administrator' failure to approve or disapprove a plan in a timely manner shall -

(A) Relieve an owner or operator of legal responsibility for compliance with any applicable provisions of this part or with any other applicable Federal, State, or local requirement; or

(B) Prevent the Administrator from implementing or enforcing this part or taking any other action under the Act.

(4) *Conduct of performance evaluation and performance evaluation dates*. The owner or operator of an affected source shall conduct a performance evaluation of a required CMS during any performance test required under § 63.7 in accordance with the applicable performance specification as specified in the relevant standard. Notwithstanding the requirement in the previous sentence, if the owner or operator of an affected source elects to submit COMS data for compliance with a relevant opacity emission standard as provided under § 63.6(h)(7), he/she shall conduct a performance evaluation of the COMS as specified in the relevant standard, before the performance test required under § 63.7 is conducted in time to submit the results of the performance evaluation as specified in paragraph (e)(5)(ii) of this section. If a performance test is not required, or the requirement for a performance test has been waived under § 63.7(h), the owner or operator of an affected source shall conduct the performance evaluation not later than 180 days after the appropriate compliance date for the affected source, as specified in § 63.7(a), or as otherwise specified in the relevant standard.

(5) *Reporting performance evaluation results*.

(i) The owner or operator shall furnish the Administrator a copy of a written report of the results of the performance evaluation simultaneously with the results of the performance test required under § 63.7 or within 60 days of completion of the performance evaluation if no test is required, unless otherwise specified in a relevant standard. The Administrator may request that the owner or operator submit the raw data from a performance evaluation in the report of the performance evaluation results.

(ii) **Subpart WWWW of Part 63 does not contain opacity standards.**

(f) *Use of an alternative monitoring method* -

(1) *General*. Until permission to use an alternative monitoring procedure (minor, intermediate, or major changes; see definition in § 63.90(a)) has been granted by the Administrator under this paragraph (f)(1), the owner or operator of an affected source remains subject to the requirements of this section and the relevant standard.

(2) After receipt and consideration of written application, the Administrator may approve alternatives to any monitoring methods or procedures of this part including, but not limited to, the following:

(i) Alternative monitoring requirements when installation of a CMS specified by a relevant standard would not provide accurate measurements due to liquid water or other interferences caused by substances within the effluent gases;

(ii) Alternative monitoring requirements when the affected source is infrequently operated;

(iii) Alternative monitoring requirements to accommodate CEMS that require

additional measurements to correct for stack moisture conditions;

(iv) Alternative locations for installing CMS when the owner or operator can demonstrate that installation at alternate locations will enable accurate and representative measurements;

(v) Alternate methods for converting pollutant concentration measurements to units of the relevant standard;

(vi) Alternate procedures for performing daily checks of zero (low-level) and high-level drift that do not involve use of high-level gases or test cells;

(vii) Alternatives to the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) test methods or sampling procedures specified by any relevant standard;

(viii) Alternative CMS that do not meet the design or performance requirements in this part, but adequately demonstrate a definite and consistent relationship between their measurements and the measurements of opacity by a system complying with the requirements as specified in the relevant standard. The Administrator may require that such demonstration be performed for each affected source; or

(ix) Alternative monitoring requirements when the effluent from a single affected source or the combined effluent from two or more affected sources is released to the atmosphere through more than one point.

(3) If the Administrator finds reasonable grounds to dispute the results obtained by an alternative monitoring method, requirement, or procedure, the Administrator may require the use of a method, requirement, or procedure specified in this section or in the relevant standard. If the results of the specified and alternative method, requirement, or procedure do not agree, the results obtained by the specified method, requirement, or procedure shall prevail.

(4) (i) *Request to use alternative monitoring procedure.* An owner or operator who wishes to use an alternative monitoring procedure must submit an application to the Administrator as described in paragraph (f)(4)(ii) of this section. The application may be submitted at any time provided that the monitoring procedure is not the performance test method used to demonstrate compliance with a relevant standard or other requirement. If the alternative monitoring procedure will serve as the performance test method that is to be used to demonstrate compliance with a relevant standard, the application must be submitted at least 60 days before the performance evaluation is scheduled to begin and must meet the requirements for an alternative test method under § 63.7(f).

(ii) The application must contain a description of the proposed alternative monitoring system which addresses the four elements contained in the definition of monitoring in § 63.2 and a performance evaluation test plan, if required, as specified in paragraph (e)(3) of this section. In addition, the application must include information justifying the owner or operator's request for an alternative monitoring method, such as the technical or economic infeasibility, or the impracticality, of the affected source using the required method.

(iii) The owner or operator may submit the information required in this paragraph well in advance of the submittal dates specified in paragraph (f)(4)(i) above to ensure a timely review by the Administrator in order to meet the compliance demonstration date specified in this section or the relevant standard.

(iv) Application for minor changes to monitoring procedures, as specified in paragraph (b)(1) of this section, may be made in the site-specific performance evaluation plan.

(5) *Approval of request to use alternative monitoring procedure.*

(i) The Administrator will notify the owner or operator of approval or intention to

deny approval of the request to use an alternative monitoring method within 30 calendar days after receipt of the original request and within 30 calendar days after receipt of any supplementary information that is submitted. If a request for a minor change is made in conjunction with site-specific performance evaluation plan, then approval of the plan will constitute approval of the minor change. Before disapproving any request to use an alternative monitoring method, the Administrator will notify the applicant of the Administrator's intention to disapprove the request together with --

(A) Notice of the information and findings on which the intended disapproval is based; and

(B) Notice of opportunity for the owner or operator to present additional information to the Administrator before final action on the request. At the time the Administrator notifies the applicant of his or her intention to disapprove the request, the Administrator will specify how much time the owner or operator will have after being notified of the intended disapproval to submit the additional information.

(ii) The Administrator may establish general procedures and criteria in a relevant standard to accomplish the requirements of paragraph (f)(5)(i) of this section.

(iii) If the Administrator approves the use of an alternative monitoring method for an affected source under paragraph (f)(5)(i) of this section, the owner or operator of such source shall continue to use the alternative monitoring method until he or she receives approval from the Administrator to use another monitoring method as allowed by § 63.8(f).

(6) Alternative to the relative accuracy test. An alternative to the relative accuracy test for CEMS specified in a relevant standard may be requested as follows: **This section applies if you elect to use a CMS to demonstrate continuous compliance with an emission limit.**

(i) *Criteria for approval of alternative procedures*. An alternative to the test method for determining relative accuracy is available for affected sources with emission rates demonstrated to be less than 50 percent of the relevant standard. The owner or operator of an affected source may petition the Administrator under paragraph (f)(6)(ii) of this section to substitute the relative accuracy test in section 7 of Performance Specification 2 with the procedures in section 10 if the results of a performance test conducted according to the requirements in § 63.7, or other tests performed following the criteria in § 63.7, demonstrate that the emission rate of the pollutant of interest in the units of the relevant standard is less than 50 percent of the relevant standard. For affected sources subject to emission limitations expressed as control efficiency levels, the owner or operator may petition the Administrator to substitute the relative accuracy test with the procedures in section 10 of Performance Specification 2 if the control device exhaust emission rate is less than 50 percent of the level needed to meet the control efficiency requirement. The alternative procedures do not apply if the CEMS is used continuously to determine compliance with the relevant standard.

(ii) *Petition to use alternative to relative accuracy test*. The petition to use an alternative to the relative accuracy test shall include a detailed description of the procedures to be applied, the location and the procedure for conducting the alternative, the concentration or response levels of the alternative relative accuracy materials, and the other equipment checks included in the alternative procedure(s). The Administrator will review the petition for completeness and applicability. The Administrator’s determination to approve an alternative will depend on the intended use of the CEMS data and may require specifications more stringent than in Performance Specification 2.

(iii) *Rescission of approval to use alternative to relative accuracy test*. The

Administrator will review the permission to use an alternative to the CEMS relative accuracy test and may rescind such permission if the CEMS data from a successful completion of the alternative relative accuracy procedure indicate that the affected source's emissions are approaching the level of the relevant standard. The criterion for reviewing the permission is that the collection of CEMS data shows that emissions have exceeded 70 percent of the relevant standard for any averaging period, as specified in the relevant standard. For affected sources subject to emission limitations expressed as control efficiency levels, the criterion for reviewing the permission is that the collection of CEMS data shows that exhaust emissions have exceeded 70 percent of the level needed to meet the control efficiency requirement for any averaging period, as specified in the relevant standard. The owner or operator of the affected source shall maintain records and determine the level of emissions relative to the criterion for permission to use an alternative for relative accuracy testing. If this criterion is exceeded, the owner or operator shall notify the Administrator within 10 days of such occurrence and include a description of the nature and cause of the increased emissions. The Administrator will review the notification and may rescind permission to use an alternative and require the owner or operator to conduct a relative accuracy test of the CEMS as specified in section 7 of Performance Specification 2.

(g) *Reduction of monitoring data.*

(1) The owner or operator of each CMS must reduce the monitoring data as specified in paragraphs (g)(1) through (5) of this section.

(2) The owner or operator of each COMS shall reduce all data to 6-minute averages calculated from 36 or more data points equally spaced over each 6-minute period. Data from CEMS for measurement other than opacity, unless otherwise specified in the relevant standard, shall be reduced to 1-hour averages computed from four or more data points equally spaced over each 1-hour period, except during periods when calibration, quality assurance, or maintenance activities pursuant to provisions of this part are being performed. During these periods, a valid hourly average shall consist of at least two data points with each representing a 15-minute period. Alternatively, an arithmetic or integrated 1-hour average of CEMS data may be used. Time periods for averaging are defined in § 63.2.

(3) The data may be recorded in reduced or nonreduced form (e.g., ppm pollutant and percent O_2 or ng/J of pollutant).

(4) All emission data shall be converted into units of the relevant standard for reporting purposes using the conversion procedures specified in that standard. After conversion into units of the relevant standard, the data may be rounded to the same number of significant digits as used in that standard to specify the emission limit (e.g., rounded to the nearest 1 percent opacity).

(5) Monitoring data recorded during periods of unavoidable CMS breakdowns, out-of-control periods, repairs, maintenance periods, calibration checks, and zero (low-level) and high-level adjustments must not be included in any data average computed under this part. For the owner or operator complying with the requirements of § 63.10(b)(2)(vii)(A) or (B), data averages must include any data recorded during periods of monitor breakdown or malfunction.

§ 63.9 Notification requirements.

(a) *Applicability and general information.*

(1) The applicability of this section is set out in § 63.1(a)(4).

(2) For affected sources that have been granted an extension of compliance under subpart

D of this part, the requirements of this section do not apply to those sources while they are operating under such compliance extensions.

(3) If any State requires a notice that contains all the information required in a notification listed in this section, the owner or operator may send the Administrator a copy of the notice sent to the State to satisfy the requirements of this section for that notification.

(4) (i) Before a State has been delegated the authority to implement and enforce notification requirements established under this part, the owner or operator of an affected source in such State subject to such requirements shall submit notifications to the appropriate Regional Office of the EPA (to the attention of the Director of the Division indicated in the list of the EPA Regional Offices in § 63.13).

(ii) After a State has been delegated the authority to implement and enforce notification requirements established under this part, the owner or operator of an affected source in such State subject to such requirements shall submit notifications to the delegated State authority (which may be the same as the permitting authority). In addition, if the delegated (permitting) authority is the State, the owner or operator shall send a copy of each notification submitted to the State to the appropriate Regional Office of the EPA, as specified in paragraph (a)(4)(i) of this section. The Regional Office may waive this requirement for any notifications at its discretion.

(b) *Initial notifications*.

(1) (i) The requirements of this paragraph apply to the owner or operator of an affected source when such source becomes subject to a relevant standard.

