



Ohio Air Quality 2013



Division of Air Pollution Control
October 2014

STATE OF OHIO
AIR QUALITY
CALENDAR YEAR 2013

PREPARED BY

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

A. General Review

2013 air quality data are summarized for the seven criteria pollutants: particulate matter less than 10 microns in diameter (PM₁₀) and particulate matter less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM_{2.5}), sulfur dioxide (SO₂), nitrogen dioxide (NO₂), carbon monoxide (CO), ozone (O₃), and lead (Pb). Data are also summarized for total suspended particulates (TSP).

A section discussing Toxics monitoring projects conducted in 2013 is included.

Trend studies are presented for three criteria pollutants: SO₂, CO, and O₃.

Precision and accuracy data gathered through the quality assurance programs are also included.

B. Discussion of Violations

Violations of multiple-year, annual and short term air quality standards by county and pollutant are shown in Figures 3 through 18 and in Table 3.

C. Conclusions

In 2013 there were 29 PM₁₀ monitoring sites and 47 PM_{2.5} monitoring sites with 104 monitors 61 of which are Federal Reference Monitors, 27 continuous (5 of which are Federal Equivalent Monitors), and 14 speciation. In 1987 there were 30 PM₁₀ and no PM_{2.5} monitoring sites. Nearly all monitoring for particulate matter is conducted using PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5} samplers. Monitoring for TSP has essentially been

discontinued. During 2013, 9 TSP sites reported data, down from 217 sites in 1987. Of those 9 sites all are monitoring for lead or other metals and also report TSP data.

2. Sulfur dioxide levels in urban areas have dropped an average of 48.6% in the last ten years. There were no violations of the 3-Hour, 24-Hour or annual SO₂ air quality standards in 2013. There are four counties: Hamilton, Jefferson, Lake and Morgan that are in violation of the 1-Hour standard (2011-2013).
3. No overall trend is indicated for the past several years for carbon monoxide. Figure 23 shows individual urban area trends.
4. The relatively high lead concentrations sampled in Fulton and Cuyahoga Counties are the result of industrial source monitoring.
5. Fifteen counties are monitoring attainment of the 0.075 ppm eight hour ozone standard. There are seventeen counties with monitored non-attainment based on data for 2011 through 2013.
6. No violations of air quality standards for nitrogen dioxide were recorded in 2013.
7. No air pollution alerts were declared in 2013.

D. The Ohio Network

In 2013 there were a total of 267 monitors at 120 sites reporting data. There were 10 carbon monoxide, 31 sulfur dioxide, 2 nitrogen dioxide, 51 ozone, 35 10 micron particulate (PM₁₀), 97 2.5 micron particulate monitors (PM_{2.5}) and 30 lead monitors (28 TSP and 2 PM₁₀).

The only states with comparable or more monitors are California with 785, Texas with 255 and Pennsylvania with 288.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PAGE

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY.....	i
TABLE OF CONTENTS.....	iii
LIST OF TABLES AND FIGURES.....	iv
TOXICS DATA TABLES.....	v
I. INTRODUCTION.....	1
II. SUMMARY OF 2013 AIR QUALITY DATA.....	10
III. AIR QUALITY TRENDS.....	28
IV. QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAM.....	39
V. AIR QUALITY DATA FOR 2013.....	49
Total Suspended Particulates (TSP).....	51
Particulate Matter <10µm (PM ₁₀).....	54
Particulate Matter <2.5µm (PM _{2.5}).....	58
Sulfur Dioxide (SO ₂).....	68
Nitrogen Dioxide (NO ₂).....	73
Carbon Monoxide (CO).....	75
Ozone (O ₃).....	77
Lead.....	91
VI. AIR TOXICS MONITORING.....	95
VII. AIR POLLUTION EPISODES AND THE AIR QUALITY INDEX.....	125
VIII. MONITORING SITES IN 2013.....	129
Acronyms and Abbreviations.....	135
Reporting Organizations.....	136

LIST OF TABLES AND FIGURES

Page

TABLE 1	Air Quality Standards For the Criteria Pollutants.....	6
TABLE 2	Ambient Air Monitoring Sites in Ohio	9
TABLE 3	Violations of Air Quality Standards by County.....	27
TABLE 4	Ohio SO ₂ Trends 2004-2013.....	28
TABLES 5-11	Precision and Accuracy Data for each Local Air Agency and District Office.....	41-47
TABLE 12	Target Compound List For Canister Analysis..	98
TABLE 13	AQI Values and Pollutant Concentrations.....	124
TABLE 14	AQI by Category Totals.....	125

MAPS

FIGURE 1	Map and Directory of District and Local Air Pollution Agencies.....	7
FIGURE 2	Air Quality Control Regions in Ohio.....	8
FIGURE 3	PM ₁₀ Highest Annual Average by County.....	11
FIGURE 4	PM ₁₀ 2 nd High 24-HR Concentration.....	12
FIGURE 5	PM _{2.5} Highest Annual Average by County.....	13
FIGURE 6	PM _{2.5} 98 th Percentile 24-HR Conc. by County...	14
FIGURE 7	PM _{2.5} 2011-2013 Average of Annual Averages...	15
FIGURE 8	SO ₂ Highest Annual Mean by County.....	16
FIGURE 9	SO ₂ 2 nd Highest 24-HR Concentration by County	17
FIGURE 10	SO ₂ 99 th Percentile 1-HR Conc. by County.....	18
FIGURE 11	CO 2 nd Highest 8-HR Concentration by County...	19
FIGURE 12	CO 2 nd Highest 1-HR Concentration by County...	20
FIGURE 13	NO ₂ Highest Annual Mean by County.....	21
FIGURE 14	NO ₂ 1-Hour 98 th Percentile Average by County...	22
FIGURE 15	O ₃ 2 nd Highest 1-HR Concentration by County....	23
FIGURE 16	O ₃ 4 th Highest 8-HR Concentration by County....	24
Figure 17	O ₃ 2011-2013 Avg. of 4 th High 8-Hr. Averages...	25
FIGURE 18	Lead Highest Three Month Mean by County.....	26

GRAPHS

FIGURE 19	SO ₂ Trend Study Results.....	29
FIGURE 20	Ozone Trend Study Results, 1-Hr Exceedances...	31
FIGURE 21	Ozone Trend Study Results, 8-Hr 4 th Highs.....	32
FIGURE 22	Ozone Trend Study Results, 3-Yr Avg of 4 th Highs	33
FIGURE 23	CO Trend Study Results.....	34-38

TOXICS DATA TABLES

Urban Air Toxics

TABLE A	Butler Co.	103
TABLE B	Cuyahoga Co. (035-0038).....	104
TABLE C	Cuyahoga Co. (035-1002).....	105
TABLE D	Franklin Co. (049-0034).....	106
TABLE E	Jefferson Co.	107

Heavy Metals Data

TABLE F	Middletown (Lefferson Rd.).....	111
TABLE G	East Liverpool (Port Authority).....	111
TABLE H	East Liverpool (Waterplant).....	112
TABLE I	East Liverpool (Maryland Ave.).....	112
TABLE J	Cleveland (St. Tikhon).....	113
TABLE K	Cleveland (Fire Station 4A).....	113
TABLE L	Cleveland (Ferro).....	114
TABLE M	Cleveland (2650 E 14 th Ave.).....	114
Table N	Cleveland (Asphalt Plant "A").....	115
TABLE O	Cleveland (26565 Miles Rd.).....	115
TABLE P	Columbus (Woodrow).....	116
TABLE Q	NWDO (Fulton Co., Delta).....	116
TABLE R	NWDO (Marion Co., Prospect).....	117
TABLE S	NWDO (Marion Co., 640 Bellefontaine)	117
TABLE T	NWDO (Marion, West Fairgrounds)	118
TABLE U	Ottawa Co. (Brush Wellman).....	118
TABLE V	SWDO (Logan Co., Bellefontaine).....	119
TABLE W	Canton (Fire Station No. 8).....	119
TABLE X	M-TAPCA (Hubbard Twp.)	120
TABLE Y	Washington Co. (Lancaster Rd.).....	120
TABLE Z	Washington Co. (Victory Place).....	121

I. INTRODUCTION

A. General

A variety of substances are generated and released into the atmosphere by a multitude of manmade and natural sources. Those substances that may affect public health and welfare are regarded as "air pollutants". The U.S. EPA has established National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) to safeguard the public health and welfare from selected air pollutants. The pollutants for which standards have been promulgated are: Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂), Nitrogen Dioxide (NO₂), Carbon Monoxide (CO), Ozone (O₃), Lead (Pb), Particulate Matter ≤10 microns (PM₁₀) and Particulate Matter ≤2.5 microns (PM_{2.5}). The standards are ambient concentrations that are expressed in micrograms per cubic meter (µg/m³) or parts per million (ppm) per duration (1 hr., 3 hr., etc.) with a restriction (not to be exceeded or not to be exceeded more than once per year, etc.). Table 1 shows the NAAQS in effect at the end of 2013.

In some cases, standards are separated into two parts: primary and secondary. The primary standard sets the level of air pollution above which human health is endangered. The secondary standard sets the level above which the welfare of citizens is endangered due to air pollution damage to crops, animals, vegetation and materials.

This report contains a summary of measured high concentrations of the pollutants, selected statistics, including quality assurance of the data, and trend analyses for various areas in Ohio. A brief description of the pollutants, the sources from which the pollutants originate and the adverse health effects of the pollutants and the monitoring methods used, precede the tabulated pollutant concentrations.

Ambient air is usually defined as air that is accessible to the general public. The air that is within (over) the fenced-in or guarded areas of facility property is not considered ambient.

Data for this report were collected by Ohio EPA, local air pollution control agencies and private industry. An indication of the accuracy of data from each reporting organization is located in a separate section on Quality Assurance.

B. Development of the Ohio Air Monitoring System

Society's concern about air pollution brought about the first national law, the Clean Air Act of July 14, 1955. This Act and its subsequent amendments first encouraged, and then authorized, grants to help finance the establishment of state and local air pollution control programs.

In 1963, aided in part by this federal program, the Ohio Department of Health established the Ohio Air Sampling Network (OASN) with 21 monitoring sites. The OASN was designed to measure the levels of "Total Suspended Particulate" (TSP) throughout the state.

The Clean Air Act Amendments of 1970 mandated the promulgation of the NAAQS and delegated authority to develop plans for their attainment to the individual states. To oversee the provisions of this Act, the U.S. EPA was formed in February of 1972 by Presidential Order.

After proposing standards for the criteria air pollutants, the U.S. EPA worked with Ohio to set up the State Implementation Plan (SIP) which included a detailed air monitoring program for the original six criteria pollutants: TSP, sulfur dioxide, carbon monoxide, nitrogen dioxide, lead and ozone. The SIP is a state's master plan for achievement of the NAAQS. The SIP contains detailed provisions for reducing concentrations of each of the regulated pollutants, where necessary, to achieve and maintain the NAAQS.

In October 1972, Ohio EPA was established by State law (Ohio Revised Code Section 3745.01) and the air monitoring program was significantly enlarged. Many local air pollution control agencies and private industries participated in this program. See Figure 1 for the location of the five districts and the nine local air agencies currently supporting the air program.

In 1980, the U.S. EPA and Ohio EPA established and designated certain portions of Ohio's network to be a part of the National Air Monitoring Station (NAMS) network, created for the purpose of tracking national trends. In 1980, the US EPA also required that all sites produce data of adequate quality to meet monitoring objectives and adequate quantity to meet statistical and trend requirements. All NAMS sites were to meet these requirements beginning with 1981 data, and all other sites beginning with 1983 data.

On January 1, 2011 U.S. EPA made changes to the designations of sites. The NAMS designation, used for national trends in concentrations was eliminated in favor of NCore sites, a much smaller network of sites with many more parameters per site monitored. There are three sites in Ohio, one each in Cincinnati, Cleveland and Preble Co.

On March 20, 1984, the U.S. EPA proposed a standard for inhalable particles of ten micrometers in diameter and smaller. To enable the states to begin collecting data without excessive delay the U.S. EPA provided the states with monitors in late 1984. Ohio's field offices began collecting PM₁₀ data during 1985 and a network of sites was primarily located in urban areas. The PM₁₀ standard was promulgated on July 1, 1987 and became effective on July 31, 1987.

The U.S. EPA promulgated new particulate monitoring regulations and National Ambient Air Quality Standards on July 18, 1997. The new particulate standard is for particulate matter less than or equal to 2.5 micrometers in diameter. The first monitors began to collect data in January 1999. Monitors to determine the chemical makeup of the particulate were added in the year 2000 and in 2001 hourly reading monitors were added.

The one hour ozone standard was supplemented on July 18, 1997 with an eight hour standard. The eight hour standard is a three year average of the fourth highest daily eight hour averages. The level of the standard was set at 0.08 ppm which was not to be exceeded.

In 2001 The United States Supreme Court found U.S. EPA's previously proposed implementation plan for ozone unlawful and further held that, in the setting of a standard for ozone pursuant to Section 109 of the Clean Air Act U.S. EPA must set air quality standards at the level that is "requisite"-no higher or lower than is necessary-to protect the public health with an adequate margin of safety. The Supreme Court then sent the case back to the D.C. Circuit Court of Appeals to review U.S. EPA's subsequent actions. On March 26, 2002, that court upheld U.S. EPA's revision of the ozone NAAQS, which had been published in the Federal Register by U.S. EPA as a proposal on November 14, 2001.

In March 2008 the 8-Hour ozone standard was changed to be less than or equal to 0.075 ppm as the three year average of each site's annual fourth high 8-Hour average. The summary tables in this report use the new standard.

In 2009 the standard for lead (Pb) was changed to 0.15 µg/m³ as a three month average. This standard replaces the 1.5 µg/m³ calendar quarter average. New monitors near presumed sources

were required to be operational on the first sampling day of January 2010.

During 2013, more than 265 ambient air monitors were operated in Ohio. Table 2 enumerates the number and type of criteria pollutant monitors that were operated in the various District Office and Local Air Agency jurisdictions.

The goals of the ambient monitoring program are to determine compliance with the ambient air quality standards, to provide real-time monitoring of air pollution episodes, to provide data for trend analyses, regulation evaluation and planning, and to provide information to the public on a daily basis concerning the quality of the air in high population areas, near major emission sources and in rural areas.

C. Remote Ambient Data System

The Remote Ambient-Air Data System (RADS) is a system for the automatic acquisition and transmission of data from a remote monitor to a central computer. Each continuous monitoring site operated by Ohio EPA's district offices is furnished with a data logger that is automatically polled hourly by the central computer in Columbus.

A major benefit of RADS is that the data can now be handled more quickly with fewer chances of error. Formerly the data was manually read from recorder strip charts, handwritten on a computer input form, keyed into the computer and then made available for retrieval. This process took three to four weeks.

The data in the RADS computer is available for review by the district and central office staff on a daily basis. The individual sites can also be contacted through the data logger for instantaneous data and interrogated further by remote testing of zero-span for any parameter. This is particularly valuable when pollutant levels are, or may become, elevated, as during an air stagnation episode.

RADS was installed during the fall of 1985 and went into operation on January 1, 1986. Local air agencies have automated their continuous monitors and Ohio EPA has expanded RADS to include the automation of the local air agencies' networks. Industrial networks will also be added.

RADS has been upgraded for remote access to the data by digital cellular wireless technology to telemeter data to the central computer.

D. Data Availability on the Internet

For the past several years Ohio EPA has provided ozone and PM_{2.5} data updates several times a day to the U.S. EPA for a public outreach web site where current data and data forecasts are displayed in the form of tables and maps. This web site can be viewed at: www.airnow.gov. From this site different states can be chosen to view forecasts of ozone and PM_{2.5} levels and to link to animated ozone concentration maps.

As part of the AIRNow effort there is also a page that displays a map of North America that has sites that can be clicked upon for current environmental data. This page is updated frequently and is called Enviroflash at: www.enviroflash.info.

Historical ambient air quality data can also be found at: www.epa.gov/airdata/. This site is a gateway to maps, reports and user selected data that reside in the U.S. EPA's Air Quality System (AQS) database.

For those with specific health concerns (asthma, heart disease) or who want general information for older adults, children or who are active outdoors and who want to compare the air quality of different counties or states, the U.S. EPA has a web site that allows comparisons at: www.epa.gov/aircompare/ .

E. Designation of Air Quality Control Regions

The fact that air pollution does not respect state boundaries was recognized in early control efforts. To effectively deal with pollution and attain the NAAQS, U.S. EPA, with advice from local governments and the public, divided the nation into areas called Air Quality Control Regions (AQCR's). Boundaries for each region were set by consideration of air pollution levels, population density, geography, and common meteorological conditions. While AQCR's may consist of parts of more than one state, each state has the authority to implement air quality standards only in its portion of the region. Portions of Ohio are included in a total of fourteen different AQCR's, each labeled numerically and by geographical description. Figure 2 illustrates the boundaries of Ohio's AQCR's.

TABLE 1
U.S. EPA & OHIO EPA AMBIENT AIR QUALITY STANDARDS
NATIONAL AMBIENT AIR QUALITY STANDARDS

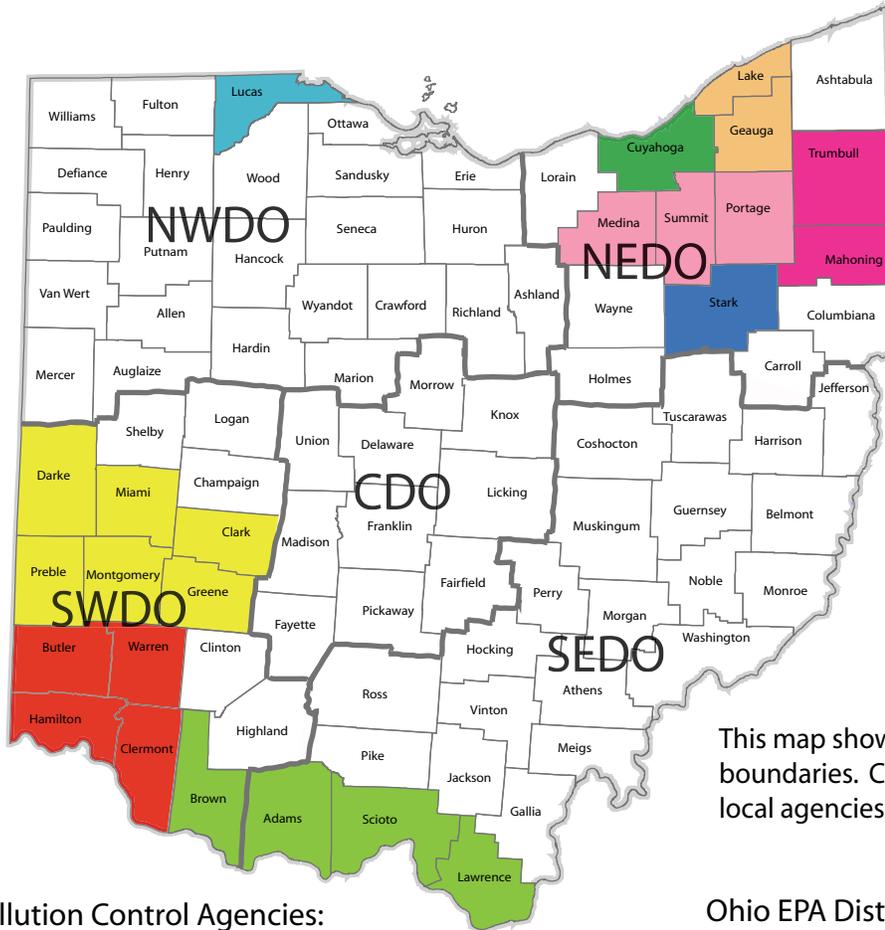
			MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE CONCENTRATION	
POLLUTANT	DURATION	RESTRICTION	PRIMARY	SECONDARY
PM _{2.5}	Annual arithmetic mean	Not to be exceeded Three year average	12.0 µg/m ³	15.0 µg/m ³
	24-Hour concentration	Not to be exceeded Three year average of 98 th percentile	35 µg/m ³	35 µg/m ³
PM ₁₀	24-Hr concentration	Not to be exceeded more than once per year averaged over three years	150 µg/m ³	150 µg/m ³
SULFUR DIOXIDE	Annual Mean	Not to be exceeded	0.03 ppm (80 µg/m ³)	
	1-Hr mean concentration	Each year's daily 1-Hour maximum 99 th percentile value averaged over 3 years	75 ppb	
	24-Hr mean concentration	Not to be exceeded more than once per year	0.14 ppm	
	3-Hour mean concentration	Not to be exceeded more than once per year		0.5 ppm (1300 µg/m ³)
CARBON MONOXIDE	8-Hr mean concentration	Not to be exceeded more than once per year	9 ppm (10 mg/m ³)	
	1-Hr concentration	Not to be exceeded more than once per year	35 ppm (40 mg/m ³)	
OZONE	8-Hr concentration	Each year's fourth high averaged over three years. Not to be exceeded	0.075 ppm	0.075 ppm
	1-Hr concentration*	Not to be exceeded more than three times in three years	0.12 ppm (244 µg/m ³)	0.12 ppm (244 µg/m ³)
NITROGEN DIOXIDE	1-Hour Average	Each year's daily maximum 98 th percentile 1-Hour value averaged over 3 years. Not to be exceeded.	100 ppb	
	Annual mean	Not to be exceeded	53 ppb	0.053 ppm
LEAD	3-Month mean concentration	Three month rolling average over a three year period. Not to be exceeded.	0.15 µg/m ³	0.15 µg/m ³

Notes:

Primary standards are established for the protection of public health
Secondary standards are established for the protection of public welfare
*revoked for Ohio

µg/m³ = micrograms per cubic meter
ppm = parts per million
ppb = parts per billion
mg/m³ = milligrams per cubic meter

Figure 1



This map shows jurisdictional boundaries. Colored areas represent local agencies within Ohio EPA districts

Local Air Pollution Control Agencies:

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Figure 2
Air Quality Control Regions in Ohio

TABLE 2

AMBIENT AIR MONITORING SITES IN OHIO (2013)

Local Air Agency/ District Office	PM _{2.5}	PM ₁₀	Sulfur Dioxide SO ₂	Ozone O ₃	Carbon Monoxide CO	Nitrogen Dioxide NO ₂	Lead	Total
Akron	4	0	2	3	2	0	0	11
Canton	2	0	0	3	1	0	1	7
Cincinnati (HC-DOES)	11	7	5	7/0/1	1	1	2	34/0/1
Cleveland	6	5	4	4	2	1	6	28
Lake Co. Health District	1	1	2	3	1	0	0	8
Warren- Youngstown (M-TAPCA)	3	4	1	3	0	0	1	12
Toledo	3	0	1	3	0	0	0	7
Dayton (RAPCA)	4	2	2	6	2	0	1	17
Portsmouth	3	3/3	3/2	2	0	0	0	11/5
CDO	5	1	1	7/0/1	1	1	1	17/0/1
NEDO	1	3	3	2	0	0	3	12
NWDO	1	0	1	2	0	0	3	7
SEDO	4	2	5/2	2/0/1	0	0	2	15/2/1
SWDO	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	2
Totals	48	28/3	30/4	48/0/3	10	3	21	188/7/3

Sites required by Ohio EPA: Government Operated/Industry Operated/CASTNET

II. Summary of 2013 Air Quality Data

The following pages, in a series of maps and tables, summarize the data presented in Section V of the report.

Figures 3-14 indicate the highest annual, second highest concentrations or percentile concentrations for PM₁₀, PM_{2.5}, SO₂, CO, and NO₂, in each county where valid data were collected¹.

Figure 15 indicates the second highest 1-Hour concentration of ozone recorded in each county.

FIGURE 16 indicates the counties in which the highest reading ozone monitor recorded a three year average of fourth highest eight hour averages greater than the standard.

Figure 17 indicates the three year average of the 4th high 8-Hour averages of ozone. The highest reading site was used.

Figure 18 indicates the highest average of three-month average concentrations in three years of lead data in each county where data were collected.

Table 3 gives a breakdown of air quality standard violations by county.

A more detailed presentation of air quality data can be found in Section V of the report.

¹ The Federal averaging criteria for PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5} monitors requires that at least seventy-five percent of scheduled samples are collected each quarter. Many intermittent monitors in Ohio run on a six-day sampling schedule (one daily reading every six days) yielding up to sixty-one samples per year. To meet averaging criteria for continuous (hourly) monitors, a monitor must have valid data for at least seventy-five percent of each calendar quarter, approximately 1655 hours. For a valid ozone monitoring day, the monitor must collect at least 18 hours of data or have an average that is greater than the standard.

PM₁₀



Figure 3
2013 PM₁₀ Highest Annual Mean Concentration
(In counties where data were collected-values in µg/m³)

PM₁₀



Figure 4
2013 PM₁₀ 2nd High 24-Hour Concentration
(In counties where data were collected-values in µg/m³)

PM_{2.5}

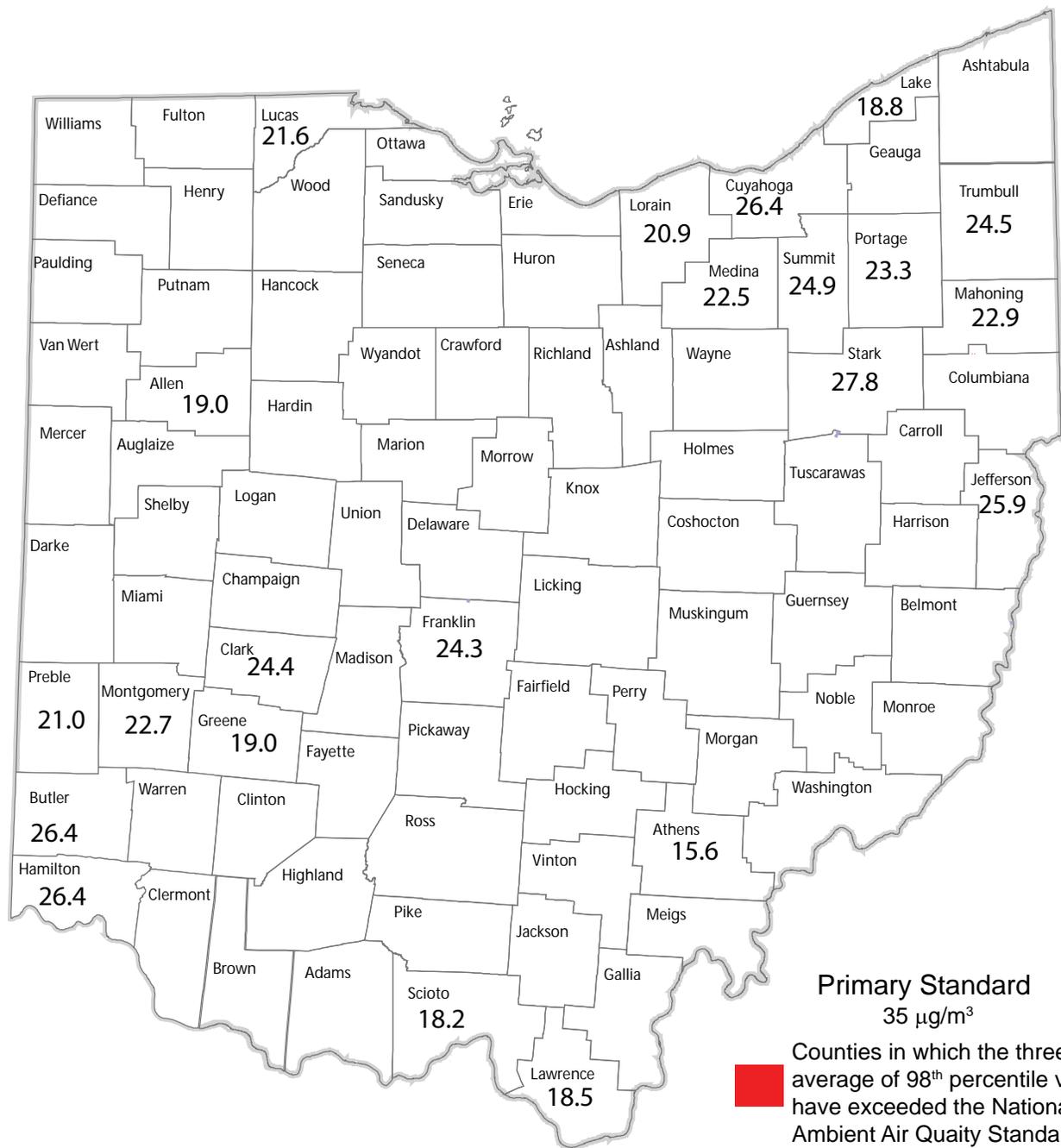
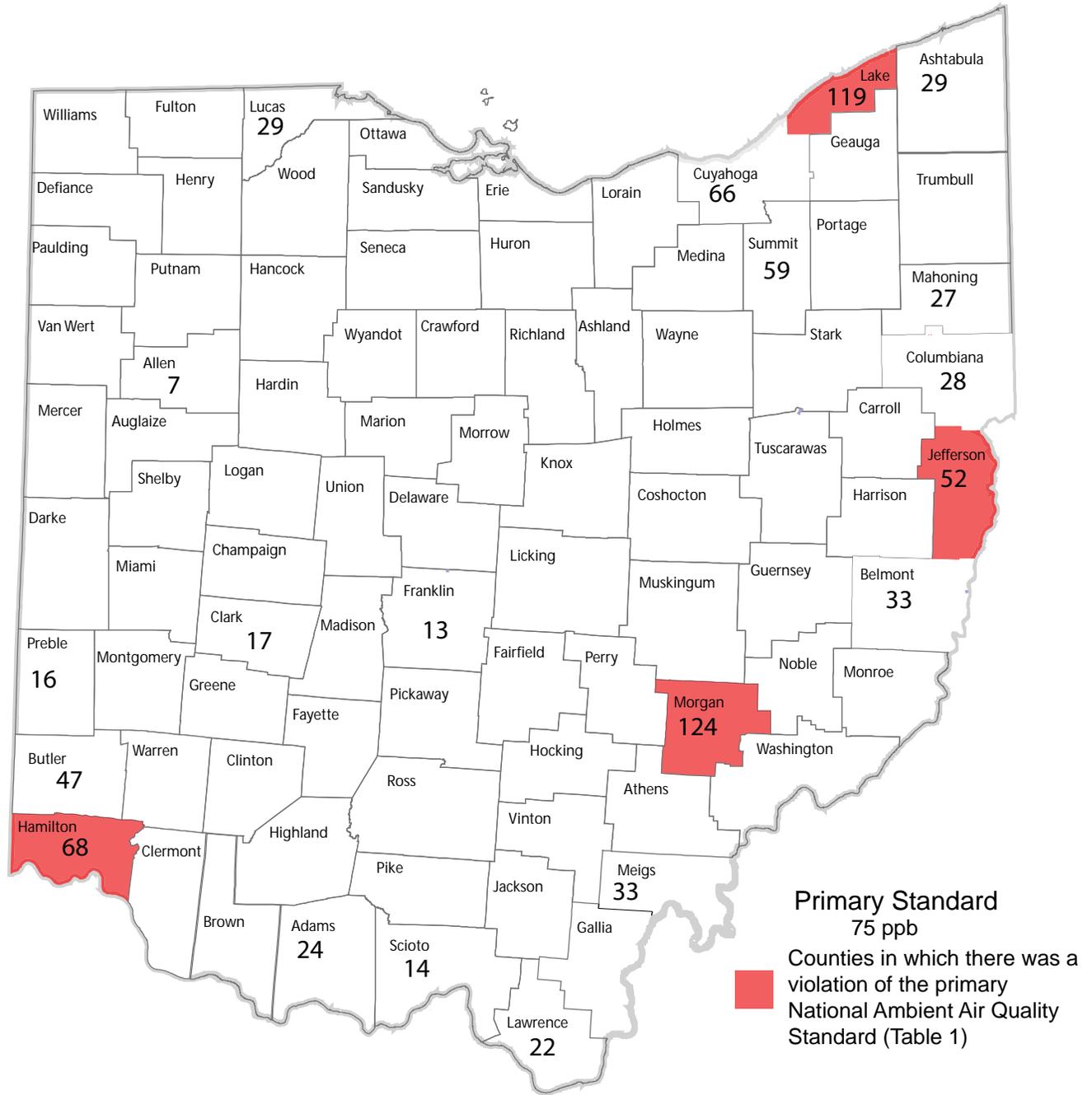


Figure 6
2013 PM_{2.5} 98th Percentile 24-Hour Concentration
(In counties where data were collected-values in µg/m³)

Sulfur Dioxide



Carbon Monoxide

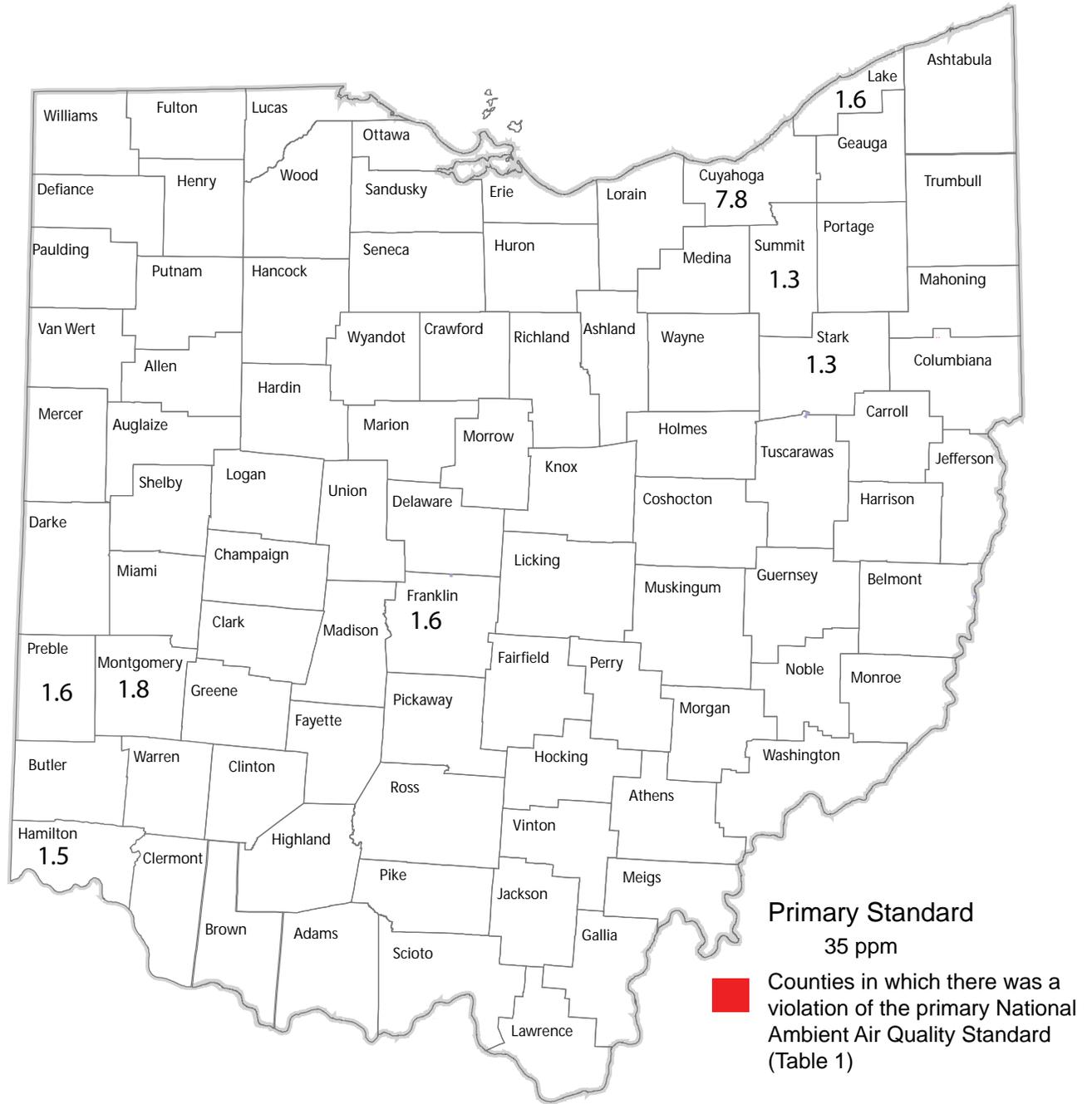


Figure 12
2013 Carbon Monoxide 2nd Highest 1-Hour Concentration
(In counties where data were collected-values in ppm)