(ii) If an area source that otherwise would be subject to an emission standard or other requirement established under this part if it were a major source subsequently increases its emissions of hazardous air pollutants (or its potential to emit hazardous air pollutants) such that the source is a major source that is subject to the emission standard or other requirement, such source shall be subject to the notification requirements of this section.

(iii) Affected sources that are required under this paragraph to submit an initial notification may use the application for approval of construction or reconstruction under § 63.5(d) of this subpart, if relevant, to fulfill the initial notification requirements of this paragraph.

(2) The owner or operator of an affected source that has an initial startup before the effective date of a relevant standard under this part shall notify the Administrator in writing that the source is subject to the relevant standard. The notification, which shall be submitted not later than 120 calendar days after the effective date of the relevant standard (or within 120 calendar days after the source becomes subject to the relevant standard), shall provide the following information:

(i) The name and address of the owner or operator;

(ii) The address (i.e., physical location) of the affected source;

(iii) An identification of the relevant standard, or other requirement, that is the basis of the notification and the source’s compliance date;

(iv) A brief description of the nature, size, design, and method of operation of the source and an identification of the types of emission points within the affected source subject to the relevant standard and types of hazardous air pollutants emitted; and

(v) A statement of whether the affected source is a major source or an area source.

(3) [Reserved]

(4) The owner or operator of a new or reconstructed major affected source for which an

application for approval of construction or reconstruction is required under § 63.5(d) must provide the following information in writing to the Administrator:

(i) A notification of intention to construct a new major-emitting affected source, reconstruct a major-emitting affected source, or reconstruct a major source such that the source becomes a major-emitting affected source with the application for approval of construction or reconstruction as specified in § 63.5(d)(1)(i); and

(ii) [Reserved]

(iii) [Reserved]

(iv) [Reserved]; and

(v) A notification of the actual date of startup of the source, delivered or postmarked within 15 calendar days after that date. **Existing facilities do not become reconstructed under subpart WWWW of Part 63.**

(5) **Existing facilities do not become reconstructed under subpart WWWW of Part 63.** The owner or operator of a new or reconstructed affected source for which an application for approval of construction or reconstruction is not required under § 63.5(d) must provide the following information in writing to the Administrator:

(i) A notification of intention to construct a new affected source, reconstruct an affected source, or reconstruct a source such that the source becomes an affected source, and

(ii) A notification of the actual date of startup of the source, delivered or postmarked within 15 calendar days after that date.

(iii) Unless the owner or operator has requested and received prior permission from the Administrator to submit less than the information in § 63.5(d), the notification must include the information required on the application for approval of construction or reconstruction as specified in § 63.5(d)(1)(i).

(c) *Request for extension of compliance*. If the owner or operator of an affected source cannot comply with a relevant standard by the applicable compliance date for that source, or if the owner or operator has installed BACT or technology to meet LAER consistent with § 63.6(i)(5) of this subpart, he/she may submit to the Administrator (or the State with an approved permit program) a request for an extension of compliance as specified in § 63.6(i)(4) through § 63.6(i)(6).

(d) *Notification that source is subject to special compliance requirements*. An owner or operator of a new source that is subject to special compliance requirements as specified in § 63.6(b)(3) and § 63.6(b)(4) shall notify the Administrator of his/her compliance obligations not later than the notification dates established in paragraph (b) of this section for new sources that are not subject to the special provisions.

(e) *Notification of performance test*. The owner or operator of an affected source shall notify the Administrator in writing of his or her intention to conduct a performance test at least 60 calendar days before the performance test is scheduled to begin to allow the Administrator to review and approve the site-specific test plan required under § 63.7(c), if requested by the Administrator, and to have an observer present during the test.

(f) *Notification of opacity and visible emission observations*. **Subpart WWWW of Part 63 does**

not contain opacity or visible emission standards.

(g) *Additional notification requirements for sources with continuous monitoring systems*. The owner or operator of an affected source required to use a CMS by a relevant standard shall furnish the Administrator written notification as follows:

(1) A notification of the date the CMS performance evaluation under § 63.8(e) is scheduled to begin, submitted simultaneously with the notification of the performance test date required under § 63.7(b). If no performance test is required, or if the requirement to conduct a performance test has been waived for an affected source under § 63.7(h), the owner or operator shall notify the Administrator in writing of the date of the performance evaluation at least 60 calendar days before the evaluation is scheduled to begin; **This section applies if you elect to use a CMS to demonstrate continuous compliance with an emission limit.**

(2) **Subpart WWWW of Part 63 does not contain opacity emission standards.**

(3) A notification that the criterion necessary to continue use of an alternative to relative accuracy testing, as provided by § 63.8(f)(6), has been exceeded. The notification shall be delivered or postmarked not later than 10 days after the occurrence of such exceedance, and it shall include a description of the nature and cause of the increased emissions. **This section applies if you elect to use a CMS to demonstrate continuous compliance with an emission limit.**

(h) *Notification of compliance status.*

(1) The requirements of paragraphs (h)(2) through (h)(4)of this section apply when an affected source becomes subject to a relevant standard.

(2) (i) Before a title V permit has been issued to the owner or operator of an affected source, and each time a notification of compliance status is required under this part, the owner or operator of such source shall submit to the Administrator a notification of compliance status, signed by the responsible official who shall certify its accuracy, attesting to whether the source has complied with the relevant standard. The notification shall list -

(A) The methods that were used to determine compliance;

(B) The results of any performance tests, opacity or visible emission observations, continuous monitoring system (CMS) performance evaluations, and/or other monitoring procedures or methods that were conducted;

(C) The methods that will be used for determining continuing compliance, including a description of monitoring and reporting requirements and test methods;

(D) The type and quantity of hazardous air pollutants emitted by the source (or surrogate pollutants if specified in the relevant standard), reported in units and averaging times and in accordance with the test methods specified in the relevant standard;

(E) If the relevant standard applies to both major and area sources, an analysis demonstrating whether the affected source is a major source (using the emissions data generated for this notification);

(F) A description of the air pollution control equipment (or method) for each emission point, including each control device (or method) for each hazardous air pollutant and the control efficiency (percent) for each control device (or method); and

(G) A statement by the owner or operator of the affected existing, new, or reconstructed source as to whether the source has complied with the relevant standard or other requirements.

(ii) The notification must be sent before the close of business on the 60th day

following the completion of the relevant compliance demonstration activity specified in the relevant standard (unless a different reporting period is specified in the standard, in which case the letter must be sent before the close of business on the day the report of the relevant testing or monitoring results is required to be delivered or postmarked). For example, the notification shall be sent before close of business on the 60th (or other required) day following completion of the initial performance test and again before the close of business on the 60th (or other required) day following the completion of any subsequent required performance test. If no performance test is required but opacity or visible emission observations are required to demonstrate compliance with an opacity or visible emission standard under this part, the notification of compliance status shall be sent before close of business on the 30th day following the completion of opacity or visible emission observations. Notifications may be combined as long as the due date requirement for each notification is met.

(3) After a title V permit has been issued to the owner or operator of an affected source, the owner or operator of such source shall comply with all requirements for compliance status reports contained in the source's title V permit, including reports required under this part. After a title V permit has been issued to the owner or operator of an affected source, and each time a notification of compliance status is required under this part, the owner or operator of such source shall submit the notification of compliance status to the appropriate permitting authority following completion of the relevant compliance demonstration activity specified in the relevant standard.

(4) [Reserved]

(5) If an owner or operator of an affected source submits estimates or preliminary information in the application for approval of construction or reconstruction required in § 63.5(d) in place of the actual emissions data or control efficiencies required in paragraphs (d)(1)(ii)(H) and (d)(2) of § 63.5, the owner or operator shall submit the actual emissions data and other correct information as soon as available but no later than with the initial notification of compliance status required in this section.

(6) Advice on a notification of compliance status may be obtained from the Administrator.

(i) *Adjustment to time periods or postmark deadlines for submittal and review of required communications.*

(1) (i) Until an adjustment of a time period or postmark deadline has been approved by the Administrator under paragraphs (i)(2) and (i)(3) of this section, the owner or operator of an affected source remains strictly subject to the requirements of this part.

(ii) An owner or operator shall request the adjustment provided for in paragraphs (i)(2) and (i)(3) of this section each time he or she wishes to change an applicable time period or postmark deadline specified in this part.

(2) Notwithstanding time periods or postmark deadlines specified in this part for the submittal of information to the Administrator by an owner or operator, or the review of such information by the Administrator, such time periods or deadlines may be changed by mutual agreement between the owner or operator and the Administrator. An owner or operator who wishes to request a change in a time period or postmark deadline for a particular requirement shall request the adjustment in writing as soon as practicable before the subject activity is required to take place. The owner or operator shall include in the request whatever information he or she considers useful to convince the Administrator that an adjustment is warranted.

(3) If, in the Administrator's judgment, an owner or operator's request for an adjustment to a particular time period or postmark deadline is warranted, the Administrator will approve the adjustment. The Administrator will notify the owner or operator in writing of approval or disapproval of the request for an adjustment within 15 calendar days of receiving sufficient information to evaluate the request.

(4) If the Administrator is unable to meet a specified deadline, he or she will notify the owner or operator of any significant delay and inform the owner or operator of the amended schedule.

(j) *Change in information already provided*. Any change in the information already provided under this section shall be provided to the Administrator in writing within 15 calendar days after the change.

§ 63.10 Recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

(a) *Applicability and general information*.

(1) The applicability of this section is set out in § 63.1(a)(4).

(2) For affected sources that have been granted an extension of compliance under subpart D of this part, the requirements of this section do not apply to those sources while they are operating under such compliance extensions.

(3) If any State requires a report that contains all the information required in a report listed in this section, an owner or operator may send the Administrator a copy of the report sent to the
State to satisfy the requirements of this section for that report.

(4) (i) Before a State has been delegated the authority to implement and enforce recordkeeping and reporting requirements established under this part, the owner or operator of an affected source in such State subject to such requirements shall submit reports to the appropriate Regional Office of the EPA (to the attention of the Director of the Division indicated in the list of the EPA Regional Offices in § 63.13).

(ii) After a State has been delegated the authority to implement and enforce recordkeeping and reporting requirements established under this part, the owner or operator of an affected source in such State subject to such requirements shall submit reports to the delegated State authority (which may be the same as the permitting authority). In addition, if the delegated (permitting) authority is the State, the owner or operator shall send a copy of each report submitted to the State to the appropriate Regional Office of the EPA, as specified in paragraph (a)(4)(i) of this section. The Regional Office may waive this requirement for any reports at its discretion.

(5) If an owner or operator of an affected source in a State with delegated authority is required to submit periodic reports under this part to the State, and if the State has an established timeline for the submission of periodic reports that is consistent with the reporting frequency(ies) specified for such source under this part, the owner or operator may change the dates by which periodic reports under this part shall be submitted (without changing the frequency of reporting) to be consistent with the State's schedule by mutual agreement between the owner or operator and the State. For each relevant standard established pursuant to section 112 of the Act, the allowance in the previous sentence applies in each State beginning 1 year after the affected source's compliance date for that standard. Procedures governing the implementation of this

provision are specified in § 63.9(i).

(6) If an owner or operator supervises one or more stationary sources affected by more than one standard established pursuant to section 112 of the Act, he/she may arrange by mutual agreement between the owner or operator and the Administrator (or the State permitting authority) a common schedule on which periodic reports required for each source shall be submitted throughout the year. The allowance in the previous sentence applies in each State beginning 1 year after the latest compliance date for any relevant standard established pursuant to section 112 of the Act for any such affected source(s). Procedures governing the implementation of this provision are specified in § 63.9(i).