Nitrogen Dioxide



Figure 13

2013 Nitrogen Dioxide Annual Arithmetic Mean Concentration
(In counties where data were collected-values in ppb)

Nitrogen Dioxide

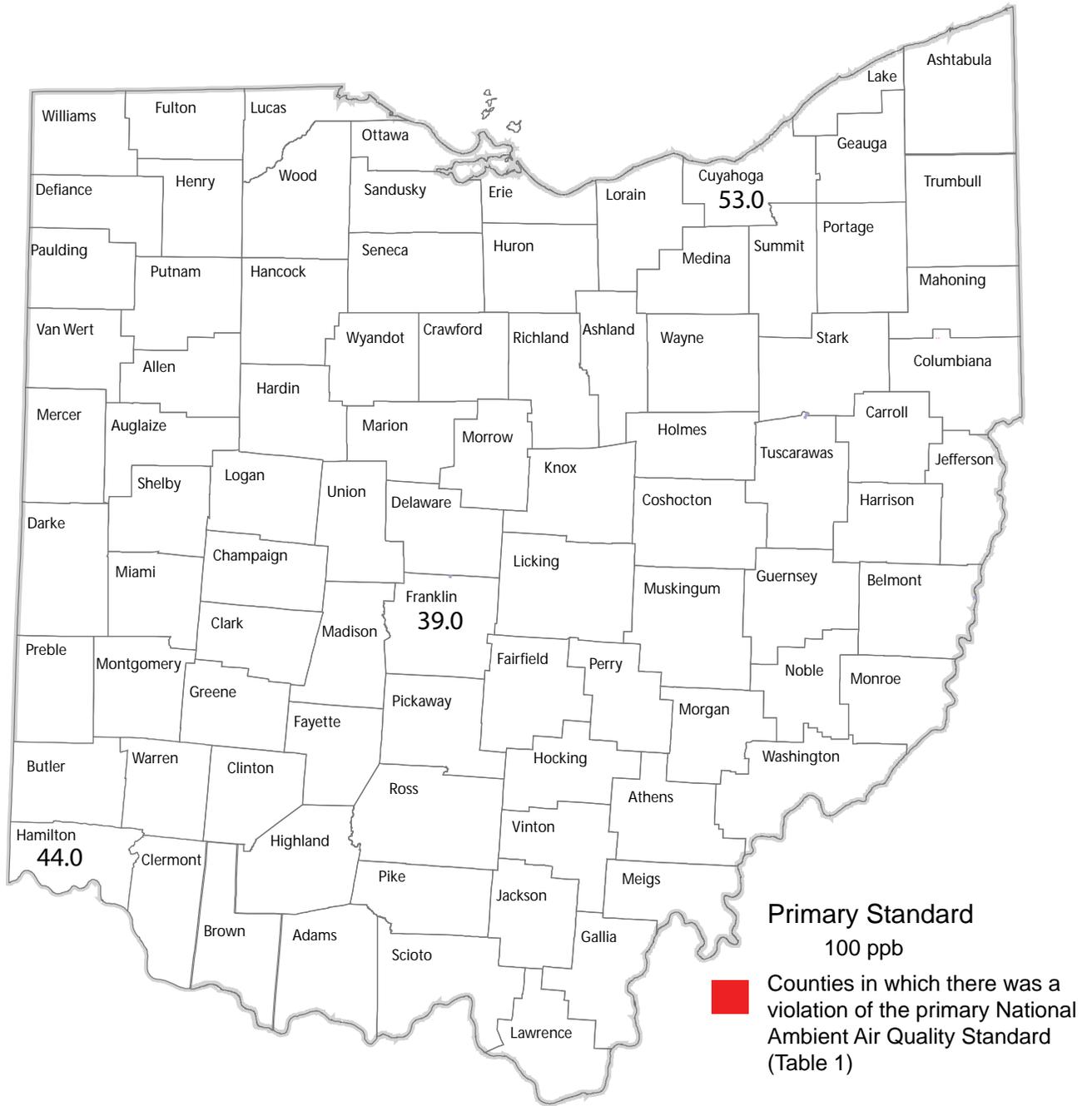


Figure 14

2013 Nitrogen Dioxide 98th Percentile 1-Hour Concentration
(In counties where data were collected-values in ppb)

Ozone

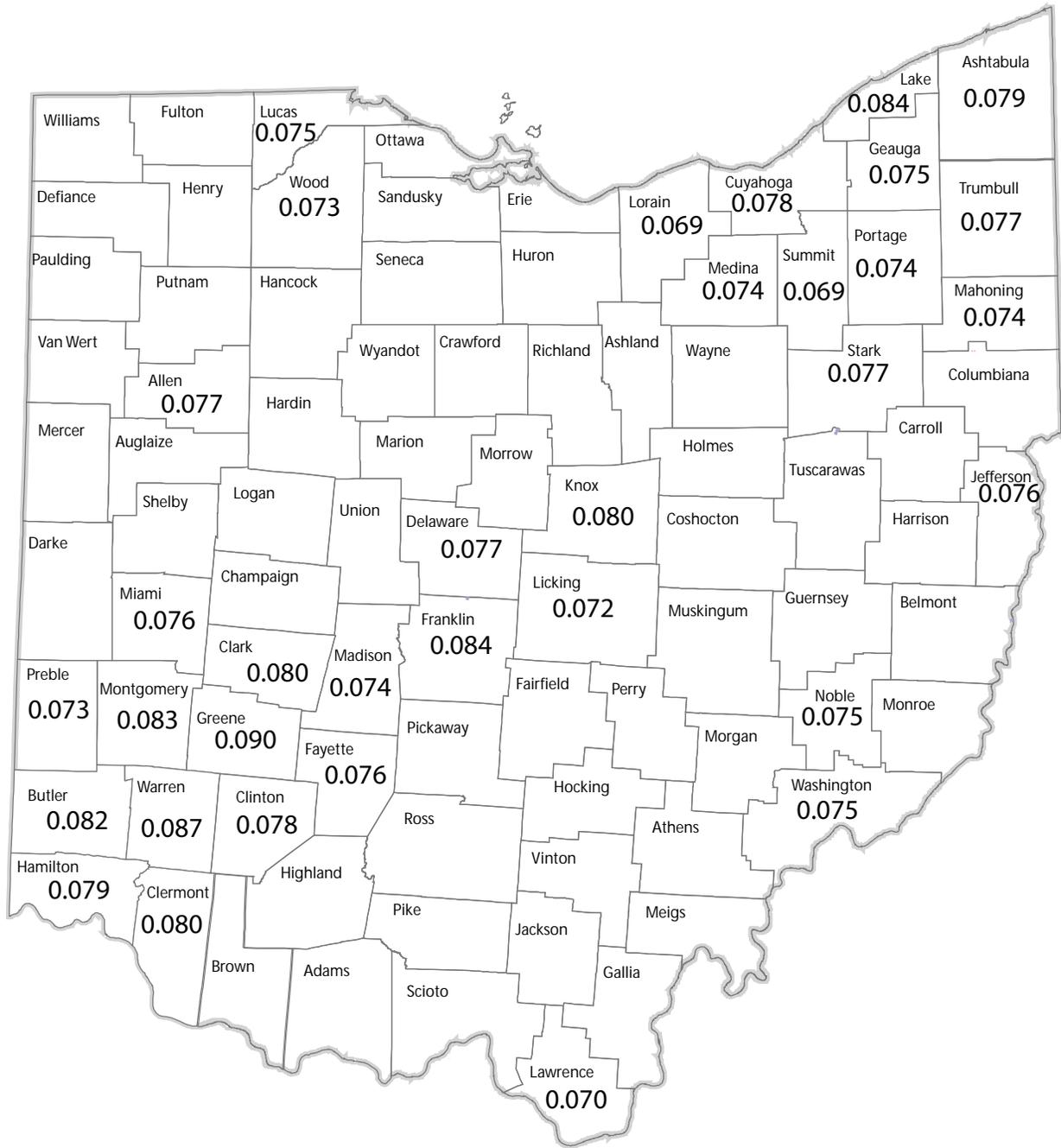


Figure 15

2013 Ozone 2nd Highest 1-Hour Concentration
(In counties where data were collected-values in ppm)

Ozone

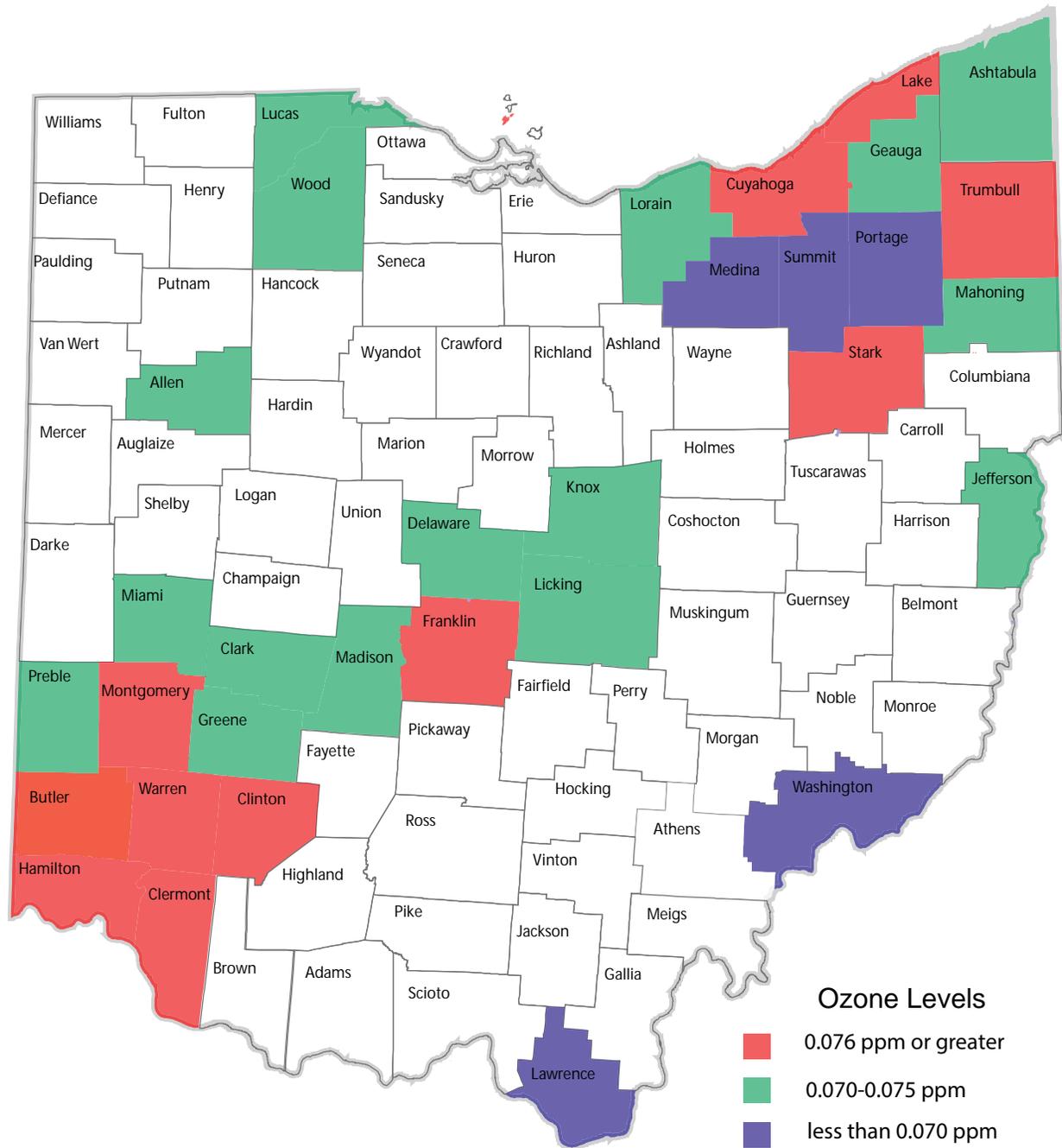


Figure 17

2011-2013 Average of the 4th High 8-Hour Averages
using the highest reading site in each county

Lead

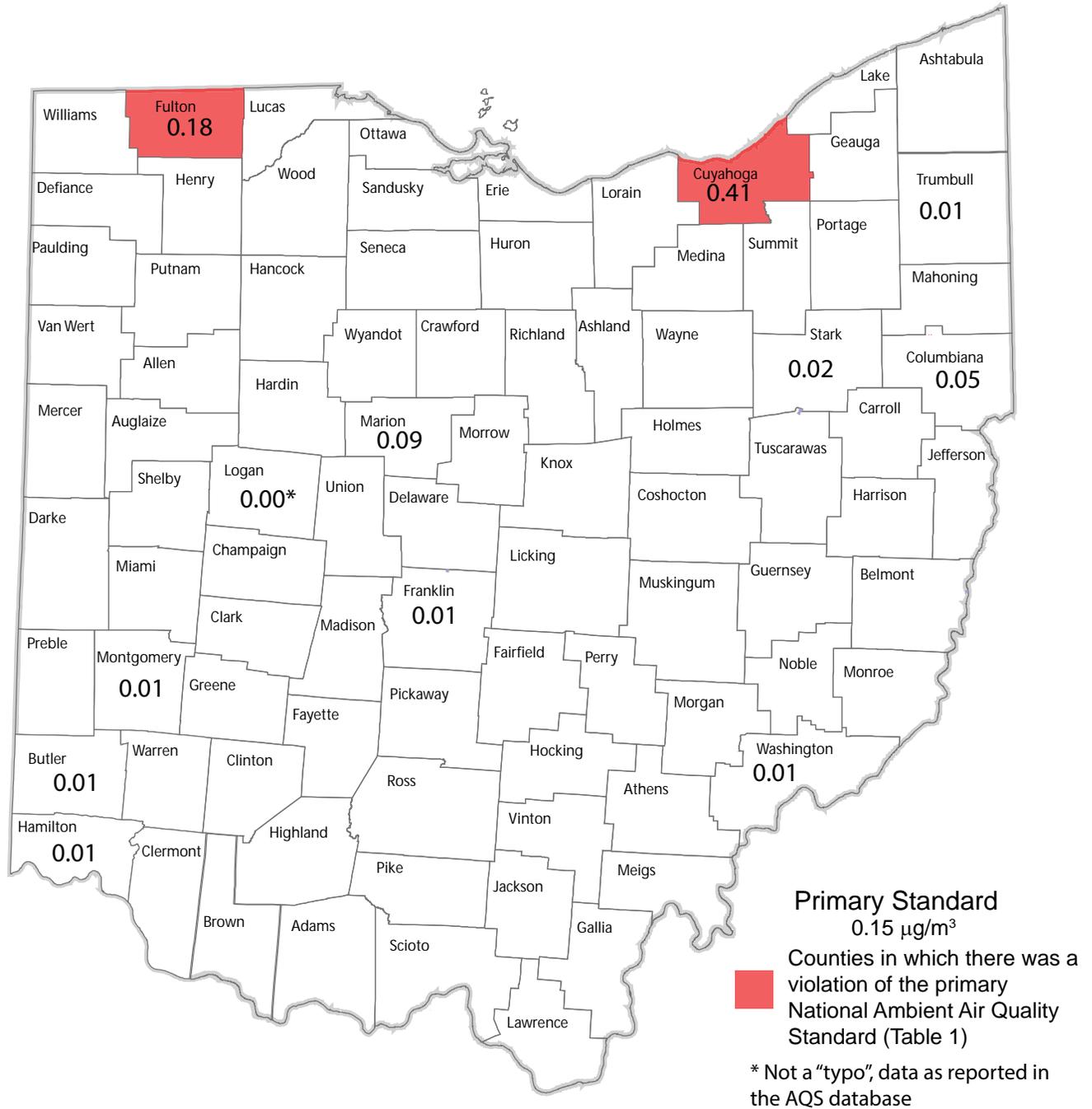


Figure 18
2011-2013 Lead, Highest 3 Month Concentration
(In counties where data were collected-values in $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)

TABLE 3
 VIOLATIONS OF AIR QUALITY STANDARDS BY COUNTY
 2013

There were no violations of the PM₁₀, NO₂ or CO standards that were in effect during 2013.

Ozone 8-Hour 2011-2013	Lead 3-Month 2011-2013	SO ₂ 1-Hr 99 th Percentile 2011-2013	PM _{2.5} Annual 2011-2013
Butler Clermont Clinton Cuyahoga Franklin Hamilton Lake Montgomery Stark Trumbull Warren	Cuyahoga Fulton	Hamilton Jefferson Lake Morgan	Butler Cuyahoga Hamilton Stark

III. Air Quality Trends

Federal regulations promulgated in 1980 established a number of urban sites in Ohio as part of a national network for determining trends of the criteria pollutants. This network, called National Air Monitoring Stations (NAMS), required the exclusion (for purposes of trend studies only) of those urban sites not designated as NAMS. This requirement permits a more accurate comparison of trends in different areas of the nation. The NAMS group was easily integrated into Ohio's monitoring system starting with the 1980 data.

SO₂ TRENDS

Data for SO₂ continuous instruments in urban areas which met the NAMS siting requirements were used to generate Ohio SO₂ trend studies for years 2004 through 2013. The resulting data, based on annual average SO₂ concentrations, top chart, are plotted in Figure 19. Percent improvement is calculated using values derived from the method of "least squares". The bottom chart plots the 99th percentile value which is the new, short term, 1-Hour, NAAQS for SO₂.

Table 4

SO₂ TRENDS FOR 2004-2013

SITE CATEGORY	IMPROVEMENT
Urban Area NAMS	48.6%

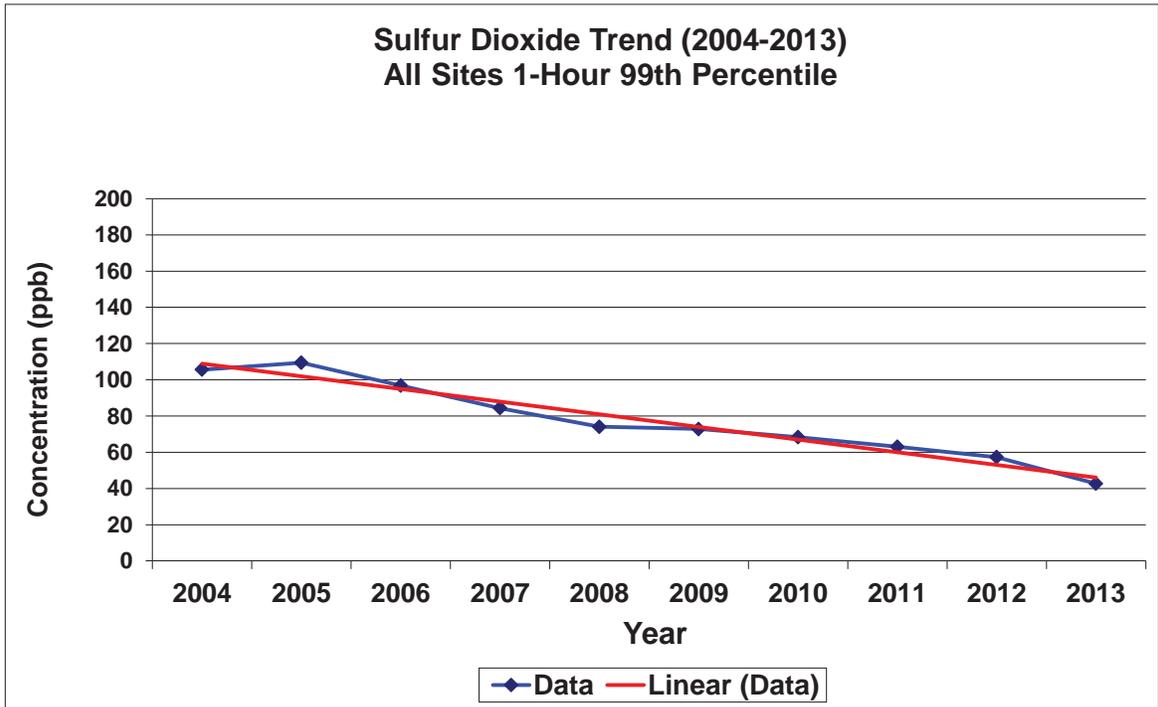
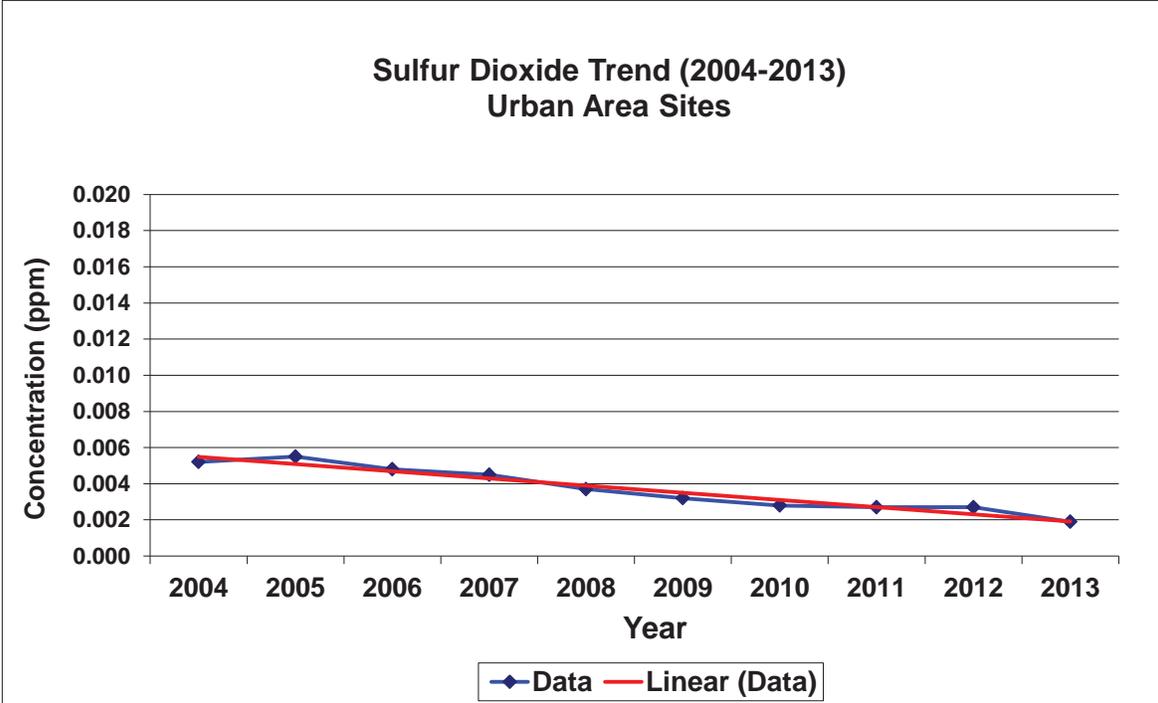


Figure 19

Ozone Trends

Assessing progress towards the attainment of the ozone air quality standards is difficult because of the influence of meteorology on ozone levels. Differences in weather conditions can cause variations from year to year in both the NAAQS exceedances and the second highest 1-Hour ozone levels.

High temperatures, brilliant sunshine and stagnant air contribute to high levels of evaporation from fuel storage tanks, fuel systems and auto refueling activities emitted by millions of cars and trucks. Also daily emissions of nitrogen oxides and hydrocarbons by millions of cars and trucks are a major contributor to low level ozone pollution during these atmospheric conditions. In the presence of sunlight, hydrocarbons and nitrogen oxides create high levels of ground-level ozone.

One Hour Data:

Information is presented from eight metropolitan areas in Ohio for the period of 2004 through 2013. Figure 20 is a bar chart which shows, for each year, the second highest 1-Hour average. In an area where ozone is monitored at several sites, the site with the highest second high for each year was used which may be a different site from year to year.

Eight Hour Standard:

Eight metropolitan areas are presented with the three year average of the 4th highest 8-Hour daily ozone averages for the years 2004 through 2013. The year listed is the last year of the three year period. Figure 21 is a bar chart with those concentrations. The ambient air quality standard is a three year average of the fourth high 8-Hour averages, that concentration must be less than or equal to 0.075 parts per million (75 parts per billion) for an area to be in compliance with the standard. The monitor with the highest 4th high in each three year period was used, not necessarily the same monitor for all years.

The three year averages for each site in Ohio are listed in the ozone portion of: Section V. AIR QUALITY DATA 2013.

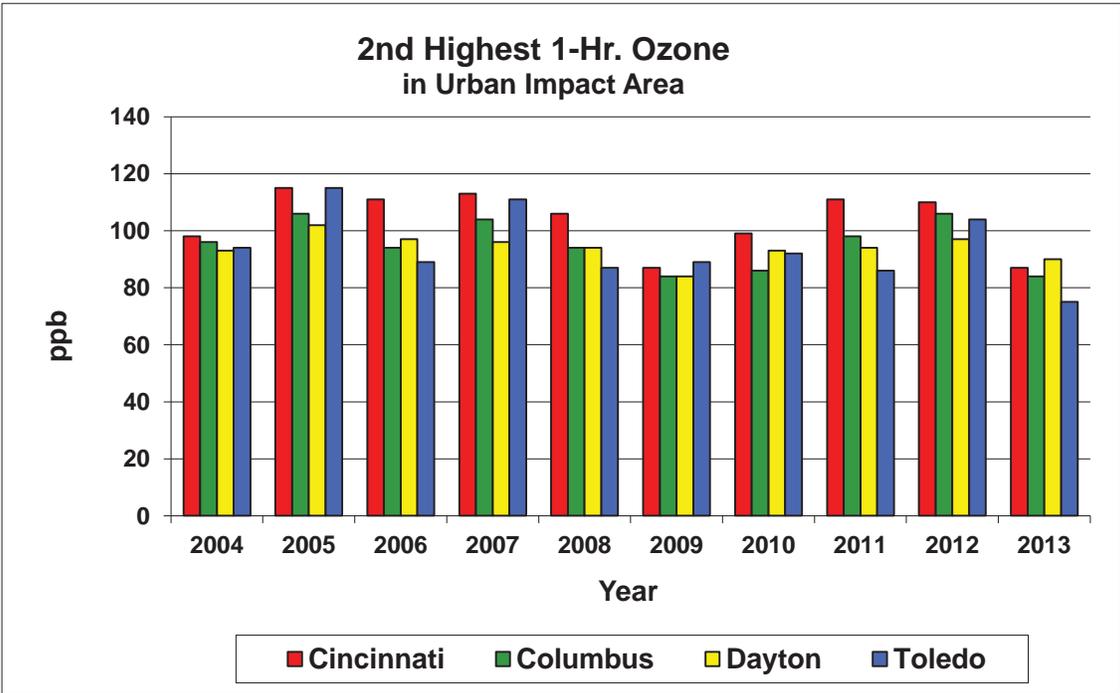
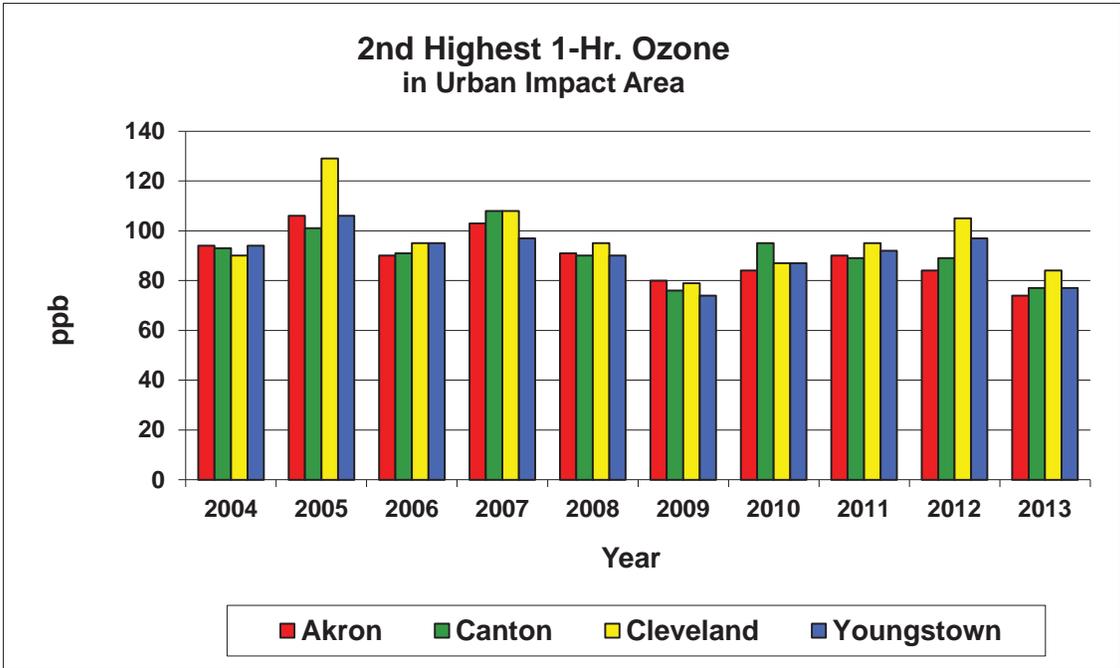


Figure 20

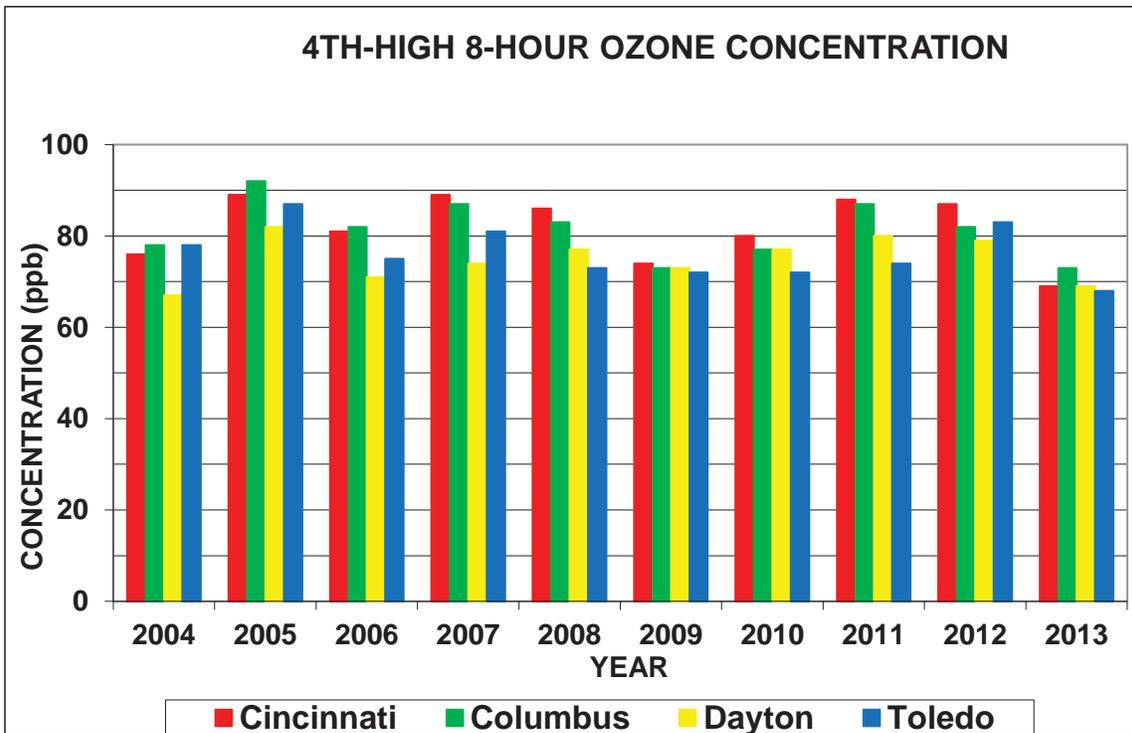
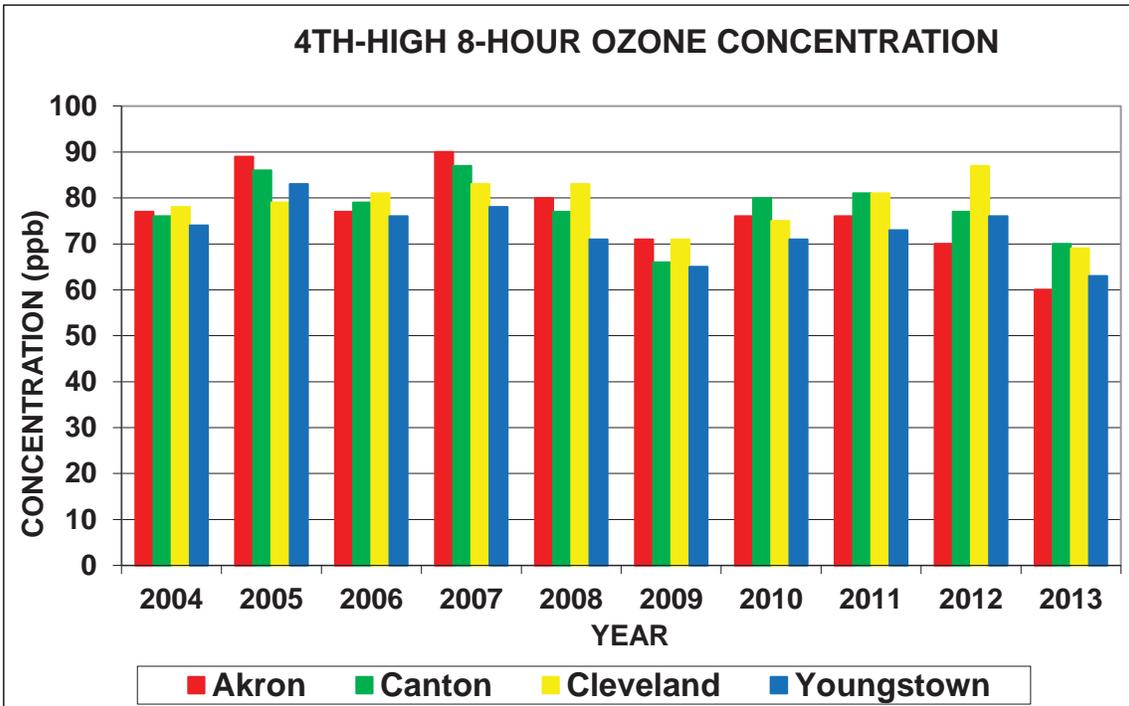