(7) If an owner or operator supervises one or more stationary sources affected by standards established pursuant to section 112 of the Act (as amended November 15, 1990) and standards set under part 60, part 61, or both such parts of this chapter, he/she may arrange by mutual agreement between the owner or operator and the Administrator (or the State permitting authority) a common schedule on which periodic reports required by each relevant (i.e., applicable) standard shall be submitted throughout the year. The allowance in the previous sentence applies in each State beginning 1 year after the stationary source is required to be in compliance with the relevant section 112 standard, or 1 year after the stationary source is required to be in compliance with the applicable part 60 or part 61 standard, whichever is latest. Procedures governing the implementation of this provision are specified in § 63.9(i).

(b) *General recordkeeping requirements*.

(1) The owner or operator of an affected source subject to the provisions of this part shall maintain files of all information (including all reports and notifications) required by this part recorded in a form suitable and readily available for expeditious inspection and review. The files shall be retained for at least 5 years following the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report, or record. At a minimum, the most recent 2 years of data shall be retained on site. The remaining 3 years of data may be retained off site. Such files may be maintained on microfilm, on a computer, on computer floppy disks, on magnetic tape disks, or on microfiche.

(2) The owner or operator of an affected source subject to the provisions of this part shall maintain relevant records for such source of - **(i)-(v) Only applies to facilities that usean add-on control device.**

(i) The occurrence and duration of each startup, shutdown, or malfunction of operation (i.e., process equipment);

(ii) The occurrence and duration of each malfunction of the required air pollution control and monitoring equipment;

(iii) All required maintenance performed on the air pollution control and monitoring equipment;

(iv) Actions taken during periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction (including corrective actions to restore malfunctioning process and air pollution control and monitoring equipment to its normal or usual manner of operation) when such actions are different from the procedures specified in the affected source's startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan (see § 63.6(e)(3));

(v) All information necessary to demonstrate conformance with the affected source's startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan (see § 63.6(e)(3)) when all actions taken during periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction (including corrective actions to restore

malfunctioning process and air pollution control and monitoring equipment to its normal or usual manner of operation) are consistent with the procedures specified in such plan. (The information needed to demonstrate conformance with the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan may be recorded using a "checklist," or some other effective form of recordkeeping, in order to minimize the recordkeeping burden for conforming events);

(vi) Each period during which a CMS is malfunctioning or inoperative (including out-of-control periods);

(vii) All required measurements needed to demonstrate compliance with a relevant standard (including, but not limited to, 15-minute averages of CMS data, raw performance testing measurements, and raw performance evaluation measurements, that support data that the source is required to report);

(A) This paragraph applies to owners or operators required to install a continuous emissions monitoring system (CEMS) where the CEMS installed is automated, and where the calculated data averages do not exclude periods of CEMS breakdown or malfunction. An automated CEMS records and reduces the measured data to the form of the pollutant emission standard through the use of a computerized data acquisition system. In lieu of maintaining a file of all CEMS subhourly measurements as required under paragraph (b)(2)(vii) of this section, the owner or operator shall retain the most recent consecutive three averaging periods of subhourly measurements and a file that contains a hard copy of the data acquisition system algorithm used to reduce the measured data into the reportable form of the standard.

(B) This paragraph applies to owners or operators required to install a CEMS where the measured data is manually reduced to obtain the reportable form of the standard, and where the calculated data averages do not exclude periods of CEMS breakdown or malfunction. In lieu of maintaining a file of all CEMS subhourly measurements as required under paragraph (b)(2)(vii) of this sections, the owner or operator shall retain all subhourly measurements for the most recent reporting period. The subhourly measurements shall be retained for 120 days from the date of the most recent summary or excess emission report submitted to the Administrator.

(C) The Administrator or delegated authority, upon notification to the source, may require the owner or operator to maintain all measurements as required by paragraph (b)(2)(vii), if the administrator or the delegated authority determines these records are required to more accurately assess the compliance status of the affected source.

(viii) All results of performance tests, CMS performance evaluations, and opacity and visible emission observations;

(ix) All measurements as may be necessary to determine the conditions of performance tests and performance evaluations;

(x) All CMS calibration checks;

` (xi) All adjustments and maintenance performed on CMS;

(xii) Any information demonstrating whether a source is meeting the requirements for a waiver of recordkeeping or reporting requirements under this part, if the source has been granted a waiver under paragraph (f) of this section;

(xiii) All emission levels relative to the criterion for obtaining permission to use an alternative to the relative accuracy test, if the source has been granted such permission under § 63.8(f)(6); and

(xiv) All documentation supporting initial notifications and notifications of compliance status under § 63.9.

(3) *Recordkeeping requirement for applicability determinations.* If an owner or operator determines that his or her stationary source that emits (or has the potential to emit, without considering controls) one or more hazardous air pollutants regulated by any standard established pursuant to section 112(d) or (f), and that stationary source is in the source category regulated by the relevant standard, but that source is not subject to the relevant standard (or other requirement established under this part) because of limitations on the source's potential to emit or an exclusion, the owner or operator must keep a record of the applicability determination on site at the source for a period of 5 years after the determination, or until the source changes its operations to become an affected source, whichever comes first. The record of the applicability determination must be signed by the person making the determination and include an analysis (or other information) that demonstrates why the owner or operator believes the source is unaffected (e.g., because the source is an area source). The analysis (or other information) must be sufficiently detailed to allow the Administrator to make a finding about the source's applicability status with regard to the relevant standard or other requirement. If relevant, the analysis must be performed in accordance with requirements established in relevant subparts of this part for this purpose for particular categories of stationary sources. If relevant, the analysis should be performed in accordance with EPA guidance materials published to assist sources in making applicability determinations under section 112, if any. The requirements to determine applicability of a standard under § 63.1(b)(3) and to record the results of that determination under paragraph (b)(3) of this section shall not by themselves create an obligation for the owner or operator to obtain a title V permit.

(c) *Additional recordkeeping requirements for sources with continuous monitoring systems*. In addition to complying with the requirements specified in paragraphs (b)(1) and (b)(2) of this section, the owner or operator of an affected source required to install a CMS by a relevant standard shall maintain records for such source of -

(1) All required CMS measurements (including monitoring data recorded during unavoidable CMS breakdowns and out-of-control periods); **(1)-(8) This section applies if you elect to use a CMS to demonstrate continuous compliance with an emission limit.**

(2)–(4) [Reserved]

(5) The date and time identifying each period during which the CMS was inoperative except for zero (low-level) and high-level checks;

(6) The date and time identifying each period during which the CMS was out of control, as defined in § 63.8(c)(7);

(7) The specific identification (i.e., the date and time of commencement and completion) of each period of excess emissions and parameter monitoring exceedances, as defined in the relevant standard(s), that occurs during startups, shutdowns, and malfunctions of the affected source;

(8) The specific identification (i.e., the date and time of commencement and completion) of each time period of excess emissions and parameter monitoring exceedances, as defined in the relevant standard(s), that occurs during periods other than startups, shutdowns, and malfunctions of the affected source;

(9) [Reserved]

(10) The nature and cause of any malfunction (if known);

(11) The corrective action taken or preventive measures adopted;

(12) The nature of the repairs or adjustments to the CMS that was inoperative or out of

control;

(13) The total process operating time during the reporting period; and

(14) All procedures that are part of a quality control program developed and implemented for CMS under § 63.8(d).

(15) In order to satisfy the requirements of paragraphs (c)(10) through (c)(12) of this section and to avoid duplicative recordkeeping efforts, the owner or operator may use the affected source's startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan or records kept to satisfy the recordkeeping requirements of the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan specified in § 63.6(e), provided that such plan and records adequately address the requirements of paragraphs (c)(10) through (c)(12).

(d) *General reporting requirements*.

(1) Not-withstanding the requirements in this paragraph or paragraph (e) of this section, the owner or operator of an affected source subject to reporting requirements under this part shall submit reports to the Administrator in accordance with the reporting requirements in the relevant standard(s).

(2) *Reporting results of performance tests*. Before a title V permit has been issued to the owner or operator of an affected source, the owner or operator shall report the results of any performance test under § 63.7 to the Administrator. After a title V permit has been issued to the owner or operator of an affected source, the owner or operator shall report the results of a required performance test to the appropriate permitting authority. The owner or operator of an affected source shall report the results of the performance test to the Administrator (or the State with an approved permit program) before the close of business on the 60th day following the completion of the performance test, unless specified otherwise in a relevant standard or as approved otherwise in writing by the Administrator. The results of the performance test shall be submitted as part of the notification of compliance status required under § 63.9(h).

(3) *Reporting results of opacity or visible emission observations*. **Subpart WWWW of Part 63 does not contain opacity or visible emission standards.**

(4) *Progress reports*. The owner or operator of an affected source who is required to submit progress reports as a condition of receiving an extension of compliance under § 63.6(i) shall submit such reports to the Administrator (or the State with an approved permit program) by the dates specified in the written extension of compliance.

(5) **Only applies if you use an add-on control device.**

(i) Periodic startup, shutdown, and malfunction reports. If actions taken by an owner or operator during a startup, shutdown, or malfunction of an affected source (including actions taken to correct a malfunction) are consistent with the procedures specified in the source's startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan (see Sec. 63.6(e)(3)), the owner or operator shall state such information in a startup, shutdown, and malfunction report. Such a report shall identify any instance where any action taken by an owner or operator during a startup, shutdown, or malfunction (including actions taken to correct a malfunction) is not consistent with the affected source's startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan, but the source does not exceed any applicable emission limitation in the relevant emission standard. Such a report shall also include the number, duration, and a brief description for each type of malfunction which occurred during the reporting period and which caused or may have caused any applicable emission limitation to be exceeded. Reports shall only be required if a startup, shutdown, or malfunction occurred during the reporting period. The startup, shutdown, and malfunction report shall consist of a

letter, containing the name, title, and signature of the owner or operator or other responsible official who is certifying its accuracy, that shall be submitted to the Administrator semiannually (or on a more frequent basis if specified otherwise in a relevant standard or as established otherwise by the permitting authority in the source's title V permit). The startup, shutdown, and malfunction report shall be delivered or postmarked by the 30th day following the end of each calendar half (or other calendar reporting period, as appropriate). If the owner or operator is required to submit excess emissions and continuous monitoring system performance (or other periodic) reports under this part, the startup, shutdown, and malfunction reports required under this paragraph may be submitted simultaneously with the excess emissions and continuous monitoring system performance (or other) reports. If startup, shutdown, and malfunction reports are submitted with excess emissions and continuous monitoring system performance (or other periodic) reports, and the owner or operator receives approval to reduce the frequency of reporting for the latter under paragraph (e) of this section, the frequency of reporting for the startup, shutdown, and malfunction reports also may be reduced if the Administrator does not object to the intended change. The procedures to implement the allowance in the preceding sentence shall be the same as the procedures specified in paragraph (e)(3) of this section.

(ii) Immediate startup, shutdown, and malfunction reports. Notwithstanding the allowance to reduce the frequency of reporting for periodic startup, shutdown, and malfunction reports under paragraph (d)(5)(i) of this section, any time an action taken by an owner or operator during a startup, shutdown, or malfunction (including actions taken to correct a malfunction) is not consistent with the procedures specified in the affected source's startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan, and the source exceeds any applicable emission limitation in the relevant emission standard, the owner or operator shall report the actions taken for that event within 2 working days after commencing actions inconsistent with the plan followed by a letter within 7 working days after the end of the event. The immediate report required under this paragraph (d)(5)(ii) shall consist of a telephone call (or facsimile (FAX) transmission) to the Administrator within 2 working days after commencing actions inconsistent with the plan, and it shall be followed by a letter, delivered or postmarked within 7 working days after the end of the event, that contains the name, title, and signature of the owner or operator or other responsible official who is certifying its accuracy, explaining the circumstances of the event, the reasons for not following the startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan, and describing all excess emissions and/or parameter monitoring exceedances which are believed to have occurred. Notwithstanding the requirements of the previous sentence, after the effective date of an approved permit program in the State in which an affected source is located, the owner or operator may make alternative reporting arrangements, in advance, with the permitting authority in that State. Procedures governing the arrangement of alternative reporting requirements under this paragraph (d)(5)(ii) are specified in Sec. 63.9(i).

(e) *Additional reporting requirements for sources with continuous monitoring systems* – **This section applies if you have an add-on control device and elect to use a CEM to demonstrate continuous compliance with an emission limit.**

(1) *General.* When more than one CEMS is used to measure the emissions from one affected source (e.g., multiple breechings, multiple outlets), the owner or operator shall report the results as required for each CEMS.

(2) Reporting results of continuous monitoring system performance evaluations.

(i) The owner or operator of an affected source required to install a CMS by a

relevant standard shall furnish the Administrator a copy of a written report of the results of the CMS performance evaluation, as required under § 63.8(e), simultaneously with the results of the performance test required under § 63.7, unless otherwise specified in the relevant standard.

(ii) The owner or operator of an affected source using a COMS to determine opacity compliance during any performance test required under § 63.7 and described in § 63.6(d)(6) shall furnish the Administrator two or, upon request, three copies of a written report of the results of the COMS performance evaluation conducted under § 63.8(e). The copies shall be furnished at least 15 calendar days before the performance test required under § 63.7 is conducted.

(3) *Excess emissions and continuous monitoring system performance report and summary report.*

(i) Excess emissions and parameter monitoring exceedances are defined in relevant standards. The owner or operator of an affected source required to install a CMS by a relevant standard shall submit an excess emissions and continuous monitoring system performance report and/or a summary report to the Administrator semiannually, except when -

(A) More frequent reporting is specifically required by a relevant standard;

(B) The Administrator determines on a case-by-case basis that more frequent reporting is necessary to accurately assess the compliance status of the source; or

(C) [Reserved].

(ii) Request to reduce frequency of excess emissions and continuous monitoring system performance reports. Notwithstanding the frequency of reporting requirements specified in paragraph (e)(3)(i) of this section, an owner or operator who is required by a relevant standard to submit excess emissions and continuous monitoring system performance (and summary) reports on a quarterly (or more frequent) basis may reduce the frequency of reporting for that standard to semiannual if the following conditions are met:

(A) For 1 full year (e.g., 4 quarterly or 12 monthly reporting periods) the affected source's excess emissions and continuous monitoring system performance reports continually demonstrate that the source is in compliance with the relevant standard;

(B) The owner or operator continues to comply with all recordkeeping and monitoring requirements specified in this subpart and the relevant standard; and

(C) The Administrator does not object to a reduced frequency of reporting for the affected source, as provided in paragraph (e)(3)(iii) of this section.

(iii) The frequency of reporting of excess emissions and continuous monitoring system performance (and summary) reports required to comply with a relevant standard may be reduced only after the owner or operator notifies the Administrator in writing of his or her intention to make such a change and the Administrator does not object to the intended change. In deciding whether to approve a reduced frequency of reporting, the Administrator may review information concerning the source's entire previous performance history during the 5-year recordkeeping period prior to the intended change, including performance test results, monitoring data, and evaluations of an owner or operator's conformance with operation and maintenance requirements. Such information may be used by the Administrator to make a judgment about the source's potential for noncompliance in the future. If the Administrator disapproves the owner or operator's request to reduce the frequency of reporting, the Administrator will notify the owner or operator in writing within 45 days after receiving notice of the owner or operator's intention. The notification from the Administrator to the owner or

operator will specify the grounds on which the disapproval is based. In the absence of a notice of disapproval within 45 days, approval is automatically granted.

(iv) As soon as CMS data indicate that the source is not in compliance with any emission limitation or operating parameter specified in the relevant standard, the frequency of reporting shall revert to the frequency specified in the relevant standard, and the owner or operator shall submit an excess emissions and continuous monitoring system performance (and summary) report for the noncomplying emission points at the next appropriate reporting period following the noncomplying event. After demonstrating ongoing compliance with the relevant standard for another full year, the owner or operator may again request approval from the Administrator to reduce the frequency of reporting for that standard, as provided for in paragraphs (e)(3)(ii) and (e)(3)(iii) of this section.

(v) *Content and submittal dates for excess emissions and monitoring system performance reports*. All excess emissions and monitoring system performance reports and all summary reports, if required, shall be delivered or postmarked by the 30th day following the end of each calendar half or quarter, as appropriate. Written reports of excess emissions or exceedances of process or control system parameters shall include all the information required in paragraphs (c)(5) through (c)(13) of this section, in § 63.8(c)(7) and § 63.8(c)(8), and in the relevant standard, and they shall contain the name, title, and signature of the responsible official who is certifying the accuracy of the report. When no excess emissions or exceedances of a parameter have occurred, or a CMS has not been inoperative, out of control, repaired, or adjusted, such information shall be stated in the report.

(vi) *Summary report*. As required under paragraphs (e)(3)(vii) and (e)(3)(viii) of this section, one summary report shall be submitted for the hazardous air pollutants monitored at each affected source (unless the relevant standard specifies that more than one summary report is required, e.g., one summary report for each hazardous air pollutant monitored). The summary report shall be entitled ‘‘Summary Report - Gaseous and Opacity Excess Emission and Continuous Monitoring System Performance’’ and shall contain the following information:

(A) The company name and address of the affected source;

(B) An identification of each hazardous air pollutant monitored at the affected source;

(C) The beginning and ending dates of the reporting period;

(D) A brief description of the process units;

(E) The emission and operating parameter limitations specified in the relevant standard(s);

(F) The monitoring equipment manufacturer(s) and model number(s);

(G) The date of the latest CMS certification or audit;

(H) The total operating time of the affected source during the reporting period;

(I) An emission data summary (or similar summary if the owner or operator monitors control system parameters), including the total duration of excess emissions during the reporting period (recorded in minutes for opacity and hours for gases), the total duration of excess emissions expressed as a percent of the total source operating time during that reporting period, and a breakdown of the total duration of excess emissions during the reporting period into those that are due to startup/shutdown, control equipment problems, process problems, other known causes, and other unknown causes;

(J) A CMS performance summary (or similar summary if the owner or operator monitors control system parameters), including the total CMS downtime during the reporting period (recorded in minutes for opacity and hours for gases), the total duration of CMS downtime expressed as a percent of the total source operating time during that reporting period, and a breakdown of the total CMS downtime during the reporting period into periods that are due to monitoring equipment malfunctions, nonmonitoring equipment malfunctions, quality assurance/quality control calibrations, other known causes, and other unknown causes;

(K) A description of any changes in CMS, processes, or controls since the last reporting period;

(L) The name, title, and signature of the responsible official who is certifying the accuracy of the report; and

(M) The date of the report.

(vii) If the total duration of excess emissions or process or control system parameter exceedances for the reporting period is less than 1 percent of the total operating time for the reporting period, and CMS downtime for the reporting period is less than 5 percent of the total operating time for the reporting period, only the summary report shall be submitted, and the full excess emissions and continuous monitoring system performance report need not be submitted unless required by the Administrator.

(viii) If the total duration of excess emissions or process or control system parameter exceedances for the reporting period is 1 percent or greater of the total operating time for the reporting period, or the total CMS downtime for the reporting period is 5 percent or greater of the total operating time for the reporting period, both the summary report and the excess emissions and continuous monitoring system performance report shall be submitted.

(4) **Subpart WWWW of Part 63 does not contain opacity standards.**

(f) *Waiver of recordkeeping or reporting requirements*.

(1) Until a waiver of a recordkeeping or reporting requirement has been granted by the Administrator under this paragraph, the owner or operator of an affected source remains subject to the requirements of this section.

(2) Recordkeeping or reporting requirements may be waived upon written application to the Administrator if, in the Administrator's judgment, the affected source is achieving the relevant standard(s), or the source is operating under an extension of compliance, or the owner or operator has requested an extension of compliance and the Administrator is still considering that request.

(3) If an application for a waiver of record-keeping or reporting is made, the application shall accompany the request for an extension of compliance under § 63.6(i), any required compliance progress report or compliance status report required under this part (such as under § 63.6(i) and § 63.9(h)) or in the source's title V permit, or an excess emissions and continuous monitoring system performance report required under paragraph (e) of this section, whichever is applicable. The application shall include whatever information the owner or operator considers useful to convince the Administrator that a waiver of recordkeeping or reporting is warranted.

(4) The Administrator will approve or deny a request for a waiver of recordkeeping or reporting requirements under this paragraph when he/she -

(i) Approves or denies an extension of compliance; or

(ii) Makes a determination of compliance following the submission of a required compliance status report or excess emissions and continuous monitoring systems performance

report; or

(iii) Makes a determination of suitable progress towards compliance following the submission of a compliance progress report, whichever is applicable.

(5) A waiver of any recordkeeping or reporting requirement granted under this paragraph may be conditioned on other recordkeeping or reporting requirements deemed necessary by the Administrator.

(6) Approval of any waiver granted under this section shall not abrogate the Administrator's authority under the Act or in any way prohibit the Administrator from later canceling the waiver. The cancellation will be made only after notice is given to the owner or operator of the affected source.

§ 63.11 Control device requirements.

Only applies if you elect to use a flare as a control device.

(a) *Applicability*. The applicability of this section is set out in Sec. 63.1(a)(4).

(b) Flares.

(1) Owners or operators using flares to comply with the provisions of this part shall monitor these control devices to assure that they are operated and maintained in conformance with their designs. Applicable subparts will provide provisions stating how owners or operators using flares shall monitor these control devices.

(2) Flares shall be steam-assisted, air-assisted, or non-assisted.

(3) Flares shall be operated at all times when emissions may be vented to them.

(4) Flares shall be designed for and operated with no visible emissions, except for periods not to exceed a total of 5 minutes during any 2 consecutive hours. Test Method 22 in appendix A of part 60 of this chapter shall be used to determine the compliance of flares with the visible emission provisions of this part. The observation period is 2 hours and shall be used according to Method 22.

(5) Flares shall be operated with a flame present at all times. The presence of a flare pilot flame shall be monitored using a thermocouple or any other equivalent device to detect the presence of a flame.

(6) An owner/operator has the choice of adhering to the heat content specifications in paragraph (b)(6)(ii) of this section, and the maximum tip velocity specifications in paragraph (b)(7) or (b)(8) of this section, or adhering to the requirements in paragraph (b)(6)(i) of this section.

(i) (A) Flares shall be used that have a diameter of 3 inches or greater, are nonassisted, have a hydrogen content of 8.0 percent (by volume) or greater, and are designed for and operated with an exit velocity less than 37.2 m/sec (122 ft/sec) and less than the velocity V_{max}, as determined by the following equation:

$$V_{max} = (X_{H2} - K_1) * K_2$$

Where:

V_{max} = Maximum permitted velocity, m/sec.

K_1 = Constant, 6.0 volume-percent hydrogen.

K_2 = Constant, 3.9 (m/sec)/volume-percent hydrogen.

X_{H2} = The volume-percent of hydrogen, on a wet basis, as calculated by using the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) Method D1946-77. (Incorporated by reference as specified in § 63.14).

(B) The actual exit velocity of a flare shall be determined by the method specified in paragraph (b)(7)(i) of this section.

(ii) Flares shall be used only with the net heating value of the gas being combusted at 11.2 MJ/scm (300 Btu/scf) or greater if the flare is steam-assisted or air-assisted; or with the net heating value of the gas being combusted at 7.45 MJ/scm (200 Btu/scf) or greater if the flare is non-assisted. The net heating value of the gas being combusted in a flare shall be calculated using the following equation:

$$H_T = K \sum_{i=1}^{n} C_i H_i$$

Where:

H_T = Net heating value of the sample, MJ/scm; where the net enthalpy per mole of offgas is based on combustion at 25 /C and 760 mm Hg, but the standard temperature for determining the volume corresponding to one mole is 20 /C.