Figure 21

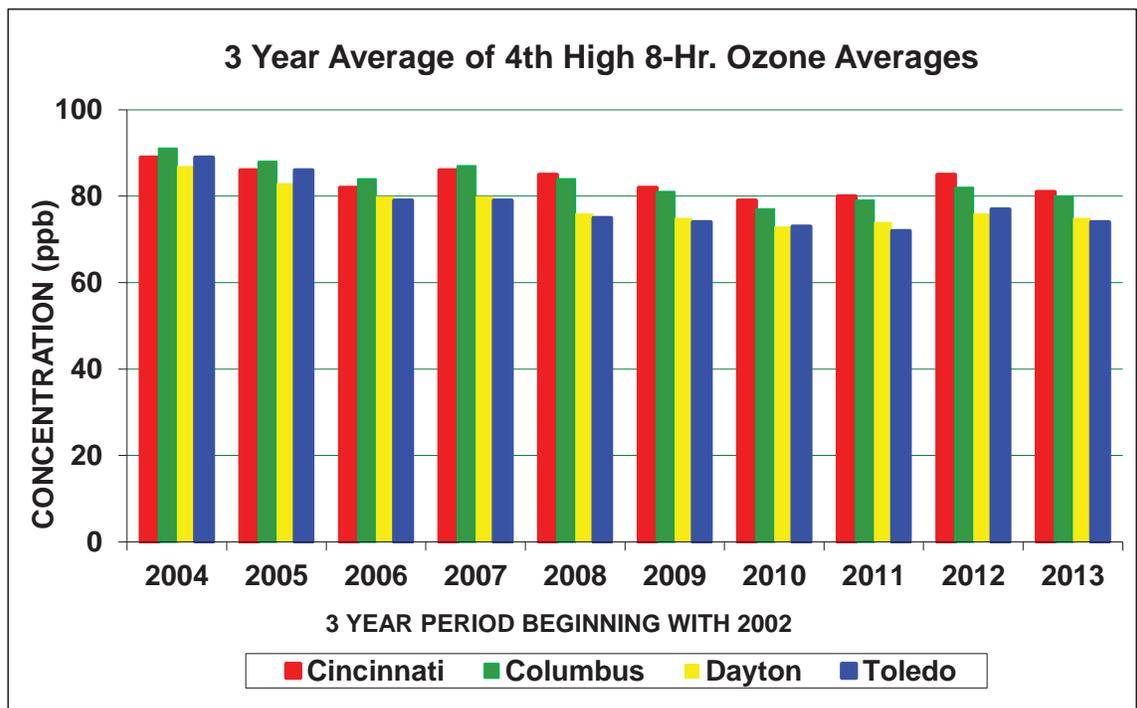
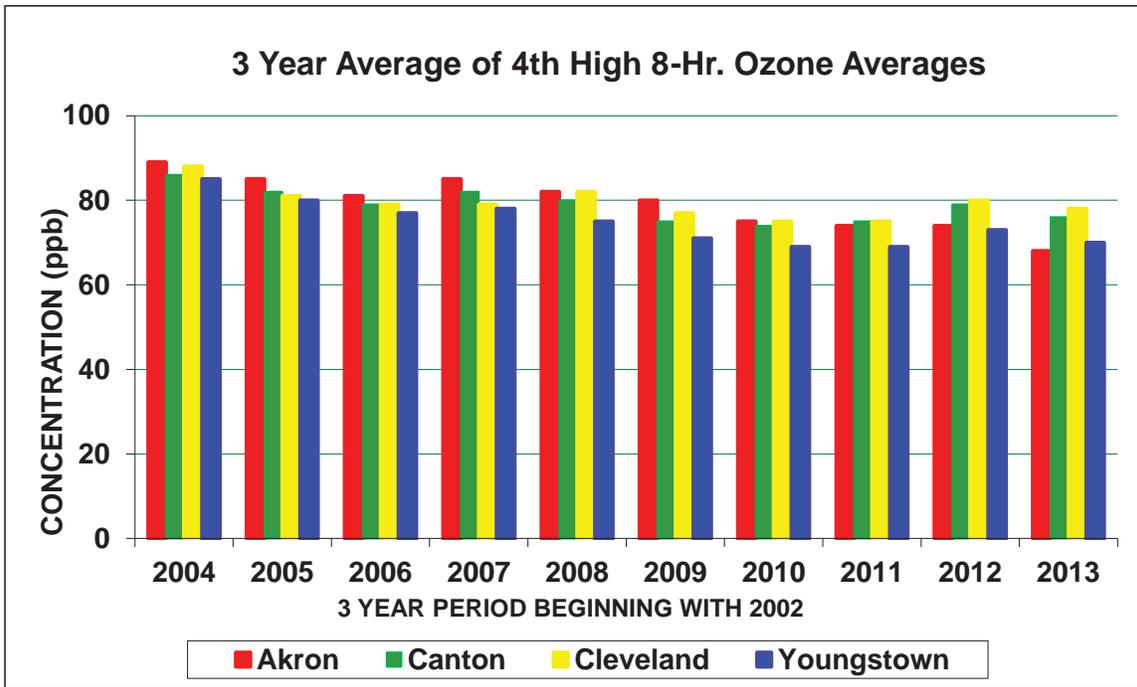


Figure 22

CO Trends

The database for carbon monoxide (CO) is less extensive than for sulfur dioxide or ozone. A comparative plot of changes in CO in past years for ten major Ohio cities is presented. One central-city monitor in each urban area was selected to yield data for a study of 8-hour average CO concentrations. Data for the years 2004-2013 are used in the graphs. See Figure 23 for the results of this study.

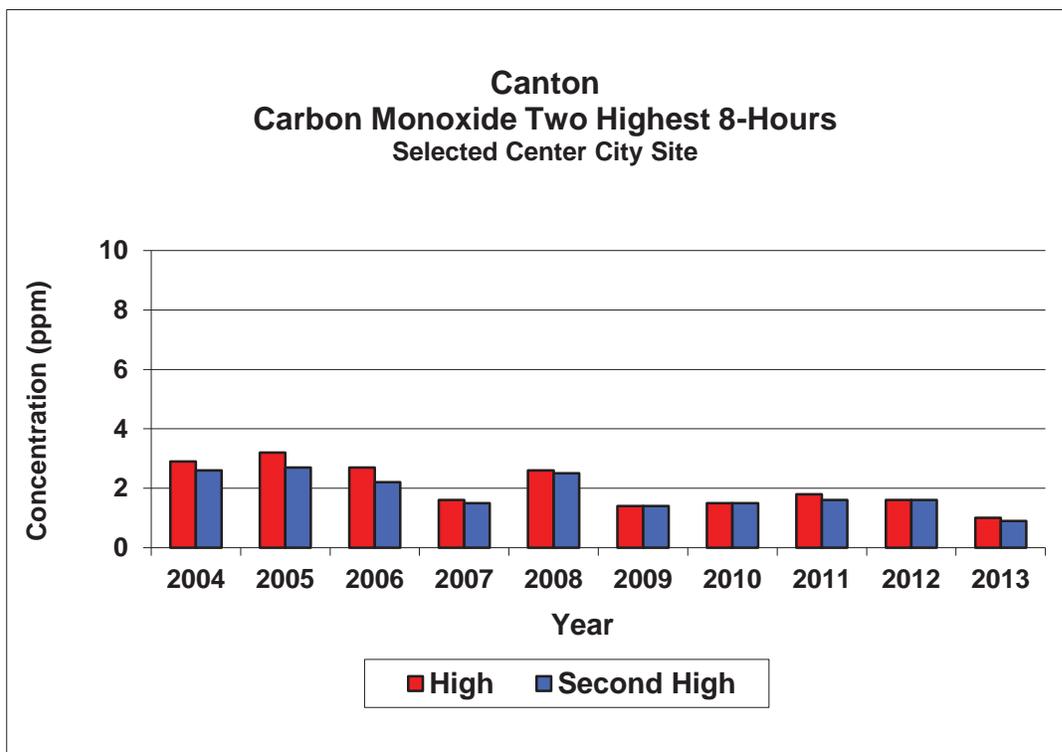
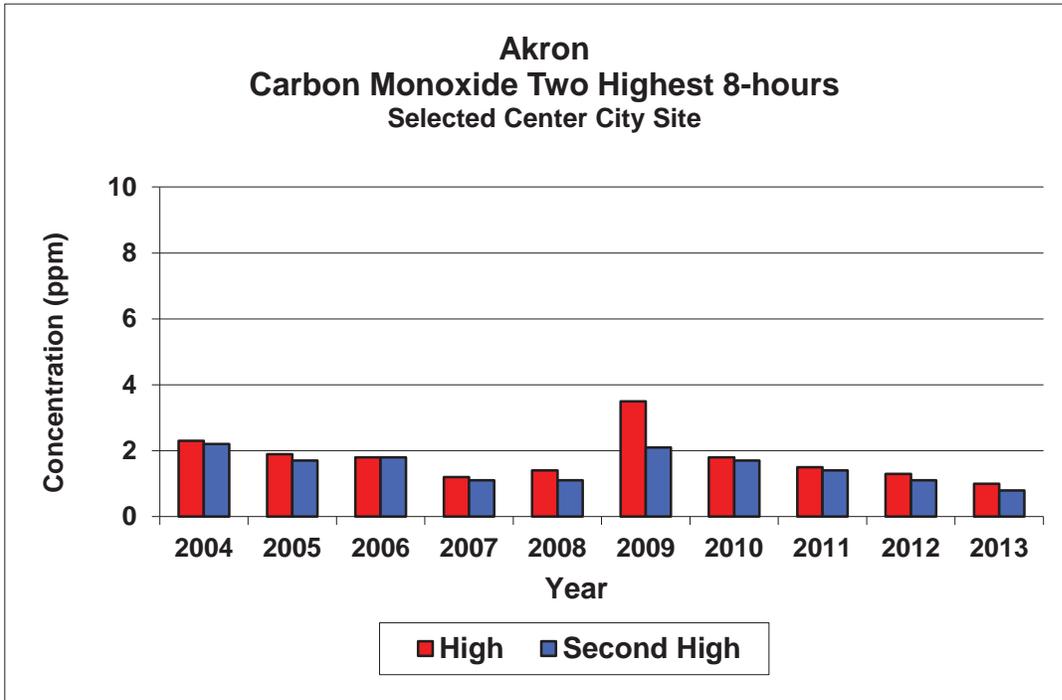


Figure 23

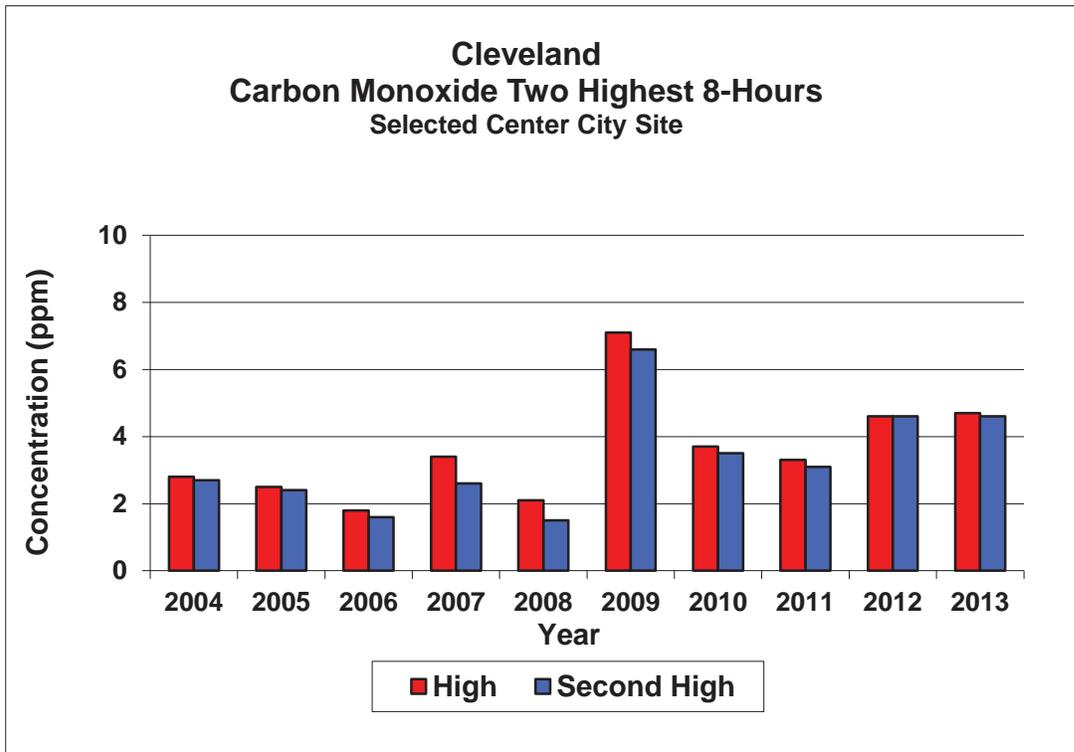
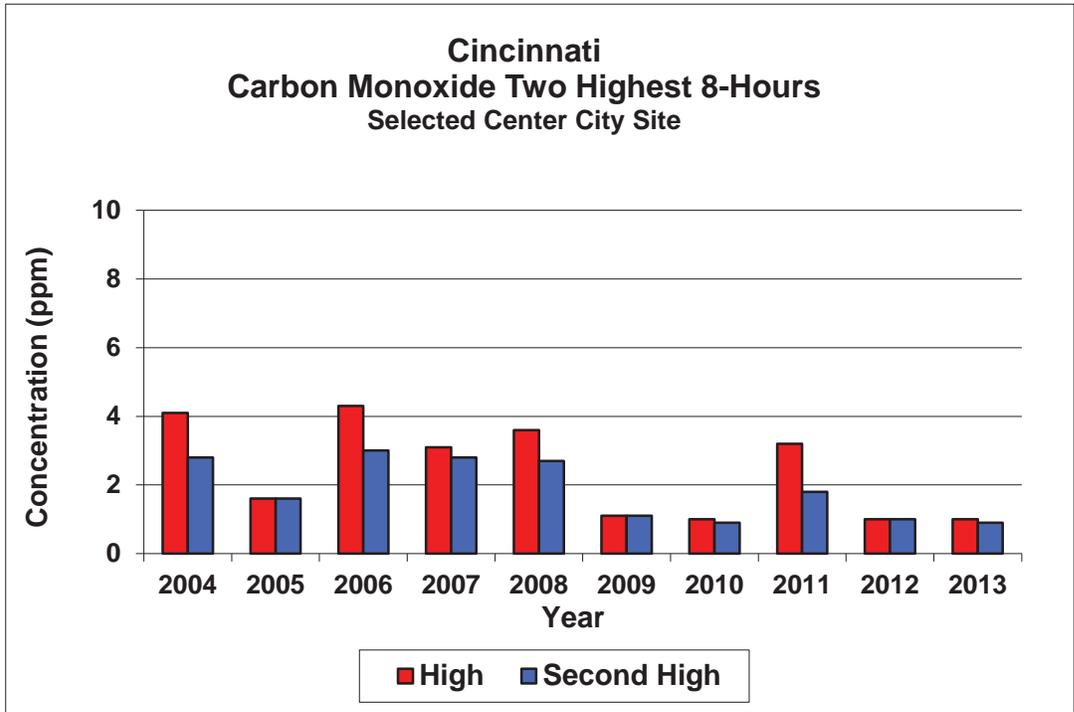


Figure 23 (continued)

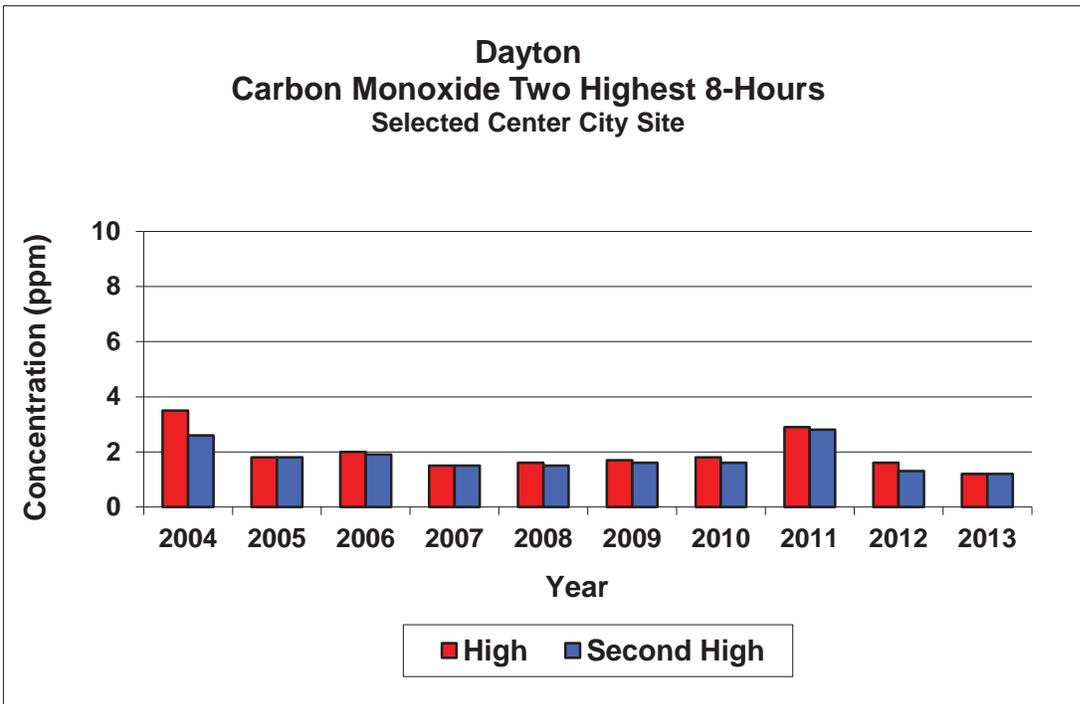
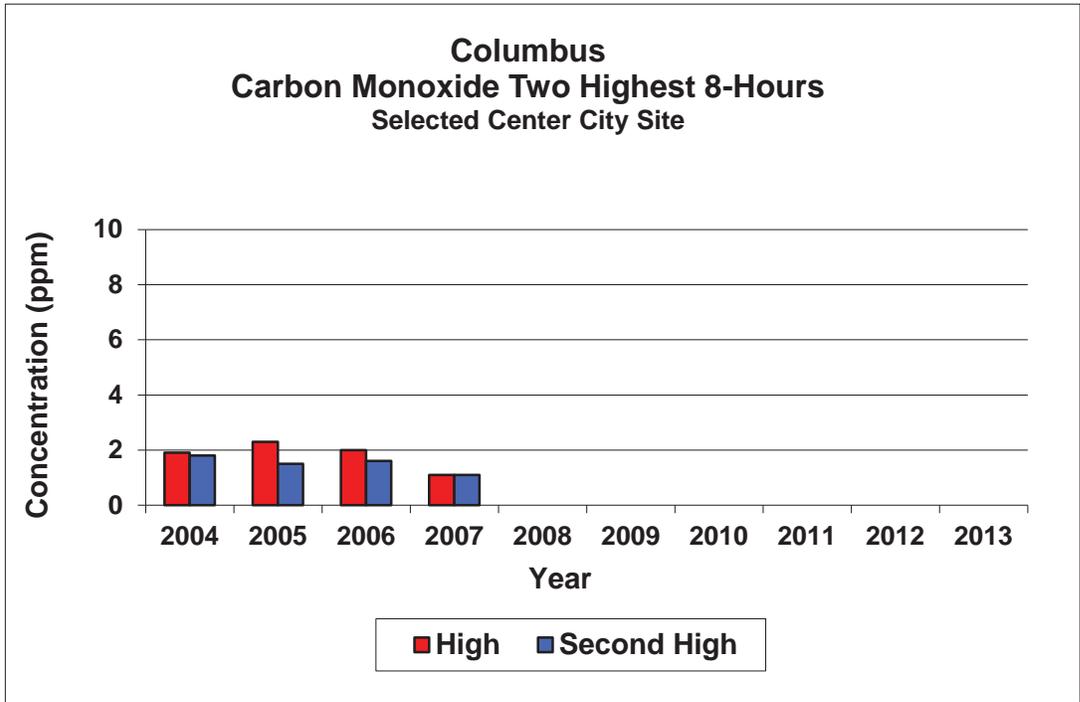


Figure 23 (continued)

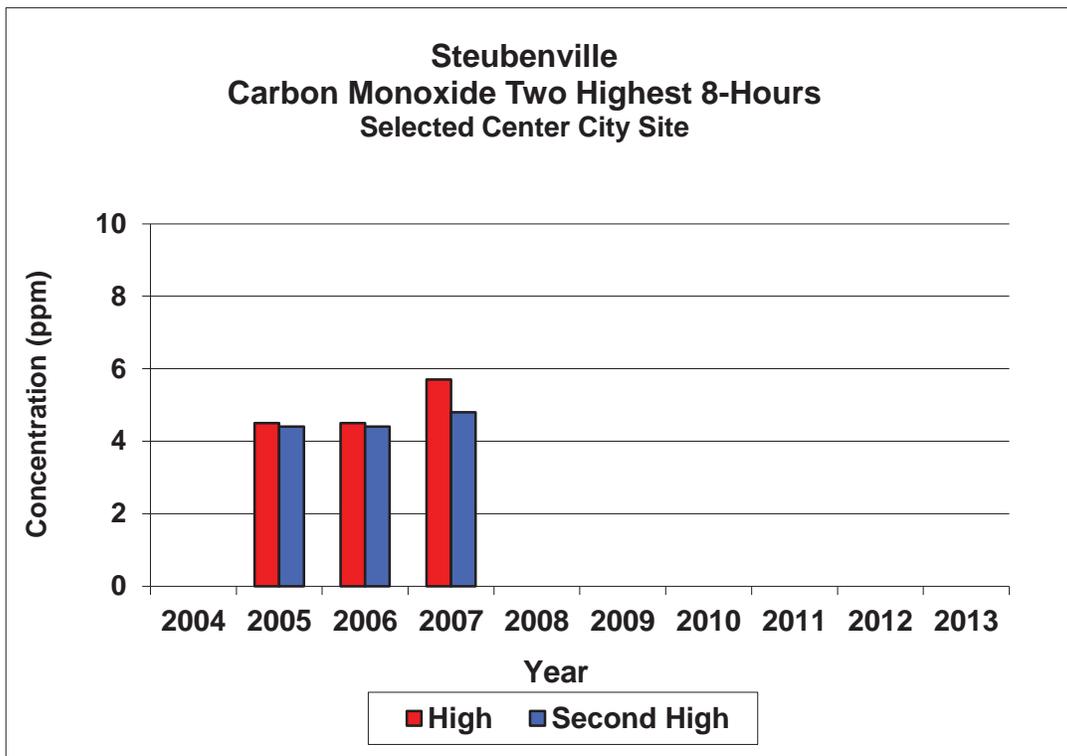
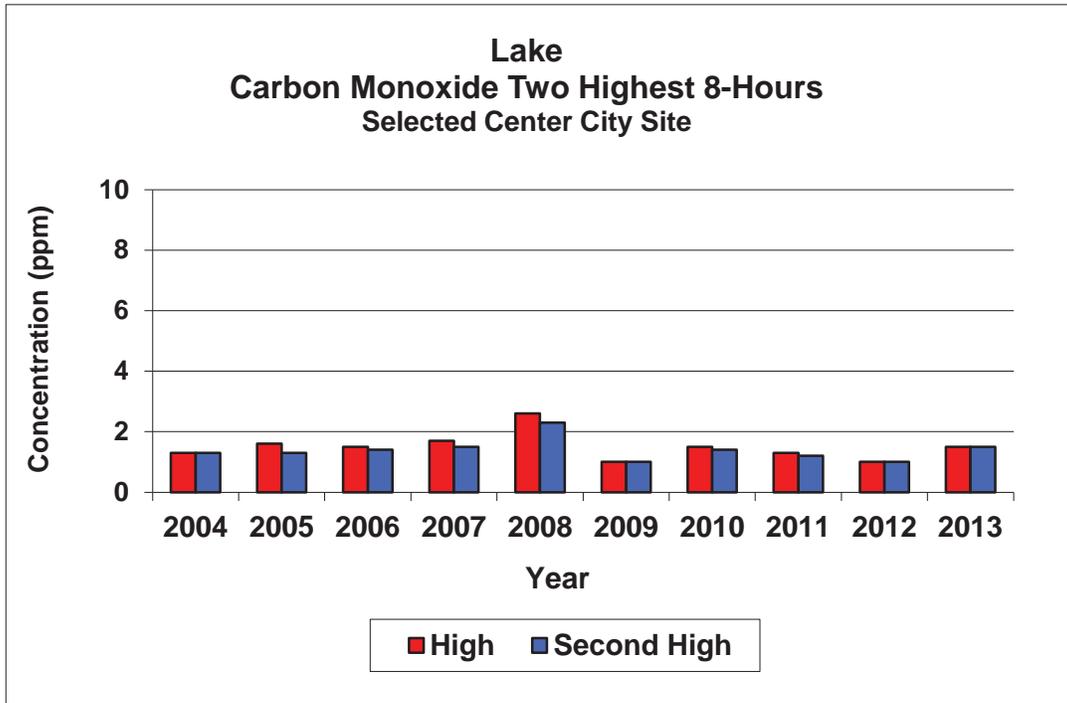


Figure 23 (continued)

IV. QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAM

A. GENERAL

Air monitoring data collected by State and Local Air Monitoring Stations (SLAMS) are required to meet Quality Assurance guidance in Appendix A of 40 CFR Part 58. That appendix specifies the minimum quality system requirements for SLAMS data for the pollutants SO₂, NO₂, O₃, CO, Lead, PM_{2.5}, and PM₁₀.

Air monitoring agencies are required to have a quality system in place. The quality system is the means by which an organization manages the quality of the monitoring data it produces in a systematic, organized manner. It provides a framework for planning, implementing, assessing and reporting work performed by an organization. It provides for required quality assurance and quality control activities. A quality system includes an overall Quality Management Plan and specific Quality Assurance Project Plans for the pollutants measured.

For air monitoring data the measurements of accuracy and precision are integral to the quality assurance and quality control of the data. Accuracy is defined as the degree the measurement is close to the true value of the parameter measured. Precision is defined as the repeatability of the measurements.

B. Accuracy and Precision Requirements

Accuracy requirements for manual Lead, PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5} samplers and continuous PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5} monitors include audits of the flow rate of each sampler compared to a known flow rate at least once every 6 months. For continuous monitors for SO₂, NO₂, O₃, and CO, quarterly audits of at least 25% of the analyzers are recommended. One audit per monitor per calendar year is required. During the audits the analyzers are tested with a gas in three specific concentration levels.

Precision requirements for Lead, PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5} are met by selecting sites in areas of expected highest concentration for side-by-side (collocated) sampling. Duplicate samples for comparison purposes are collected on an every 12-day schedule although it may be more frequent. Each PM_{2.5} sampler or continuous PM_{2.5} monitor should have a quality control flow rate verification each month. Each Lead and PM₁₀ sampler should have a flow rate verification every quarter. For continuous SO₂, NO₂, O₃, and CO monitors the determination of precision is by a one-point quality control check against a gas of known concentration at least once every two weeks for each analyzer. The analyzers are operated in the normal sampling mode during this check.

The accuracy audit data and the precision data are collected by local and state agencies and reported to the US EPA Air Quality System (AQS) within 90 days of the quarter when they were performed.

C. The Statistics of Accuracy and Precision

Statistical calculations are available from reports in the Air Quality System as calculated from the reported accuracy and precision data. Calculations are as shown in Appendix A of 40 CFR 58. The results of those data are available to the reporting organization that collected the data and to other AQS data users. Statistics that are available for 1-Point Quality Control include results for percent of data completeness, coefficient of variation (CV) and bias for each analyzer plus a combined summary for the reporting organization for the pollutant. Results of collocated data for PM₁₀ and for PM_{2.5} include the number of collocated data pairs, the percentage completeness and the coefficient of variation. For manual PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5} accuracy the number of flow rate audits, the percent completeness and the lower and upper confidence limits are included.

For accuracy statistics the summary results that are included in the accompanying tables for SO₂, NO₂, CO and O₃ include 1-Point Confidence Limits and percentage of data between confidence limits.

In general lower numbers for the coefficient of variation are desirable because indicates more consistency of the test measurements. For SO₂, NO₂ and CO 10% is the CV upper target. For those pollutants 10% is the bias target also. For O₃ 7% is the CV target and 7% for bias. For PM_{2.5} 10% or less is the target for precision. For PM_{2.5} accuracy audits less than 5% for design is the upper limit. For QA statistics 100% data completeness is desired.

Tables 5-8 give summaries of the percent completeness, coefficient of variation and bias for precision and 1-point confidence limits and percent of data between confidence limits for accuracy for each reporting organization in the state, for SO₂, NO₂, CO and O₃ monitors.

Tables 9-11 give summaries of number of duplicate samples, percent completeness and coefficient of variation for precision and percent completeness and lower and upper confidence limits for accuracy for PM₁₀, PM_{2.5} and Lead.

TABLE 5

2013 Sulfur Dioxide Data Evaluation

LAA/DO	One Point Quality Check			Annual Performance Eval.	
	Precision	Bias	Complete	Bias	Complete
Central District	3.21	±2.64	100	1.98	100
Northeast District	3.03	±3.05	100	-0.64	67
Northwest District	2.03	±1.67	100	-2.98	100
Southeast District	4.01	±4.80	100	-4.31	100
Akron	3.23	±3.01	100	-2.99	100
Canton	2.08	±1.85	100	-1.23	100
Toledo	1.49	±2.24	100	-0.53	100
Cleveland	3.67	±3.02	100	±1.53	100
RAPCA	3.15	±2.65	87	±1.81	100
SWOAQA	3.56	±3.14	100	±3.33	100
Lake County	3.39	±10.99	92	±0.47	100
MTAPCA	1.67	±1.47	42	-0.29	100
Portsmouth	2.27	+1.82	97	-3.41	100

TABLE 6

2013 Nitrogen Dioxide Data Evaluation

LAA/DO	One Point Quality Check			Annual Performance Evaluation	
	Precision	Bias	Complete	Bias	Complete
Cleveland	2.91	±2.64	100	-1.52	100
Central District	6.45	±5.30	100	-7.23	100
Hamilton County	4.74	±3.89	100	-4.44	100

TABLE 7

2013 Carbon Monoxide Data Evaluation

LAA/DO	One Point Quality Check			Annual Performance Evaluation	
	Precision	Bias	Complete	Bias	Complete
Central Office	1.59	±1.36	100	-2.51	100
Akron	2.54	±2.08	100	1.1	100
Canton	4.30	±3.29	100	4.09	100
SWOAQA	6.37	±4.56	100	11.82	100
Cleveland	9.23	±5.45	100	±6.97	100
RAPCA	6.73	±5.57	87	±4.90	100
Lake County	2.91	-6.33	92	-0.65	100

TABLE 8

2013 Ozone Data Evaluation

LAA/DO	One Point Quality Check			Annual Performance Eval.	
	Precision	Bias	Complete	Bias	Complete
Central District	2.00	±1.97	100	1.99	100
Northeast District	3.42	±2.85	100	±0.49	100
Northwest District	1.75	±1.86	100	3.01	100
Southeast District	3.96	±3.50	100	-1.10	100
Southwest District	6.25	±3.84	100	-0.23	100
Akron	3.06	±2.48	100	-7.62	100
Canton	2.08	±1.85	100	-1.23	100
Toledo	1.75	±1.56	100	4.00	100
Cleveland	2.11	±1.72	100	-2.53	100
RAPCA	1.31	±1.43	66	±1.31	100
SWOQA	3.30	±3.02	100	±1.61	100
Lake County	2.13	±2.79	93	-2.10	100
MTAPCA	7.51	±5.62	47	±3.19	100
Portsmouth	3.23	+3.06	100	2.37	100

Table 9

2013 PM-2.5 Data Evaluation

LAA/DO Site	Methods	Average Bias	Complete	Collocated CV	Complete
		POC 1			
Central District	120,118	-1.37	100	8.09	100
Northeast District	120	-3.92	100	6.92	100
Northwest District	142	+0.51	100	N	N
Southeast District	145,142,120	±0.69	90	15.79	90
Portsmouth	120,145	-1.06	100	8.69	100
Akron	118,120	+1.98	100	6.17	100
Canton	142	-1.00	100	8.84	100
Toledo	145	±2.27	100	9.42	100
Cleveland	118,120	±1.76	100	9.66	93
RAPCA	142,145	-1.26	85	5.38	100
SWOQA	142,120	±2.27	100	4.07	100
Lake County	120			11.16	100
MTAPCA	142,120	±1.22	100	10.78	100

Table 10

2013 PM-10 Data Evaluation

LAA/DO Site	POC	Average Bias	Complete	Collocated CV	Complete
Central District	1	-0.13	100	3.93	100
Northeast District	1	+2.82	100	4.83	100
Southeast District	1	+3.64	100	7.29	100
Cleveland	1	±3.02	100	7.40	100
RAPCA	1	-1.54	75	6.34	100
SWOQA	1	±1.81	100	3.66	100
Lake County	1	+0.61	50	4.56	100
MTAPCA	1	±2.22	73	9.40	100
Portsmouth	1	±1.45	100	5.66	100

Table 11

2013 Lead Data Evaluation

LAA/DO Site	POC	Average Bias	Complete	Collocated CV	Complete
Central District	1	-1.08	100	<0.20	0
Northeast District	1	±1.28	100	16.35	100
Northwest District	1	±2.19	100	14.92	100
Southeast District	1	+0.77	100	<0.02	100
Southwest District	1	+0.95	100	14.92	100
Cleveland	1	±2.05	100	4.32	97
RAPCA	1	-0.99	50	<0.02	100
SWOQA	1	±2.62	100	<0.02	98
MTAPCA	1	±2.46	97	<0.02	100

V. AIR QUALITY DATA 2013



Total Suspended Particulate (TSP)

Total suspended particulate matter is defined as any liquid (aerosol) or solid substance found in the atmosphere. Particles larger than approximately 100 microns in diameter settle rapidly due to gravity and are not considered suspended particulates. Fly ash, process dusts, soot and oil aerosols are all common forms of suspended particulate matter. The major sources of particulate pollution are industrial processes, electric power generation, industrial fuel combustion, and dust from plowed fields, roadways, or construction sites. Particulate pollution causes a wide range of damage to materials, as well as limiting visibility and reducing the amount of sunlight reaching the earth. Components of particulates may be harmful, such as sulfates, nitrates and metals. The major adverse health effects on humans are related to damage to the respiratory system through interference with the lung's natural cleansing process.