K = Constant = 1.740×10^{-7} (1/ppmv)(g-mole/scm)(MJ/kcal); where the standard temperature for (g-mole/scm) is 20 /C.

C_i = Concentration of sample component i in ppmv on a wet basis, as measured for organics by Test Method 18 and measured for hydrogen and carbon monoxide by American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) D1946–77 or 90 (Reapproved 1994) (incorporated by reference as specified in § 63.14).

H_i = Net heat of combustion of sample component i, kcal/g-mole at 25 /C and 760 mm Hg. The heats of combustion may be determined using ASTM D2382–76 or 88 or D4809-95. (incorporated by reference as specified in § 63.14) if published values are not available or cannot be calculated.

n = Number of sample components.

(7) (i) Steam-assisted and nonassisted flares shall be designed for and operated with an exit velocity less than 18.3 m/sec (60 ft/sec), except as provided in paragraphs (b)(7)(ii) and (b)(7)(iii) of this section. The actual exit velocity of a flare shall be determined by dividing by the volumetric flow rate of gas being combusted (in units of emission standard temperature and pressure), as determined by Test Method 2, 2A, 2C, or 2D in appendix A to 40 CFR part 60 of this chapter, as appropriate, by the unobstructed (free) cross-sectional area of the flare tip.

(ii) Steam-assisted and nonassisted flares designed for and operated with an exit velocity, as determined by the method specified in paragraph (b)(7)(i) of this section, equal to or greater than 18.3 m/sec (60 ft/sec) but less than 122 m/sec (400 ft/sec), are allowed if the net heating value of the gas being combusted is greater than 37.3 MJ/scm (1,000 Btu/scf).

(iii) Steam-assisted and nonassisted flares designed for and operated with an exit velocity, as determined by the method specified in paragraph (b)(7)(i) of this section, less than the velocity V_{max}, as determined by the method specified in this paragraph, but less than 122 m/sec (400 ft/sec) are allowed. The maximum permitted velocity, V_{max}, for flares complying with this paragraph shall be determined by the following equation:

$$Log_{10}(V_{max})=(H_T+28.8)/31.7$$

Where:
V_{max} = Maximum permitted velocity, m/sec.
28.8 = Constant.
31.7 = Constant.
H_T = The net heating value as determined in paragraph (b)(6) of this section.

(8) Air-assisted flares shall be designed and operated with an exit velocity less than the velocity V_{max}. The maximum permitted velocity, V_{max}, for air-assisted flares shall be determined by the following equation:

$$V_{max} = 8.71 + 0.708(H_T)$$

Where:
V_{max} = Maximum permitted velocity, m/sec.
8.71 = Constant.
0.708 = Constant.
H_T = The net heating value as determined in paragraph (b)(6)(ii) of this section.

§ 63.12 State authority and delegations.

(a) The provisions of this part shall not be construed in any manner to preclude any State or political subdivision thereof from -

(1) Adopting and enforcing any standard, limitation, prohibition, or other regulation applicable to an affected source subject to the requirements of this part, provided that such standard, limitation, prohibition, or regulation is not less stringent than any requirement applicable to such source established under this part;

(2) Requiring the owner or operator of an affected source to obtain permits, licenses, or approvals prior to initiating construction, reconstruction, modification, or operation of such source; or

(3) Requiring emission reductions in excess of those specified in subpart D of this part as a condition for granting the extension of compliance authorized by section 112(i)(5) of the Act.

(b) (1) Section 112(l) of the Act directs the Administrator to delegate to each State, when appropriate, the authority to implement and enforce standards and other requirements pursuant to section 112 for stationary sources located in that State. Because of the unique nature of radioactive material, delegation of authority to implement and enforce standards that control radionuclides may require separate approval.

(2) Subpart E of this part establishes procedures consistent with section 112(l) for the approval of State rules or programs to implement and enforce applicable Federal rules promulgated under the authority of section 112. Subpart E also establishes procedures for the review and withdrawal of section 112 implementation and enforcement authorities granted through a section 112(l) approval.

(c) All information required to be submitted to the EPA under this part also shall be submitted to

the appropriate State agency of any State to which authority has been delegated under section 112(l) of the Act, provided that each specific delegation may exempt sources from a certain Federal or State reporting requirement. The Administrator may permit all or some of the information to be submitted to the appropriate State agency only, instead of to the EPA and the State agency.

§ 63.13 Addresses of State air pollution control agencies and EPA Regional Offices.

(a) All requests, reports, applications, submittals, and other communications to the Administrator pursuant to this part shall be submitted to the appropriate Regional Office of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency indicated as follows:

EPA Region IV; Director; Air, Pesticides and Toxics, Management Division; Atlanta Federal Center, 61 Forsyth Street; Atlanta, GA 30303-3104.

(b) All information required to be submitted to the Administrator under this part also shall be submitted to the appropriate State agency of any State to which authority has been delegated under section 112(l) of the Act. The owner or operator of an affected source may contact the appropriate EPA Regional Office for the mailing addresses for those States whose delegation requests have been approved.

(c) If any State requires a submittal that contains all the information required in an application, notification, request, report, statement, or other communication required in this part, an owner or operator may send the appropriate Regional Office of the EPA a copy of that submittal to satisfy the requirements of this part for that communication.

§ 63.14 Incorporations by reference.

(a) The materials listed in this section are incorporated by reference in the corresponding sections noted. These incorporations by reference were approved by the Director of the Federal Register in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. These materials are incorporated as they exist on the date of the approval, and notice of any change in these materials will be published in the Federal Register. The materials are available for purchase at the corresponding addresses noted below, and all are available for inspection at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC, at the Air and Radiation Docket and Information Center, U.S. EPA, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC, and at the EPA Library (MD-35), U.S. EPA, Research Triangle Park, North Carolina.

(b) The following materials are available for purchase from at least one of the following addresses: American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM), 100 Barr Harbor Drive, Post Office Box C700, West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959; or ProQuest, 300 North Zeeb Road, Ann Arbor, MI 48106.

(1) ASTM D523-89, Standard Test Method for Specular Gloss, IBR approved for § 63.782.

(2) ASTM D1193-77, 91, Standard Specification for Reagent Water, IBR approved for Appendix A: Method 306, Sections 7.1.1 and 7.4.2.

(3) ASTM D1331-89, Standard Test Methods for Surface and Interfacial Tension of Solutions of Surface Active Agents, IBR approved for Appendix A: Method 306B, Sections 6.2, 11.1, and 12.2.2.

(4) ASTM D1475-90, Standard Test Method for Density of Paint, Varnish Lacquer, and Related Products, IBR approved for § 63.788, Appendix A.

(5) ASTM D1946-77, 90, 94, Standard Method for Analysis of Reformed Gas by Gas Chromatography, IBR approved for § 63.11(b)(6).

(6) ASTM D2369-93, 95, Standard Test Method for Volatile Content of Coatings, IBR approved for § 63.788, Appendix A.

(7) ASTM D2382-76, 88, Heat of Combustion of Hydrocarbon Fuels by Bomb Calorimeter (High-Precision Method), IBR approved for § 63.11(b)(6).

(8) ASTM D2879-83, 96, Test Method for Vapor Pressure-Temperature Relationship and Initial Decomposition Temperature of Liquids by Isoteniscope, IBR approved for § 63.111 of Subpart G.

(9) ASTM D3257-93, Standard Test Methods for Aromatics in Mineral Spirits by Gas Chromatography, IBR approved for § 63.786(b).

(10) ASTM 3695-88, Standard Test Method for Volatile Alcohols in Water by Direct Aqueous-Injection Gas Chromatography, IBR approved for § 63.365(e)(1) of Subpart O.

(11) ASTM D3792-91, Standard Method for Water Content of Water-Reducible Paints by Direct Injection into a Gas Chromatograph, IBR approved for § 63.788, Appendix A.

(12) ASTM D3912-80, Standard Test Method for Chemical Resistance of Coatings Used in Light-Water Nuclear Power Plants, IBR approved for § 63.782.

(13) ASTM D4017-90, 96a, Standard Test Method for Water in Paints and Paint Materials by the Karl Fischer Titration Method, IBR approved for § 63.788, Appendix A.

(14) ASTM D4082-89, Standard Test Method for Effects of Gamma Radiation on Coatings for Use in Light-Water Nuclear Power Plants, IBR approved for § 63.782.

(15) ASTM D4256-89, 94, Standard Test Method for Determination of the Decontaminability of Coatings Used in Light-Water Nuclear Power Plants, IBR approved for § 63.782.

(16) ASTM D4809-95, Standard Test Method for Heat of Combustion of Liquid Hydrocarbon Fuels by Bomb Calorimeter (Precision Method), IBR approved for § 63.11(b)(6).

(17) ASTM E180-93, Standard Practice for Determining the Precision of ASTM Methods for Analysis and Testing of Industrial Chemicals, IBR approved for § 63.786(b).

(18) ASTM E260-91, 96, General Practice for Packed Column Gas Chromatography, IBR approved for §§ 63.750(b)(2) and 63.786(b)(5).

(19) Reserved

(20) Reserved

(21) ASTM D2099-00, Standard Test Method for Dynamic Water Resistance of Shoe Upper Leather by the Maeser Water Penetration Tester, IBR approved for § 63.5350.

(24) ASTM D2697-86(1998) (Reapproved 1998), Standard Test Method for Volume Nonvolatile Matter in Clear or Pigmented Coatings, IBR approved for §§63.4141(b)(1), 63.4741(b)(1), 63.4941(b)(1), and 63.5160(c).

(25) ASTM D6093-97, Standard Test Method for Percent Volume Nonvolatile Matter in Clear or Pigmented Coatings Using a Helium Gas Pycnometer, IBR approved for

§§63.4141(b)(1), 63.4741(b)(1), 63.4941(b)(1), and 63.5160(c).

(26) ASTM D1475-98, Standard Test Method for Density of Liquid Coatings, Inks, and Related Products, IBR approved for §§ 63.4141(b)(3) and 63.4141(c).

(27) ASTM D 6522-00, Standard Test Method for Determination of Nitrogen Oxides, Carbon Monoxide and Oxygen concentrations in Emissions from Natural Gas Fired Reciprocating Engines, Combustion Turbines, Boilers, and Process heaters Using Portable Analyzers, IBR approved for Sec. 63.9307(c)(2).

(28) [Reserved]

(29) ASTM D6420-99, Standard Test Method for Determination of Gaseous Organic Compounds by Direct Interface Gas Chromatography-Mass Spectrometry, IBR approved for §§ 63.5799 and 63.5850.

(c) The materials listed below are available for purchase from the American Petroleum Institute (API), 1220 L Street, NW., Washington, DC 20005.

(1) API Publication 2517, Evaporative Loss from External Floating-Roof Tanks, Third Edition, February 1989, IBR approved for § 63.111 of subpart G of this part.

(2) API Publication 2518, Evaporative Loss from Fixed-roof Tanks, Second Edition, October 1991, IBR approved for § 63.150(g)(3)(i)(C) of subpart G of this part.

(3) API Manual of Petroleum Measurement Specifications (MPMS) Chapter 19.2, Evaporative Loss From Floating-Roof Tanks (formerly API Publications 2517 and 2519), First Edition, April 1997, IBR approved for § 63.1251 of subpart GGG of this part.

(d) *State and Local Requirements.* The materials listed below are available at the Air and Radiation Docket and Information Center, U.S. EPA, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC.