Such adverse health effects are dependent, in a general sense, upon (1) the concentration, size and chemical composition of the particles of which the TSP consists and (2) the concentration and composition of any pollutant gases in combination with it. Particles greater than 10 microns in diameter can rarely penetrate below the larynx and, therefore, are less likely to damage the respiratory system. Particles less than 6 microns in diameter can penetrate the bronchial passage and those of less than 1 micron in diameter can usually penetrate and be deposited in the capillaries and alveoli of the lungs. (I.M. Campbell, Energy and the Atmosphere: A Physical Chemical Approach, John Wiley & Sons, LTD., 1977).

An inhaled particle may exert a toxic effect in one or more of the following four ways: (1) the particle may be intrinsically toxic because of its inherent chemical or physical characteristics; (2) the particle may interfere with one or more of the mechanisms that normally clear the respiratory track; (3) the particle may act as a carrier of an absorbed toxic substance; or (4) the particle may act as a carrier of an absorbent toxic substance.

It is difficult to obtain direct relationships between exposures to various concentrations of TSP and resulting effects upon human health because of the problems of isolating the effects of TSP from those of other environmental pollutants and of

reproducing in the laboratory the exact conditions that prevail in the ambient air. Also, it has been observed that exposure to TSP in combination with other pollutants such as sulfur dioxide (SO₂) produces more severe effects than does exposure to each pollutant separately. Nevertheless, statistical analyses of morbidity and mortality data do indicate a relationship between increased TSP concentrations and increased numbers of hospital and clinic admissions for upper respiratory infections, cardiac diseases, bronchitis, asthma, pneumonia, emphysema and the like. (Air Pollution: Its Origin and Control, Harper & Row, 1976.) TSP ceased to be a criteria pollutant on August 1, 1987, having been replaced by PM₁₀.

Starting in 1987 TSP sampling was gradually replaced by ten micron particulate sampling (PM₁₀). There were over 200 TSP monitors in 1987. In 2013 there were 9 monitors reporting TSP data, all are used for lead or other metals monitoring. In July 1997 the U.S. EPA promulgated regulations adding a National Ambient Air Quality Standard for 2.5 micron particulate matter (PM_{2.5}). The PM_{2.5} monitors supplement and partially replace the PM₁₀ network. They started collecting data in January 1999.

Sampling Method

TSP is measured by the high-volume air sampler method. This instrument draws measured volumes of air through a pre-weighed glass fiber or quartz filter for a specific time (normally 24 hours). Particulate matter in the air is trapped on the filter, which is then re-weighed to determine the mass of the particulates collected. Results are reported as micrograms of particulate matter per cubic meter of air (µg/m³). Normal sampling is done intermittently with 24-hour samples taken once every six days.

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
AIR QUALITY SYSTEM

QUICKLOOK ALL PARAMETERS

Parameter	Unit	P O C	PQAO	Year	Meth	# Obs	1st Max Value	2nd Max Value	3rd Max Value	4th Max Value	Arith. Mean	Duration	Cert & Eval	EDT
Site ID: 39-017-0015	City: Middletown	County: Butler	Address: 3901 LEFFERSON											
11101 Suspended particulate (TSP)	Micrograms/cubic meter (25 C)	2	1259	2013	091	60	125	105	80	79	38.1	24 HOUR		0
11101 Suspended particulate (TSP)	Micrograms/cubic meter (25 C)	3	1259	2013	091	29	124	95	76	59	39.3	24 HOUR		0
Site ID: 39-029-0020	City: East Liverpool	County: Columbiana	Address: 2220 MICHIGAN											
11101 Suspended particulate (TSP)	Micrograms/cubic meter (25 C)	1	0807	2013	091	60	121	110	75	74	38.7	24 HOUR		0
Site ID: 39-035-0038	City: Cleveland	County: Cuyahoga	Address: 2547 ST TIKHON											
11101 Suspended particulate (TSP)	Micrograms/cubic meter (25 C)	1	0229	2013	091	60	138	116	115	114	55.8	24 HOUR		0
Site ID: 39-035-0042	City: Cleveland	County: Cuyahoga	Address: 3136 LORAIN AVE., F.S. 4											
11101 Suspended particulate (TSP)	Micrograms/cubic meter (25 C)	1	0229	2013	091	58	89	86	83	76	41.1	24 HOUR		0
Site ID: 39-035-0049	City: Cleveland	County: Cuyahoga	Address: E. 56TH ST.											
5 11101 Suspended particulate (TSP)	Micrograms/cubic meter (25 C)	1	0229	2013	091	58	203	165	137	124	69.4	24 HOUR		0
Site ID: 39-035-0060	City: Cleveland	County: Cuyahoga	Address: E. 14TH & ORANGE											
11101 Suspended particulate (TSP)	Micrograms/cubic meter (25 C)	1	0229	2013	091	59	211	192	165	157	83.9	24 HOUR		0
Site ID: 39-035-0061	City: Cleveland	County: Cuyahoga	Address: W. SIDE OF WEST 3RD.											
11101 Suspended particulate (TSP)	Micrograms/cubic meter (25 C)	1	0229	2013	091	59	266	157	153	128	68.0	24 HOUR		0
Site ID: 39-035-0072	City: Warrensville Heights	County: Cuyahoga	Address: 26565 MILES ROAD											
11101 Suspended particulate (TSP)	Micrograms/cubic meter (25 C)	1	0229	2013	091	57	137	108	101	92	35.9	24 HOUR		0

Particulate Matter (<10 μ , PM₁₀)

On July 1, 1987, the U.S. EPA promulgated revisions to the National Ambient Air Quality Standards for particulate matter. The primary standard includes only those particles with an aerodynamic diameter smaller than or equal to a nominal 10 micrometers. This standard is referred to as the PM₁₀ standard (particulate matter <10 micrometers). From July 1987 until July 18, 1997 the annual standard was 50 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ annual arithmetic mean (average over three years' data). The 24-hour standard, not to be exceeded more than once, was 150 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$. The standard is that the 24-hour level of 150 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ is not to be exceeded more than once per year averaged over three years.

The annual standard was retained until the changes to the particulate standards that became effective on December 18, 2006 when the 24-Hour standard was retained and the annual standard was revoked.

The standards were changed in July 1997, when the PM_{2.5} standard was promulgated. Changing the standard from TSP to PM₁₀ and then adding PM_{2.5} was due to research findings concerning particle size. Particulate matter can harm body tissue such as the linings of the nose and throat and the lungs by simple mechanical irritation. Nasal hairs and sneezing are the body's natural defenses against some of the relatively large particles (15-100 microns). However, small particles can slip past these defenses and penetrate deep into the lungs where they can damage lung tissues.

Because of the final action to set the fine particulate standards by U.S. EPA to replace TSP, the Ohio Air Monitoring Network was expanded to include 21 PM₁₀ sites in 1986, to 45 in 1988 and to a high of 91 in 1997. During the year 2013 monitors were operated at 31 sites.

Samples are taken each weekday at urban sites used in reporting the Air Quality Index (AQI).

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
AIR QUALITY SYSTEM
QUICK LOOK REPORT (AMP450)

PM10 Total 0-10um STP (81102)

Ohio

Micrograms/cubic meter (25 C) (001)

24-HOUR

SITE ID	P O C	PQAO	CITY	COUNTY	ADDRESS	YEAR	METH	#OBS	NUM REQ	VALID DAYS	%OBS	1ST MAX	2ND MAX	3RD MAX	4TH MAX	DAY EST		WTD CERT	
																MAX >STD	DAYS >STD	ARITH MEAN	and EVAL EDT
39-017-0003	1	1259	Middletown	Butler	BONITA & ST JOHN	2013	063	57	61	57	93	41	40	30	29	0	0	17.0	0
39-017-0015	1	1259	Middletown	Butler	3901 LEFFERSON	2013	063	60	61	60	98	48	43	39	34	0	0	19.3	0
39-017-0019	1	1259	Middletown	Butler	1300 OXFORD STATE ROAD	2013	125	58	61	58	95	47	34	34	32	0	0	18.5	0
39-017-0020	1	1259	Middletown	Butler	3350 YANKEE ROAD	2013	125	57	61	57	93	110	106	102	96	0	0	43.0	0
39-029-0020	1	0807	East Liverpool	Columbiana	2220 MICHIGAN	2013	062	59	61	59	97	35	30	28	28	0	0	16.8	0
39-029-0022	1	0807	East Liverpool	Columbiana	500 MARYLAND	2013	062	59	61	59	97	46	31	29	29	0	0	17.3	0
39-035-0038	1	0229	Cleveland	Cuyahoga	2547 ST TIKHON	2013	063	352	365	352	96	76	62	61	59	0	0	25.3	0
39-035-0045	1	0229	Cleveland	Cuyahoga	4950 BROADWAY AVE.	2013	063	65	61	60	98	48	39	38	37	0	0	24.2	0
39-035-0060	1	0229	Cleveland	Cuyahoga	E. 14TH & ORANGE	2013	063	70	61	60	98	99	95	93	86	0	0	41.3	0
39-035-0060	3	0229	Cleveland	Cuyahoga	E. 14TH & ORANGE	2013	079	8637	365	361	99	74	73	72	71	0	0	26.8	0
39-035-0065	1	0229	Newburgh Heights	Cuyahoga	4600 HARVARD AVE.	2013	063	65	61	60	98	76	68	64	58	0	0	32.7	0
39-035-1002	1	0229	Brook Park	Cuyahoga	16900 HOLLAND RD.	2013	063	64	61	60	98	30	27	26	25	0	0	15.7	0
39-049-0024	1	0805	Columbus	Franklin	STATE FAIRGROUNDS	2013	063	60	61	60	98	60	41	40	36	0	0	22.5	0
39-049-0024	2	0805	Columbus	Franklin	STATE FAIRGROUNDS	2013	063	60	61	60	98	53	40	40	36	0	0	21.6	0
39-057-0005	1	0287	Yellow Springs	Greene	100 DAYTON ST.	2013	062	60	61	60	98	25	23	23	22	0	0	13.8	0
39-061-0014	1	1259	Cincinnati	Hamilton	SEYMOUR & VINE ST.	2013	063	56	61	56	92	32	32	32	31	0	0	19.5	0
39-061-0040	4	1259	Cincinnati	Hamilton	250 WM.	2013	125	117	122	117	96	36	33	33	32	0	0	16.8	0

55

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
AIR QUALITY SYSTEM
QUICK LOOK REPORT (AMP450)

PM10 Total 0-10um STP (81102)

Ohio

Micrograms/cubic meter (25 C) (001)

24-HOUR

SITE ID	P O C	PQAO	CITY	COUNTY	ADDRESS	YEAR	METH	#OBS	NUM REQ	VALID DAYS	%OBS	1ST MAX	2ND MAX	3RD MAX	4TH MAX	DAY	EST	WTDCERT	
																MAX	>STD	>STD	ARITH MEAN
39-061-0040	5	1259	Cincinnati	Hamilton	HOWARD TAFT 250 WM.	2013	125	62	61	61	100	32	31	28	28	0	0	16.8	0
39-061-0040	9	1259	Cincinnati	Hamilton	HOWARD TAFT 250 WM.	2013	079	8619	365	359	98	44	43	42	41	0	0	22.5	0
39-061-5001	1	1259	Lockland	Hamilton	HOWARD TAFT 101 COOPER AVE.	2013	063	60	61	60	98	27	26	25	25	0	0	16.0	0
39-061-5001	2	1259	Lockland	Hamilton	101 COOPER AVE.	2013	063	61	61	61	100	27	26	25	25	0	0	15.9	0
39-081-0001	1	0809	Not in a city	Jefferson	1004 THIRD ST., BRILLIANT	2013	063	61	61	61	100	40	38	37	37	0	0	23.8	0
39-081-0017	1	0809	Steubenville	Jefferson	618 LOGAN ST.	2013	063	59	61	59	97	40	39	39	39	0	0	25.1	0
39-081-0017	2	0809	Steubenville	Jefferson	618 LOGAN ST.	2013	063	60	61	60	98	40	40	39	38	0	0	24.3	0
39-085-1001	1	0595	Fairport Harbor (Fairport)	Lake	325 VINE ST.	2013	062	60	61	60	98	40	34	31	31	0	0	15.7	0
39-085-1001	2	0595	Fairport Harbor (Fairport)	Lake	325 VINE ST.	2013	062	60	61	60	98	39	35	31	30	0	0	15.9	0
39-087-0012	1	0880	Ironton	Lawrence	450 Commerce Drive	2013	062	59	61	59	97	32	27	26	26	0	0	17.2	0
39-093-3002	1	0807	Sheffield	Lorain	2180 LAKE BREEZE	2013	062	54	61	54	89	35	21	21	18	0	0	10.9	0
39-099-0005	1	0634	Youngstown	Mahoning	145 MADISON AVE.	2013	063	60	61	60	98	30	30	29	27	0	0	16.4	0
39-099-0006	1	0634	Youngstown	Mahoning	1524 OAKLAND AVE.	2013	063	58	61	58	95	39	38	34	33	0	0	19.0	0
39-099-0006	2	0634	Youngstown	Mahoning	1524 OAKLAND AVE.	2013	063	59	61	59	97	40	39	35	33	0	0	19.2	0
39-113-7001	1	0287	Moraine	Montgomery	2728 VIKING LANE	2013	063	60	61	60	98	33	32	32	31	0	0	18.2	0

56

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
 AIR QUALITY SYSTEM
 QUICK LOOK REPORT (AMP450)

PM10 Total 0-10um STP (81102)

Ohio

Micrograms/cubic meter (25 C) (001)

24-HOUR

SITE ID	P O C	PQAO	CITY	COUNTY	ADDRESS	YEAR	METH	#OBS	NUM REQ	VALID DAYS	%OBS	1ST	2ND	3RD	DAY EST		WTD CERT		
												MAX	MAX	MAX	MAX	>STD	>STD	ARITH MEAN	and EVAL EDT
39-113-7001	2	0287	Moraine	Montgomery	2728 VIKING LANE	2013	063	57	61	57	93	32	32	31	29	0	0	17.9	0
39-145-0013	1	0880	Portsmouth	Scioto	4862 GALLIA	2013	062	61	61	61	100	28	27	26	25	0	0	16.5	0
39-145-0013	2	0880	Portsmouth	Scioto	4862 GALLIA	2013	062	57	61	57	93	30	29	28	27	0	0	16.9	0
39-145-0019	1	0880	Portsmouth	Scioto	605 WASHINGTON	2013	062	58	61	58	95	33	27	26	25	0	0	16.7	0
39-145-0020	1	1299	Not in a city	Scioto	2840 BACK RD.	2013	150	8733	365	365	100	32	27	27	26	0	0	13.0	0
39-145-0021	1	1299	Franklin Furnace	Scioto	2446 GALLIA PIKE	2013	150	8711	365	363	99	40	40	34	33	0	0	16.4	0
39-145-0022	1	1299	Franklin Furnace	Scioto	1740 GALLIA PIKE	2013	150	8657	365	360	99	30	30	29	27	0	0	13.4	0
39-155-0005	1	0634	Warren	Trumbull	540 LAIRD AVE.	2013	000	59	61	59	97	38	32	27	25	0	0	15.2	0
39-155-0005	2	0634	Warren	Trumbull	540 LAIRD AVE.	2013	062	60	61	60	98	31	26	26	25	0	0	14.3	0
39-155-0006	1	0634	Warren	Trumbull	2323 MAIN AVE.	2013	000	59	61	59	97	31	25	25	23	0	0	13.6	0

Particulate Matter <2.5µ (PM_{2.5})

On July 18, 1997, the U.S. EPA promulgated revisions to the National Ambient Air Quality Standards for particulate matter. The primary standard includes only those particles with an aerodynamic diameter smaller than or equal to a nominal 2.5 micrometers. This new standard is referred to as the PM_{2.5} standard (particulate matter <2.5 micrometers).

The annual standard is 12.0µg/m³ annual arithmetic mean (average over three consecutive years' data). The 24-hour standard is met when the 98th percentile concentration averaged over three consecutive years, is less than or equal to 35µg/m³.

The Annual National Ambient Air Quality Standard was changed from 15.0µg/m³ to 12.0µg/m³, announced on December 14, 2012 and effective in January 2013.

The 24-Hour National Ambient Air Quality Standard was changed from 65µg/m³ to 35µg/m³ effective in December 2006.

This revision to the particulate matter program is due to research findings concerning particle size. Particulate matter can harm body tissue such as the linings of the nose and throat and the lungs by simple mechanical irritation. Nasal hairs and sneezing are the body's natural defenses against some of the relatively large particles (15-100 microns). However, small particles can slip past these defenses and penetrate deep into the lungs where they can damage lung tissues.

Because of the final action to set the fine particulate standards by U.S. EPA to supplement PM₁₀, the Ohio Air Monitoring Network had a peak of 52 sites in 2008. There were 49 PM_{2.5} sites in 2013. Those 49 sites have a total of 98 monitors reporting data. There are 24 continuous monitors of which 3 are Federal Equivalent Method monitors and 15 speciation monitors in addition to the 25 Federal Reference monitors.

The Federal Reference and Federal Equivalent Method monitors are used to determine compliance with the National Ambient Air Quality Standards, the speciation monitors are used for analysis to determine the composition of the particulate and the continuous monitors are primarily used for the Air Quality Index and for "real time" reporting of particulate data to the public.

Since most continuous and all speciation analysis monitors are not Federal Reference or Equivalent Methods those data are not used to determine compliance with the National Ambient Air Quality Standards.

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
AIR QUALITY SYSTEM
QUICK LOOK REPORT (AMP450)

PM2.5 - Local Conditions (88101)

Ohio

Micrograms/cubic meter (LC) (105)

24-HOUR

SITE ID	P O C	PQAO	CITY	COUNTY	ADDRESS	YEAR	METH	NUM CRED DAYS	1ST MAX	2ND MAX	3RD MAX	4TH MAX	98TH	WTD	CERT	EDT
													PERCENTILE VALUE	ARITH MEAN	and EVAL	
39-003-0009	1	0808	Lima	Allen	2850 BIBLE ROAD	2013	142	46	19.0	18.1	17.1	16.9	19.0	9.91*		0
39-009-0003	1	0809	Not in a city	Athens	S.R. 377 GIFFORD STATE FOREST	2013	142	57	18.6	15.6	14.9	14.4	15.6	8.11		0
39-017-0003	1	1259	Middletown	Butler	BONITA & ST JOHN	2013	142	120	30.1	27.9	25.8	23.3	25.8	11.12		0
39-017-0016	1	1259	Fairfield	Butler	400 NILLES RD.	2013	142	118	29.6	25.0	23.3	22.2	23.3	10.71		0
39-017-0019	1	1259	Middletown	Butler	1300 OXFORD STATE ROAD	2013	142	121	29.8	25.6	25.5	25.0	25.5	11.05		0
39-017-0020	1	1259	Middletown	Butler	3350 YANKEE ROAD	2013	142	119	30.2	28.0	26.4	26.3	26.4	13.28		0
39-023-0005	1	0287	Springfield	Clark	350 N. FOUNTAIN AVE.	2013	142	112	29.7	25.2	24.4	20.8	24.4	10.13		0
39-035-0034	1	0229	Cleveland	Cuyahoga	891 E. 152 ST.	2013	120	112	30.5	24.3	23.7	23.4	23.7	9.48		0
39-035-0038	1	0229	Cleveland	Cuyahoga	2547 ST TIKHON	2013	118	112	30.4	28.6	26.4	24.3	26.4	12.18*		0
39-035-0038	2	0229	Cleveland	Cuyahoga	2547 ST TIKHON	2013	118	29	25.8	24.9	20.0	20.0	25.8	13.01*		0
39-035-0045	1	0229	Cleveland	Cuyahoga	4950 BROADWAY AVE.	2013	120	112	28.6	25.2	23.7	22.6	23.7	11.24		0
39-035-0060	1	0229	Cleveland	Cuyahoga	E. 14TH & ORANGE	2013	118	121	27.5	27.3	26.0	24.6	26.0	12.18		0
39-035-0060	3	0229	Cleveland	Cuyahoga	E. 14TH & ORANGE	2013	170	363	42.7	32.8	28.8	27.9	25.7	12.00		0
39-035-0065	1	0229	Newburgh Heights	Cuyahoga	4600 HARVARD AVE.	2013	120	119	27.6	23.7	23.1	22.9	23.1	11.37		0
39-035-1002	1	0229	Brook Park	Cuyahoga	16900 HOLLAND RD.	2013	120	115	27.4	22.7	22.5	20.7	22.5	9.15		0
39-049-0024	1	0805	Columbus	Franklin	STATE	2013	000	115	29.9	28.4	23.8	19.7	23.8	10.12		0

Note: The * indicates that the mean does not satisfy summary criteria.

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
AIR QUALITY SYSTEM
QUICK LOOK REPORT (AMP450)

PM2.5 - Local Conditions (88101)

Ohio

Micrograms/cubic meter (LC) (105)

24-HOUR

SITE ID	P O C	PQAO	CITY	COUNTY	ADDRESS	YEAR	METH	NUM CRED DAYS	1ST MAX	2ND MAX	3RD MAX	4TH MAX	98TH	WTD	CERT	EDT
													PERCENTILE VALUE	ARITH MEAN	and EVAL	
FAIRGROUNDS																
39-049-0025	1	0805	Columbus	Franklin	1700 ANN ST.	2013	120	117	28.6	28.2	24.3	20.2	24.3	10.06		0
39-049-0025	2	0805	Columbus	Franklin	1700 ANN ST.	2013	120	58	19.5	19.4	18.7	18.6	19.4	10.66		0
39-049-0029	3	0805	New Albany	Franklin	7600 FODOR RD.	2013	170	364	26.0	25.3	25.1	25.1	20.8	9.84		0
39-049-0081	1	0805	Columbus	Franklin	5750 MAPLE CANYON	2013	000	121	29.0	28.3	23.6	20.2	23.6	9.84		0
39-057-0005	1	0287	Yellow Springs	Greene	100 DAYTON ST.	2013	142	119	27.0	25.3	19.0	18.8	19.0	9.72		0
39-057-0005	2	0287	Yellow Springs	Greene	100 DAYTON ST.	2013	142	59	19.4	18.8	17.5	17.1	18.8	9.99		0
39-061-0006	1	1259	Blue Ash	Hamilton	11590 GROOMS RD	2013	120	119	26.5	24.4	23.2	21.4	23.2	10.08		0
39-061-0010	1	1259	Cleves	Hamilton	6950 RIPPLE RD.	2013	142	120	25.9	24.8	22.4	22.3	22.4	10.53		0
39-061-0014	1	1259	Cincinnati	Hamilton	SEYMOUR & VINE ST.	2013	120	116	32.2	27.7	24.1	21.9	24.1	11.60		0
39-061-0014	2	1259	Cincinnati	Hamilton	SEYMOUR & VINE ST.	2013	120	57	23.3	22.2	20.6	19.9	22.2	11.97*		0
39-061-0040	1	1259	Cincinnati	Hamilton	250 WM. HOWARD TAFT	2013	142	120	25.3	24.8	24.5	23.8	24.5	10.58		0
39-061-0040	4	1259	Cincinnati	Hamilton	250 WM. HOWARD TAFT	2013	142	58	23.4	21.9	18.1	17.5	21.9	10.58		0
39-061-0042	1	1259	Cincinnati	Hamilton	2101 W. 8TH ST.	2013	142	115	30.1	27.0	26.4	24.3	26.4	11.55		0
39-081-0017	1	0809	Steubenville	Jefferson	618 LOGAN ST.	2013	145	152	32.5	29.5	26.9	25.9	25.9	10.99		0
39-081-0017	2	0809	Steubenville	Jefferson	618 LOGAN ST.	2013	145	65	31.4	26.2	24.8	20.8	26.2	10.50*		0
39-081-0017	3	0809	Steubenville	Jefferson	618 LOGAN ST.	2013	170	354	35.0	32.3	30.0	28.9	24.9	9.97		0
39-081-0021	1	0809	Mingo Junction	Jefferson	110 STUEBEN ST.	2013	142	5	12.2	8.7	7.1	6.0	12.2	7.62*		0

Note: The * indicates that the mean does not satisfy summary criteria.

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
AIR QUALITY SYSTEM
QUICK LOOK REPORT (AMP450)

PM2.5 - Local Conditions (88101)

Ohio

Micrograms/cubic meter (LC) (105)

24-HOUR

SITE ID	P O C	PQAO	CITY	COUNTY	ADDRESS	YEAR	METH	NUM CRED DAYS	1ST MAX	2ND MAX	3RD MAX	4TH MAX	98TH	WTD	CERT	EDT
													PERCENTILE VALUE	ARITH MEAN	and EVAL	
39-081-1001	1	0809	Mingo Junction	Jefferson	501 COMMERICAL	2013	000	32	19.7	17.4	16.8	15.2	19.7	11.03*		0
39-081-1001	2	0809	Mingo Junction	Jefferson	501 COMMERICAL	2013	120	3	13.2	12.8	9.7		13.2	11.90*		0
39-085-0007	1	0595	Painesville	Lake	177 MAIN STREET	2013	120	119	21.8	21.4	18.8	18.6	18.8	8.65		0
39-085-0007	2	0595	Painesville	Lake	177 MAIN STREET	2013	120	59	21.2	18.3	17.6	15.2	18.3	9.48		0
39-087-0012	1	0880	Ironton	Lawrence	450 Commerce Drive	2013	120	119	20.0	19.1	18.5	17.8	18.5	9.15		0
39-093-3002	1	0807	Sheffield	Lorain	2180 LAKE BREEZE	2013	120	116	27.7	21.4	20.9	20.5	20.9	8.83		0
39-093-3002	2	0807	Sheffield	Lorain	2180 LAKE BREEZE	2013	120	57	20.7	18.5	18.0	17.6	18.5	9.11		0
39-095-0024	1	0220	Toledo	Lucas	348 S. ERIE	2013	118	118	22.5	21.5	21.3	21.3	21.3	9.62		0
39-095-0024	2	0220	Toledo	Lucas	348 S. ERIE	2013	118	58	21.9	20.8	19.5	17.9	20.8	10.16		0
39-095-0026	1	0220	Toledo	Lucas	4208 AIRPORT HIGHWAY	2013	118	118	22.5	22.1	21.6	19.8	21.6	9.59		0
39-095-0028	1	0220	Toledo	Lucas	3040 YORK ST.	2013	118	121	22.8	21.7	20.1	19.9	20.1	9.50		0
39-099-0005	1	0634	Youngstown	Mahoning	145 MADISON AVE.	2013	142	60	23.3	22.9	19.5	19.2	22.9	10.95		0
39-099-0005	2	0634	Youngstown	Mahoning	145 MADISON AVE.	2013	142	60	22.5	21.9	19.6	18.6	21.9	10.62		0
39-099-0014	1	0634	Youngstown	Mahoning	345 OAKHILL AVE.	2013	120	109	28.6	28.5	21.9	21.7	21.9	9.68		0
39-103-0004	1	0012	Not in a city	Medina	BALLASH ROAD	2013	120	103	27.9	23.0	22.5	19.4	22.5	9.12*		0
39-113-0032	1	0287	Dayton	Montgomery	215 EAST THIRD ST.	2013	145	117	26.3	23.6	22.7	19.2	22.7	10.32		0
39-113-0032	2	0287	Dayton	Montgomery	215 EAST THIRD ST.	2013	145	57	21.9	18.9	18.7	18.7	18.9	10.86		0
39-133-0002	1	0012	Ravenna	Portage	531	2013	118	91	29.9	23.3	21.5	18.7	23.3	8.88*		0

Note: The * indicates that the mean does not satisfy summary criteria.

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
 AIR QUALITY SYSTEM
 QUICK LOOK REPORT (AMP450)

PM2.5 - Local Conditions (88101)

Ohio

Micrograms/cubic meter (LC) (105)

24-HOUR

SITE ID	P O C	PQAO	CITY	COUNTY	ADDRESS	YEAR	METH	NUM CRED DAYS	1ST MAX	2ND MAX	3RD MAX	4TH MAX	98TH	WTD	CERT	EDT
													PERCENTILE VALUE	ARITH MEAN	and EVAL	
39-135-1001	1	0287	New Paris	Preble	WASHINGTON 6940 OXFORD GETTYSBURG RD.	2013	145	119	27.7	21.9	21.0	20.9	21.0	9.68		0
39-145-0013	1	0880	Portsmouth	Scioto	4862 GALLIA	2013	120	117	23.7	19.0	18.0	16.5	18.0	8.97		0
39-145-0013	2	0880	Portsmouth	Scioto	4862 GALLIA	2013	120	59	19.4	18.4	18.2	15.7	18.4	9.38		0
39-151-0017	1	0151	Canton	Stark	1330 DUEBER	2013	142	179	32.8	29.7	28.7	27.8	27.8	11.61		0
39-151-0017	2	0151	Canton	Stark	1330 DUEBER	2013	142	55	23.8	22.2	21.7	21.7	22.2	11.99		0
39-151-0020	1	0151	Canton	Stark	420 MARKET	2013	142	118	33.0	26.1	24.3	23.0	24.3	10.67		0
39-153-0017	1	0012	Akron	Summit	80 BRITTAIN	2013	118	119	30.7	25.7	24.9	24.7	24.9	10.33		0
39-153-0017	2	0012	Akron	Summit	80 BRITTAIN	2013	118	53	24.9	21.0	20.4	19.3	21.0	10.86		0
39-153-0023	1	0012	Akron	Summit	660 W. EXCHANGE ST.	2013	118	119	29.7	26.2	24.0	23.9	24.0	9.95		0
39-155-0005	1	0634	Warren	Trumbull	540 LAIRD AVE.	2013	142	115	27.3	27.0	24.5	22.8	24.5	9.75		0

62

Note: The * indicates that the mean does not satisfy summary criteria.

PM-2.5 Continuous Monitor Data

Site ID	POC	Rep Org	City	County	Address	Year	Method	#OBS	1st Max	2nd Max	3rd Max	4th Max	Arith Mean	
39-001-0001	3	0880	West Union	Adams	210 N. Wilson Dr.	2013	750	8690	63.8	62.1	56.6	53.0	7.61	1-Hr
39-001-0001	3	0880	West Union	Adams	210 N. Wilson Dr.	2013	750	362	21.3	20.6	18.0	17.9	7.57	24-Hr
39-003-0009	3	0808		Allen	2850 Bible Rd.	2013	701	8498	59.3	44.0	43.5	36.3	6.09	1-Hr
39-003-0009	3	0808		Allen	2850 Bible Rd.	2013	701	352	18.9	17.8	17.0	15.6	6.05	24-Hr
39-017-0019	3	1259	Middletown	Butler	Oxford Rd.	2013	750	365	34.8	29.0	27.1	24.2	10.68	24-Hr
39-017-0019	3	1259	Middletown	Butler	Oxford Rd.	2013	750	8744	133.2	62.9	57.8	56.8	10.73	1-Hr
39-017-0020	3	1259	Middletown	Butler	Yankee Rd.	2013	750	363	35.5	34.9	34.2	33.7	13.52	24-Hr
39-017-0020	3	1259	Middletown	Butler	Yankee Rd.	2013	750	8718	130.6	100.7	89.9	72.4	13.58	1-Hr
39-023-0005	3	0287	Springfield	Clark	350 N. Fountain Ave.	2013	750	364	28.5	26.2	26.0	25.5	10.25	24-Hr
39-023-0005	3	287	Springfield	Clark	350 N. Fountain Ave.	2013	750	8714	63.8	53.3	49.2	48.1	10.30	1-Hr
39-025-0022	3	1259	Batavia	Clermont	2400 Clermont Center Dr.	2013	760	342	28.6	26.5	25.9	25.4	10.86	1-Hr
39-025-0022	3	1259	Batavia	Clermont	2400 Clermont Center Dr.	2013	760	8201	55.0	41.4	40.3	39.8	10.94	24-Hr
39-035-0060	3	0229	Cleveland	Cuyahoga	E. 14th & Orange	2013	170	363	42.7	32.8	28.8	27.9	11.99	24-Hr
39-035-0060	3	0229	Cleveland	Cuyahoga	E. 14th & Orange	2013	170	8653	116.6	93.9	85.8	75.6	12.03	1-Hr
39-049-0029	3	0805	New Albany	Franklin	7600 Fodor Rd.	2013	170	364	26.0	25.3	25.1	25.1	9.84	24-Hr
39-049-0029	3	0805	New Albany	Franklin	7600 Fodor Rd.	2013	170	8705	110.3	38.3	37.9	35.7	9.88	1-Hr
39-049-0034	3	0805	Columbus	Franklin	Korbel Ave.	2013	701	8709	54.7	53.7	43.8	37.9	7.81	1-Hr
39-049-0034	3	0805	Columbus	Franklin	Korbel Ave.	2013	701	363	21.3	20.0	19.7	19.6	7.77	24-Hr
39-057-0005	3	0287	Yellow Springs	Greene	314 Dayton St.	2013	750	8591	240.5	221.5	219.6	219.3	9.76	1-Hr
39-057-0005	3	0287	Yellow Springs	Greene	314 Dayton St.	2013	750	357	71.7	31.6	27.7	23.2	9.73	24-Hr
39-061-0006	3	1259	Cincinnati	Hamilton	11590 Grooms Rd.	2013	750	8719	59.2	54.9	54.2	52.7	11.89	1-Hr
39-061-0006	3	1259	Cincinnati	Hamilton	11590 Grooms Rd.	2013	750	363	30.8	29.6	26.9	25.8	11.84	24-Hr
39-061-0010	3	1259	Cleves	Hamilton	6950 Ripple Rd	2013	731	7961	53.6	47.9	45.9	45.6	14.12	1-Hr
39-061-0010	3	1259	Cleves	Hamilton	6950 Ripple Rd	2013	731	329	32.7	31.7	30.2	30.0	14.09	24-Hr *
39-061-0040	3	1259	Cincinnati	Hamilton	250 Wm Howard Taft	2013	170	351	27.0	26.9	26.9	26.3	11.88	24-Hr
39-061-0040	3	1259	Cincinnati	Hamilton	250 Wm Howard Taft	2013	170	8464	44.4	42.1	41.1	40.9	11.93	1-Hr

63

PM-2.5 Continuous Monitor Data

Site ID	POC	Rep Org	City	County	Address	Year	Method	#OBS	1st Max	2nd Max	3rd Max	4th Max	Arith Mean	
39-081-0017	3	0809	Steubenville	Jefferson	618 Logan St.	2013	170	354	35.0	32.3	30.0	28.9	9.95	24-Hr
39-081-0017	3	0809	Steubenville	Jefferson	618 Logan St.	2013	170	8503	87.8	79.4	77.4	67.8	10.00	1-Hr
39-085-0007	3	0595	Painesville	Lake	177 Main St.	2013	760	8731	56.0	49.0	42.0	40.0	10.29	1-Hr
39-085-0007	3	0595	Painesville	Lake	177 Main St.	2013	760	365	27.2	26.5	26.3	26.0	10.24	24-Hr
39-087-0012	3	0880	Ironton	Lawrence	450 Commerce Dr.	2013	750	8377	129.2	81.1	74.6	64.0	10.16	1-Hr
39-087-0012	3	0880	Ironton	Lawrence	450 Commerce Dr.	2013	750	345	28.7	25.5	23.5	23.0	10.15	24-Hr
39-093-3002	3	0807	Sheffield	Lorain	2180 Lake Breeze	2013	701	352	32.3	31.4	24.3	24.2	6.64	24-Hr
39-093-3002	3	0807	Sheffield	Lorain	2180 Lake Breeze	2013	701	8490	54.2	51.1	50.8	50.7	6.70	1-Hr
39-095-0024	3	0220	Toledo	Lucas	348 S. Erie	2013	701	358	22.5	22.3	21.3	20.4	9.28	24-Hr
39-095-0024	3	0220	Toledo	Lucas	348 S. Erie	2013	701	8585	72.0	57.8	51.5	49.0	9.31	1-Hr
39-099-0014	3	0634	Youngstown	Mahoning	345 Oakhill Ave.	2013	701	8527	170.4	102.5	91.2	67.2	10.41	1-Hr
39-099-0014	3	0634	Youngstown	Mahoning	345 Oakhill Ave.	2013	701	357	26.2	25.0	24.9	24.3	10.37	24-Hr
39-113-0032	3	0287	Dayton	Montgomery	215 East Third St.	2013	750	353	40.2	38.9	30.1	27.2	11.16	24-Hr
39-113-0032	3	0287	Dayton	Montgomery	215 East Third St.	2013	750	8546	76.0	74.1	60.1	58.4	11.21	1-Hr
39-135-1001	3	0287		Preble	National Trails	2013	750	8487	50.8	50.2	48.2	48.2	10.25	1-Hr
39-135-1001	3	0287		Preble	National Trails	2013	750	351	40.2	27.9	26.0	25.8	10.21	24-Hr
39-151-0020	3	0151	Canton	Stark	420 Market	2013	701	8284	34.5	32.6	31.0	29.3	8.93	24-Hr
39-151-0020	3	0151	Canton	Stark	420 Market	2013	701	344	16.3	15.7	15.7	15.5	8.89	1-Hr
39-155-0005	3	0634	Warren	Trumbull	540 Laird Ave.	2013	701	8677	247.4	105.9	97.7	73.9	9.51	1-Hr
39-155-0005	3	0634	Warren	Trumbull	540 Laird Ave.	2013	701	362	29.5	24.1	23.2	23.1	9.49	24-Hr
39-165-0007	3	1259	Lebanon	Warren	416 Southeast S.	2013	731	339	30.9	30.3	29.4	29.1	14.78	24-Hr
39-165-0007	3	1259	Lebanon	Warren	416 Southeast S.	2013	731	8194	54.2	50.1	48	46.7	14.88	1-Hr

Note: The * indicates that the mean does not satisfy the summary criteria

64

PM-2.5 Speciation Monitor Data

Site ID	POC	PQAO	City	County	Address	Year	Method	#OBS	1st Max	2nd Max	3rd Max	4th Max	Arith Mean
39-035-0038	6	0229	Cleveland	Cuyahoga	2547 St. Tikhon	2013	810	57	27.8	26.0	22.7	22.2	15.52
39-035-0060	5	0229	Cleveland	Cuyahoga	E. 14th & Orange	2013	810	95	27.9	26.8	26.2	25.8	12.61 *
39-035-0060	6	0229	Cleveland	Cuyahoga	E. 14th & Orange	2013	810	50	42.0	37.3	36.7	31.8	16.23 *
39-049-0081	6	0805	Columbus	Franklin	5750 Maple Canyon	2013	810	61	20.0	19.6	18.5	18.2	10.87
39-061-0040	5	1259	Cincinnati	Hamilton	250 Wm Howard Taft	2013	810	120	28.2	24.3	23.3	23.2	10.59
39-081-0017	5	0809	Steubenville	Jefferson	618 Logan St.	2013	810	4	45.2	29.6	9.1	5.0	22.23 *
39-081-1001	5	0809	Mingo Junction	Jefferson	501 Commercial	2013	810	42	45.1	36.2	28.9	22.3	15.76 *
39-087-0012	5	0880	Ironton	Lawrence	450 Commerce Dr.	2013	810	56	26.1	25.4	21.8	19.7	11.17
39-093-3002	5	0807	Sheffield	Lorain	2180 Lake Breeze	2013	810	58	21.4	19.2	15.8	15.2	10.24
39-095-0026	5	0220	Toledo	Lucas	4208 Airport Highway	2013	810	55	25.4	20.7	20.0	19.9	10.68
39-099-0014	5	0634	Youngstown	Mahoning	345 Oakhill Ave.	2013	810	57	42.9	21.8	21.0	20.1	11.63
39-113-0032	5	0287	Dayton	Montgomery	215 East Third St.	2013	810	59	19.8	19.6	18.9	17.7	11.01
39-135-1001	5	0287	New Paris	Preble	6940 Oxford Gettysburg Rd.	2013	810	117	26.2	23.0	21.2	20.9	9.68
39-151-0017	5	0151	Canton	Stark	1330 Dueber	2013	810	59	23.2	22.6	21.9	21.2	10.09
39-153-0023	5	0012	Akron	Summit	660 W. Exchange St.	2013	810	53	53.9	45.4	29.7	27.2	13.77

Note: The * indicates that the mean does not satisfy the summary criteria

PM-2.5 24-Hr. 98th Percentile Averages

Site	County	Year			Average '11-'13
		2011	2012	2013	
39-003-0009	Allen	28.0	20.7	19.0	23
39-009-0003	Athens	18.5	15.6	15.6	17
39-017-0003	Butler	28.8	20.2	25.8	25
39-017-0016		26.8	23.2	23.3	24
39-017-0019		28.4	22.8	25.5	26
39-017-0020		28.3	27.5	26.4	27
39-023-0005	Clark	28.0	22.3	24.4	25
39-025-0022	Clermont	30.2			
39-035-0034	Cuyahoga	22.6	19.5	23.7	22
39-035-0038		28.2	28.8	26.4	28
39-035-0045		25.2	24.5	23.7	24
39-035-0060		26.5	33.5	26.0	29
39-035-0065		27.0	23.3	23.1	24
39-035-1002		23.9	19.9	22.5	22
39-049-0024	Franklin	23.6	22.0	23.8	23
39-049-0025		23.6	22.0	24.3	23
39-049-0081		21.4	20.7	23.6	22
39-057-0005	Greene	26.4	20.2	19.0	22
39-061-0006	Hamilton	25.7	21.7	23.2	24
39-061-0010		26.2	21.7	22.4	23
39-061-0014		28.2	25.2	24.1	26
39-061-0040		29.7	24.3	24.0	26
39-061-0042		30.2	23.3	26.4	27
39-081-0017	Jefferson	29.9	22.7	25.9	26
39-081-1001		24.9	21.0	19.7	22
39-085-0007	Lake	23.3	19.4	18.8	21
39-087-0012	Lawrence	22.9	21.3	18.5	21
39-093-3002	Lorain	23.1	22.0	20.9	22
39-095-0024	Lucas	26.4	21.3	21.3	23
39-095-0026		23.5	21.5	21.6	22
39-095-0028		25.5	24.7	20.1	23
39-099-0005	Mahoning	25.0	23.2	22.9	24
39-099-0014		24.8	20.7	21.9	22
39-103-0004	Medina	25.0	19.1	22.5	22
39-113-0032	Montgomery	28.5	21.9	22.7	24
39-133-0002	Portage	23.2	18.2	23.3	22
39-135-1001	Preble	24.9	19.5	21.0	22
39-145-0013	Scioto	21.2	18.8	18.2	19
39-151-0017	Stark	28.1	25.4	27.8	27
39-151-0020		23.1	22.7	24.3	23
39-153-0017	Summit	26.4	20.3	24.9	24
39-153-0023		24.8	19.8	24.0	23
39-155-0005	Trumbull	24.9	19.3	24.5	23
39-165-0007	Warren	28.4			

Combination of two adjacent site's data

 Insufficient data

PM-2.5 Average of Annual Averages

Site	County	Year			Average '11-'13
		2011	2012	2013	
39-003-0009	Allen	10.8	10.0	9.9	10.3
39-009-0003	Athens	8.7	8.7	8.1	8.5
39-017-0003	Butler	12.7	11.2	11.1	11.7
39-017-0016		12.4	10.8	10.7	11.3
39-017-0019		12.7	11.4	11.0	11.7
39-017-0020		13.6	13.9	13.3	13.6
39-023-0005	Clark	12.3	10.4	10.1	10.9
39-025-0022	Clermont	11.0			
39-035-0034	Cuyahoga	10.0	9.3	9.5	9.6
39-035-0038		12.6	12.3	12.2	12.4
39-035-0045		11.9	11.4	11.2	11.5
39-035-0060		12.5	13.2	12.2	12.5
39-035-0065		12.6	12.3	11.4	12.1
39-035-1002		10.4	9.7	9.2	9.7
39-049-0024		Franklin	11.9	10.7	10.1
39-049-0025	11.5		10.7	10.2	10.8
39-049-0081	10.9		10.1	9.8	10.3
39-057-0005	Greene	11.3	9.6	9.7	10.2
39-061-0006	Hamilton	11.7	10.3	10.1	10.7
39-061-0010		11.8	10.6	10.5	11.0
39-061-0014		13.2	12.1	11.6	12.3
39-061-0040		12.4	12.6	11.5	12.1
39-061-0042		13.3	11.7	11.5	12.2
39-081-0017	Jefferson	12.6	11.3	10.9	11.6
39-081-1001		11.3	10.0	11.0	10.8
39-085-0007	Lake	9.4	9.0	8.6	9.0
39-087-0012	Lawrence	10.8	10.9	9.1	10.3
39-093-3002	Lorain	9.4	9.5	8.8	9.2
39-095-0024	Lucas	10.6	10.0	9.6	10.1
39-095-0026		10.7	9.9	9.6	10.1
39-095-0028		11.4	10.0	9.5	10.3
39-099-0005	Mahoning	10.6	10.6	10.9	10.7
39-099-0014		11.3	10.1	9.6	10.3
39-103-0004	Medina	10.8	9.3	9.1	9.7
39-113-0032	Montgomery	12.1	10.7	10.3	11.0
39-133-0002	Portage	10.5	9.3	8.9	9.5
39-135-1001	Preble	10.9	9.3	9.7	10.0
39-145-0013	Scioto	10.2	9.8	9.0	9.6
39-151-0017	Stark	12.8	11.9	11.6	12.1
39-151-0020		11.3	10.4	10.7	10.8
39-153-0017	Summit	11.8	10.8	10.4	11.0
39-153-0023		11.1	10.0	9.9	10.4
39-155-0005	Trumbull	10.6	9.3	9.8	9.9
39-165-0007	Warren	11.0			

Combined data from two adjacent sites
 Insufficient data

Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂)

Sulfur dioxide is a colorless gas formed through the combination of sulfur and oxygen during combustion. The major sources of SO₂ are the burning of sulfur-containing fossil fuels (mainly coal), with lesser amounts caused by industrial processes such as smelting. Over 40% of the SO₂ found in the ambient air is the result of human activities.

The control of SO₂ emissions from these sources is accomplished primarily by burning coal or oil with a relatively low sulfur content. Newer boilers may be equipped with flue gas desulfurization (FGD) systems that use a caustic solution to scrub SO₂ from the exhaust gas stream.

Sulfur dioxide is harmful because it can be converted to sulfuric acid (H₂SO₄) when it comes in contact with moisture, either in the atmosphere, on plants, materials, or in the lungs. Sulfur Dioxide can also be converted to a sulfate (SO₄²⁻) which as a particulate (aerosol) helps form acid rain and can also be a lung irritant.

The presence of increased levels of SO₂ in the atmosphere has been associated with a higher incidence of respiratory diseases, higher death rates, and property damage.

Sampling Methods

Sulfur dioxide is measured continuously by instruments using pulsed fluorescent techniques.

Fluorescent analyzers irradiate an ambient air sample with ultraviolet light. Sulfur dioxide gas molecules absorb a portion of this energy, and then re-emit the energy at a characteristic wavelength of light. This light energy emitted by SO₂ molecules is sensed by a photomultiplier tube and converted to an electronic signal proportional to the concentration of SO₂ present.

All concentrations for SO₂ are given in parts per million (ppm). Reports for 1995 and earlier used the units 'micrograms per cubic meter' (µg/m³) to report data. The primary units to report data were changed by U.S. EPA in May of 1996.

National Ambient Air Quality Standards

On June 22, 2010 the U.S. EPA revised the NAAQS for SO₂ by adding a 1-Hour standard which is the three year average of the 99th percentile concentration in each year at each monitoring site. The level of the standard is 75 ppb which is not to be exceeded.

The older NAAQS: Annual, 24-Hour and 3-Hour were retained.

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
AIR QUALITY SYSTEM
QUICK LOOK REPORT (AMP450)

Sulfur dioxide (42401)

Ohio

Parts per billion (008)

SITE ID	P O C	PQAO	CITY	COUNTY	ADDRESS	YEAR	METH	OBS	COMP QTRS	1ST	2ND	99TH	1ST	2ND	Days	ARITH	CERT
										MAX 1-HR	MAX 1-HR	PCTL 1-HR	MAX 24-HR	MAX 24-HR	>24HR STD	MEAN AN-STD	and EVAL EDT
39-001-0001	1	0880	West Union	Adams	210 N. WILSON DR.	2013	060	8301	4	33.0	31.0	24.0	9.1	8.4	0	1.15	0
39-003-0009	1	0808	Lima	Allen	2850 BIBLE ROAD	2013	100	8289	4	11.0	10.0	7.0	4.4	3.8	0	1.06	0
39-007-1001	1	0807	Conneaut	Ashtabula	770 LAKE RD.	2013	060	8375	4	69.0	44.0	29.0	6.5	5.7	0	1.16	0
39-013-3002	2	0809	Shadyside	Belmont	EAST 40 ST.	2013	000	8346	4	35.0	35.0	33.0	15.1	10.0	0	1.54	0
39-017-0019	1	1259	Middletown	Butler	1300 OXFORD STATE ROAD	2013	100	8525	4	49.0	38.0	26.0	8.7	8.6	0	1.59	0
39-017-0020	1	1259	Middletown	Butler	3350 YANKEE ROAD	2013	100	8742	4	51.0	49.0	47.0	11.3	10.3	0	1.02	0
39-017-0021	1	1259	Middletown	Butler	1491 MADE INDUSTRIAL DR.	2013	100	5116	2	52.0	35.0	25.0	8.3	7.6	0	1.79*	0
39-023-0003	1	0287	Enon	Clark	5400 SPANGLER	2013	060	8721	4	26.0	22.0	17.0	8.5	8.0	0	.57	0
39-029-0019	1	0807	East Liverpool	Columbiana	1250 GEORGE, COLUMBIANA PORT AUTHORITY	2013	060	3970	2	35.0	28.0	28.0	7.6	7.4	0	1.60*	0
39-029-0022	1	0807	East Liverpool	Columbiana	500 MARYLAND	2013	061	4053	2	41.0	24.0	24.0	7.9	5.0	0	1.25*	0
39-035-0038	2	0229	Cleveland	Cuyahoga	2547 ST TIKHON	2013	060	8583	4	95.0	88.0	63.0	25.3	25.1	0	3.44	0
39-035-0045	1	0229	Cleveland	Cuyahoga	4950 BROADWAY AVE.	2013	188	8501	4	53.0	44.0	18.0	8.7	6.7	0	1.15	0
39-035-0060	1	0229	Cleveland	Cuyahoga	E. 14TH & ORANGE	2013	060	8252	4	111.0	79.0	66.0	24.3	20.3	0	2.25	0
39-035-0060	2	0229	Cleveland	Cuyahoga	E. 14TH & ORANGE	2013	560	8230	4	83.2	73.0	63.4	24.4	20.6	0	2.25	0
39-035-0065	1	0229	Newburgh Heights	Cuyahoga	4600 HARVARD	2013	188	8584	4	70.0	44.0	30.0	13.3	13.0	0	3.13	0

Note: The * indicates that the mean does not satisfy summary criteria.

70

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
AIR QUALITY SYSTEM
QUICK LOOK REPORT (AMP450)

Sulfur dioxide (42401)

Ohio

Parts per billion (008)

SITE ID	P O C	PQAO	CITY	COUNTY	ADDRESS	YEAR	METH	OBS	COMP QTRS	1ST	2ND	99TH	1ST	2ND	Days >24HR STD	ARITH	CERT
										MAX 1-HR	MAX 1-HR	PCTL 1-HR	MAX 24-HR	MAX 24-HR		MEAN AN-STD	and EVAL EDT
39-049-0034	1	0805	Columbus	Franklin	KORBEL AVE.	2013	060	8360	4	19.0	17.0	13.0	6.8	5.3	0	.58	0
39-061-0010	2	1259	Cleves	Hamilton	6950 RIPPLE RD.	2013	100	8508	4	85.0	80.0	68.0	15.2	11.9	0	1.72	0
39-061-0040	1	1259	Cincinnati	Hamilton	250 WM. HOWARD TAFT	2013	592	8219	4	109.9	106.0	56.9	29.3	16.6	0	2.62	0
39-081-0017	1	0809	Steubenville	Jefferson	618 LOGAN ST.	2013	100	8221	4	48.0	44.0	37.0	11.9	8.4	0	1.46	0
39-081-0018	1	1373	Not in a city	Jefferson	3487 COUNTY RD. 19	2013	060	8325	4	71.0	68.0	52.0	16.8	11.7	0	3.83	0
39-081-0020	1	1373	Not in a city	Jefferson	1469 3rd ST.	2013	060	8354	4	41.0	34.0	33.0	9.5	7.4	0	3.24	0
39-085-0003	1	0595	Eastlake	Lake	36010 LAKESHORE	2013	077	8732	4	72.0	54.0	32.0	14.9	11.1	0	3.87	0
39-085-0007	1	0595	Painesville	Lake	177 MAIN STREET	2013	077	8738	4	168.0	138.0	119.0	38.8	30.7	0	3.97	0
39-087-0012	1	0880	Ironton	Lawrence	450 Commerce Drive	2013	060	8179	4	95.0	90.0	22.0	17.6	15.9	0	.94	0
39-095-0008	2	0220	Toledo	Lucas	3040 YORK ST.	2013	060	7829	4	36.0	30.0	29.0	12.8	7.6	0	1.02*	0
39-099-0013	1	0634	Youngstown	Mahoning	345 OAKHILL	2013	061	8352	4	42.0	41.0	27.0	7.0	6.7	0	1.01	0
39-105-0003	1	0809	Pomeroy	Meigs	117 MEMORIAL DRIVE	2013	060	8362	4	63.0	55.0	33.0	7.5	6.0	0	1.09	0
39-115-0004	1	0809	Not in a city	Morgan	S.R. 83	2013	100	8222	4	379.0	185.0	124.0	41.3	39.3	0	3.46	0
39-135-1001	1	0287	New Paris	Preble	6940 OXFORD GETTYSBURG RD.	2013	592	7689	4	17.8	16.4	15.5	6.1	4.7	0	.81	0
39-145-0013	1	0880	Portsmouth	Scioto	4862 GALLIA	2013	061	8341	4	18.0	17.0	10.0	3.8	3.5	0	.54	0
39-145-0020	1	1299	Not in a city	Scioto	2840 BACK RD.	2013	060	8683	4	21.6	15.8	14.3	4.6	4.2	0	.39	0
39-145-0022	1	1299	Franklin	Scioto	1740 GALLIA	2013	060	8694	4	21.1	15.1	11.2	3.8	3.7	0	.80	0

Note: The * indicates that the mean does not satisfy summary criteria.

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
 AIR QUALITY SYSTEM
 QUICK LOOK REPORT (AMP450)

Sulfur dioxide (42401)

Ohio

Parts per billion (008)

SITE ID	P O C	PQAO	CITY	COUNTY	ADDRESS	YEAR	METH	OBS	COMP QTRS	1ST	2ND	99TH	1ST	2ND	Days >24HR STD	ARITH	CERT
										MAX 1-HR	MAX 1-HR	PCTL 1-HR	MAX 24-HR	MAX 24-HR		MEAN AN-STD	and EVAL EDT
39-153-0017	1	0012	Furnace Akron	Summit	80 BRITTAIN	2013	100	8319	4	54.0	51.0	23.0	12.1	8.0	0	1.56	0
39-153-0022	1	0012	Akron	Summit	177 S. PIKE BROADWAY	2013	100	8346	4	81.0	65.0	59.0	38.7	19.3	0	2.92	0

Note: The * indicates that the mean does not satisfy summary criteria.

Nitrogen Dioxide (NO₂)

Nitrogen dioxide is a toxic gas formed in high temperature combustion processes, when nitrogen in the air is oxidized to nitric oxide (NO) or nitrogen dioxide (NO₂). The major sources of NO₂ are high temperature fuel combustion, motor vehicles, and certain chemical processes.

Nitrogen dioxide has been associated with a variety of respiratory diseases through its ability to reduce cell immunity or resistance to bacteria and viruses. Nitrogen dioxide is also harmful due to its involvement in the production of photochemical oxidants such as ozone (O₃).

Sampling Methods

Continuous monitoring of nitrogen dioxide is based on a chemiluminescent reaction between NO and O₃. When these two gases react, light energy at a specific wavelength is produced. In the monitor, ambient air is drawn along two paths. In the first path, the air is reacted directly with ozone, and the light energy produced is proportional to the amount of nitric oxide in the air. In the second path, the air is reacted with ozone after it passes through a catalytic reduction surface. The reduction surface converts NO₂ to NO and the light energy produced is a measure of the total oxides of nitrogen in the air sample. The electronic difference of these two signals yields the concentration of nitrogen dioxide.

All concentrations for NO₂ are given in parts per billion (ppb).

National Ambient Air Quality Standards

On February 9, 2010 the U.S. EPA revised the NAAQS for NO₂ by adding a 1-Hour standard which is the three year average of the annual 98th percentile values. The level of the standard is 100 ppb which is not to be exceeded.

The older annual NAAQS of 53 ppb was retained.

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
 AIR QUALITY SYSTEM
 QUICK LOOK REPORT (AMP450)

Nitrogen dioxide (NO2) (42602)

Ohio

Parts per billion (008)

SITE ID	P O C	PQAO	CITY	COUNTY	ADDRESS	YEAR	METH	COMP QTRS	1ST	2ND	98TH PCTL	OBS	PCT COMP	ARITH MEAN	CERT and EVAL EDT	
									1-HR	1-HR						
39-035-0060	1	0229	Cleveland	Cuyahoga	E. 14TH & ORANGE	2013	099	4	94.0	82.0	53.0	8211	94	12.90		0
39-049-0037	1	0805	Columbus	Franklin	1777 E. BROAD	2013	000	3	42.0	42.0	39.0	6282	72	8.88*		0
39-061-0040	1	1259	Cincinnati	Hamilton	250 WM. HOWARD TAFT	2013	099	3	58.0	55.0	44.0	7684	88	11.90		0

74

Note: The * indicates that the mean does not satisfy summary criteria.

Carbon Monoxide (CO)

Carbon monoxide, a colorless and odorless gas, is the most abundant and widely distributed pollutant found in the lower atmosphere. It is produced by the incomplete combustion of carbon containing fuels, primarily in the internal combustion engine. About 95 to 98% of urban carbon monoxide comes from manmade sources, with transportation vehicles ranking as the largest source.

The main effect of CO on human health involves its tendency to reduce the oxygen carrying capacity of the blood by binding chemically to hemoglobin, the substance that carries oxygen to the cells. This may lead to short-term impairment of mental processes. Exposure to concentrations as low as 10-15 ppm for several hours has affected time interval discrimination in test subjects, while exposures of 31 ppm under similar conditions have temporarily altered the function of the brain.

Sampling Method

Carbon monoxide is monitored continuously by analyzers that operate on the infrared absorption principle. Ambient air is drawn into a sample chamber and a beam of infrared light is passed through it. CO absorbs infrared radiation, and any decrease in the intensity of the beam is due to the presence of CO molecules. This decrease is directly related to the concentration of CO in the ambient air. A special detector measures the difference in the radiation between this beam and a duplicate beam passing through a reference chamber with no CO present. This difference in intensity is electronically translated into a reading of the CO present in the ambient air, measured in parts per million.

National Ambient Air Quality Standard

The NAAQS for carbon monoxide are a 1-Hour concentration of 35 ppm which is not to be exceeded more than once per year and an 8-Hour concentration of 9 ppm which is not to be exceeded more than once per year. These standards were reaffirmed on August 31, 2011.

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
 AIR QUALITY SYSTEM
 QUICK LOOK REPORT (AMP450)

Carbon monoxide (42101)

Ohio

Parts per million (007)

SITE ID	P O C	PQAO	CITY	COUNTY	ADDRESS	YEAR	METH	# OBS	1ST	2ND	OBS	1ST	2ND	OBS	CERT
									MAX 1-HR	MAX 1-HR	>1HR STD	MAX 8-HR	MAX 8-HR	>8HR STD	and EVAL EDT
39-035-0051	1	0229	Cleveland	Cuyahoga	1301 E. 9TH ST.	2013	054	8327	8.5	7.8	0	4.7	4.6	0	0
39-035-0060	1	0229	Cleveland	Cuyahoga	E. 14TH & ORANGE	2013	554	8231	2.407	1.341	0	1.0	.8	0	0
39-049-0005	1	0805	Columbus	Franklin	1585 MORSE RD.	2013	093	8662	1.6	1.6	0	1.0	1.0	0	0
39-061-0040	1	1259	Cincinnati	Hamilton	250 WM. HOWARD TAFT	2013	588	8263	1.840	1.530	0	1.0	.9	0	0
39-085-0006	1	0595	Mentor	Lake	8443 MENTOR AVE.	2013	051	8696	1.6	1.6	0	1.5	1.5	0	0
39-113-0034	1	0287	Dayton	Montgomery	117 SOUTH MAIN ST.	2013	054	8644	2.1	1.8	0	1.2	1.2	0	0
39-135-1001	1	0287	New Paris	Preble	6940 OXFORD GETTYSBURG RD.	2013	000	7256	2.140	1.560	0	.5	.4	0	0
39-151-0020	1	0151	Canton	Stark	420 MARKET	2013	054	8368	1.6	1.3	0	1.0	.9	0	0
39-153-0020	1	0012	Akron	Summit	800 PATTERSON AVE.	2013	093	8726	1.4	1.3	0	.9	.8	0	0
39-153-0022	1	0012	Akron	Summit	177 S. BROADWAY	2013	093	8355	1.5	1.1	0	1.0	.8	0	0

Ozone (O₃)

Ozone differs from other pollutants in that it is not directly emitted into the atmosphere from sources. Rather, it is created photochemically in the lower atmosphere by the reaction of volatile organic compounds and oxides of nitrogen in the presence of sunlight. For this reason, it is referred to as a secondary pollutant. Ozone is the predominant oxidant component of photochemical smog.

In urban areas, emissions of nitrogen oxides and volatile organic compounds lead to the formation of ozone and other photochemical oxidants in the lower atmosphere. Nitrogen oxides, important in triggering the sequence of photochemical reactions, are emitted primarily from combustion sources such as the internal combustion engine, electric power generation units, and gas and oil-fired space heaters. Volatile organic compounds, important in sustaining the reactions, are emitted in the exhausts of gasoline, diesel and jet engines, through the evaporation of gasoline and solvents such as dry-cleaning fluids, and from industrial and non-industrial surface coating operations such as paint booths, from open burning, and other combustion sources.

Although ozone is beneficial in the upper atmosphere, where it screens out ultraviolet rays from the sun, it is harmful in the lower atmosphere. Due to the role of temperature and sunlight in its formation, the largest concentrations occur during the summer months. Ozone irritates mucous membranes of the nose and throat, causes eye irritation, reduces resistance to respiratory infections, damages plants and contributes to the deterioration of materials. Individuals with asthma or disease of the heart or circulatory system experience symptoms when concentrations are above the air quality standards.

Prior to July 1997 there was a one hour standard of 0.12 ppm with more than three exceedances being a violation of the standard. The one hour standard was revoked in 2006.

The standard from July 1997 to May 27, 2008 was an eight hour average of 0.08 ppm with the fourth high eight hour average averaged in each year over three consecutive years.

The current standard is a three year average of the fourth highest eight hour averages at each monitoring site. If that three year average is greater than 0.075 ppm (76 ppb or greater) a violation of the standard has occurred

In 2001 The United States Supreme Court found U.S. EPA's previously proposed implementation plan for ozone unlawful and further held that, in the setting of a standard for ozone pursuant to Section 109 of the Clean Air Act U.S. EPA must set air quality standards at the level that is "requisite"-no higher or lower than is necessary-to protect the public health with an adequate margin of safety. The Supreme Court then sent the case back to the D.C. Circuit Court of Appeals to review U.S. EPA's subsequent actions. On March 26, 2002, that court upheld U.S. EPA's revision of the ozone NAAQS, which had been published in the Federal Register by U.S. EPA as a proposal on November 14, 2001.

This report contains a printout of the one hour data and eight hour average data, as in previous reports, and printouts of the three year average of the fourth high eight hour averages calculated for each site in Ohio for the years 2009 through 2011 and the four highest eight hour averages during 2011. A three year average was not calculated if one or more years had insufficient data.

Sampling Methods

Ozone is monitored continuously during our ozone season, April 1st through October 31st using analyzers that operate on ultraviolet absorption techniques.

Ozone absorbs ultraviolet light. Analyzers designed to measure ozone by ultraviolet photometry use this property. An air sample is drawn into the analyzer and irradiated with an ultraviolet light of 253.7 nanometers wavelength. The amount of light absorbed is related to the amount of ozone present. This is the type of monitor used by Ohio EPA and our Local Air Agencies.

All concentrations for ozone are given in parts per million (ppm).