(1) *California Regulatory Requirements Applicable to the Air Toxics Program*, January 5, 1999, IBR approved for § 63.99(a)(5)(ii) of subpart E of this part.

(2) New Jersey's *Toxic Catastrophe Prevention Act Program*, (July 20, 1998), Incorporation By Reference approved for § 63.99 (a)(30)(i) of subpart E of this part.

(3) (i) Letter of June 7, 1999 to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Region 3 from the Delaware Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control requesting formal full delegation to take over primary responsibility for implementation and enforcement of the Chemical Accident Prevention Program under Section 112(r) of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990.

(ii) Delaware Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control, Division of Air and Waste Management, Accidental Release Prevention Regulation, sections 1 through 5 and sections 7 through 14, effective January 11, 1999, IBR approved for § 63.99(a)(8)(i) of subpart E of this part.

(iii) State of Delaware Regulations Governing the Control of Air Pollution (October 2000), IBR approved for § 63.99(a)(8)(ii)-(v) of subpart E of this part.

(e) The materials listed below are available for purchase from the National Institute of Standards and Technology, Springfield, VA 22161, (800) 553-6847.

(1) Handbook 44, Specificiations, Tolerances, and Other Technical Requirements for Weighing and Measuring Devices 1998, IBR approved for § 63.1303(e)(3).

(2) [Reserved]

(f) The following material is available from the National Council of the Paper Industry for Air and Stream Improvement, Inc. (NCASI), P. O. Box 133318, Research Triangle Park, NC 27709-3318 or at http://www.ncasi.org: NCASI Method DI/MEOH-94.02, Methanol in Process Liquids GC/FID (Gas Chromatography/Flame Ionization Detection), August 1998, Methods Manual, NCASI, Research Triangle Park, NC, IBR approved for § 63.457(c)(3)(ii) of subpart S of this part.

(g) The materials listed below are available for purchase from AOAC International, Customer Services, Suite 400, 2200 Wilson Boulevard, Arlington, Virginia, 22201-3301, Telephone (703) 522-3032, Fax (703) 522-5468.

(1) AOAC Official Method 978.01 Phosphorus (Total) in Fertilizers, Automated Method, Sixteenth edition, 1995, IBR approved for § 63.626(d)(3)(vi).

(2) AOAC Official Method 969.02 Phosphorus (Total) in Fertilizers, Alkalimetric Quinolinium Molybdophosphate Method, Sixteenth edition, 1995, IBR approved for § 63.626(d)(3)(vi).

(3) AOAC Official Method 962.02 Phosphorus (Total) in Fertilizers, Gravimetric Quinolinium Molybdophosphate Method, Sixteenth edition, 1995, IBR approved for § 63.626(d)(3)(vi).

(4) AOAC Official Method 957.02 Phosphorus (Total) in Fertilizers, Preparation of Sample Solution, Sixteenth edition, 1995, IBR approved for § 63.626(d)(3)(vi).

(5) AOAC Official Method 929.01 Sampling of Solid Fertilizers, Sixteenth edition, 1995, IBR approved for § 63.626(d)(3)(vi).

(6) AOAC Official Method 929.02 Preparation of Fertilizer Sample, Sixteenth edition, 1995, IBR approved for § 63.626(d)(3)(vi).

(7) AOAC Official Method 958.01 Phosphorus (Total) in Fertilizers, Spectrophotometric Molybdovanadophosphate Method, Sixteenth edition, 1995, IBR approved for § 63.626(d)(3)(vi).

(h) The materials listed below are available for purchase from The Association of Florida Phosphate Chemists, P.O. Box 1645, Bartow, Florida, 33830, Book of Methods Used and Adopted By The Association of Florida Phosphate Chemists, Seventh Edition 1991, IBR.

(1) Section IX, Methods of Analysis for Phosphate Rock, No. 1 Preparation of Sample, IBR approved for § 63.606(c)(3)(ii) and § 63.626(c)(3)(ii).

(2) Section IX, Methods of Analysis for Phosphate Rock, No. 3 Phosphorus -- P2O5 or Ca3(PO4)2, Method A-Volumetric Method, IBR approved for § 63.606(c)(3)(ii) and § 63.626(c)(3)(ii).

(3) Section IX, Methods of Analysis for Phosphate Rock, No. 3 Phosphorus-P2O5 or Ca3(PO4)2, Method B -- Gravimetric Quimociac Method, IBR approved for § 63.606(c)(3)(ii) and § 63.626(c)(3)(ii).

(4) Section IX, Methods of Analysis For Phosphate Rock, No. 3 Phosphorus-P2O5 or Ca3(PO4)2, Method C -- Spectrophotometric Method, IBR approved for § 63.606(c)(3)(ii) and § 63.626(c)(3)(ii).

(5) Section XI, Methods of Analysis for Phosphoric Acid, Superphosphate, Triple Superphosphate, and Ammonium Phosphates, No. 3 Total Phosphorus-P2O5, Method A -- Volumetric Method, IBR approved for § 63.606(c)(3)(ii), § 63.626(c)(3)(ii), and § 63.626(d)(3)(v).

(6) Section XI, Methods of Analysis for Phosphoric Acid, Superphosphate, Triple Superphosphate, and Ammonium Phosphates, No. 3 Total Phosphorus-P2O5, Method B -- Gravimetric Quimociac Method, IBR approved for § 63.606(c)(3)(ii), § 63.626(c)(3)(ii), and § 63.626(d)(3)(v).

(7) Section XI, Methods of Analysis for Phosphoric Acid, Superphosphate, Triple Superphosphate, and Ammonium Phosphates, No. 3 Total Phosphorus-P2O5, Method C -- Spectrophotometric Method, IBR approved for § 63.606(c)(3)(ii), § 63.626(c)(3)(ii), and § 63.626(d)(3)(v).

(i) The following materials are available for purchase from at least one of the following addresses: ASME International, Orders/Inquiries, P.O. Box 2900, Fairfield, NJ 07007-2900; or Global Engineering Documents, Sales Department, 15 Inverness Way East, Englewood, CO 80112.

(1) ASME standard number QHO-1-1994, ``Standard for the Qualification and Certification of Hazardous Waste Incinerator Operators," IBR approved for Sec. 63.1206(c)(6)(iii).

(2) ASME standard number QHO-1a-1996 Addenda to QHO-1-1994, ``Standard for the Qualification and Certification of Hazardous Waste Incinerator Operators," IBR approved for Sec. 63.1206(c)(6)(iii).

(3) ANSI/ASME PTC 19.10-1981, ``Flue and Exhaust Gas Analyses [Part 10, Instruments and Apparatus]," IBR approved for Sec. Sec. 63.865(b), 63.3360(e)(1)(iii), 63.4166(a)(3), 63.4362(a)(3), 63.4766(a)(3), 63.4965(a)(3), 63.5160(d)(1)(iii), 63.9307(c)(2), and 63.9323(a)(3).

(j) [Reserved]

(k) The following material may be obtained from U.S. EPA, Office of Solid Waste (5305W), 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20460:

(1) Method 9071B, ``n-Hexane Extractable Material(HEM) for Sludge, Sediment, and Solid Samples," (Revision 2, April 1998) as published in EPA Publication SW-846: ``Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods." The incorporation by reference of Method 9071B is approved for Section 63.7824(e) of Subpart FFFFF of this part.

§ 63.15 Availability of information and confidentiality.

(a) *Availability of information*.

(1) With the exception of information protected through part 2 of this chapter, all reports, records, and other information collected by the Administrator under this part are available to the public. In addition, a copy of each permit application, compliance plan (including the schedule of compliance), notification of compliance status, excess emissions and continuous monitoring systems performance report, and title V permit is available to the public, consistent with protections recognized in section 503(e) of the Act.

(2) The availability to the public of information provided to or otherwise obtained by the Administrator under this part shall be governed by part 2 of this chapter.

(b) *Confidentiality*.

(1) If an owner or operator is required to submit information entitled to protection from disclosure under section 114(c) of the Act, the owner or operator may submit such information separately. The requirements of section 114(c) shall apply to such information.

(2) The contents of a title V permit shall not be entitled to protection under section 114(c) of the Act; however, information submitted as part of an application for a title V permit may be entitled to protection from disclosure.

40CFR 63, Subpart WWWW - Appendix A

APPENDIX A TO SUBPART WWWW - TEST METHODS VAPOR SUPPRESSANT EFFECTIVENESS TEST PROTOCOL

1. Scope and Application

1.1 Applicability. If a facility is using vapor suppressants to reduce hazardous air pollutant (HAP) emissions, the organic HAP emission factor equations in Table 1 to this subpart require that the vapor suppressant effectiveness factor be determined. The vapor suppressant effectiveness factor is then used as one of the inputs into the appropriate organic HAP emission factor equation. The vapor suppressant effectiveness factor test is not intended to quantify overall volatile emissions from a resin, nor to be used as a stand-alone test for emissions determination. This test is designed to evaluate the performance of film forming vapor suppressant resin additives. The results of this test are used only in combination with the organic HAP emissions factor equations in Table 1 to this subpart to generate emission factors.

1.1.1 The open molding process consists of application of resin and reinforcements to the mold surface, followed by a manual rollout process to consolidate the laminate, and the curing stage where the laminate surface is not disturbed. Emission studies have shown that approximately 50 percent to 55 percent of the emissions occur while the resin is being applied to the mold. Vapor suppressants have little effect during this portion of the lamination process, but can have a significant effect during the curing stage. Therefore, if a suppressant is 100 percent effective, the overall emissions from the process would be reduced by 45 percent to 50 percent, representing the emissions generated during the curing stage. In actual practice, vapor suppressant effectiveness will be less than 100 percent and the test results determine the specific effectiveness in terms of the vapor suppressant effectiveness factor. This factor represents the effectiveness of a specific combination of suppressant additive and resin formulation.

1.1.2 A resin manufacturer may supply a molder with a vapor-suppressed resin, and employ this test to provide the molder with the vapor suppressant effectiveness factor for that combination of resin and vapor suppressant. The factor qualifies the effectiveness of the vapor suppressant when the resin is tested in the specific formulation supplied to the molder. The addition of fillers or other diluents by the molder may impact the effectiveness of the vapor suppressant. The formulation, including resin/glass ratio and filler content, used in the test should be similar to the formulation to be used in production. The premise of this method is to compare laminate samples made with vapor suppressant additive and made without the additive. The difference in emissions between the two yields the vapor suppressant effectiveness factor.

1.1.3 The method uses a mass balance determination to establish the relative loss of the volatile component from unsaturated polyester or vinyl ester resins, with and without vapor suppressant additives. The effectiveness of a specific vapor suppressant and resin mixture is determined by comparing the relative volatile weight losses from vapor suppressed and non-suppressed resins. The volatile species are not separately analyzed. While the species contained in the volatile component are not determined, an extended listing of potential monomer that may be contained in unsaturated polyester or vinyl ester resins is provided in Table 1.1. However, most polyester and vinyl ester resin formulations presently used by the composites industry only contain styrene monomer.

Table 1.1 List of Monomers potentially present in unsaturated polyester/vinyl ester resins

Monomer	**CAS Number**
Styrene	100-42-5
Vinyl toluene	25013-15-4
Methyl methacrylate	80-62-6
Alpha methyl styrene	98-83-9
Para methyl styrene	Vinyl toluene isomer
Chlorostyrene	1331-28-8
Diallyl phthalate	131-17-9
Other volatile monomers	Various

2. Summary of Method

2.1 Differences in specific resin and suppressant additive chemistry affect the performance of a vapor suppressant. The purpose of this method is to quantify the effectiveness of a specific combination of vapor suppressant and unsaturated polyester or vinyl ester resin as they are to be used in production. This comparative test quantifies the loss of volatiles from a fiberglass reinforced laminate during the roll-out and curing emission phases, for resins formulated with and without a suppressant additive. A criterion for this method is the testing of a non-vapor suppressed resin system and testing the same resin with a vapor suppressant. The two resins are as identical as possible with the exception of the addition of the suppressant to one. The exact formulation used for the test will be determined by the in-use production requirements. Each formulation of resin, glass, fillers, and additives is developed to meet particular customer and or performance specifications.