On the following pages are tables of ozone sites with the:

Highest through fourth highest 1-Hour ozone values

Highest through fourth highest 8-Hour ozone values

Three year average of fourth highest 8-Hour ozone values (see NAAQS TABLE 1)

First day in each year from 1992 that recorded an exceedance of the 1-Hour or 8-Hour standard with the number of sites and the total number of exceedances

Last day in the year upon which an exceedance of the 1-Hour or 8-Hour standard occurred with the number of sites and values listed

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
AIR QUALITY SYSTEM
QUICK LOOK REPORT (AMP450)

Ozone (44201) Ohio Parts per million (007)

1-HOUR

SITE ID	P O C	PQAO	CITY	COUNTY	ADDRESS	YEAR	METH	VALID	NUM	1ST	2ND	3RD	4TH	DAY	EST	MISS	CERT	
								DAYS	DAYS	MAX	MAX	MAX	MAX	MAX>	DAYS>	DAYS<	and	
								MEAS	REQ	1-HR	1-HR	1-HR	1-HR	STD	STD	STD	EVAL	EDT
39-003-0009	1	0808	Lima	Allen	2850 BIBLE ROAD	2013	047	214	214	.078	.077	.075	.073	0	0.0	0	0	
39-007-1001	1	0807	Conneaut	Ashtabula	770 LAKE RD.	2013	047	213	214	.084	.079	.075	.075	0	0.0	1	0	
39-017-0004	1	1259	Hamilton	Butler	SCHULER AND BENDER	2013	087	211	214	.080	.078	.077	.077	0	0.0	1	0	
39-017-0018	1	1259	Middletown	Butler	1701 Runway Dr.	2013	087	214	214	.087	.082	.079	.078	0	0.0	0	0	
39-017-9991	1	1344	Not in a city	Butler	Ecology Research Center, Miami University, Oxford, Ohio 45056	2013	047	203	214	.080	.078	.074	.074	0	0.0	0	Y	0
39-023-0001	1	0287	Springfield	Clark	5171 URBANA	2013	047	214	214	.085	.080	.079	.079	0	0.0	0	0	
39-023-0003	1	0287	Enon	Clark	5400 SPANGLER	2013	047	212	214	.083	.076	.076	.073	0	0.0	0	0	
39-025-0022	1	1259	Batavia	Clermont	2400 CLERMONT CENTER DR.	2013	087	213	214	.086	.080	.076	.075	0	0.0	1	0	
39-027-1002	1	0810	Not in a city	Clinton	62 LAUREL DR.	2013	047	213	214	.083	.078	.074	.073	0	0.0	1	0	
39-035-0034	1	0229	Cleveland	Cuyahoga	891 E. 152 ST.	2013	087	210	214	.089	.078	.075	.073	0	0.0	2	0	
39-035-0060	1	0229	Cleveland	Cuyahoga	E. 14TH & ORANGE	2013	087	209	214	.072	.068	.065	.062	0	0.0	5	0	
39-035-0064	1	0229	Berea	Cuyahoga	390 FAIR ST.	2013	087	210	214	.073	.070	.069	.068	0	0.0	0	0	
39-035-5002	1	0229	Mayfield	Cuyahoga	6116 WILSON MILLS	2013	019	214	214	.084	.075	.071	.070	0	0.0	0	0	
39-041-0002	1	0805	Delaware	Delaware	359 MAIN RD.	2013	047	213	214	.080	.077	.076	.075	0	0.0	1	0	
39-047-9991	1	1344	Not in a city	Fayette	Deer Creek State Park, Mt Sterling, OH 43143	2013	047	184	214	.077	.076	.070	.070	0	0.0	1	Y	0
39-049-0029	1	0805	New Albany	Franklin	7600 FODOR RD.	2013	047	214	214	.085	.084	.078	.077	0	0.0	0	0	
39-049-0037	1	0805	Columbus	Franklin	1777 E. BROAD	2013	047	214	214	.090	.078	.075	.075	0	0.0	0	0	
39-049-0081	1	0805	Columbus	Franklin	5750 MAPLE CANYON	2013	047	213	214	.091	.078	.076	.071	0	0.0	1	0	

08

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
AIR QUALITY SYSTEM
QUICK LOOK REPORT (AMP450)

Ozone (44201) Ohio Parts per million (007)

1-HOUR

SITE ID	P O C	PQAO	CITY	COUNTY	ADDRESS	YEAR	METH	VALID	NUM	1ST	2ND	3RD	4TH	DAY	EST	MISS	CERT	
								DAYS	DAYS	MAX	MAX	MAX	MAX	MAX>	DAYS>	DAYS<	and	
								MEAS	REQ	1-HR	1-HR	1-HR	1-HR	STD	STD	STD	Eval	EDT
39-055-0004	1	0595	Not in a city	Geauga	13000 AUBURN	2013	087	214	214	.078	.075	.073	.070	0	0.0	0	0	
39-057-0006	1	0287	Xenia	Greene	541 LEDBETTER RD.,	2013	047	212	214	.090	.090	.079	.073	0	0.0	0	0	
39-061-0006	1	1259	Blue Ash	Hamilton	11590 GROOMS RD	2013	087	209	214	.083	.078	.076	.076	0	0.0	3	0	
39-061-0010	1	1259	Cleves	Hamilton	6950 RIPPLE RD.	2013	087	208	214	.081	.077	.074	.073	0	0.0	3	0	
39-061-0040	1	1259	Cincinnati	Hamilton	250 WM. HOWARD TAFT	2013	087	213	214	.080	.079	.079	.077	0	0.0	1	0	
39-081-0017	1	0809	Steubenville	Jefferson	618 LOGAN ST.	2013	047	211	214	.091	.076	.076	.076	0	0.0	3	0	
39-083-0002	1	0805	Centerburg	Knox	WATER PLT, SR. 314	2013	047	214	214	.082	.080	.075	.070	0	0.0	0	0	
39-085-0003	1	0595	Eastlake	Lake	36010 LAKESHORE	2013	087	214	214	.098	.084	.082	.078	0	0.0	0	0	
39-085-0007	1	0595	Painesville	Lake	177 MAIN STREET	2013	087	214	214	.084	.077	.075	.075	0	0.0	0	0	
39-087-0011	1	0880	Not in a city	Lawrence	S.R. 141, WILGUS	2013	047	214	214	.072	.070	.070	.070	0	0.0	0	0	
39-087-0012	1	0880	Ironton	Lawrence	450 Commerce Drive	2013	047	210	214	.082	.068	.068	.068	0	0.0	4	0	
39-089-0005	1	0805	Heath (Fourmile Lock)	Licking	300 LICKING VIEW DR.	2013	047	214	214	.074	.072	.071	.070	0	0.0	0	0	
39-093-0018	1	0807	Sheffield	Lorain	4706 DETROIT RD.	2013	047	214	214	.070	.069	.066	.065	0	0.0	0	0	
39-095-0024	1	0220	Toledo	Lucas	348 S. ERIE	2013	056	214	214	.072	.069	.067	.067	0	0.0	0	0	
39-095-0027	1	0220	Waterville	Lucas	200 SOUTH RIVER RD.	2013	019	214	214	.077	.074	.074	.073	0	0.0	0	0	
39-095-0034	1	0220	Not in a city	Lucas	306 N. YONDOTA	2013	056	207	214	.075	.075	.072	.071	0	0.0	4	0	
39-097-0007	1	0805	Not in a city	Madison	940 SR 38 SW	2013	047	214	214	.077	.074	.074	.071	0	0.0	0	0	
39-099-0013	1	0634	Youngstown	Mahoning	345 OAKHILL	2013	087	214	214	.077	.074	.072	.071	0	0.0	0	0	
39-103-0004	1	0012	Not in a city	Medina	BALLASH ROAD	2013	087	214	214	.075	.074	.073	.070	0	0.0	0	0	
39-109-0005	1	0287	Casstown	Miami	3825 NORTH S. R. 589	2013	047	214	214	.080	.076	.076	.073	0	0.0	0	0	
39-113-0037	1	0287	Dayton	Montgomery	1401 Harshman Road	2013	047	208	214	.083	.083	.076	.075	0	0.0	0	0	

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
AIR QUALITY SYSTEM
QUICK LOOK REPORT (AMP450)

Ozone (44201)

Ohio

Parts per million (007)

1-HOUR

SITE ID	P O C	PQAO	CITY	COUNTY	ADDRESS	YEAR	METH	VALID	NUM	1ST	2ND	3RD	4TH	DAY	EST	MISS	CERT	
								DAYS	DAYS	MAX	MAX	MAX	MAX	MAX>	DAYS>	DAYS<	and	
								MEAS	REQ	1-HR	1-HR	1-HR	1-HR	STD	STD	STD	EVAL	EDT
39-121-9991	1	1344	Not in a city	Noble	58163 St. Johns Rd, Quaker City, OH 43773	2013	047	197	214	.076	.075	.074	.072	0	0.0	7	Y	0
39-133-1001	1	0012	Not in a city	Portage	1570 RAVENNA RD.	2013	087	210	214	.077	.074	.067	.067	0	0.0	2		0
39-135-1001	1	0287	New Paris	Preble	6940 OXFORD GETTYSBURG RD.	2013	047	207	214	.074	.073	.072	.071	0	0.0	0		0
39-151-0016	1	0151	Canton	Stark	515 25TH. ST.	2013	047	210	214	.077	.077	.076	.076	0	0.0	4		0
39-151-0022	1	0151	Brewster	Stark	45 S. WABASH AVENUE, S.R 93	2013	047	213	214	.080	.076	.075	.074	0	0.0	1		0
39-151-4005	1	0151	Alliance	Stark	1175 WEST VINE	2013	047	207	214	.077	.075	.075	.073	0	0.0	5		0
39-153-0020	1	0012	Akron	Summit	800 PATTERSON AVE.	2013	087	214	214	.074	.069	.065	.064	0	0.0	0		0
39-155-0009	1	0634	Not in a city	Trumbull	6346 KINSMAN-BLOOMFIELD RD.	2013	087	206	214	.075	.074	.071	.067	0	0.0	0		0
39-155-0011	1	0634	Not in a city	Trumbull	842 YOUNGSTOWN-KINGSVILLE RD.	2013	087	214	214	.085	.077	.077	.074	0	0.0	0		0
39-165-0007	1	1259	Lebanon	Warren	416 SOUTHEAST ST.	2013	087	213	214	.090	.087	.076	.076	0	0.0	1		0
39-167-0004	1	0809	Marietta	Washington	2000 4TH STREET	2013	047	214	214	.077	.075	.074	.069	0	0.0	0		0
39-173-0003	1	0808	Bowling Green	Wood	347 N DUNBRIDGE	2013	047	214	214	.076	.073	.072	.071	0	0.0	0		0

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
AIR QUALITY SYSTEM
QUICK LOOK REPORT (AMP450)

Ozone (44201) Ohio Parts per million (007)
8-HOUR

SITE ID	P O C	PQAO	CITY	COUNTY	ADDRESS	YEAR	METH	%OBS	VALID	NUM	1ST	2ND	3RD	4TH	DAY	CERT
									DAYS	DAYS	MAX	MAX	MAX	MAX	MAX>	and
									MEAS	REQ	8-HR	8-HR	8-HR	8-HR	STD	EDT
39-003-0009	1	0808	Lima	Allen	2850 BIBLE ROAD	2013	047	100	214	214	.074	.071	.070	.068	0	0
39-007-1001	1	0807	Conneaut	Ashtabula	770 LAKE RD.	2013	047	100	213	214	.073	.073	.070	.070	0	0
39-017-0004	1	1259	Hamilton	Butler	SCHULER AND BENDER	2013	087	98	209	214	.070	.070	.069	.068	0	0
39-017-0018	1	1259	Middletown	Butler	1701 Runway Dr.	2013	087	100	214	214	.076	.070	.068	.068	1	0
39-017-9991	1	1344	Not in a city	Butler	Ecology Research Center, Miami University, Oxford, Ohio 45056	2013	047	94	201	214	.075	.073	.069	.069	0	Y 0
39-023-0001	1	0287	Springfield	Clark	5171 URBANA	2013	047	100	213	214	.073	.073	.072	.071	0	0
39-023-0003	1	0287	Enon	Clark	5400 SPANGLER	2013	047	99	211	214	.074	.070	.069	.067	0	0
39-025-0022	1	1259	Batavia	Clermont	2400 CLERMONT CENTER DR.	2013	087	100	213	214	.078	.069	.066	.066	1	0
39-027-1002	1	0810	Not in a city	Clinton	62 LAUREL DR.	2013	047	99	212	214	.077	.069	.065	.064	1	0
39-035-0034	1	0229	Cleveland	Cuyahoga	891 E. 152 ST.	2013	087	98	209	214	.086	.073	.070	.069	1	0
39-035-0060	1	0229	Cleveland	Cuyahoga	E. 14TH & ORANGE	2013	087	95	203	214	.066	.060	.058	.057	0	0
39-035-0064	1	0229	Berea	Cuyahoga	390 FAIR ST.	2013	087	97	208	214	.068	.066	.066	.064	0	0
39-035-5002	1	0229	Mayfield	Cuyahoga	6116 WILSON MILLS	2013	019	99	212	214	.080	.070	.065	.065	1	0
39-041-0002	1	0805	Delaware	Delaware	359 MAIN RD.	2013	047	98	210	214	.074	.073	.071	.070	0	0
39-047-9991	1	1344	Not in a city	Fayette	Deer Creek State Park, Mt Sterling, OH 43143	2013	047	86	183	214	.073	.071	.064	.064	0	Y 0
39-049-0029	1	0805	New Albany	Franklin	7600 FODOR RD.	2013	047	100	214	214	.077	.076	.073	.073	2	0
39-049-0037	1	0805	Columbus	Franklin	1777 E. BROAD	2013	047	100	214	214	.080	.072	.071	.070	1	0
39-049-0081	1	0805	Columbus	Franklin	5750 MAPLE CANYON	2013	047	99	211	214	.081	.070	.068	.065	1	0

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
 AIR QUALITY SYSTEM
 QUICK LOOK REPORT (AMP450)

Ozone (44201) Ohio Parts per million (007)

8-HOUR

SITE ID	P O C	PQAO	CITY	COUNTY	ADDRESS	YEAR	METH	%OBS	VALID	NUM	1ST	2ND	3RD	4TH	DAY	CERT
									DAYS	DAYS	MAX	MAX	MAX	MAX	MAX>	and
									MEAS	REQ	8-HR	8-HR	8-HR	8-HR	STD	EDT
39-055-0004	1	0595	Not in a city	Geauga	13000 AUBURN	2013	087	100	214	214	.074	.070	.066	.065	0	0
39-057-0006	1	0287	Xenia	Greene	541 LEDBETTER RD.,	2013	047	99	212	214	.078	.075	.068	.066	1	0
39-061-0006	1	1259	Blue Ash	Hamilton	11590 GROOMS RD	2013	087	95	204	214	.074	.070	.069	.069	0	0
39-061-0010	1	1259	Cleves	Hamilton	6950 RIPPLE RD.	2013	087	97	208	214	.073	.071	.069	.064	0	0
39-061-0040	1	1259	Cincinnati	Hamilton	250 WM. HOWARD TAFT	2013	087	99	212	214	.074	.073	.072	.069	0	0
39-081-0017	1	0809	Steubenville	Jefferson	618 LOGAN ST.	2013	047	97	208	214	.084	.067	.067	.066	1	0
39-083-0002	1	0805	Centerburg	Knox	WATER PLT, SR. 314	2013	047	100	214	214	.073	.071	.070	.067	0	0
39-085-0003	1	0595	Eastlake	Lake	36010 LAKESHORE	2013	087	100	214	214	.085	.074	.072	.070	1	0
39-085-0007	1	0595	Painesville	Lake	177 MAIN STREET	2013	087	100	214	214	.078	.070	.069	.068	1	0
39-087-0011	1	0880	Not in a city	Lawrence	S.R. 141, WILGUS	2013	047	99	212	214	.070	.066	.060	.060	0	0
39-087-0012	1	0880	Ironton	Lawrence	450 Commerce Drive	2013	047	98	209	214	.072	.064	.064	.063	0	0
39-089-0005	1	0805	Heath (Fourmile Lock)	Licking	300 LICKING VIEW DR.	2013	047	100	214	214	.072	.067	.066	.065	0	0
39-093-0018	1	0807	Sheffield	Lorain	4706 DETROIT RD.	2013	047	100	214	214	.066	.063	.063	.060	0	0
39-095-0024	1	0220	Toledo	Lucas	348 S. ERIE	2013	056	100	214	214	.067	.064	.063	.062	0	0
39-095-0027	1	0220	Waterville	Lucas	200 SOUTH RIVER RD.	2013	019	100	214	214	.073	.069	.068	.068	0	0
39-095-0034	1	0220	Not in a city	Lucas	306 N. YONDOTA	2013	056	94	201	214	.069	.066	.066	.065	0	0
39-097-0007	1	0805	Not in a city	Madison	940 SR 38 SW	2013	047	99	212	214	.069	.069	.068	.066	0	0
39-099-0013	1	0634	Youngstown	Mahoning	345 OAKHILL	2013	087	100	213	214	.067	.066	.065	.063	0	0
39-103-0004	1	0012	Not in a city	Medina	BALLASH ROAD	2013	087	100	214	214	.069	.066	.066	.065	0	0
39-109-0005	1	0287	Casstown	Miami	3825 NORTH S. R. 589	2013	047	100	214	214	.072	.071	.070	.070	0	0
39-113-0037	1	0287	Dayton	Montgomery	1401 Harshman Road	2013	047	97	207	214	.074	.072	.071	.069	0	0

84

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
AIR QUALITY SYSTEM
QUICK LOOK REPORT (AMP450)

Ozone (44201)

Ohio

Parts per million (007)

8-HOUR

SITE ID	P O C	PQAO	CITY	COUNTY	ADDRESS	YEAR	METH	%OBS	VALID	NUM	1ST	2ND	3RD	4TH	DAY	CERT
									DAYS	DAYS	MAX	MAX	MAX	MAX	MAX>	and
									MEAS	REQ	8-HR	8-HR	8-HR	8-HR	STD	EVAL EDT
39-121-9991	1	1344	Not in a city	Noble	58163 St. Johns Rd, Quaker City, OH 43773	2013	047	90	193	214	.073	.069	.069	.063	0	Y 0
39-133-1001	1	0012	Not in a city	Portage	1570 RAVENNA RD.	2013	087	98	210	214	.067	.061	.059	.058	0	0
39-135-1001	1	0287	New Paris	Preble	6940 OXFORD GETTYSBURG RD.	2013	047	97	207	214	.069	.068	.067	.067	0	0
39-151-0016	1	0151	Canton	Stark	515 25TH. ST.	2013	047	97	208	214	.074	.072	.072	.070	0	0
39-151-0022	1	0151	Brewster	Stark	45 S. WABASH AVENUE, S.R 93	2013	047	99	212	214	.073	.070	.069	.067	0	0
39-151-4005	1	0151	Alliance	Stark	1175 WEST VINE	2013	047	96	206	214	.072	.072	.070	.067	0	0
39-153-0020	1	0012	Akron	Summit	800 PATTERSON AVE.	2013	087	100	214	214	.070	.064	.061	.060	0	0
39-155-0009	1	0634	Not in a city	Trumbull	6346 KINSMAN-BLOOMFIELD RD.	2013	087	95	204	214	.068	.066	.063	.062	0	0
39-155-0011	1	0634	Not in a city	Trumbull	842 YOUNGSTOWN-KINGSVILLE RD.	2013	087	100	214	214	.080	.070	.070	.068	1	0
39-165-0007	1	1259	Lebanon	Warren	416 SOUTHEAST ST.	2013	087	99	212	214	.074	.072	.071	.067	0	0
39-167-0004	1	0809	Marietta	Washington	2000 4TH STREET	2013	047	99	212	214	.074	.068	.064	.063	0	0
39-173-0003	1	0808	Bowling Green	Wood	347 N DUNBRIDGE	2013	047	100	214	214	.070	.067	.066	.065	0	0

85

Three Year Average of Fourth High 8-Hr Averages

Site ID	City	County	Address	4th high in Year			3 Year
				2011	2012	2013	Average
39-003-0009		Allen	2650 Bible Rd.	0.073	0.079	0.068	0.073
39-007-1001	Conneaut	Ashtabula	JQ Conneaut Water Plant	0.077	0.079	0.070	0.075
39-009-0004	Athens	Athens	7760 Blackburn Rd.	0.071			
39-017-0004	Hamilton	Butler	Schuler & Bender Rds.	0.078	0.083	0.068	0.076
39-017-0018	Middletown	Butler	1701 Runway Dr.	0.082	0.084	0.068	0.078
39-023-0001	Middletown	Clark	5171 Urbana Rd.	0.077	0.077	0.071	0.075
39-023-0003		Clark	5400 Spangler Rd.	0.077	0.075	0.067	0.073
39-025-0022		Clermont	2400 Claremont Center Dr.	0.082	0.091	0.066	0.079
39-027-1002		Clinton	62 Laurel Rd.	0.084	0.086	0.064	0.078
39-035-0034	Cleveland	Cuyahoga	891 E. 152nd St.	0.081	0.085	0.069	0.078
39-035-0060	Cleveland	Cuyahoga	E 14th & Orange	0.071	0.073	0.057	0.067
39-035-0064	Berea	Cuyahoga	390 Fair St.	0.066	0.083	0.066	0.071
39-035-5002	Mayfield	Cuyahoga	6116 Wilson Mill Rd.	0.078	0.087	0.065	0.076
39-041-0002		Delaware	359 Main Rd.	0.073	0.077	0.070	0.073
39-049-0029	New Albany	Franklin	7600 Fodor Rd.	0.087	0.082	0.073	0.080
39-049-0037	Columbus	Franklin	1777 E. Broad St.	0.077	0.081	0.070	0.076
39-049-0081	Columbus	Franklin	5750 Maple Canyon	0.071	0.076	0.065	0.070
39-055-0004		Geauga	13000 Auburn Rd.	0.072	0.082	0.065	0.073
39-057-0006	Xenia	Greene	541 Ledbetter Rd.	0.076	0.077	0.066	0.073
39-061-0006		Hamilton	11590 Grooms Rd.	0.088	0.087	0.069	0.081
39-061-0010		Hamilton	6950 Ripple Rd.	0.078	0.083	0.064	0.075
39-061-0040	Cincinnati	Hamilton	250 Wm. Howard Taft	0.085	0.082	0.069	0.078
39-081-0017	Steubenville	Jefferson	618 Logan	0.070	0.077	0.066	0.071
39-083-0002		Knox	Water Plant SR 3	0.079	0.074	0.067	0.073
39-085-0003	Eastlake	Lake	Jefferson Elementary	0.081	0.089	0.070	0.080
39-085-0007	Painesville	Lake	177 Main St.	0.068	0.083	0.068	0.073
39-087-0011		Lawrence	SR 775 & SR	0.061	0.072	0.060	0.064
39-087-0012	Ironton	Lawrence	450 Commerce Dr.	0.068	0.075	0.063	0.068
39-089-0005	Heath	Licking	300 Licking View	0.079	0.077	0.065	0.073
39-093-0018	Lorain	Lorain	4706 Detroit Rd.	0.072	0.081	0.060	0.071
39-095-0024	Toledo	Lucas	348 S. Erie St.	0.066	0.083	0.620	0.256
39-095-0027	Waterville	Lucas	200 S. Byrne	0.064	0.074	0.068	0.068
39-095-0034	Toledo	Lucas	306 N. Yondota	0.074	0.082	0.066	0.074

Three Year Average of Fourth High 8-Hr Averages

Site ID	City	County	Address	4th high in Year			3 Year
				2011	2012	2013	Average
39-097-0007		Madison	9940 SR 38 SW	0.079	0.078	0.066	0.074
39-099-0013	Youngstown	Mahoning	345 Oakhill Ave.	0.073	0.076	0.063	0.070
39-103-0004		Medina	Ballash Rd	0.070	0.074	0.065	0.069
39-109-0005		Miami	3825 North State	0.075	0.077	0.070	0.074
39-113-0037	Dayton	Montgomery	1401 Harshman Rd.	0.080	0.079	0.069	0.076
39-133-1001		Portage	1570 Ravenna Rd.	0.069	0.074	0.058	0.067
39-135-1001		Preble	National Trails	0.074	0.077	0.067	0.072
39-151-0016	Canton	Stark	Malone College	0.081	0.077	0.070	0.076
39-151-0022	Brewster	Stark	45 S. Wabash	0.074	0.073	0.067	0.071
39-151-4005	Alliance	Stark	1175 West Vine St.	0.076	0.071	0.067	0.071
39-153-0020	Akron	Summit	800 Patterson Av.	0.076	0.070	0.060	0.068
39-155-0009		Trumbull	Community Hall	0.071	0.076	0.062	0.069
39-155-0011		Trumbull	Trumbull Co. Sanitary Engineers	0.078	0.084	0.068	0.076
39-165-0007	Lebanon	Warren	416 Southeast St.	0.082	0.080	0.067	0.076
39-167-0004	Marietta	Washington	2000 Fourth St.	0.071	0.075	0.063	0.069
39-173-0003	Bowling Green	Wood	347 N. Dunbridge	0.073	0.077	0.065	0.071

Count of Ozone Exceedances in Each Year
 And the Date Upon Which the First Occurred
 The 8-Hour exceedance value used is 0.076 ppm

Year	1-Hr Data Date	Exceedances/Sites	8-Hr Data Date	Exceedances/Sites
1996	28 June	5/45	18 May	782/45
1997	24 June	5/50	4 April	614/50
1998	13 May	15/49	13 April	1155/49
1999	30 May	14/50	8 April	1121/50
2000	9 June	1/48	29 April	326/48
2001	14 June	2/50	8 April	738/50
2002	20 June	22/50	23 May	1436/50
2003	23 June	22/50	15 April	458/50
2004	None	0/50	8 April	178/50
2005	8 June	5/49	10 April	688/49
2006	None	0/49	27 May	236/49
2007	None	0/49	22 April	541/49
2008	None	0/49	17 April	171/49
2009	None	0/49	20 May	31/49
2010	None	0/49	2 April	163/49
2011	None	0/49	4 June	215/49
2012	None	0/48	15 May	329/48
2013	None	0/48	15 May	14/48

Last Ozone Exceedance Dates
1988-2013
One Hour Standard

Year	Date	Sites	Maximum Value
1988	8/18	3	159 ppb
1989	8/14	1	129
1990	8/27	2	155
1991	8/29	1	125
1992	7/09	1	218
1993	8/27	1	137
1994	8/25	1	153
1995	8/26	1	125
1996	8/04	1	131
1997	8/01	1	125
1998	9/14	2	139
1999	7/30	1	130
2000	6/09	1	126
2001	8/06	1	125
2002	9/07	1	127
2003	6/25	4	136
2004	none	0	107
2005	8/02	1	161
2006	none	0	112
2007	none	0	112
2008	none	0	112
2009	none	0	101
2010	none	0	113
2011	none	0	112
2012	none	0	119
2013	none	0	98

Last Ozone Exceedance Dates
1988-2013
Eight Hour Standard (0.075 ppm)

Year	Date	Sites	Maximum Value
1988	9/11	1	80 ppb
1989	10/14	1	78
1990	10/17	1	84
1991	10/09	1	78
1992	9/17	6	89
1993	9/13	7	78
1994	10/07	1	77
1995	10/13	1	78
1996	10/16	1	76
1997	10/08	11	83
1998	10/17	3	77
1999	10/30	5	80
2000	9/20	1	78
2001	9/23	1	78
2002	9/13	10	87
2003	9/17	1	76
2004	9/24	2	78
2005	10/04	1	81
2006	8/26	4	80
2007	10/08	3	80
2008	9/21	1	78
2009	6/27	1	76
2010	10/10	3	80
2011	9/03	20	94
2012	8/25	4	82
2013	9/11	1	79

Lead

Airborne lead in urban areas was once primarily caused by vehicles using leaded fuels. Sources of airborne lead now include lead smelting facilities, lead-acid storage battery manufacturing plants and other manufacturing operations.

In the period 1978-1991 lead concentrations at traffic oriented sites dropped by over 90%, reflecting the removal of lead from gasoline. In March 1999 the U.S. EPA promulgated new rules for lead monitoring that eliminated the requirement for traffic oriented sites and emphasizes monitoring at industrial sources. We discontinued monitoring at traffic oriented sites after the first calendar quarter of 1999.

In September 2008 the U.S. EPA changed the National Ambient Air Quality Standard for lead from 1.5 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ as a calendar quarter average "not to be exceeded" to 0.15 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ as a running three month average. This much stricter standard is designed to provide increased protection to the public, particularly children.

The new lead standard originally required increased monitoring at lead sources that reported emissions of greater than 1.0 ton per year. These source oriented sites were required to be in place and operating as of January 1, 2010. A revision to the lead standard promulgated on December 27, 2010 changed the level of emissions that required review for possible monitoring to 0.5 tons per year.

Lead monitoring is also required at NCore sites in Core based statistical areas (CBSAs) of 500,000 or more persons. There are three sites in Ohio: Cincinnati, Cleveland and Dayton.

Lead is a stable compound that can accumulate in the human body. Its health related effects include interference with the blood forming process and the normal functions of nervous and renal systems. Young children are the age group most susceptible to the adverse effects of lead.

Sampling and Analysis Method

Lead concentrations in ambient air are determined by the reference method promulgated by U.S. EPA. Lead samples are collected as total suspended particulate matter (TSP) on glass fiber filters according to 40 CFR Part 50, Appendix B, the EPA Reference method for the Determination of Suspended Particulate Matter in the Atmosphere. These filters are then analyzed by the manual Equivalent method: EQL-0710-192, "Heated Nitric Acid Hot Block Digestion and ICP/MS analysis for Lead (Pb) on TSP High-volume filters". In this method, one ¾" x 8" portion or strip, of the TSP filter is dissolved in a solution of nitric acid, heated on a hot block, on which the solution is reduced to final volume for analysis. The extracted solution is then analyzed by inductively coupled plasma-mass spectrometry, (ICP/MS) to determine the amount of lead collected on the original filter.

In the past a month's collection of filters was analyzed as a composite sample. Most sites collect so little lead that individual sampling days' analysis would have lead concentrations below the detection limit of the methods used at the time. Some sites' filters are still analyzed this way. Newer sites and sites that are being used to meet the new monitoring network requirements have individual sampling events (days) analyzed.

In 2012 the Hamilton County Environmental Services Division began sampling for lead with PM₁₀ samplers at their NCore site on Taft Rd. Those data are in the attached table.

Concentrations are reported in micrograms per cubic meter of air ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$).

Site	County	Parameter	POC	2012		2013											
				November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
39-017-0015	Butler	14129	1	0.0054	0.0040	0.0062	0.0042	0.0038	0.0060	0.0074	0.0030	0.0038	0.0060	0.0046	0.0055	0.0038	0.0034
			2	0.0063	0.0045	0.0063	0.0030	0.0057	0.0085	0.0087	0.0035	0.0040	0.0040	0.0033	0.0043	0.0020	0.0040
			Combine	0.0054	0.0040	0.0062	0.0042	0.0038	0.0006	0.0074	0.0030	0.0038	0.0060	0.0046	0.0055	0.0038	0.0034
39-029-0019	Columbiana	14129	1	0.0244	0.0202	0.0112	0.0034	0.0170	0.0170	0.0142	0.0172	0.0354	0.0128	0.0140	0.0076	0.0156	0.0042
39-029-0020		14129	1	0.0198	0.0019	0.0145	0.0046	0.0104	0.0091	0.0121	0.0251	0.0111	0.0080	0.0104	0.0120	0.0402	0.0064
39-029-0022		14129	1	0.0212	0.0162	0.0116	0.0032	0.0122	0.0116	0.0084	0.0140	0.0124	0.0058	0.0140	0.0065	0.0108	0.0036
			2	0.0220	0.0186	0.0114	0.0033	0.0148	0.0124	0.0095	0.0146	0.0155	0.0058	0.0128	0.0006	0.0108	0.0038
			Combine	0.0212	0.0162	0.0116	0.0032	0.0132	0.0116	0.0084	0.0140	0.0124	0.0058	0.014	0.0065	0.0108	0.0036
39-035-0038	Cuyahoga	14129	1	0.0090	0.0058	0.0132	0.0050	0.0086	0.0168	0.0124	0.0134	0.0120	0.0084	0.0154	0.0068	0.0078	0.0036
39-035-0042		14129	1	0.0142	0.0060	0.0090	0.0050	0.0090	0.0176	0.0122	0.0146	0.0100	0.0123	0.0185	0.0054	0.0054	0.0030
			2	0.0144	0.0056	0.0090	0.0050	0.0090	0.0170	0.0124	0.0148	0.0096	0.0106	0.0170	0.0052	0.0048	0.0028
			Combine	0.0142	0.0060	0.0090	0.0050	0.0090	0.0176	0.0122	0.0146	0.0100	0.0106	0.0154	0.0054	0.0054	0.0030
39-035-0049		14129	1	0.0132	0.0080	0.0143	0.0092	0.0116	0.0214	0.0354	0.0180	0.0138	0.0186	0.0134	0.0088	0.0113	0.0092
			2	0.0128	0.0080	0.0136	0.0098	0.0110	0.0212	0.0398	0.0180	0.0136	0.0195	0.0148	0.0085	0.0117	0.0096
			Combine	0.0132	0.0080	0.0134	0.0092	0.0116	0.0214	0.0354	0.0180	0.0138	0.0186	0.0134	0.0088	0.0113	0.0092
39-035-0060		14129	1	0.0154	0.0088	0.0180	0.0063	0.0125	0.0182	0.0172	0.0166	0.0126	0.0142	0.0184	0.0078	0.0136	0.0074
39-035-0061		14129	1	0.0150	0.0062	0.0108	0.0088	0.0083	0.0306	0.0410	0.1016	0.0116	0.0150	0.0378	0.0092	0.0090	0.0070
39-035-0072		14129	1	0.0102	0.0133	0.0140	0.0058	0.0048	0.0100	0.0450	0.0060	0.0130	0.0100	0.0068	0.0098	0.0080	0.0003
39-049-0025	Franklin	14129	1	0.0096	0.0058	0.0068	0.0044	0.0118	0.0146	0.0112	0.0064	0.0005	0.0096	0.0070	0.0070	0.0062	0.0038
39-051-0001	Fulton	14129	1	0.0232	0.0328	0.0730	0.0376	0.0152	0.0276	0.0582	0.0214	0.0434	0.0408	0.0174	0.0985	0.0708	0.0154
			2	0.0245	0.0234	0.0516	0.0163	0.0106	0.0256	0.0618	0.0168	0.0422	0.0513	0.0152	0.1035	0.0730	0.0150
			Combine	0.0232	0.0328	0.0730	0.0376	0.0152	0.0276	0.0582	0.0214	0.0408	0.0408	0.0174	0.0985	0.0708	0.0154
39-061-0040	Hamilton	85129	1	0.0071	0.0040	0.0047	0.0054	0.0032	0.0033	0.0030	0.0031	0.0026	0.0044	0.0046	0.0027	0.0036	0.0027
			2	0.0063	0.0048	0.0045	0.0022	0.0042	0.0044	0.0016	0.0038	0.0028	0.0042	0.0032	0.0027	0.0016	0.0016
			Combine	0.0071	0.0040	0.0047	0.0054	0.0032	0.0030	0.0030	0.0031	0.0026	0.0044	0.0043	0.0030	0.0036	0.0027
39-091-0006	Logan	14129	1	0.0032	0.0032	0.0024	0.0022	0.0030	0.0028	0.0020	0.0028	0.0025	0.0026	0.0028	0.0020	0.0022	0.0025
39-101-0003	Marion	14129	1	0.0362	0.0194	0.0211	0.0161	0.0082	0.0276	0.0179	0.0192	0.0163	0.0195	0.0240	0.0175	0.0274	0.0182
39-101-0004		14129	1	0.0276	0.0112	0.0064	0.0040	0.0070	0.0098	0.0056	0.0108	0.0064	0.0132	0.0116	0.0052	0.0078	0.004
39-113-7001	Montgomery	14129	1	0.0116	0.0060	0.0050	0.0034	0.0054	0.0042	0.0030	0.0030	0.0024	0.0040	0.0036	0.0033	0.0026	0.0026
			2	0.0120	0.0480	0.0048	0.0034	0.0060	0.0036	0.0028	0.0028	0.0022	0.0036	0.0038	0.0033	0.0030	0.0028
			Combine	0.0116	0.0060	0.0050	0.0034	0.0054	0.0042	0.0030	0.0030	0.0024	0.0040	0.0036	0.0033	0.0026	0.0026
39-151-0017	Stark	14129	1	0.0174	0.0104	0.0143	0.0108	0.0096	0.0180	0.0146	0.0182	0.0092	0.0136	0.0115	0.0062	0.0068	0.0058
39-155-0012	Trumbull	14129	1	0.0090	0.0044	0.0068	0.0036	0.0052	0.0055	0.0043	0.0060	0.0072	0.0060	0.0066	0.0065	0.0062	0.0062
			2	0.0093	0.0038	0.0076	0.0040	0.0052	0.0054	0.0047	0.0060	0.0088	0.0065	0.0066	0.0063	0.0065	0.0066
			Combine	0.0090	0.0044	0.0068	0.0036	0.0052	0.0052	0.0043	0.0060	0.0072	0.0060	0.0066	0.0065	0.0062	0.0062
39-167-0008	Washington	14129	1	0.0104	0.0040	0.0048	0.0022	0.0025	0.0034	0.0036	0.0032	0.0030	0.0042	0.0036	0.0033	0.0024	0.0052
39-167-0010		14129	1	0.0083	0.0034	0.0030	0.0030	0.0032	0.0040	0.0032	0.0034	0.0032	0.0050	0.0048	0.0048	0.0030	0.0028
			2	0.0070	0.0003	0.0035	0.0032	0.0038	0.0033	0.0028	0.0038	0.0030	0.0042	0.0046	0.0038	0.0030	0.0028
			Combine	0.0083	0.0034	0.0035	0.0030	0.0032	0.0040	0.0032	0.0034	0.0032	0.0050	0.0048	0.0048	0.0030	0.0028

- No data
- Month greater than 0.15 ug/m^3
- Value less than the MDL
- Months with the POC 2 data added to augment the POC 1 missed data
- Combined value different from the POC1 value

VI. Air Toxics Monitoring 2013



AIR TOXICS MONITORING

INTRODUCTION

As part of its air quality monitoring program, Ohio EPA, Division of Air Pollution Control (DAPC) operates a network of air toxics monitors as part of a state wide Air Toxics Monitoring Program (ATMP). This Air Toxic sampling network is modeled after programs and methodologies recommended by U.S. EPA. The emphasis has been on urban toxics monitoring for volatile organic compounds and heavy metals. Brief sections describing the sampling and analytical procedures for the pollutants follow the introduction.

1.) Main focus of the ATMP is on urban monitoring, looking for major risk areas where people live. In this effort sampling has concentrated on groups of compounds.

volatile organic compounds (VOC), examples:

benzene, chloroform, styrene, toluene etc.

heavy metals, examples:

arsenic, cadmium

The majority of the sampling has been conducted at semi-permanent monitoring sites where monitoring extends beyond a 6 month period. The intermittent sampling stations at these types of sites have been dedicated to VOCs and heavy metals monitoring. See the list following the description of the volatile organic analysis method for the VOC target compounds. The list of target metals is included in the metals description section.

Semi-permanent monitoring projects have been conducted in:

Cleveland - VOC - Urban, Metals - Urban
Middletown - VOC - Source, Metals - Source
Columbus - Metals - Urban, VOC - Urban
Marietta - Metals - Source
Delta - Metals - Source
East Liverpool - Metals - Source
Steubenville - VOC - Urban
Marion - Metals - Urban
Bellefontaine - Metals - Urban
Elmore - Metals - Urban

2.) Throughout 2012 DAPC has worked to expand sampling at semi-permanent sites with an emphasis on smaller urban areas. Future

sampling projects will involve additional sampling locations or reallocation of current resources to other locations. Expanded air toxics sampling will involve adding other parameters to existing sites. DAPC's efforts will also include more efficient use of short term sampling.