2.2 The result of this test is used as an input factor in the organic HAP emissions factor equations in Table 1 to this subpart, which allows these equations to predict emissions from a specific combination of resin and suppressant. This test does not provide an emission rate for the entire lamination process.

3. Definitions and Acronyms

3.1 Definitions

3.1.1 Vapor suppressant. An additive that inhibits the evaporation of volatile components in unsaturated polyesteror vinyl ester resins.

3.1.2 Unsaturated polyester resin. A thermosetting resin commonly used in composites molding.

3.1.3 Unsaturated vinyl ester resin. A thermosetting resin used in composites molding for corrosion resistant and high performance applications.

3.1.4 Laminate. A combination of fiber reinforcement and a thermoset resin.

3.1.5 Chopped strand mat. Glass fiber reinforcement with random fiber orientation.

3.1.6 Initiator. A curing agent added to an unsaturated polyester or vinyl ester resin.

3.1.7 Resin application roller. A tool used to saturate and compact a wet laminate.

3.1.8 Gel time. The time from the addition of initiator to a resin to the state of resin gelation.

3.1.9 Filled resin system. A resin, which includes the addition of inert organic or inorganic materials to modify the resin properties, extend the volume and to lower the cost. Fillers include, but are not limited to; mineral particulates; microspheres; or organic particulates. This test is not intended to be used to determine the vapor suppressant effectiveness of a filler.

3.1.10 Material safety data sheet. Data supplied by the manufacturer of a chemical product, listing hazardous chemical components, safety precautions, and required personal protection equipment for a specific product.

3.1.11 Tare(ed). Reset a balance to zero after a container or object is placed on the balance; that is to subtract the weight of a container or object from the balance reading so as to weigh only the material placed in the container or on the object.

3.1.12 Percent glass. The specified glass fiber weight content in a laminate. It is usually determined by engineering requirements for the laminate.

3.2 Acronyms

3.2.1 VS - vapor suppressed or vapor suppressant

3.2.2 NVS - non-vapor suppressed

3.2.3 VSE - vapor suppressant effectiveness

3.2.4 VSE Factor - vapor suppressant effectiveness factor used in the equations in Table 1 to this subpart

3.2.5 CSM - chopped strand mat

3.2.6 MSDS - material safety data sheet

4. Interferences

There are no identified interferences which affect the results of this test.

5. Safety

Standard laboratory safety procedures should be used when conducting this test. Refer to specific MSDS for handling precautions.

6. Equipment and Supplies

Note: Mention of trade names or specific products or suppliers does not constitute an endorsement by the Environmental Protection Agency.

6.1 Required Equipment

6.1.1 Balance enclosure1

6.1.2 Two (2) laboratory balances - accurate to ±0.01g2

6.1.3 Stop watch or balance data recording output to data logger with accuracy ±1 second3

6.1.4 Thermometer - accurate to ±2.00F(±1.00C)4

6.1.5 A lipped pan large enough to hold the cut glass without coming into contact with the vertical sides, e.g. a pizza pan5

6.1.6 Mylar film sufficient to cover the bottom of the pan6

6.1.7 Tape to keep the Mylar from shifting in the bottom of the pan.7

6.1.8 Plastic tri-corner beakers of equivalent - 250 ml to 400 ml capacity8

6.1.9 Eye dropper or pipette9

6.1.10 Disposable resin application roller, 3/16" - 3/4" diameter x 3" -6" roller length10

6.1.11 Hygrometer or psychrometer11 accurate to ± 5percent

6.1.12 Insulating board, (Teflon, cardboard, foam board etc.) to prevent the balance from becoming a heat sink.12

6.2 Optional Equipment

6.2.1 Laboratory balance - accurate to ±.01g with digital output, such as an RS-232 bi-directional interface13 for use with automatic data recording devices.

6.2.2 Computer with recording software configured to link to balance digital output. Must be programmed to record data at the minimum intervals required for manual data acquisition.

6.3 Supplies

6.3.1 Chopped strand mat - 1.5 oz/ft2 14

7. Reagents and Standards

7.1 Initiator. The initiator type, brand, and concentration will be specified by resin manufacturer, or as required by production operation.

7.2 Polyester or vinyl ester resin

7.3 Vapor suppressant additive

8. Sample Collection, Preservation, and Storage

This test method involves the immediate recording of data during the roll out and curing phases of the lamination process during each test run. Samples are neither collected, preserved, nor stored.

9. Quality Control

Careful attention to the prescribed test procedure, routing equipment calibration, and replicate testing are the quality control activities for this test method. Refer to the procedures in Section

11. A minimum of six test runs of a resin system without a suppressant and six test runs of the same resin with a suppressant shall be performed for each resin and suppressant test combination.

10. Calibration and Standardization

10.1 The laboratory balances, stopwatch, hygrometer and,thermometer shall be maintained in a state of calibration prior to testing and thereafter on a scheduled basis as determined by the testing laboratory. This shall be accomplished by using certified calibration standards.
10.2 Calibration records shall be maintained for a period of 3 years.

11. Test Procedure

11.1 Test Set-up

11.1.1 The laboratory balance is located in an enclosure to prevent fluctuations in balance readings due to localized air movement. The front of enclosure is open to permit work activity, but positioned so that local airflow will not effect balance readings. The ambient temperature is determined by suspending the thermometer at a point inside the enclosure.

11.1.2 The bottom of the aluminum pan is covered with the Mylar film. The film is held in position with tape or by friction between the pan and the film.

11.1.3 The resin and pan are brought to room temperature. This test temperature must be between 700F and 800F. The testing temperature cannot vary more than ±20F during the measurement of test runs. Temperature shall be recorded at the same time weight is recorded on suppressed and nonsuppressed test data sheets, shown in Table 17.1.

11.1.4 The relative humidity may not change more than ±15percent during the test runs. This is determined by recording the relative humidity in the vicinity of the test chamber at the beginning and end of an individual test run. This data is recorded on the test data sheets shown in Table 17.1.

11.1.5 Two plies of nominal 1.5 oz/ft2 chopped strand mat (CSM) are cut into a square or rectangle with the minimum surface area of 60 square inches (i.e. a square with a side dimension of 7.75 inches).

11.1.6 The appropriate resin application roller is readily available.

11.2 Resin Gel Time/Initiator Percentage

11.2.1 Previous testing has indicated that resin gel time influences the emissions from composite production. The testing indicated that longer the gel times led to higher emissions. There are a number of factors that influence gel time including initiator type, initiator brand, initiator level, temperature and resin additives. Under actual usage conditions a molder will adjust the initiator to meet a gel time requirement. In this test procedure, the vapor suppressed and non-vapor suppressed resin systems will be adjusted to the same gel time by selecting the appropriate initiator level for each.

11.2.2 All test runs within a test will be processed in a manner that produces the same resin gel time ± 2 minutes. To facilitate the resin mixing procedure, master batches of resin and resin plus vapor suppressant of resin are prepared. These resin master batches will have all of the required ingredients except initiator; this includes filler for filled systems. The gel times for the tests are conducted using the master batch and adjustments to meet gel time requirements shall

be made to the master batch before emission testing is conducted. Test temperatures must be maintained within the required range, during gel time testing. Further gel time testing is not required after the non-vapor suppressed and vapor suppressed master batches are established with gel times within ± 2 minutes. A sufficient quantity of each resin should be prepared to allow for additional test specimens in the event one or more test fails to meet the data acceptance criteria discussed in Section 11.5 and shown in Table 17.2.

11.2.3 The specific brand of initiator and the nominal percentage level recommended by the resin manufacturer will be indicated on the resin certificate of analysis15; or, if a unique gel time is required in a production laminate, initiator brand and percentage will be determined by that specific requirement.

11.2.4 Examples

11.2.4.1 The resin for a test run is specified as having a 15-minute cup gel time at 770F using Brand X initiator at 1.5 percent by weight. The non-suppressed control resin has a 15-minute gel time. The suppressed resin has a gel time of 17-minutes. An initiator level of 1.5 percent would be selected for the both the non-suppressed and the suppressed test samples.

11.2.4.2 Based on a specific production requirement, a resin is processed in production using 2.25 percent of Brand Y initiator, which produces a 20-minute gel time. This initiator at level of 2.25 percent produces a 20 minute gel time for the non-suppressed control resin, but yields a 25- minute gel time for the suppressed resin sample. The suppressed resin is retested at 2.50 percent initiator and produces a 21-minute gel time. The initiator levels of 2.25 percent and 2.50 percent respectively would yield gel times within ±2 minutes.

11.3 Test Run Procedure for Unfilled Resin (see the data sheet shown in Table 17.1).

11.3.1 The insulating board is placed on the balance.

11.3.2 The aluminum pan with attached Mylar film is placed on the balance, and the balance is tared (weight reading set to zero with the plate on the balance.)

11.3.3 Place two plies of 1.5 oz. CSM on the balance and record the weight (glass weight).

11.3.4 The resin beaker and stirring rod are put on thesecond balance and tared.

11.3.5 The required resin weight and initiator weight are calculated (refer to calculation formulas in 12.2).

11.3.6 The disposable resin application roller is placed on the edge of the plate.

11.3.7 The balance is tared, with the aluminum pan, Mylar film, glass mat, and resin application roller on the balance pan.

11.3.8 Resin is weighed into a beaker, as calculated, using the second balance. The mixing stick should be tared with the beaker weight.

11.3.9 Initiator is weighed into the resin, as calculated, using an eyedropper or a pipette, and the combination is mixed.

11.3.10 Initiated resin is poured on chopped strand mat in a pe-determined pattern (see Figure 11.6).

11.3.11 A stopwatch is started from zero.

11.3.12 The initial laminate weight is recorded.

11.3.13 The plate is removed from balance to enable rollout of the laminate.

11.3.14 The wet laminate is rolled with the resin application roller to completely

distribute the resin, saturate the chopped strand mat, and eliminate air voids. Roll-out time should be in the range of 2 to 316 minutes and vary less than ± 10 percent of the average time required for the complete set of six suppressed and six non-suppressed runs.

11.3.15 Record the rollout end time (time from start to completion of rollout).

11.3.16 Place the resin application roller on the edge of the plate when rollout is completed.

11.3.17 Place the plate back on the balance pan. Immediately record the weight.

11.3.18 For the first test in a series of six tests, weight is recorded every 5-minute interval (suppressed and non-suppressed). The end of the test occurs when three consecutive equal weights are recorded or a weight gain is observed (the last weight before the increased weight is the end of test weight). For the remaining five tests in the series, after the initial weights are taken, the next weight is recorded 30 minutes before the end of the test, as suggested by the results from the first test. It is likely that the time to reach the end point of a suppressed resin test will be shorter than the time required to complete a non-suppressed test. Therefore, the time to start taking data manually may be different for suppressed and nonsuppressed resins.

11.4 Test Run Procedures for Filled Resin Systems17

Note that the procedure for filled systems differs from theprocedure for unfilled systems. With filled systems, resin is applied to one ply of the CSM and the second ply is placed on top of the resin.

11.4.1 The insulating board is placed on the balance.

11.4.2 The aluminum pan with attached Mylar film is placed on the balance, and the balance is tared (weight reading set to zero with the plate on the balance.)

11.4.3 Place two plies of 1.5 oz. CSM on the balance and record the weight (glass weight).

11.4.4 Remove the top ply of fiberglass and record its weight (weight of 1st layer of glass).

11.4.5 The required resin weight and initiator weight are calculated (refer to calculation formulas in 12.2). Calculate the weight of filled resin and initiator based on the 2 layers of fiberglass.