Past sampling efforts have included:

Cross Media pollution monitoring	Urban air toxics
Great Lakes deposition monitoring	Source monitoring
Post-remediation Monitoring	Complaint investigation
Emergency Episode Monitoring	Emissions verification

During 2013 DAPC was involved in several minor monitoring projects throughout the state. However, due to the limited scope of these short term and grab sampling projects they are not included in the data summaries for this year. However, due to significant development in Ohio Utica Shale formation, DAPC has established an air monitoring site in Muskingum County. Data from that study will be compiled and evaluated in a separate report.

The sampling and analytical methods for VOCs and heavy metals are described below.

VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUND SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS

SAMPLING

A major component of the Air Toxics Monitoring Program is ambient sampling for volatile organic compounds (VOCs). These are compounds that are generally found in the vapor state. Some organic compounds can be chlorinated, (contain chlorine) or just hydrocarbons, (contain just hydrogen and carbon atoms). Most of the VOC samples were collected using a whole air sampling system that pumped ambient air into a stainless steel canister. The canister, which is evacuated prior to use, is a storage container which allows an air sample to be maintained virtually unchanged until it is analyzed. In addition to the pumped sampling method, a number of samples were collected using the vacuum of the canister to draw in an air sample. These, vacuum-filled "grab" samples usually take only a few minutes to collect and were useful for collecting transient odors or potentially high concentration samples. DAPC is now capable of collecting specific samples for 1, 3, 8 and 24 hours using this grab sampling method.

Initially samples were collected sporadically, however as semi-permanent sites were established the sampling program has become more routine. With that, an attempt has been made to collect samples at least twice a month, with a sampling frequency consistent with the national air toxics monitoring schedule of once every 12th day, over a 24 hour period. The specific procedures for this type of sampling can be found in the U.S. EPA Compendium of Methods for the Determination of Toxic Organic Compound in Ambient Air in the section TO-14

ANALYSIS

The volatile tendency of VOCs allows them to be vaporized when heated, (if not already in that form) and to be injected into an analytical device called a gas chromatograph (GC). As a sample passes through a GC column, the various compounds separate out of the sample mixture. As the individual compounds exit the column, a detector records a response. That response is illustrated on a chromatogram as a peak. The area of each peak indicates the concentration of the compound. Compound identification is accomplished by comparing the retention times of the peaks on a chromatogram with those from a chromatogram of a known mixture of compounds. Retention time is the time it takes for a particular compound to reach the detector. As long as the analytical conditions remain the same, a compound from one analysis to the next will have the same retention time.

The typical analytical system used for this study utilized a GC with a special detector called a mass spectrometer (MS). The combination, a GC/MS, can be used to analyze a sample by separating it into its individual components which are then broken down into mass fragments which form a fingerprint by which a compound can be identified.

All of DAPC's canister analyses were conducted at the Ohio EPA Division of Environmental Services (DES). The analytical procedures performed by the laboratory targeted a list of over 60 VOCs for identification and quantitation. The following list includes the current parameters of the analytical target compounds list. Most of the target compounds have a detection limit of 0.2 ppbv. The Exceptions are Acetone, 2-Butanone, Carbon Disulfide, total m&p-Xylenes, which have limits 0.4 ppbv or higher depending of the sample concentration.

DES VOC Target Compound List
for TO-14A Analysis

1	Acetonitrile	35	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene
2	Acrylonitrile	36	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene
3	Benzene	37	1,2-Dichloro-1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoroethane
4	Benzyl chloride	38	Ethylbenzene
5	Bromodichloromethane	39	4-Ethyltoluene
6	Bromoform	40	n-Heptane
7	Bromomethane	41	Hexachlorobutadiene
8	1,3-Butadiene	42	Hexane
9	n-butane	43	Methyl-butyl ether
10	2-Butanone	44	Methylene chloride
11	Carbon disulfide	45	4-Methyl-2-pentanone
12	Carbon tetrachloride	46	a-Methylstyrene
13	Chlorobenzene	47	Naphthalene
14	Chlorodifluoromethane	48	n-Nonane
15	Chloroethane	49	n-Octane
16	Chloroform	50	n-Pentane
17	Chloromethane	51	Propylene
18	3-Chloropropene	52	n-Propylbenzene
19	Cumene	53	Styrene
20	Cyclohexane	54	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane
21	Decane	55	Tetrachloroethylene
22	Dibromochloromethane	56	Toluene
23	1,2-ibromoethane	57	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene
24	Dibromomethane	58	1,1,1-Trichloroethane
25	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	59	1,1,2-Trichloroethane
26	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	60	Trichloroethene
27	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	61	Trichlorofluoromethane
28	Dichlorodifluoromethane	62	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-Trifluoroethane
29	1,1-ichloroethane	63	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene
30	1,2-ichloroethane	64	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene
31	1,1-ichloroethene	65	n-Undecane
32	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	66	Vinyl acetate
33	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	67	Vinyl chloride
34	1,2-Dichloropropane	68	o-Xylene
		69	Total m&p-xylenes

Beyond this list of compounds, additional compounds can be detected and tentatively identified during the analysis of VOC samples. If during the analysis, an unidentified compound of significant quantity, (greater than 0.2 ppb) exist in a sample it can be identified during the MS analysis. However, due to the uncertainty involved with the identification of these additional, non-target compounds and the vast number of them detected they are not included in this report.

As the technology and the methods improve and new techniques are developed, it is expected that the target compounds list will be periodically modified. It is also expected that the list will change as U.S. EPA's emphasis on air toxics compounds changes. The following tables summarize the data from the routine canister samples collected during 2013. Throughout 2013 over 180, 24-hour samples were collected at 5 permanent VOC monitoring sites.

SITE IDENTIFICATION AND LOCATION

AQS # 39-	CITY	COUNTY	ADDRESS	TABLE
-017-0003	Middletown	Butler	Verity school 1900 St. John's Road	A
-035-0038	Cleveland	Cuyahoga	2547 St. Tikhon Ave.	B
-035-1002	Cleveland	Cuyahoga	16900 Holland Rd.	C
-049-0034	Columbus	Franklin	Korbel Ave.	D
-081-0017	Steubenville	Jefferson	618 Logan Street	E



2013
SUMMARY TABLE

Volatile Organic Compounds Detected			2013	
Summary of Canister data		Concentration ppbv		Frequency
Compound list	Minimum	Average	Maximum	Detected
Acetonitrile	0.20	0.28	0.62	82
Benzene	0.20	1.06	8.70	95
n-Butane	0.22	1.47	6.50	179
2-Butanone	0.50	1.16	7.00	96
Chlorodifluoromethane	0.21	0.44	3.60	179
Chloroform	0.22	0.31	0.48	4
Chloromethane	0.29	0.48	0.89	180
Cyclohexane	0.22	0.31	0.47	4
Decane	0.37	0.37	0.37	1
Dichlorodifluoromethane	0.34	0.53	0.92	180
1,2-Dichloropropane	1.40	1.40	1.40	1
Ethylbenzene	0.24	0.31	0.44	4
n-Heptane	0.21	0.38	1.00	11
Hexane	0.20	0.44	4.30	49
Methylene chloride	0.26	0.54	2.00	13
Naphthalene	0.20	0.86	5.60	40
n-Octane	0.20	0.21	0.22	2
n-Pentane	0.20	0.71	5.50	173
Propylene	0.55	2.03	3.50	8
n-Propylbenzene	8.10	8.10	8.10	1
Styrene	0.23	0.23	0.23	1
Toluene	0.20	0.98	9.60	111
Trichlorofluoromethane	0.20	0.27	0.43	172
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	0.26	0.29	0.34	5
n-Undecane	0.42	0.42	0.42	1
Vinyl acetate	0.20	0.64	2.50	117
o-Xylene	0.22	0.31	0.39	4
Total m&p-xylenes	0.42	0.75	1.40	11

Table A.

Volatile Organic Compounds Detected			2013	
Butler County - (AQS: 39-017-0003)				
Summary of Canister data	Concentration ppbv			Frequency
Compound list	Minimum	Average	Maximum	Detected
Acetonitrile	0.20	0.24	0.27	7
Benzene	0.20	0.25	0.28	4
n-Butane	0.28	0.67	1.30	26
2-Butanone	0.53	0.98	1.70	9
Chlorodifluoromethane	0.26	0.34	0.44	27
Chloroform				
Chloromethane	0.33	0.47	0.68	27
Cyclohexane				
Decane				
Dichlorodifluoromethane	0.39	0.53	0.79	27
1,2-Dichloropropane				
Ethylbenzene				
n-Heptane				
Hexane				
Methylene chloride				
Naphthalene				
n-Octane				
n-Pentane	0.20	0.39	0.64	25
Propylene	1.70	1.70	1.70	1
n-Propylbenzene				
Styrene				
Toluene	0.20	0.28	0.39	8
Trichlorofluoromethane	0.22	0.29	0.40	27
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene				
n-Undecane				
Vinyl acetate	0.31	0.90	2.50	14
o-Xylene				
Total m&p-xylenes				

Table B.

Volatile Organic Compounds Detected			2013	
Cuyahoga County - (AQS: 39-035-0038)				
Summary of Canister data	Concentration ppbv			Frequency
Compound list	Minimum	Average	Maximum	Detected
Acetonitrile	0.21	0.26	0.41	12
Benzene	0.20	0.45	0.90	13
n-Butane	0.34	2.12	6.50	26
2-Butanone	0.50	1.08	3.50	17
Chlorodifluoromethane	0.22	0.73	3.60	26
Chloroform				
Chloromethane	0.33	0.50	0.84	26
Cyclohexane	0.22	0.25	0.27	2
Decane	0.37	0.37	0.37	1
Dichlorodifluoromethane	0.36	0.51	0.82	26
1,2-Dichloropropane	1.40	1.40	1.40	1
Ethylbenzene	0.24	0.33	0.44	3
n-Heptane	0.37	0.48	0.58	2
Hexane	0.20	0.46	1.50	14
Methylene chloride	0.26	0.62	2.00	10
Naphthalene				
n-Octane				
n-Pentane	0.24	1.16	4.50	25
Propylene	3.50	3.50	3.50	1
n-Propylbenzene				
Styrene				
Toluene	0.22	2.13	9.60	18
Trichlorofluoromethane	0.20	0.27	0.41	24
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	0.26	0.31	0.34	3
n-Undecane	0.42	0.42	0.42	1
Vinyl acetate	0.21	0.62	2.10	17
o-Xylene	0.22	0.32	0.39	3
Total m&p-xylenes	0.66	0.94	1.20	3

Table C.

Volatile Organic Compounds Detected			2013	
Cuyahoga County - (AQS: 39-035-1002)				
Summary of Canister data	Concentration ppbv			Frequency
Compound list	Minimum	Average	Maximum	Detected
Acetonitrile	0.20	0.23	0.26	9
Benzene	0.21	0.38	1.20	10
n-Butane	0.40	1.18	3.00	27
2-Butanone	0.50	1.45	5.90	18
Chlorodifluoromethane	0.21	0.39	0.76	27
Chloroform				
Chloromethane	0.33	0.49	0.88	27
Cyclohexane	0.47	0.47	0.47	1
Decane				
Dichlorodifluoromethane	0.34	0.54	0.77	27
1,2-Dichloropropane				
Ethylbenzene				
n-Heptane	0.26	0.63	1.00	2
Hexane	0.23	0.92	4.30	6
Methylene chloride	0.31	0.31	0.31	1
Naphthalene				
n-Octane	0.22	0.22	0.22	1
n-Pentane	0.22	0.68	5.50	27
Propylene	1.10	1.10	1.10	1
n-Propylbenzene				
Styrene				
Toluene	0.21	1.33	7.50	12
Trichlorofluoromethane	0.21	0.27	0.36	26
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene				
n-Undecane				
Vinyl acetate	0.20	0.63	2.30	19
o-Xylene				
Total m&p-xylenes				

Table D.

Volatile Organic Compounds Detected			2013	
Franklin County - (AQS: 39-049-0034)				
Summary of Canister data	Concentration ppbv			Frequency
Compound list	Minimum	Average	Maximum	Detected
Acetonitrile	0.22	0.26	0.32	8
Benzene	0.21	0.26	0.33	10
n-Butane	0.22	1.02	1.90	31
2-Butanone	0.52	1.39	7.00	17
Chlorodifluoromethane	0.25	0.38	0.82	31
Chloroform	0.22	0.32	0.48	3
Chloromethane	0.34	0.47	0.61	31
Cyclohexane				
Decane				
Dichlorodifluoromethane	0.39	0.53	0.78	31
1,2-Dichloropropane				
Ethylbenzene				
n-Heptane				
Hexane	0.22	0.29	0.45	6
Methylene chloride	0.29	0.29	0.29	1
Naphthalene				
n-Octane				
n-Pentane	0.23	0.55	1.40	30
Propylene				
n-Propylbenzene				
Styrene				
Toluene	0.22	0.48	1.60	17
Trichlorofluoromethane	0.20	0.27	0.42	31
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene				
n-Undecane				
Vinyl acetate	0.21	0.58	1.30	16
o-Xylene				
Total m&p-xylenes	0.52	0.56	0.60	2

Table E.

Volatile Organic Compound Detected			2013		
Jefferson County - (AQS: 39-081-0017)					
Summary of Canister data		Concentration ppbv			Frequency
Compound list		Minimum	Average	Maximum	Detected
Acetonitrile	0.21	0.31	0.62	41	
Benzene	0.23	1.57	8.70	50	
n-Butane	0.59	1.91	4.20	58	
2-Butanone	0.51	0.83	2.00	30	
Chlorodifluoromethane	0.21	0.41	0.64	57	
Chloroform					
Chloromethane	0.29	0.47	0.86	58	
Cyclohexane					
Decane					
Dichlorodifluoromethane	0.34	0.52	0.92	58	
1,2-Dichloropropane					
Ethylbenzene	0.25	0.25	0.25	1	
n-Heptane	0.21	0.27	0.38	6	
Hexane	0.20	0.34	0.55	18	
Methylene chloride	0.32	0.32	0.32	1	
Naphthalene	0.20	0.89	5.60	36	
n-Octane	0.20	0.20	0.20	1	
n-Pentane	0.22	0.76	2.30	56	
Propylene	0.55	1.94	3.00	4	
n-Propylbenzene	8.10	8.10	8.10	1	
Styrene	0.23	0.23	0.23	1	
Toluene	0.20	0.77	3.80	47	
Trichlorofluoromethane	0.20	0.26	0.43	54	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	0.28	0.28	0.28	1	
n-Undecane					
Vinyl acetate	0.20	0.60	1.70	47	
o-Xylene	0.29	0.29	0.29	1	
Total m&p-xylenes	0.42	0.74	1.40	4	

HEAVY METALS SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS

SAMPLING

Ambient air toxic monitoring on a routine basis for heavy metals (other than lead), by Ohio EPA DAPC, was initiated in 1989 and has continued. Since that time all of DAPC's air filter samples have been analyzed by the Ohio EPA Division of Environmental Services (DES). A summary of the results can be found in the following tables. Sampling for heavy metals is conducted using a high volume total suspended particulate (TSP) sampler. With this sampler, particulate matter in the air is collected on a glass fiber filter. Sampling is done intermittently with 24-hour samples collected once every six days. The operating procedures for lead can be found in the Code of Federal Regulations, 40 CFR, Part 50, Appendix G. These basic procedures are also used for the other metals.

ANALYSIS

For this report filters collected at each site were analyzed as a monthly composite. Typically there are 5 sampling days in which a filter is collected. From these individual filters one strip is cut and combined from strips from all the filters collected that month and analyzed as one sample for the month.

These composite samples are acid extracted and then the resulting solution analyzed by the ICP/MS similar to the method used for the determination of Lead from TSP filters.

SUMMARY OF ICP METHOD: The method measures element - emitted light by optical spectrometry. Samples are nebulized into an aerosol and transported to the plasma by the nebulizer argon flow. The first function of the high temperature plasma is to remove the solvent from, or desolute, the aerosol, usually leaving the sample as microscopic salt particles. The next steps involve decomposing the salt particles into a gas of individual molecules (vaporization) that are then dissociated into atoms (atomization). The next plasma functions are Excitation and Ionization. The light emitted by the excited atoms and ions in the plasma is measured to obtain information about the sample. For coupling to mass spectrometry, the ions from the plasma are extracted through a series of cones into a mass spectrometer, usually a quadrupole. The ions are separated on the basis of their mass-to-charge ratio and a detector receives an ion signal proportional to the concentration.

HEAVY METALS PARAMETERS

Historically lead was the NAAQS Criteria pollutant released from gasoline into the ambient air. Monitoring for it established the lead filter analysis monitoring program. Over the years DAPC added other metals to the filter analysis program. As lead was phased out of gasoline other metals have risen to greater concern. At one time it was cadmium and from one particular industry it was beryllium. But now Ohio is focused on manganese in several communities. However, trends continue to change and lead has once again become the driving pollutant for filter analysis. As the only metal that is Criteria Pollutant lead is the pollutant that drives the metals monitoring program. With the establishment of a new NAAQS for lead, $0.15 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ from the previous standard of $1.5 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ and the requirement to monitor near specific sources, lead has been re-established as a pollutant of concern. Since 2010 DACP has had all TSP sampler filters collected analyzed for lead.

For this particular section the data collected is from the monthly composite samples collected and analyzed. All monthly composite particulate filter samples collected by DAPC are routinely analyzed for eight metals.

arsenic	cadmium	chromium	beryllium
lead ¹	nickel	zinc	manganese

From each sample, most parameters are analyzed using a very sensitive ICPMS analytical system which significantly lowers the detection limit from the standard ICP instrument. The following parameters, which are typically detected in higher concentrations, are still analyzed with the older ICP method.

Iron	potassium	zinc	manganese
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Particulate mercury that can be detected from a glass or quartz fiber filter has been added to the parameter list for a number of samples from sites in communities with specific concerns about potential mercury sources. Mercury analysis for each sample is performed separately from the other metals. Total mercury is determined using a cold vapor method developed by DES.

¹Lead is the only parameter being monitored in the ATMP that has a National Ambient Air Quality Standard. See Section V, page 91, Lead.

The following locations identify the sites that were used for the routine metals monitoring program.

SITE IDENTIFICATION AND LOCATION

AQS #	CITY	COUNTY	ADDRESS	TABLE
39-017-0015	Middletown	Butler	3901 Lefferson Rd.	F
39-029-0019	E. Liverpool	Columbiana	1250 St. George St.	G
39-029-0020	E. Liverpool	Columbiana	2220 Michigan Ave.	H
39-029-0022	E. Liverpool	Columbiana	500 Maryland Ave.	I
39-035-0038	Cleveland	Cuyahoga	2547 Tikhon Ave.	J
39-035-0042	Cleveland	Cuyahoga	3136 Lorain Ave.	K
39-035-0049	Cleveland	Cuyahoga	4150 East 56th St.	L
39-035-0060	Cleveland	Cuyahoga	2650 East 14 th Ave.	M
39-035-0061	Cleveland	Cuyahoga	West 3 rd . St.	N
39-035-0072	Cleveland	Cuyahoga	26565 Miles Rd.	O
39-049-0025	Columbus	Franklin	1700 Ann St.	P
39-051-0001	Delta	Fulton	200 Van Buren St.	Q
39-101-0003	Marion	Marion	Hawthorne Ave.	R
39-101-0004	Marion	Marion	640 Bellefontaine	S
NA	Marion	Marion	363 West Fairgrounds	T
39-123-0012	Elmore	Ottawa	14244 W. St.Route 105	U
39-091-0006	Bellefontaine	Logan	320 Richard Ave.	V
39-151-0017	Canton	Stark	1330 Dueber Ave. SW	W
39-155-0012	NE of Hubbard	Trumbull	2600 Elmwood Dr.	X
39-167-0008	Marietta	Washington	Lancaster Rd.	Y
39-167-0010	Marietta	Washington	115 Victory Place	Z

Table F.

Middletown Heavy Metals Data - 2013								
Ohio Bell 3901 Lefferson Rd. AQS: 39-017-0015 Butler - designated			Lat: N 39.4899 Long: W -84.364067			Elv. : 204 m		
			Parameters units - - ng/m ³					
MONTH	arsenic	beryllium	cadmium	chromium	lead	nickel	manganese	zinc
JANUARY	0.82	<0.056	0.278	7.23	5.6	0.64	81	53
FEBRUARY	<0.56	<0.056	0.236	4.14	3.94	<0.56	51	43
MARCH	1.30	<0.056	0.243	2.49	5.19	0.65	32	35
APRIL	1.20	0.095	0.282	4.5	5.09	0.94	85	46
MAY	1.17	0.118	0.333	6.23	6.37	0.91	120	63
JUNE	1.16	0.114	0.22	3.46	2.74	0.94	70	33
JULY	1.35	<0.053	0.217	2.29	3.99	1.21	35	40
AUGUST	1.66	0.095	0.275	5.63	5.8	1.13	110	55
SEPTEMBER	3.43	<0.054	0.313	6.18	4.79	1.09	70	57
OCTOBER	2.11	0.058	0.243	4.62	5.15	0.77	63	47
NOVEMBER	0.97	0.104	0.251	5.01	3.51	0.9	76	46
DECEMBER	0.61	<0.056	0.204	4.72	3.14	0.71	65	41

Table G.

East Liverpool Heavy Metals Data - 2013									
Port Authority 1250 St. George St. AQS: 39-029-0019 Columbiana - designated			Lat: N 40.631111 Long: W -80.546944			Elv. : 209 m			
			Parameters units - - ng/m ³						
MONTH	arsenic	beryllium	cadmium	chromium	lead	nickel	manganese	zinc	mercury
JANUARY	1.63	<0.057	0.846	2.25	10.10	1.25	67	98	
FEBRUARY	0.71	<0.053	0.260	1.57	3.28	1.08	40	25	0.0330
MARCH	2.42	0.084	1.320	5.39	14.50	2.46	430	130	0.1300
APRIL	2.16	0.272	0.941	6.89	15.20	3.55	340	120	0.0880
MAY	3.49	0.328	1.170	6.16	12.90	5.05	290	100	0.1200
JUNE	4.12	0.114	1.950	3.40	14.90	2.17	110	120	0.0960
JULY	6.09	0.246	1.640	4.17	30.50	8.77	120	99	0.0830
AUGUST	3.08	0.287	0.752	4.26	11.10	3.03	200	48	0.0860
SEPTEMBER	2.94	0.120	1.160	3.40	13.00	1.80	150	100	0.0560
OCTOBER	1.58	0.076	0.650	2.35	7.45	1.19	63	40	0.0350
NOVEMBER	1.06	0.077	2.890	2.89	13.10	2.95	83	140	0.0810
DECEMBER	0.82	<0.054	0.301	1.56	3.74	0.79	56	32	0.0340

Table H.

East Liverpool Heavy Metals Data - 2013									
Waterplant 2220 Michigan Ave. AQS: 39-029-0020 Columbiana - designated			Lat: N 40.639722 Elv. : 212 m Long: W -80.523889						
			Parameters units - - ng/m ³						
MONTH	arsenic	beryllium	cadmium	chromium	lead	nickel	manganese	zinc	mercury
JANUARY	2.32	<0.056	1.020	3.58	11.60	1.73	330	120	0.1100
FEBRUARY	2.03	<0.052	0.298	3.10	3.33	1.77	900	24	0.0420
MARCH	3.28	<0.052	1.390	10.40	14.60	5.03	2300	140	0.1200
APRIL	2.49	<0.056	0.739	11.10	12.00	4.15	1400	140	0.0730
MAY	2.00	<0.055	0.864	3.67	8.61	2.06	830	130	0.0710
JUNE	2.79	<0.069	2.140	3.46	22.70	2.54	360	460	0.0810
JULY	2.03	<0.053	0.874	3.41	9.03	2.04	190	58	0.0360
AUGUST	2.62	<0.050	0.626	3.50	5.54	4.38	610	51	0.0240
SEPTEMBER	3.48	<0.050	1.030	9.05	11.00	2.73	930	110	0.0460
OCTOBER	1.30	<0.041	0.872	9.76	7.42	2.53	520	45	0.0260
NOVEMBER	1.28	<0.053	4.130	5.97	18.40	4.56	1000	250	0.0410
DECEMBER	1.40	<0.054	0.831	3.97	5.51	3.69	1300	61	0.0380

Table I.

East Liverpool Heavy Metals Data - 2013									
500 Maryland Ave. AQS: 39-029-0022 Columbiana - designated			Lat: N 40.635 Elv. : 229 m Long: W -80.546667						
			Parameters units - - ng/m ³						
MONTH	arsenic	beryllium	cadmium	chromium	lead	nickel	manganese	zinc	mercury
JANUARY	1.53	<0.048	0.826	1.79	9.89	1.15	44	95	0.1000
FEBRUARY	0.81	<0.048	0.217	1.57	3.31	0.88	33	23	0.0200
MARCH	2.23	<0.048	1.030	3.61	11.20	1.58	190	95	0.1000
APRIL	1.51	0.053	0.679	4.52	10.30	1.71	160	100	0.0450
MAY	2.29	<0.052	0.782	2.23	7.81	1.00	67	68	0.0590
JUNE	4.97	<0.051	1.700	2.50	12.50	1.20	48	87	0.0460
JULY	2.21	<0.052	0.884	3.07	12.00	1.96	43	46	0.0240
AUGUST	1.96	<0.051	0.496	3.25	5.79	1.15	74	34	0.0420
SEPTEMBER	2.58	<0.052	1.200	4.08	13.30	1.42	120	110	0.0340
OCTOBER	1.60	<0.042	0.553	2.14	5.52	0.95	45	35	0.0200
NOVEMBER	0.84	<0.049	1.830	1.78	9.16	1.65	42	87	0.0350
DECEMBER	0.97	<0.048	0.255	1.18	3.56	0.63	31	27	0.0380

Table J.

Cleveland Heavy Metals Data - 2013								
St. Theodosius Church			Lat: N 41.476944		Elv. : 202 m			
2547 St. Tikhon Ave.			Long: W -81.681944					
AQS: 39-035-0038			Parameters					
Cuyahoga - designated			units - - ng/m ³					
MONTH	arsenic	beryllium	cadmium	chromium	lead	nickel	manganese	zinc
JANUARY	1.07	<0.052	0.46	4.63	12.30	3.82	61	68
FEBRUARY	0.71	<0.053	0.23	1.54	4.73	3.26	25	33
MARCH	1.18	<0.053	0.45	5.92	7.79	4.41	66	66
APRIL	2.20	0.09	0.81	12.00	15.10	5.13	170	140
MAY	1.45	<0.052	0.51	4.50	10.70	2.98	78	91
JUNE	2.09	<0.052	0.59	4.64	10.90	5.21	95	92
JULY	1.73	<0.051	0.40	4.16	11.60	3.47	60	110
AUGUST	1.27	<0.051	0.26	2.87	8.42	3.11	50	66
SEPTEMBER	2.22	<0.051	0.66	6.46	14.70	3.85	90	99
OCTOBER	1.26	<0.042	0.31	2.51	5.99	1.78	41	48
NOVEMBER	0.93	<0.065	0.62	2.59	7.26	4.06	42	57
DECEMBER	0.58	<0.052	0.25	1.66	3.67	1.61	17	39

Table K.

Cleveland Heavy Metals Data - 2013								
FIRE "4A"			Lat: N 41.482222		Elv. : 208 m			
3136 Lorain Ave.			Long: W -81.708889					
AQS: 39-035-0042			Parameters					
Cuyahoga - designated			units - - ng/m ³					
MONTH	arsenic	beryllium	cadmium	chromium	lead	nickel	manganese	zinc
JANUARY	1.17	<0.056	0.60	2.55	9.07	2.41	31	49
FEBRUARY	<0.57	<0.057	0.20	0.96	4.58	1.64	11	27
MARCH	1.34	<0.056	0.29	3.14	8.41	3.03	36	43
APRIL	2.43	0.06	0.58	3.70	15.20	3.06	49	99
MAY	1.49	<0.055	0.36	2.33	11.00	1.82	35	59
JUNE	2.81	<0.055	0.63	2.48	12.30	2.68	25	61
JULY	1.75	<0.054	0.28	2.16	9.39	2.62	21	56
AUGUST	1.29	<0.068	0.28	1.70	11.90	2.74	22	47
SEPTEMBER	2.92	<0.068	0.68	3.56	19.30	2.79	32	73
OCTOBER	0.96	<0.055	0.19	0.97	4.73	2.35	10	31
NOVEMBER	0.83	<0.056	0.36	1.18	5.11	1.37	13	32
DECEMBER	<0.56	<0.056	0.29	0.91	3.37	1.70	7.10	26

Table L.

Cleveland Heavy Metals Data - 2013								
FERRO "A"			Lat: N 41.446667		Elv. : 213 m			
4150 EAST 56th STR.			Long: W -81.651111					
AQS: 39-035-0049			Parameters					
Cuyahoga - designated			units - - ng/m ³					
MONTH	arsenic	beryllium	cadmium	chromium	lead	nickel	manganese	zinc
JANUARY	1.68	<0.094	3.82	7.50	13.50	148.00	200	160
FEBRUARY	0.85	<0.057	2.98	5.43	8.21	211.00	280	83
MARCH	1.15	<0.056	0.80	8.31	10.70	43.40	150	88
APRIL	2.57	0.09	1.26	9.09	18.70	42.80	200	140
MAY	2.79	0.10	2.64	9.47	34.80	119.00	280	200
JUNE	2.39	<0.055	1.80	4.94	15.20	57.10	120	95
JULY	2.35	<0.054	1.66	4.94	12.70	50.60	110	170
AUGUST	1.88	0.08	2.25	9.26	18.10	58.40	240	230
SEPTEMBER	2.03	<0.055	1.29	5.47	13.40	27.70	99	130
OCTOBER	1.74	<0.046	2.46	5.09	7.86	104.00	170	190
NOVEMBER	1.21	<0.07	2.80	5.43	11.10	158.00	180	140
DECEMBER	0.93	<0.056	3.05	6.67	8.37	139.00	220	170

Table M.

Cleveland Heavy Metals Data - 2013								
GT Craig			Lat: N 41.492117		Elv. : 206 m			
2650 E 14 th Ave.			Long: W -81.678449					
AQS: 39-035-0060			Parameters					
Cuyahoga - designated			units - - ng/m ³					
MONTH	arsenic	beryllium	cadmium	chromium	lead	nickel	manganese	zinc
JANUARY	1.91	0.086	0.582	5.59	16.4	5.39	70	98
FEBRUARY	0.72	<0.07	0.35	3.43	6.23	4.82	50	38
MARCH	1.59	0.092	0.478	5.55	11.3	5.47	73	86
APRIL	2.38	0.093	1.13	13.5	17.1	7.18	170	150
MAY	1.94	0.107	0.721	7.17	15.3	3.99	130	110
JUNE	2.26	0.066	0.87	9.99	14.3	8.58	160	120
JULY	1.99	0.135	0.463	8.76	11.9	8.23	160	130
AUGUST	1.43	0.071	0.325	6.86	13.3	3.69	120	110
SEPTEMBER	2.86	0.139	0.856	9.14	17.7	6.83	170	130
OCTOBER	1.16	<0.045	0.299	3.24	6.79	2.56	54	65
NOVEMBER	1.7	0.141	1.21	4.99	12.5	6.06	100	100
DECEMBER	1.39	0.112	0.385	2.59	6.91	2.93	26	46

Table N.

Cleveland Heavy Metals Data - 2013								
Asphalt Plant "A"			Lat: N 41.475064		Elv. : 181 m			
West 3rd St.			Long: W -81.675962					
AQS: 39-035-0061			Parameters					
Cuyahoga - designated			units - - ng/m ³					
MONTH	arsenic	beryllium	cadmium	chromium	lead	nickel	manganese	zinc
JANUARY	1.08	<0.054	0.44	6.99	9.89	4.58	98	82
FEBRUARY	0.68	<0.054	0.53	4.30	8.05	5.05	70	55
MARCH	1.12	<0.067	0.35	5.76	7.69	5.78	80	54
APRIL	2.63	0.08	0.79	12.80	29.20	7.00	230	130
MAY	2.17	<0.066	1.19	9.85	39.90	3.54	150	110
JUNE	3.62	0.07	0.68	7.36	85.80	7.93	140	110
JULY	2.54	0.06	0.56	6.65	10.80	5.06	110	100
AUGUST	1.65	0.05	0.47	4.64	14.10	3.66	110	96
SEPTEMBER	3.48	0.10	0.69	9.32	35.50	6.95	170	160
OCTOBER	1.78	<0.043	0.63	10.00	8.27	2.20	160	85
NOVEMBER	1.02	0.09	0.50	8.86	8.39	6.14	180	56
DECEMBER	0.67	<0.053	0.37	6.93	6.50	1.92	120	56

Table O.

Cleveland Heavy Metals Data - 2013								
Century			Lat: N 41.42585		Elv. : 332 m			
26565 Miles Rd.			Long: W -81.49078					
AQS: 39-035-0072			Parameters					
Cuyahoga - designated			units - - ng/m ³					
MONTH	arsenic	beryllium	cadmium	chromium	lead	nickel	manganese	zinc
JANUARY	1.03	<0.056	0.20	2.32	14.10	3.33	170	48
FEBRUARY	3.33	<0.056	0.17	3.73	5.38	8.60	200	24
MARCH	1.06	<0.056	0.23	4.59	4.70	4.19	410	32
APRIL	1.93	<0.055	0.38	2.22	8.87	3.77	72	75
MAY	1.50	<0.054	0.41	2.70	43.10	3.81	43	83
JUNE	1.94	<0.054	0.37	2.97	5.78	5.21	340	37
JULY	12.80	<0.054	0.26	4.59	12.00	24.50	440	54
AUGUST	1.39	<0.054	0.17	2.24	9.16	3.92	190	52
SEPTEMBER	1.97	<0.054	0.36	2.00	6.20	12.10	20	45
OCTOBER	1.60	<0.054	0.16	1.84	8.43	8.37	29	42
NOVEMBER	0.75	<0.069	0.23	1.67	7.31	3.70	41	43
DECEMBER	<0.93	<0.093	0.15	1.42	4.05	2.39	100	28

Table P.

Columbus Heavy Metals Data - 2013								
Woodrow 1700 Ann St. AQS: 39-049-0025 Franklin - designated			Lat: N 39.928056 Elv. : 234 m Long: W -82.981111					
			Parameters units - - ng/m ³					
MONTH	arsenic	beryllium	cadmium	chromium	lead	nickel	manganese	zinc
JANUARY	0.98	<0.054	0.26	1.86	6.73	2.44	16	62
FEBRUARY	<0.54	<0.054	0.19	1.62	4.48	1.64	7.9	34
MARCH	2.09	<0.054	0.30	2.44	11.00	2.15	18	93
APRIL	1.85	<0.056	0.46	3.17	13.10	3.03	36	110
MAY	1.22	<0.055	0.31	2.53	10.20	2.78	37	74
JUNE	1.33	<0.056	0.27	1.17	6.29	1.27	15	38
JULY	1.73	<0.056	0.19	1.51	5.09	1.73	15	43
AUGUST	1.61	<0.056	0.44	2.10	10.30	2.08	24	86
SEPTEMBER	2.16	<0.054	0.30	2.22	6.77	1.29	21	51
OCTOBER	2.27	<0.049	0.21	2.02	6.63	1.41	17	41
NOVEMBER	0.79	<0.055	0.19	2.46	5.34	1.12	21	45
DECEMBER	<0.53	<0.053	0.15	1.56	4.46	0.75	8.8	36

Table Q.