11.4.6 The resin beaker and stirring rod are put on the second balance and tared.

11.4.7 A disposable resin application roller is placed on the edge of the plate.

11.4.8 The balance is tared, with the aluminum pan, Mylar film, glass mat, and resin application roller on the balance pan.

11.4.9 Resin is weighed into the beaker, as calculated, using the second balance. The mixing stick should be tared with the beaker weight.

11.4.10 Initiator is weighed into the resin, as calculated, using an eyedropper or a pipette, and the combination is mixed.

11.4.11 Initiated resin is poured on the single ply of CSM in a pre-determined pattern. Refer to Figure 11.6.

11.4.12 A stopwatch is started from zero.

11.4.13 Record the weight of the resin ans single ply of CSM (L1). The initial laminate weight equals L1 plus the weight of second glass layer.

11.4.14 Replace the second layer of fiberglass.

11.4.15 Remove the plate from the balance to allow rollout of the laminate.

11.4.16 Roll the wet laminate with the resin application roller to completely distribute the resin, saturate the chopped strand mat, and eliminate air voids. Roll-out time should be in the range of 2 to 316 minutes and vary less than ± 10 percent of the average time required for the complete set of six suppressed and six non-suppressed runs.

11.4.17 Record the roll-out end time (time from start to completion of rollout).

11.4.18 Place the resin application roller on the edge of the plate when rollout is completed.

11.4.19 Place the plate back on the balance pan. The initial weight is recorded immediately.

11.4.20 For the first test run in a series of six, weight is recorded at every 5-minute interval (suppressed and nonsuppressed). The end of the test occurs when three consecutive equal weights are recorded or a weight gain is observed (the last weight before the increased weight is the end of test weight). For the remaining five tests in the series, after the initial weights are taken, the next weight is recorded 30 minutes before the end of the test, as suggested by the results from the first test. It is likely that the time to reach the end point of a suppressed resin test will be shorter than the time required to complete a non-suppressed test. Therefore, the time to start taking data manually may be different for suppressed and nonsuppressed resins.

11.5 Data Acceptance Criteria

11.5.1 A test set is designed as twelve individual test runs using the same resin, initiator, and gel time, six of the test runs use the resin non-vapor suppressed and the other six use it vapor suppressed.

11.5.2 If a test run falls outside any of the time, temperature, weight or humidity variation requirements, it must be discarded and run again.

11.5.3 The laminate roll out time for each individual test run must vary less than ± 10 percent of the average time required for the complete set of six suppressed and six non-suppressed runs.

11.5.4 Test temperature for each test run must be maintained within ±20F and the average must be between 700 and 800 F. Refer to 11.1.3.

11.5.5 The difference in the amount of resin for each run must be within ±10 percent of the average weight for the complete set of six suppressed and six non-suppressed runs.

11.5.6 The relative humidity from each test run must be within ±15 percent of the average humidity for the complete set of six suppressed and six non-suppressed tests. Refer to 11.1.4

11.5.7 The glass content for each test set must be within ±10 percent of the average resin-to-/glass ratio for the complete set of six suppressed and six non-suppressed runs. Refer to 12.2).

11.5.8 The filler content for each test of a test set must be within ±5 percent of the average filler content for the complete set of six suppressed and six non-suppressed runs. Refer to 12.2.

11.6 Resin Application Pour Pattern

11.6.1 To facilitate the distribution of resin across the chopped strand mat, and to provide consistency from test to test, a uniform pour pattern should be used. A typical pour pattern is shown below:

Figure 11.6 Resin Distribution Diagram

11.6.2 The resin is to be evenly distributed across the entire surface of the chopped strand mat using the resin application roller to achieve a wet look across the surface of the laminate. Pushing excess resin off the reinforcement and onto the Mylar sheet should be avoided. No resin is to be pushed more than ½ inch beyond the edge of the glass mat. If excess resin is pushed further from the glass mat, it will void the test run. As part of this process, typical visible air voids are to be eliminated by the rollout process. If the pour pattern is different from the above, it must be recorded and attached to test data sheet 17.1.

12. Data Analysis and Calculations

12.1 Data Analysis
This test method requires a simple mass balance calculation, no special data analysis is necessary.

12.2 Calculations
12.2.1 The target glass content (percent) for unfilled resin systems is determined from the specific production parameters being evaluated. In absence of any specific production requirements the target may be set at the tester's discretion.
12.2.2 Glass content determination (expressed as a percent): % Glass = Glass wt(g)/(Glass wt(g) + Resin weight (g))
12.2.3 Weight of resin required: Resin weight required = (Glass wt (g)/% glass)-Glass wt (g)
12.2.4 Filled resin formulation determination for filled resin systems (e.g.>30 percent filler by weight for a particulate filler, or >1 percent by weight for a lightweight filler, such as hollow microspheres): % Resin content = resin weight(g)/(resin weight(g) + glass weight(g) + filler weight(g)) % Glass content = glass weight(g)/(resin weight(g) +glass weight(g) + filler weight(g)) Filler content = filler weight(g)/(resin weight(g) + glass weight(g) + filler weight(g))

12.2.5 Initiator weight determination: Initiator weight (g) = Resin weight(g) x Initiator %
12.2.6 Emission weight loss determination: Emissions weight loss(g) = Initial resin weight(g) – Final resin weight (g)
12.2.7 % Emission weight loss: % Emission Weight Loss = (Emission weight loss(g) ÷ Initial resin weight(g) X 100
12.2.8 Average % Emission Weight Loss (assuming six test runs): N=6 Average % Emission Weight Loss = j(% Emission Weight i Lossi)/6
12.2.9 VSE Factor calculation: VSE Factor = 1 -(Average % VS Emission Weight Loss/Average NVS Emission Weight Loss)

Table 12.1 Example Calculation

VSE Factor = 0.45
VSE Factor is used as input into the appropriate equation in Table 1 to this subpart.
Example from Table 1 to this subpart:
Manual Resin Application, 35 percent HAP resin, VSE Factor of 0.45
HAP Emissions with vapor suppresants = ((0.286 x %HAP)- 0.0529) x 2000 x (1-(0.5 x VSE factor))

HAP Emissions with vapor suppresants = ((0.286 x .35)-0.0529) x 2000 x (1-(0.5 x .45))
HAP Emissions with vapor suppresants = 73 pounds of HAP emissions per ton of resin.

13. Method Performance

13.1 Bias
The bias of this test method has not been determined.
13.2 Precision Testing
13.2.1 Subsequent to the initial development of this test protocol by the Composites Fabricators Association, a series of tests were conducted in three different laboratory facilities. The purpose of this round robin testing was to verify the precision of the test method in various laboratories. Each laboratory received a sample of an orthophthalic polyester resin from the same production batch, containing 48 per cent styrene by weight. Each testing site was also provided with the same vapor suppressant additive. The suppressant manufacturer specified the percentage level of suppressant additive. The resin manufacturer specified the type and level of initiator required to produce a 20 minute gel time. The target glass content was 30percent by weight.
13.2.2 Each laboratory independently conducted the VSE test according to this method. A summary of the results is included in Table 13.1.

TABLE 13.1 Round Robin Testing Results

13.3 Comparison to EPA Reference Methods
This test has no corresponding EPA reference method.

14. Pollution Prevention
The sample size used in this method produces a negligible emission of HAP, and has an insignificant impact upon the atmosphere.

15. Waste Management
The spent and waste materials generated during this test are disposed according to required facility procedures, and waste management recommendations on the corresponding material safety data sheets.

16. References and footnotes

16.1 Footnotes
1 Balance Enclosure - The purpose of the balance enclosure is to prevent localized airflow from adversely affecting the laboratory balance. The enclosure may be a simple threesided box with a top and an open face. The configuration of the enclosure is secondary to the purpose of providing a stable and steady balance reading, free from the effects of airflow, for accurate measurements. The enclosure can be fabricated locally. A typical enclosure is shown in Figure 17.1.
2 Laboratory Balance - Ohaus Precision Standard Series P/N TS400D or equivalent - Paul N. Gardner Co. 316 NE 1st St. Pompano Beach, FL 33060 or other suppliers.
3 Stop Watch - Local supply.
4 Thermometer - Mercury thermometer - ASTM No. 21C or equivalent; Digital

thermometer - P/N TH-33033 or equivalent - Paul N. Gardner Co. 316 NE 1st St. Pompano Beach, FL 33060 or other suppliers.

5 Aluminum Pan - Local supply.

6 Mylar - Local supply.

7 Double Sided Tape - 3M Double Stick Tape or equivalent, local supply.

8 Laboratory Beakers - 250 to 400ml capacity – Local laboratory supply.

9 Eye Dropper or Pipette - Local laboratory supply.

10 Disposable Resin Application Roller Source - Wire Handle Roller P/N 205-050-300 or Plastic Handle Roller P/N 215-050-300 or equivalent; ES Manufacturing Inc., 2500 26st Ave. North, St. Petersburg, FL 33713, www.esmfg.com, or other source. Refer to Figure 17.3.

11 Hygrometer or Psychrometer - Model# THWD-1, or equivalent - Part # 975765 by Amprobe Instrument, 630 Merrick Road, P.O. Box 329, Lynbrook, NY 11563 516-593-5600

12 Insulating Board (Teflon, cardboard, foam board etc.) -Local supply.

13 Laboratory Balance With Digital Output - Ohaus Precision Standard Series P/N TS120S or equivalent - Paul N. Gardner Co. 316 NE 1st St. Pompano Beach, FL 33060 or other suppliers.

14 Chopped Strand Mat - 1.5 oz/ft2 Sources: Owens Corning Fiberglas - Fiberglas M-723; PPG Industries - ABM HTX; Vetrotex America - M-127 or equivalent.

15 Certificate of Analysis: Resin gel time, as recorded on the resin certificate of analysis, is measured using a laboratory standard gel time procedure. This procedure typically uses a 100 gram cup sample at 770F (250C), a specific type of initiator and a specified percentage.

16 Roll-out times may vary with resin viscosity or resin additive. The important aspect of this step is to produce the same roll-out time for both the suppressed and nonsuppressed samples.

17 While this test can be used with filled resin systems, the test is not designed to determine the effect of the filler on emissions, but rather to measure the effect of the suppressant additive in the resin system. When evaluating a filled system both the non-vapor suppressed and vapor suppressed samples should be formulated with the same type and level of filler.

16.2 References

1. Phase 1 - Baseline Study Hand Lay-up, CFA, 1996

2. CFA Vapor Suppressant Effectiveness Test Development, 4/3/98, correspondence with Dr. Madeleine Strum, EPA, OAQPS

3. CFA Vapor Suppressant Effectiveness Screening Tests, 4/4/98

4. Styrene Suppressant Systems Study, Reichhold Chemical, 11/30/98

5. Evaluation of the CFA's New Proposed Vapor Suppressant Effectiveness Test, Technical Service Request #: ED-01-98, BYK Chemie, 6/3/98

6. Second Evaluation of the CFA's New Proposed Vapor Suppressant Effectiveness Test, Technical Service Request #: ED-02-98, BYK Chemie, 1/26/99

17. Data Sheets and Figures

17.1 This data sheet, or a similar data sheet, is used to record the test data for filled, unfilled, suppressed and non-suppressed tests. If additional time is required, the data sheet may be extended.

17.2 Data Acceptance Criteria Worksheet

The following worksheet is used to determine the quality of collected data (i.e. insure the data collected all meets acceptance criteria)

Table 17.2. Data Acceptance Criteria Worksheet

17.3 VSE Factor Calculation
Table 17.3 Calculations Worksheet

17.4 Figures