NWDO Heavy Metals Data - 2013								
Delta 200 Van Buren St. AQS: 39-051-0001 Fulton - Designated			Lat: N 41.575278 Elv. : 220 m Long: W -83.996389					
			Parameters units - - ng/m ³					
MONTH	arsenic	beryllium	cadmium	chromium	lead	nickel	manganese	zinc
JANUARY	0.65	<0.045	0.36	1.18	57.70	1.33	11	300
FEBRUARY	<0.46	<0.046	0.13	0.86	31.70	0.92	9.5	110
MARCH	<0.47	<0.047	0.13	1.67	14.00	1.14	13	52
APRIL	1.35	<0.044	0.41	1.50	25.60	0.98	13	340
MAY	1.02	<0.050	0.23	1.20	54.60	1.04	18	220
JUNE	1.97	<0.051	0.17	1.09	17.70	0.71	8.9	68
JULY	2.51	<0.050	0.26	1.39	39.70	0.70	12	250
AUGUST	1.35	<0.050	0.24	1.76	40.80	1.05	17	170
SEPTEMBER	1.50	<0.051	0.19	1.59	17.80	0.83	8.6	49
OCTOBER	0.62	<0.042	0.22	1.34	96.20	0.76	13	270
NOVEMBER	1.01	<0.051	0.19	0.95	65.90	0.57	7.1	140
DECEMBER	<0.48	<0.048	0.14	1.11	14.00	0.49	8.3	99

Table R.

NWDO Heavy Metals Data - 2013									
Prospect Hawthorne Ave.			Lat: N 40.571405		Elv. : 247 m				
AQS: 39-101-0003			Parameters						
Marion - designated			units - - ng/m ³						
MONTH	arsenic	beryllium	cadmium	chromium	lead	nickel	manganese	zinc	mercury
JANUARY	3.44	<0.045	0.82	8.18	36.90	8.71	180	190	0.05
FEBRUARY	0.87	<0.049	0.34	5.76	12.20	3.09	95	52	0.02
MARCH	1.56	<0.061	0.25	3.83	8.26	4.67	45	40	0.03
APRIL	1.47	<0.049	0.52	9.21	28.50	4.48	140	130	0.06
MAY	1.11	<0.049	0.38	14.00	21.60	3.63	170	95	0.04
JUNE	1.40	<0.045	0.41	9.54	14.90	3.72	120	94	0.04
JULY	1.69	<0.047	0.45	9.81	20.10	5.79	120	120	0.05
AUGUST	2.17	<0.045	0.56	9.42	26.90	4.59	150	140	0.07
SEPTEMBER	2.10	<0.045	0.69	12.20	28.70	4.54	140	180	0.09
OCTOBER	1.97	<0.038	0.34	6.49	15.70	4.08	81	83	0.04
NOVEMBER	1.58	<0.046	0.28	6.46	15.80	4.39	72	60	0.06
DECEMBER	1.33	<0.046	0.39	7.57	13.50	5.21	76	72	0.02

Table S.

NWDO Heavy Metals Data - 2013									
Bellefontaine 640 Bellefontaine Ave.			Lat: N 40.576656		Elv. : 299 m				
AQS: 39-101-0004			Parameters						
Marion - designated			units - - ng/m ³						
MONTH	arsenic	beryllium	cadmium	chromium	lead	nickel	manganese	zinc	mercury
JANUARY	0.62	<0.045	0.18	1.78	6.43	0.96	16	34	0.026
FEBRUARY	<0.43	<0.043	0.123	1.1	3.73	0.64	9.6	22	missing
MARCH	0.77	<0.044	0.237	2.33	6.81	1.28	19	47	0.028
APRIL	1.26	<0.047	0.302	2.6	8.09	1.6	35	55	0.032
MAY	0.88	<0.048	0.177	2.32	5.41	1.33	35	39	0.019
JUNE	1.14	<0.048	0.354	3.91	8.93	1.72	42	59	0.036
JULY	1.32	<0.051	0.287	3.22	6.47	2.08	26	56	0.029
AUGUST	1.89	<0.049	0.378	3.2	12	2.16	32	93	0.036
SEPTEMBER	1.95	<0.048	0.444	3.77	11.2	2.41	28	93	0.045
OCTOBER	1.16	<0.040	0.147	1.73	4.91	0.99	14	30	0.029
NOVEMBER	0.72	<0.047	0.201	2.88	6.99	1.18	37	47	0.06
DECEMBER	<0.46	<0.046	0.137	1.51	3.93	0.76	11	26	0.013

Table T.

NWDO Heavy Metals Data - 2013									
Fairgrounds			Lat: N 41.599747						
363 West Fairgrounds			Long: W -83.136721						
Marion, Ohio									
AQS: 39- Marion		Left - Designated		Parameters units - - ng/m ³					
MONTH	arsenic	beryllium	cadmium	chromium	lead	nickel	iron	manganese	zinc
JANUARY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FEBRUARY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MARCH	0.77	<0.047	1.80	1.81	14.30	0.94	260	13	460
APRIL	1.53	<0.046	4.18	2.98	28.50	1.39	270	19	1100
MAY	1.21	<0.046	4.78	3.23	38.10	1.81	300	22	1500
JUNE	1.80	<0.045	0.50	1.38	9.260	1.04	130	11	200
JULY	1.22	<0.047	0.95	1.77	10.20	1.26	150	9.8	310
AUGUST	1.46	<0.046	2.51	2.52	24.30	1.52	230	14	710
SEPTEMBER	1.89	<0.062	0.48	2.38	11.30	1.11	240	14	220
OCTOBER	1.47	<0.041	4.67	3.34	34.70	1.04	330	16	1200
NOVEMBER	0.86	<0.050	2.41	1.66	13.70	0.64	150	12	440
DECEMBER	0.58	<0.052	4.19	3.73	29.50	0.90	230	13	1700

Table U.

NWDO Heavy Metals Data - 2013								
Brush Wellman 32			Lat: N 41.495833			Elv. : 177 m		
14244 W. St. Route 105			Long: W -83.206944					
AQS: 39-123-0012			Parameters units - - ng/m ³					
Ottawa		- Designated						
MONTH	arsenic	beryllium	cadmium	chromium	lead	nickel	manganese	zinc
JANUARY	0.40	0.120	0.088	0.30	2.44	0.30	2.4	12.0
FEBRUARY	0.35	0.095	0.063	0.25	1.82	0.24	2.0	9.8
MARCH	0.32	0.052	0.060	0.30	1.89	0.31	2.3	8.3
APRIL	0.60	0.066	0.087	0.29	2.38	0.38	2.5	10.0
MAY	0.82	0.064	0.099	0.29	2.34	0.55	7.7	15.0
JUNE	0.55	0.053	0.078	0.32	2.08	0.50	3.7	11.0
JULY	0.56	0.060	0.068	0.35	2.04	0.67	3.0	9.0
AUGUST	0.82	0.084	0.103	0.40	2.41	0.43	2.9	10.0
SEPTEMBER	0.76	0.040	0.092	0.44	2.47	0.49	3.2	10.0
OCTOBER	0.56	0.082	0.097	0.32	2.04	0.41	4.0	11.0
NOVEMBER	0.49	0.381	0.093	0.35	2.16	0.55	3.4	12.0
DECEMBER	0.44	0.054	0.085	0.40	2.43	0.24	2.3	12.0

Table V.

SWDO Heavy Metals Data - 2013								
Bellefontaine			Lat: N 40.341111		Elv. : 377 m			
320 Richard Ave.			Long: W -83.75778					
AQS: 39-091-0006			Parameters					
Logan - Designated			units - - ng/m ³					
MONTH	arsenic	beryllium	cadmium	chromium	lead	nickel	manganese	zinc
JANUARY	0.53	<0.044	0.16	1.01	2.52	<0.44	3.4	17
FEBRUARY	<0.44	<0.044	0.16	1.83	2.11	0.52	3.2	14
MARCH	0.60	<0.043	0.13	1.08	2.82	0.49	4.1	16
APRIL	0.75	<0.044	0.12	0.96	2.50	1.30	6.2	15
MAY	0.71	<0.045	0.13	1.02	1.74	0.67	8.8	13
JUNE	1.11	<0.054	0.15	1.29	4.60	1.50	5.7	18
JULY	2.22	<0.063	0.17	1.12	2.52	0.79	3.9	27
AUGUST	0.99	<0.047	0.17	1.25	3.01	0.93	5.8	22
SEPTEMBER	1.02	<0.044	0.14	1.10	2.95	0.71	5.0	17
OCTOBER	0.60	<0.043	0.11	1.11	1.70	0.59	3.4	12
NOVEMBER	0.61	<0.041	0.75	0.73	3.97	0.68	4.3	14
DECEMBER	<0.52	<0.052	0.20	1.04	1.97	0.86	2.7	15

Table W.

Canton APC Div. Data - 2013								
Fire Station #8			Lat: N 40.786667		Elv. : 319 m			
1330 Dueber Avenue SW			Long: W -81.394444					
AQS: 39-151-0017			Parameters					
Stark - designated			units - - ng/m ³					
MONTH	arsenic	beryllium	cadmium	chromium	lead	nickel	manganese	zinc
JANUARY	1.59	<0.058	0.423	6.56	13	2.64	68	170
FEBRUARY	0.87	<0.058	0.451	3.2	9.65	2.08	50	140
MARCH	1.09	<0.047	0.319	4.31	8.77	1.81	50	120
APRIL	2.68	<0.048	0.621	6.15	15.3	4.16	92	270
MAY	2.6	<0.046	0.499	8.95	13.5	4.37	120	200
JUNE	5.71	<0.044	1.18	4.86	21.1	3.18	43	350
JULY	2.15	<0.060	0.32	3.73	10.3	2.75	46	150
AUGUST	3.13	<0.047	0.463	7.09	13.6	3.42	89	390
SEPTEMBER	3.18	<0.056	0.487	4.81	11.2	2.1	59	180
OCTOBER	1.7	<0.036	0.257	3.51	5.7	2.04	42	97
NOVEMBER	1.1	<0.043	0.349	4.41	6.3	2.14	72	97
DECEMBER	0.76	<0.042	0.215	3.73	5.72	1.75	34	150

Table X.

Mahoning Trumbull APC Agency Data - 2013								
Hubbard Twp. Admin. Bldg.			Lat: N 41.1728010694 Elv. : 288 m					
2600 Elmwood Drive			Long: W -80.555498175					
AQS: 39-155-0012			Parameters					
Trumbull - designated			units - - ng/m ³					
MONTH	arsenic	beryllium	cadmium	chromium	lead	nickel	manganese	zinc
JANUARY	1.13	<0.056	1.64	2.94	6.96	2.50	38	140
FEBRUARY	<0.56	<0.056	0.335	1.13	3.53	1.20	19	62
MARCH	1.34	<0.055	0.357	2.64	5.17	1.27	37	100
APRIL	1	<0.068	0.548	2.52	5.14	1.53	39	59
MAY	1.13	<0.068	0.345	1.79	4.16	1.04	36	35
JUNE	2.37	<0.054	0.3	2.01	5.26	1.82	28	120
JULY	1.47	<0.068	0.493	2.96	8.12	1.92	44	73
AUGUST	1.43	<0.054	0.515	2.24	6.2	1.62	35	49
SEPTEMBER	1.44	<0.054	0.671	2.26	7.13	2.13	31	64
OCTOBER	0.93	<0.046	0.385	1.22	5.84	1.05	29	30
NOVEMBER	0.84	<0.056	1.04	1.03	5.42	0.95	17	44
DECEMBER	1.13	<0.056	0.601	0.97	5.83	0.73	13	47

Table Y.

SEDO Heavy Metals Data - 2013									
Washington Co. Career Center			Lat: N 39.433611 Elv. : 300 m						
Lancaster Rd.			Long: W -81.5025						
AQS: 39-167-0008			Parameters						
Washington - designated			units - - ng/m ³						
MONTH	arsenic	beryllium	cadmium	chromium	lead	nickel	manganese	zinc	mercury
JANUARY	1.01	<0.05	0.532	1.19	4.52	0.5	130	25	0.018
FEBRUARY	<0.47	<0.047	0.122	0.89	1.93	<0.47	15	11	0.015
MARCH	<0.58	<0.058	0.161	1.35	2.64	<0.58	13	14	0.021
APRIL	0.79	<0.051	0.205	1.18	3.05	0.51	110	17	0.012
MAY	0.65	<0.05	0.223	0.97	3.57	0.55	200	26	0.02
JUNE	0.79	<0.051	0.224	0.99	2.9	<0.51	29	15	0.021
JULY	1.22	<0.053	0.317	1.14	3.05	0.65	160	17	0.024
AUGUST	1.13	<0.054	0.302	1.41	4.78	1.01	180	22	0.024
SEPTEMBER	1.23	<0.054	0.306	1.39	4.42	0.61	140	23	0.026
OCTOBER	0.85	<0.04	0.219	1.86	2.99	0.47	170	18	0.033
NOVEMBER	0.51	<0.047	0.227	1.94	1.92	<0.47	95	12	0.013
DECEMBER	<0.49	<0.049	0.19	2.28	4.85	<0.49	120	14	0.016

Table Z.

SEDO Heavy Metals Data - 2013								
Washington County Educational Service Center								
115 Victory Place - Harmar Site			Lat: N 39.4137294803		Elv. : 252 m			
Marietta, Ohio			Long: W -81.470405310					
AQS: 39-167-0010			Parameters					
Washington - designated			units - - ng/m ³					
MONTH	arsenic	beryllium	cadmium	chromium	lead	nickel	manganese	zinc
JANUARY	<0.67	<0.067	0.268	0.89	3.08	<0.67	140	27
FEBRUARY	<0.39	<0.039	0.204	0.72	2.64	0.43	79	15
MARCH	0.67	<0.039	0.181	1.22	3.29	0.53	50	17
APRIL	0.78	<0.054	0.24	1.24	4.3	0.79	290	24
MAY	1.2	<0.046	0.153	0.98	2.98	0.53	130	20
JUNE	1.19	<0.044	0.341	0.93	3.41	<0.44	51	18
JULY	1.54	<0.047	0.225	0.99	2.74	0.47	120	17
AUGUST	1.46	<0.047	0.254	1.16	3.89	0.66	150	22
SEPTEMBER	1.95	<0.047	0.441	1.48	5.34	1.51	140	38
OCTOBER	1.07	<0.039	0.212	1.62	4.33	0.5	140	26
NOVEMBER	<0.49	<0.049	0.34	1.94	2.32	0.53	20	13
DECEMBER	<0.48	<0.048	0.304	2.2	2.4	0.59	160	14



FUTURE

The long term air toxics monitoring goals of DAPC will focus on the requirements of the Clean Air Act (CAA), particularly Section 112, and will support the development of EPA's Integrated Urban Air Toxics Strategy. In addition the air toxics monitoring efforts will incorporate relative elements of the mission and goals of DAPC to protect the environment for the benefit of all and to develop improved air toxics information.

The current strategy of urban based monitoring has evolved over the years and the number of sites and locations have changed depending on resources and priorities. The major emphasis of existing sampling projects is to develop and establish cost effective, routine sampling and analysis procedures. U.S. EPA has provided the Compendium of Recommended Methods for the Determination of Toxic Organic Compounds in Ambient Air. Methods have been updated to allow for more uniform approaches for sampling and analyzing various groups of compounds. New methods have been developed and added for compounds not previously targeted. There is even a Compendium of Methods for the Determination of Air Pollutants In Indoor Air. Ohio EPA's own air toxics monitoring capacity has been enhanced with the expansion of the air canister sample analysis capability by the Division of Environmental Services (DES).

Future Goals of the division will be modified to be compatible with the National Air Toxics Assessment Network activities. The intent of this network is to provide measurements of ambient concentrations of air toxics at monitoring sites throughout the nation for the estimation of human and environmental exposure to air toxics, and the assessment of risk due to air toxics.

As part of the current grant commitment to U.S. EPA, DAPC will continue its effort to submit future Air Toxics Data to the AQS Database. As part of that effort DAPC will compile all air toxics data collected in previous years so that it may eventually be submitted to AQS. DAPC has already made an effort to have all metals data submitted to AQS.

An intermediate effort of DAPC will be to conduct follow-up sampling efforts for the U.S. EPA School Air Toxics Program. Some of these areas were a high priority before the EPA study and will continue to be until the situation is mitigated. One development of this program was the expanded role of district and local air agencies into air toxics sampling.

In 2011 DAPC received a Great Lakes grant to establish a mercury monitoring site on Lake Erie. With that grant DAPC purchase a Tekran mercury monitoring system and deployed it at the Ohio State University Stone Laboratory Facility located on South Bass Island in

Lake Erie. With a cooperative effort from OSU staff, who have been contracted to operate the system, and assistance from personnel from Ohio University, DAPC was able to make the system fully operational in 2012 and has begun to generate valid data. That data has been compiled and will be made available to The National Atmospheric Deposition Program for detailed evaluation and peer review.

Major Development

In response to the national and state wide interest in developing oil and natural gas reserves in the Utica shale region of Ohio, DAPC has established an air monitoring site in the vicinity of hydraulic fracturing facility in Muskingum County. After the data has been compiled and evaluated, DAPC will release a report summarizing those activities.

Modernization:

- ❖ DAPC has purchase and is evaluation a gas chromatography and has deployed it at fixed sampling location.
- ❖ DES has developed an ICP/MS method for lead filter analysis to be equivalent to Manual Equivalent Method: EQL-0710-192 and it is used to analyze all standard metals parameters, (except manganese, mercury and zinc), from single filters.
- ❖ Updates of the Compendium of Recommended Methods are available at the following: <http://www.epa.gov/ttn/amtic/airtox.html> and <http://www.epa.gov/ttn/amtic/inorg.html> and
- ❖ Modernizing the Stainless Steel Canister inventory
- ❖ Evaluate future training needs for Air Toxics Monitoring:
 - ❖ sampling methods,
 - ❖ analytical procedures,
 - ❖ equipment

VII. AIR QUALITY INDEX (AQI)

There has been a daily reporting of ambient air quality in Ohio's major metropolitan areas in some form since 1971. A national Pollution Standards Index (PSI) was established in 1977 to report air quality. This index was adopted by Ohio EPA's District Offices and the local air agencies (LAA's) to inform the public of daily air quality.

In the summer of 1999 the PSI scale was revised and renamed the Air Quality Index (AQI). It was modified to add 2.5 micron particulate matter (PM_{2.5}) and to accommodate the 8-Hour ozone standard.

The AQI (see Table 13) is a uniform "scaling" of five pollutants: particulate (PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5}), sulfur dioxide, ozone, nitrogen dioxide, and carbon monoxide. The concentration level of each of these is calculated every day to determine the AQI. The pollutant with the highest AQI is reported to the media.

When the AQI exceeds, or is expected to exceed, 100 in a major city, the agency concerned issues a "health advisory". When pollution levels exceed an AQI of 200 and are projected to persist, an "air pollution episode" exists and the Governor declares an "alert". This initiates mandatory cutbacks of emissions from specified facilities to alleviate the situation. If the AQI were to surpass 300, 400 or 500, progressively greater cutbacks would be implemented to reduce pollutants to an acceptable level.

The AQI trend shows that Ohio's air quality has improved significantly. Although alerts were commonplace in the early 1970's, none have happened in over twenty years, and the number of health advisories has been greatly reduced.

TABLE 13

Comparison Of AQI Values With Pollutant Concentrations, Descriptor Words And Associated Colors

INDEX VALUE	PM ₁₀ µg/m ³	PM _{2.5} µg/m ³	CO ppm	SO ₂ ppm	Ozone ppm ¹		NO ₂ ppm	Color	Category
	24-Hour	24-Hour	8-Hour	24-Hour	8-Hour	1-Hour	1-Hour		
0-50	0-54	0.0-12.0	0.0-4.4	0-0.035	0.000-0.059		0-0.053	Green	Good
51-100	55-154	12.1-35.4	4.5-9.4	0.036-0.075	0.060-0.075		0.054-0.100	Yellow	Moderate
101-150	155-254	35.5-55.4	9.5-12.4	0.076-0.185	0.076-0.095	0.125-0.164	0.101-0.360	Orange	Unhealthy for Sensitive Groups
151-200	255-354	55.5-150.4	12.5-15.4	0.186-0.304	0.096-0.115	0.165-0.204	0.361-0.64	Red	Unhealthy
201-300	355-424	150.5-250.4	15.5-30.4	0.305-0.604	0.116-0.374	0.205-0.404	0.65-1.24	Purple	Very Unhealthy
301-	425-	250.5 -	30.5-	0.605	(2)	0.405-	1.25-	Maroon	Hazardous

¹ Areas are generally required to report the AQI based on 8-Hr ozone values. The maximum of the 8-Hr or 1-Hr is used.

² 8-Hr Ozone values do not define higher AQI values (>301). AQI values of 301 or higher are calculated with 1-Hr ozone concentrations.

AQI Chart

The accompanying table shows the AQI values for selected counties. It should be noted that the daily AQI values that are calculated and reported on a daily basis for cities in these counties may differ from those in the table. The daily AQI is based on a limited number of monitors (particularly PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5}). This table uses data from all Federal Reference Monitors in the county. From those data the highest AQI value is chosen for each day.

The data in TABLE 14 is for the AQI in effect during 2013.

The table gives a general representation of the relative air quality in these counties. There were no readings in the "very unhealthy" or "hazardous" categories.

TABLE 14

County	Highest AQI Value	Days in each category:			
		Good	Moderate	Unhealthy for Sensitive Groups	Unhealthy
Butler	101	269	95	1	0
Clark	97	313	52	0	0
Cuyahoga	127	159	199	7	0
Franklin	114	247	116	2	0
Hamilton	116	185	175	5	0
Jefferson	125	219	142	4	0
Lake	142	305	52	8	0
Lawrence	110	318	44	2	0
Lucas	93	292	58	0	0
Mahoning	119	317	47	1	0
Montgomery	97	304	61	0	0
Stark	97	272	93	0	0
Summit	146	299	63	3	0
Trumbull	111	214	49	1	0

VIII. MONITORING SITES 2013



Explanation of AQS codes:

The first column is the AQS number which consists of:

39-the state code

NNN-the county code, alphabetical, odd numbers only

NNNN-the site code

The second column is the county in which the monitoring site is located

The third column is a street address or city name

The fourth column lists the pollutants monitored at the site.

The main (criteria pollutant) parameters monitored at sites are:

PB	Lead
PM10	Ten Micron Particulate Matter (PM ₁₀)
LC25	2.5 Micron Particulate Matter (PM _{2.5})
PM25C	2.5 Micron Particulate Matter (PM _{2.5}) Continuous
PMSP	2.5 Micron Particulate Matter (PM _{2.5}) Speciation
PT	Total Suspended Particulate (TSP)
O3	Ozone (O ₃)
SO2	Sulfur Dioxide
CO	Carbon Monoxide
NO2	Nitrogen Dioxide

Monitoring Network in 2013
Monitors that had data in any part of 2013

AQS Number	County	Site Location	Parameter(s)
39-001-0001	Adams	210 N. Wilson	SO2, PM25C
39-003-0009	Allen	2850 Bible Rd.	SO2, O3, PM25C, LC25
39-007-1001	Ashtabula	Conneaut	O3, SO2
39-009-0003	Athens	Gifford State Forest	LC25
39-013-3002	Belmont	E. 40 St., Shadyside	SO2
39-017-0003	Butler	Bonita & St. John	PM10, LC25
39-017-0004	Butler	Schuler & Bender	O3
39-017-0015	Butler	3901 Lefferson	PM10, PB, PT
39-017-0016	Butler	400 Nilles Rd.	LC25
39-017-0018	Butler	1701 Runway Dr.	O3
39-017-0019	Butler	1300 Oxford State Rd.	SO2, LC25, PM25C, PM10
39-017-0020	Butler	3350 Yankee Rd.	SO2, LC25, PM25C, PM10
39-017-0021	Butler	1491 Made Industrial Dr.	SO2
39-017-9991	Butler	Miami University	O3
39-023-0001	Clark	5171 Urbana Rd.	O3
39-023-0003	Clark	5400 Spangler Rd.	O3, SO2
39-023-0005	Clark	350 N. Fountain Ave.	LC25, PM25C
39-025-0022	Clermont	2400 Clermont Center Dr.	O3, PM25C
39-027-1002	Clinton	62 Laurel Dr., Career Cntr	O3
39-029-0019	Columbiana	1250 George St.	PB, SO2
39-029-0020	Columbiana	2220 Michigan Ave.	PM10, PB, PT
39-029-0022	Columbiana	500 Maryland Ave.	SO2, PM10, PB
39-035-0034	Cuyahoga	891 E. 152 St.	O3, LC25
39-035-0038	Cuyahoga	2547 St. Tikhon Ave.	PB, SO2, PM10, LC25, PMSP, PT
39-035-0042	Cuyahoga	3136 Lorain	PB, PT
39-035-0045	Cuyahoga	45950 Broadway Ave.	SO2, PM10, LC25
39-035-0049	Cuyahoga	E. 56 th St.	PB, PT
39-035-0051	Cuyahoga	E. 9 th & St. Clair	CO
39-035-0060	Cuyahoga	E. 14 th & Orange	O3, NO2, SO2, PM10, LC25, PM25C, PMSP, CO, PT, PB
39-035-0061	Cuyahoga	West 3 rd St.	PB, PT
39-035-0064	Cuyahoga	Berea	O3
39-035-0065	Cuyahoga	4600 Harvard Ave.	SO2, PM10, LC25
39-035-0072	Cuyahoga	26565 Miles Rd.	PB, PT
39-035-1002	Cuyahoga	16900 Holland Rd.	PM10, LC25
39-035-5002	Cuyahoga	6116 Wilson Mills Rd.	O3
39-041-0002	Delaware	359 Main St.	O3
39-047-9991	Fayette	Deer Creek	O3
39-049-0005	Franklin	Morse & Karl Rds	CO
39-049-0024	Franklin	Ohio State Fairgrounds	PM10, LC25
39-049-0025	Franklin	580 Woodrow Ave.	PB, LC25

AQS Number	County	Site Location	Parameter(s)
39-049-0029	Franklin	7600 Fodor Rd., New Albany	O3, PM25C
39-049-0034	Franklin	Korbel Ave.	PM25C, SO2
39-049-0037	Franklin	1777 E. Broad St.	O3, NO2
39-049-0081	Franklin	5750 Maple Canyon Dr.	O3, LC25, PMSP
39-051-0001	Fulton	200 Van Buren St.	PB
39-055-0004	Geauga	13000 Auburn Rd.	O3
39-057-0005	Greene	100 Dayton St.	PM10, LC25, PM25C
39-057-0006	Greene	541 Ledbetter Rd.	O3
39-061-0006	Hamilton	11590 Grooms Rd.	O3, LC25, PM25C
39-061-0010	Hamilton	6950 Ripple Rd.	O3, SO2, LC25, PM25C
39-061-0014	Hamilton	18 E. Seymour	PM10, LC25
39-061-0040	Hamilton	250 Wm. Howard Taft Rd.	O3, NO2, PM10, LC25, PM25C, PMSP, CO, SO2, PB
39-061-0042	Hamilton	2101 W. Eighth St.	LC25
39-061-5001	Hamilton	101 Cooper Ave.	PM10
39-081-0001	Jefferson	1004 3 rd St., Brilliant	PM10
39-081-0017	Jefferson	618 Logan	O3, SO2, PM10, LC25, PM25C
39-081-0018	Jefferson	3487 County Rd. 19	SO2
39-081-0020	Jefferson	1469 3 rd St.	SO2
39-081-0021	Jefferson	110 Steuben St.	LC25
39-081-1001	Jefferson	Mingo Junction City Hall	LC25, PMSP
39-083-0002	Knox	Water Plant, SR 314	O3
39-085-0003	Lake	Jefferson Elementary School	O3, SO2
39-085-0006	Lake	8443 Mentor Ave.	CO
39-085-0007	Lake	177 Main	SO2, O3, LC25, PM25C
39-085-1001	Lake	325 Vine St.	PM10
39-087-0011	Lawrence	SR 775 & SR 141	O3
39-087-0012	Lawrence	450 Commerce Dr.	O3, SO2, PM25C, PM10, LC25, PMSP
39-089-0005	Licking	300 Licking View Dr., Heath	O3
39-091-0006	Logan	320 Richard Ave.	PB
39-093-0018	Lorain	4706 Detroit Rd.	O3
39-093-3002	Lorain	2180 Lake Breeze	PM10, LC25, PM25C, PMSP
39-095-0008	Lucas	600 Collins Park	SO2
39-095-0024	Lucas	348 S. Erie St.	O3, LC25, PM25C
39-095-0026	Lucas	4208 Airport Highway	LC25, PMSP
39-095-0027	Lucas	200 S. Byrne Rd., Waterville	O3
39-095-0028	Lucas	600 Collins Park	LC25
39-095-0034	Lucas	306 Yondota	O3
39-097-0007	Madison	9940 SR 38 SW	O3
39-099-0005	Mahoning	Fire Station 7	PM10, LC25
39-099-0006	Mahoning	Fire Station 5	PM10

AQS Number	County	Site Location	Parameter(s)
39-099-0013	Mahoning	345 Oakhill Ave.	O3, SO2
39-099-0014	Mahoning	Oakhill	LC25, PM25C, PMSP
39-101-0003	Marion	Hawthorne Ave.	PB
39-101-0004	Marion	640 Bellefontaine Ave.	PB
39-103-0004	Medina	Ballash Rd.	O3, LC25
39-105-0003	Meigs	117 Memorial Dr.	SO2
39-109-0005	Miami	3825 N. SR 589	O3
39-113-0032	Montgomery	215 E. Third St.	LC25, PM25C, PMSP
39-113-0034	Montgomery	117 South Main St.	CO
39-113-0037	Montgomery	1401 Harshman Rd.	O3
39-113-7001	Montgomery	2728 Viking Lane	PM10, PB
39-115-0004	Morgan	SR 83	SO2
39-121-9991	Noble	Quaker City	O3
39-133-0002	Portage	531 Washington Ave.	LC25
39-133-1001	Portage	1570 Ravenna Rd.	O3
39-135-1001	Preble	National Trails School	O3, LC25, PM25C, CO, SO2, PMSP
39-145-0013	Scioto	4862 Gallia St.,	SO2, PM10, LC25
39-145-0019	Scioto	605 Washington St.	PM10
39-145-0020	Scioto	2840 Back Rd.	SO2, PM10
39-145-0021	Scioto	2446 Gallia Pike	PM10
39-145-0022	Scioto	1740 Gallia Pike	SO2, PM10
39-151-0016	Stark	Malone College	O3
39-151-0017	Stark	1330 Dueber Ave.	LC25, PMSP, PB
39-151-0020	Stark	420 Market Ave.	CO, LC25, PM25C
39-151-0022	Stark	45 S. Wabash	O3
39-151-4005	Stark	1175 W. Vine St., Alliance	O3
39-153-0017	Summit	80 Brittain Rd.	SO2, LC25
39-153-0020	Summit	800 Patterson Ave.	O3, CO
39-153-0022	Summit	177 S. Broadway	CO, SO2
39-153-0023	Summit	660 W. Exchange St.	LC25, PM25SP
39-155-0005	Trumbull	540 Laird Ave. SE Warren	PM10, LC25, PM25C
39-155-0006	Trumbull	2323 Main Ave.	PM10
39-155-0009	Trumbull	Community Hall, Kinsman	O3
39-155-0011	Trumbull	Vienna	O3
39-155-0012	Trumbull	2600 Elmore Dr.	PB
39-165-0007	Warren	416 Southeast St.	O3, PM25C
39-167-0004	Washington	2000 Fourth St., Marietta	O3
39-167-0008	Washington	Washington Career Center	PB
39-167-0010	Washington	115 Victory Place	PB
39-173-0003	Wood	347 Dunbridge Rd.	O3

Acronyms and Abbreviations

AA	Atomic Absorption
AIRS-AQS	Aerometric Information Retrieval System-Air Quality Subsystem (no longer used)
AQCR	Air Quality Control Region
AQI	Air Quality Index (replaced Pollutant Standard Index, PSI)
AQS	Air Quality System (replaced AIRS-AQS)
ATMP	Air Toxics Monitoring Program
CBSA	Core Based Statistical Area
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
CO	Carbon Monoxide
DAPC	Division of Air Pollution Control
DES	Division of Environmental Services
DO	District Office
EDT	Exceptional Data Type
FR	Federal Register
GC	Gas Chromatograph or Gas Chromatography
GC/MS	Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry
LAA	Local Air Agency
NAAQS	National Ambient Air Quality Standards
NADB	National Aerometric Databank
NAMS	National Ambient Monitoring Stations
NCore	National Core Monitoring Network
NO	Nitric Oxide
NO ₂	Nitrogen Dioxide
O ₃	Ozone
OAQPS	Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards
OASN	Ohio Air Sampling Network
Org Type	Organization Type
Pb	Lead
POC	Parameter Occurrence Code
ppb	parts per billion
ppm	parts per million
PQAO	Primary Quality Assurance Organization
PM ₁₀ also PM-10	ten micron particulate matter
PM _{2.5} also PM-2.5	2.5 micron particulate matter
PSI	Pollutant Standard Index (replaced by Air Quality Index, AQI)
RADS	Remote Ambient-Air Data System
SLAMS	State/Local Ambient Monitoring Stations
SO ₂	Sulfur Dioxide
TO-14A	Toxics analysis methods descriptions
TSP	Total Suspended Particulate
VOC	Volatile Organic Carbon
µg/m ³ also ug/m ³	micrograms per cubic meter
mg/m ³	milligrams per cubic meter
ng/m ³	nanograms per cubic meter
# Obs	Number of observations/samples

Reporting Organizations/PQAO

PQAO	Agency Description
0012	Akron Regional Air Pollution Control Agency
0151	Canton City Health Department Air Pollution Control
0220	City of Toledo, Environmental Services Division
0229	Cleveland Air Pollution Control Agency
0287	Dayton Regional Air Pollution Control Agency
0595	Lake County Health Department Division Air Pollution
0634	Mahoning-Trumbull Air Pollution Control Agency
0805	Ohio EPA, Central District Office
0807	Ohio EPA, Northeast District Office
0808	Ohio EPA, Northwest District Office
0809	Ohio EPA, Southeast District Office
0810	Ohio EPA, Southwest District Office
0880	Portsmouth City Health Department Division of Air Pollution Control
1108	US EPA/OAQPS
1217	Research Triangle Institute RTP, NC
1259	Hamilton Co. Department of Environmental Services
1299	URS Corp, TX
1335	Ohio University, Athens, Ohio
1344	US EPA-Clean Air Markets Division
1373	Shell Engineering & Assoc., MO